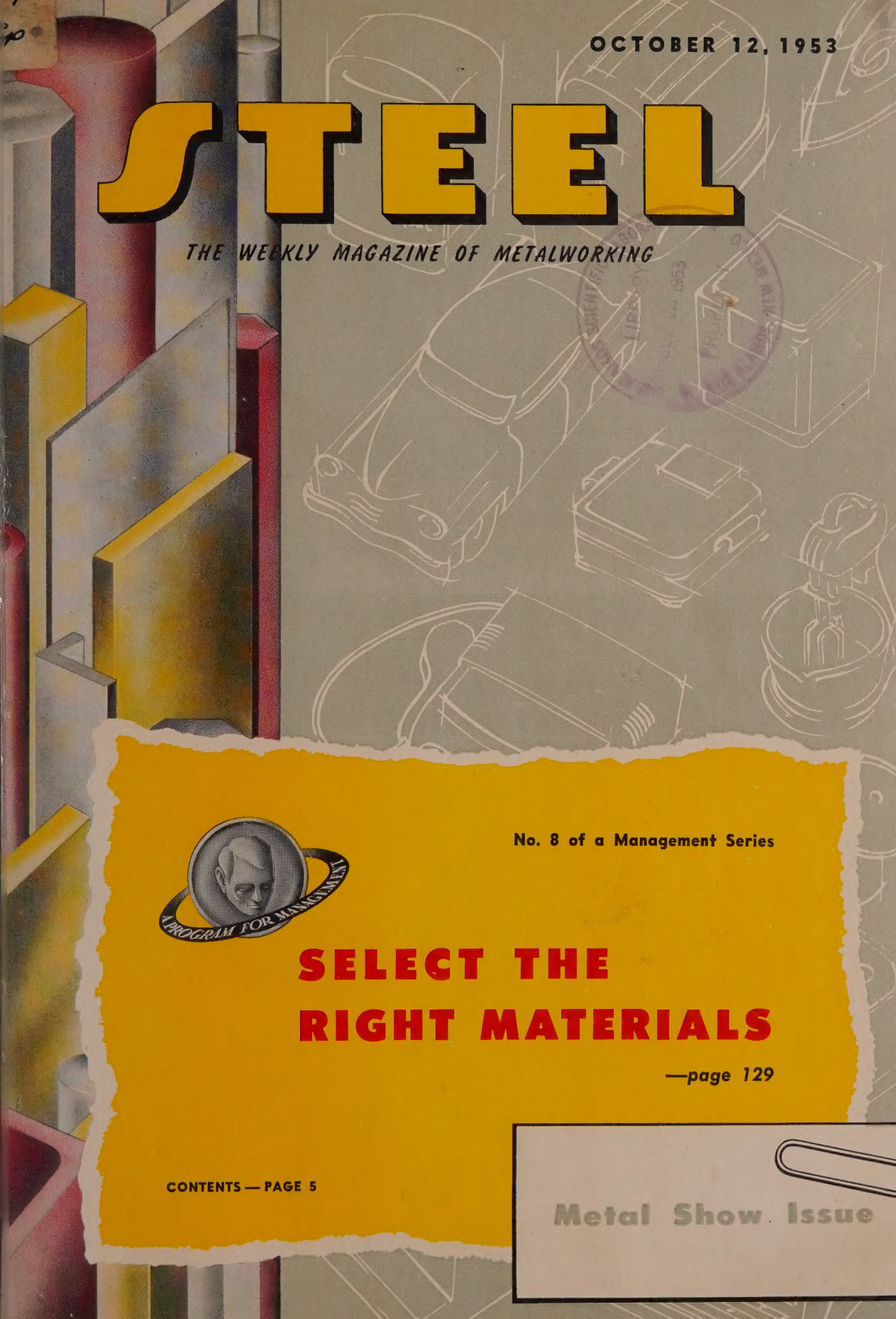
OCTOBER 12, 1953

STEEL

THE WEEKLY MAGAZINE OF METALWORKING



No. 8 of a Management Series

SELECT THE RIGHT MATERIALS

—page 129

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Metal Show Issue

THE AETNA-STANDARD ENGINEERING COMP

Leading Engine
and Builders
of

FLAT-ROLLED
FINISHING
EQUIPMENT

ASSOCIATED COMPANIE

Head Wrightson Machine Compa
Middlesbrough, England—Grea
Finland, Sweden, Norway, Denma
of South Africa, Northern and
Rhodesia.

Aetna-Standard Engineering Comp
Toronto, Ontario, Canada.

M. Castellvi, Inc., New York, N. Y.
Central and South America.

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France—France, Belgium, Hollan
bourg, Switzerland.

Demag Aktiengesellschaft, Duisb
many—Germany, Austria, Yu
Greece, Turkey, Egypt.

Compagnia Italiana Forme Acciai
Italy—Italy.

Aetna-Japan Company, Ltd., Tokyo
Japan.

Hale & Kullgren, Inc., Akron, Oh
sentative for the Rubber Industr

Designers and Builders to the M
Non-Ferrous, Leather and Rubber

Aetna-Standard

THE AETNA-STANDARD ENGINEERING COMPANY • PITTSBURGH, PA.

Plants in Warren, Ohio · Ellwood City, Pennsylvania

Tool Steel Topics

BETHLEHEM STEEL COMPANY, BETHLEHEM, PA.

ne Pacific Coast Bethlehem products are sold by Bethlehem Pacific Coast Steel Corporation. *Export Distributor:* Bethlehem Steel Export Corporation

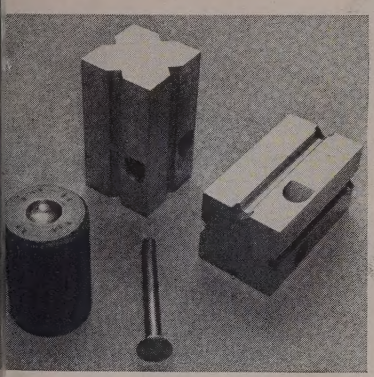
ENCIL SLIPPED . . DIES BROKE

ne of our customers reported his cold-ading dies were cracking and spalling. ne spalled areas appeared to be the re-lt of the hard case upsetting into the fter core.

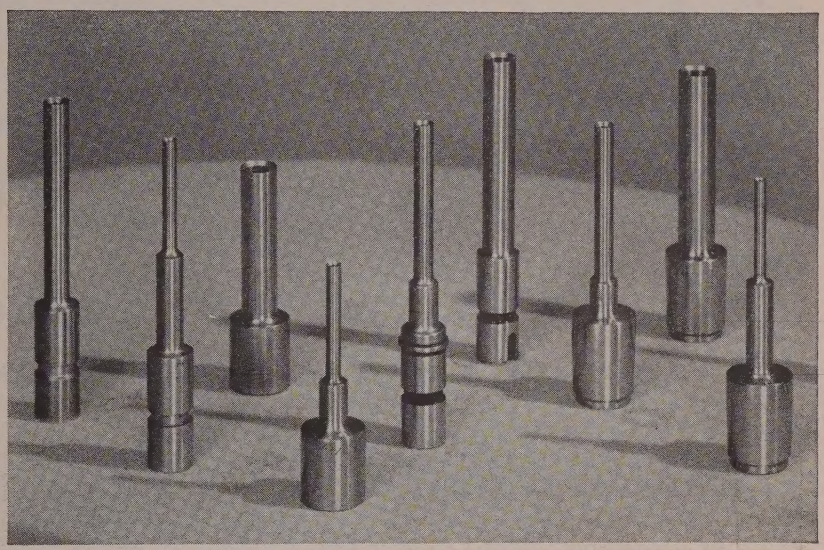
Our metallurgical contact man who sited the customer's plant couldn't find ything out of order, until he happened read over an order the customer had tered for the steel. Then the light began dawn.

The answer? The customer had failed specify "cold-heading die quality" on e order. There's quite a difference be-een ordering "carbon tool steel" and old-heading die quality steel."

It's the difference between a tool steel at's processed for doing a fine job on vere cold-heading and steel that just n't suitable for this type of special plication.



gripper and header dies shown above, made of hlehem XX Cold-Heading Die Steel, have the right nbination of hard surface and tough core for cold-ding thousands of steel bolts each day.



"Even the roughest kind of service in binderies and printshops won't break paper drills when they're made of Omega tool steel," says William Gynther of Bent and Gynther, Portland, Ore.

OMEGA HELPS TO STOP BREAKAGE OF PAPER DRILLS

Drilling holes through paper may sound easy, but it isn't. Printers who do much paper-drilling will tell you that the drills often break and bend.

The other day we were given quite a fill-in on the subject by William Gynther, one of the owners of Bent and Gynther, Portland, Ore., suppliers of drills to the printing trade. Mr. Gynther told how he once noticed four broken drills on the desk of a prospective buyer. He made a wager that *his* drills wouldn't break, even though this printshop apparently gave the drills pretty severe treatment. The printer took him up—and hasn't broken a drill in some years.

The success of the "B and G" drills is attributed by Mr. Gynther to the unique taper inside the drill and to the grade of tool steel (Bethlehem's Omega). Omega is our silico-manganese grade of shock-resisting steel, and while it is intended mainly for cold-battering tools where terrific shock must be absorbed, it appears to have the ideal hardening properties for these paper drills, together with plenty of the toughness required to withstand stress and strain.

BETHLEHEM TOOL STEEL ENGINEER SAYS:

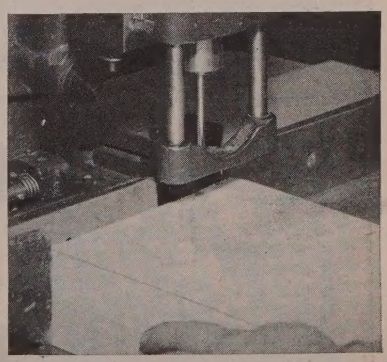
Always temper immediately after hardening

s always risky to delay or to omit tem-ring immediately after a hardened tool ols following the quench. With a liquid-enched steel always get the tool into tempering furnace as soon as it cools wn to about 150 to 200 F; an air-rdening steel should cool to 150 F.

Some heat-treaters spit on a tool—if re's no sizzle, it's cool enough to tem-r. You can also use a contact pyrometer other indicators to get a more accurate eck on the temperature of freshly enched tools.

If you delay the temper—to check hardness or for some other reason—you're running the risk of permitting stresses to build up. And these stresses may crack the tool in half, even before it reaches the tempering furnace. Of course, such failures don't always occur if this precaution is ignored.

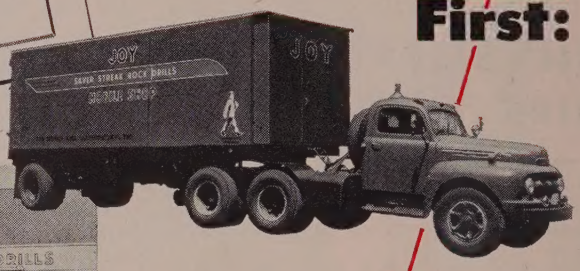
Some people just can't be convinced that it's risky to delay tempering after the tool cools following the quench. But there's no way to predict just when it may happen, so why take the risk?



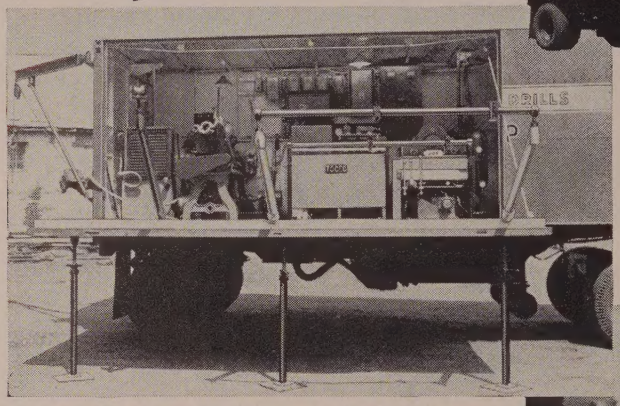
Boring holes through a stack of paper doesn't sound like a tough job, but there's a lot of stress on these hollow drills which causes frequent breakage—unless they're made of the right steel.

Announcing with "JOY"

Another TOCCO* First:



Induction Heating on Wheels!



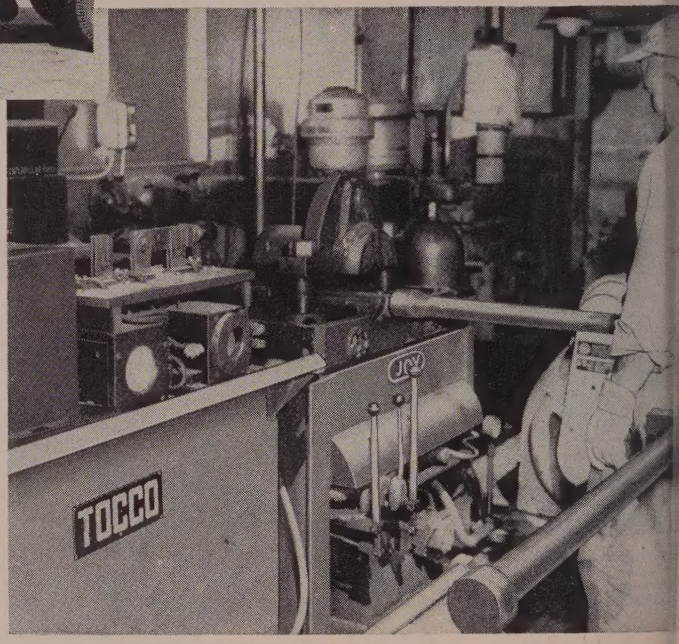
Joy Manufacturing Company's Mobile Shop for on-location reconditioning of mine drill steels.

BECAUSE of the size and length of mine drill steels, (some weigh as much as 320 lbs. and are 30 ft. long) much expense and lost time was involved in shipping them back to the factory for reconditioning. Realizing this problem, Joy Manufacturing Co., Pittsburgh, Pa., decided to send "Mohammed to the mountain" in the form of the *Joy Mobile Shop.*

The purpose of the Mobile Shop is to travel to designated territories in the United States, calling periodically on users of Joy's "Challenger" Drill. All broken drill steels are reconditioned on the spot—saving Joy's customers transportation costs and lost time.

The Joy Mobile Shop carries a 20 KW, 10000 cycle TOCCO Induction Heating machine, powered by a diesel-electric generator. The TOCCO unit heats the drill steels to 2200° F for upsetting, then reheats the upset ends to 1500° F for normalizing prior to machining.

This unusual application story is typical of the way TOCCO engineers team up with American Industry for better products and services, faster—and at lower cost.



Operator guiding drill steel in upsetter after heating end to 2200° F in TOCCO machine at left.

THE OHIO CRANKSHAFT COMPANY

TOCCO

"Trade Mark Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

New Technical Film

If you would like to see our new 3 minute color film—"The TOCC Story" write on your compan letterhead to The Ohio Cranksha Co., Dept. W-10, Cleveland 1, Ohi

OSBORN

BEFORE: Closeup of helical gear before deburring.

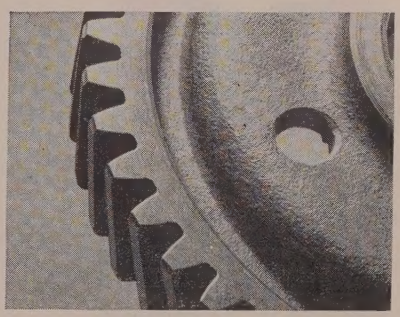
Gone . . . costly thorns in their side

Burr removal by muscle methods is aggravating because it is costly, inefficient and non-uniform in quality. Here's how a truck manufacturer has banished these "thorns in the side" with push-button brushing.

The operation: to deburr, break and blend the flank edges of gear teeth prior to shaving and heat treating. Formerly done with a hand tool, in several operations, the work was tedious and required close inspection and reworking to meet rigid specifications.

Now, an Osborn Brushing Machine in one speedy operation smooths the entire tooth edge . . . produces *uniform blending* of surface junctures of *every tooth*. Result: lower costs and greater precision for *better performance* of the product in service.

Find out how *you* can cut your costs and improve *your* products with power brushing. Call the nearby **O**sborn **B**rushing **A**nalyst or write *The Osborn Manufacturing Company, Dept. G11, 5401 Hamilton Avenue, Cleveland 14, Ohio.*



AFTER deburring with Osborn Brushing Machine.

Osborn Brushes

FREE: New booklet on deburring with Osborn Power Brushing. Write for your copy.

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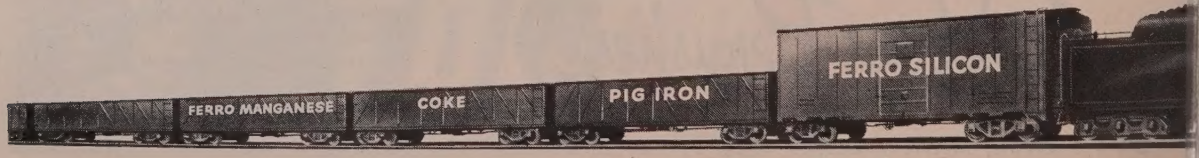

This Week in Metalworking

STEEL

Vol. 133 No. 15 October 12, 1953

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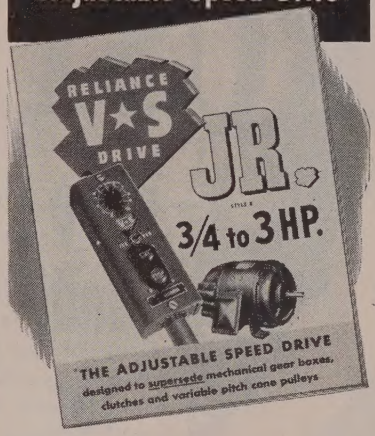
STEP UP PRODUCTION OF SMALL MACHINERY, TOO! ...with this All-Electric Adjustable-Speed Drive



Eliminate mechanical gear boxes, clutches and variable-pitch cone pulleys..

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GET THESE FACTS!

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behind the scenes

$37,258 Per Second

Got out our slip stick the other day and began to play around with some figures which we believe you will find not only startling but significant as well.

A sum as large as $117,500,000,000 is difficult to comprehend for most of us nickel and dime folks. So, when we say that this Papa Bear figure represents the total number of dollars that will be spent on products of the metalworking industry in 1953, it may mean very little to you.

To make your comprehension easier, let us put it this way. If you are a normal reader, you can read light material at a rate of approximately 300 words per minute. Therefore, during the time it has taken you to read this far on this particular item, the American consumer has spent a total of more than $111,774 for products of the metalworking industry. For each additional second around the clock another $37,258 will be spent through the remainder of this year.

Seconds are fleeting; Are you getting your full share of this giant metalworking market?

Management Series, No. 8

May we direct your attention to page 129 in this issue to the article "How to Select the Right Metallic Material for the Job."

This is No. 8 in STEEL's Management Series and brings you a wealth of useful information on such key metallic materials as ductile iron, new steels for bearings, stainless steels, clad steels, precoated metals, copper alloys, light metals, and heat and corrosion resistant materials.

Here is another of those deluxe editorial reports employing STEEL's highly-developed task force reporting technique. More than 100 materials manufacturers were contacted by letter, telephone and in person by the staff of technical editors operating out of regional and home offices.

Dr. Allen Gray, technical edito then gathered all the material ar packaged it into the article as pr sented here.

Incidentally, reprints of this ar each of the other seven installmen in this highly popular series a available on request. Their subject are: Public and Community Rel tions, Government Relations, Bas and Product Research, Purchasin Methods—New Scientific Approac How to Do a Better Job for You Company, Handling and Distributio Labor and Industry Relations.

My Aching Bankroll

Did you know that it takes fro 7 to 10 years for a new material de velopment to progress from the te tube to commercialization? Our au thority for this fact is L. R. Hill, as sistant manager of Westinghouse Material Engineering Department i Pittsburgh (Thank you for the phot on page 129 of this issue).

Mr. Hill tells us that research an development work has grown so com plicated that a good idea is "no mor than a hunting license" or, in othe words, a preliminary to the expendi ture of thousands or even million of dollars in preliminary survey.

But that's only the beginning, ap parently, for it then requires addition al expenditures of as much as te times the pilot study outlay to com mercially exploit the idea in a mar ket that may not be receptive to i market surveys notwithstanding.

All embryo inventors take cover

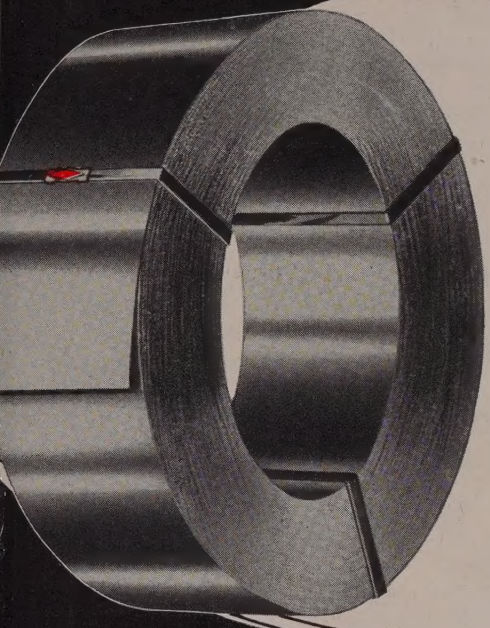
Letterhead

Our editors upstairs report tha they just received a letter from th Shadow Hours Foundation for Orpha and Half-Orphan Girls Ltd. A mem ber of that group was submitting story on the Japanese steel industry

Shrdlu

(Metalworking Outlook—Page 79)

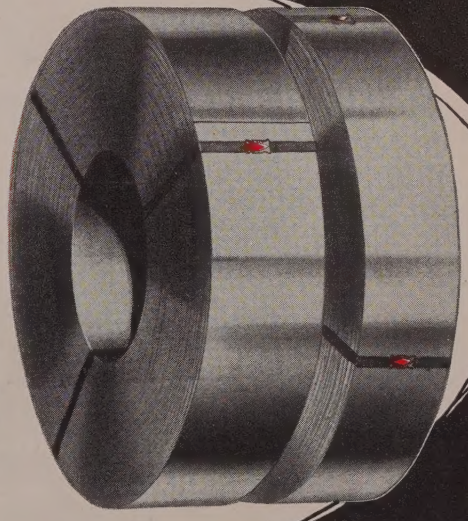
SHARON low alloy high strength STEELS



N·A·X

SHARON N-A-X—An all purpose high strength steel with 50 percent greater strength than mild carbon steel. Sharon N-A-X permits the use of thinner sections . . . resulting in lighter weight products. A low alloy steel, it possesses good corrosion resistance and has high fatigue and toughness values at normal and sub-zero temperatures. It can be readily formed into the most difficult stamped shapes and has good welding characteristics. Available in hot and cold rolled strip.

COR·TEN



SHARON COR-TEN—A ductile, low carbon, non-hardening open hearth steel that combines good corrosion resistance characteristics with a high tensile strength. Sharon COR-TEN resists abrasion and impact—takes paint well. Here's a steel that will reduce product weight and at the same time provide longer wear at relatively low cost with little or no change in regular shop procedure. Available in hot and cold rolled strip.

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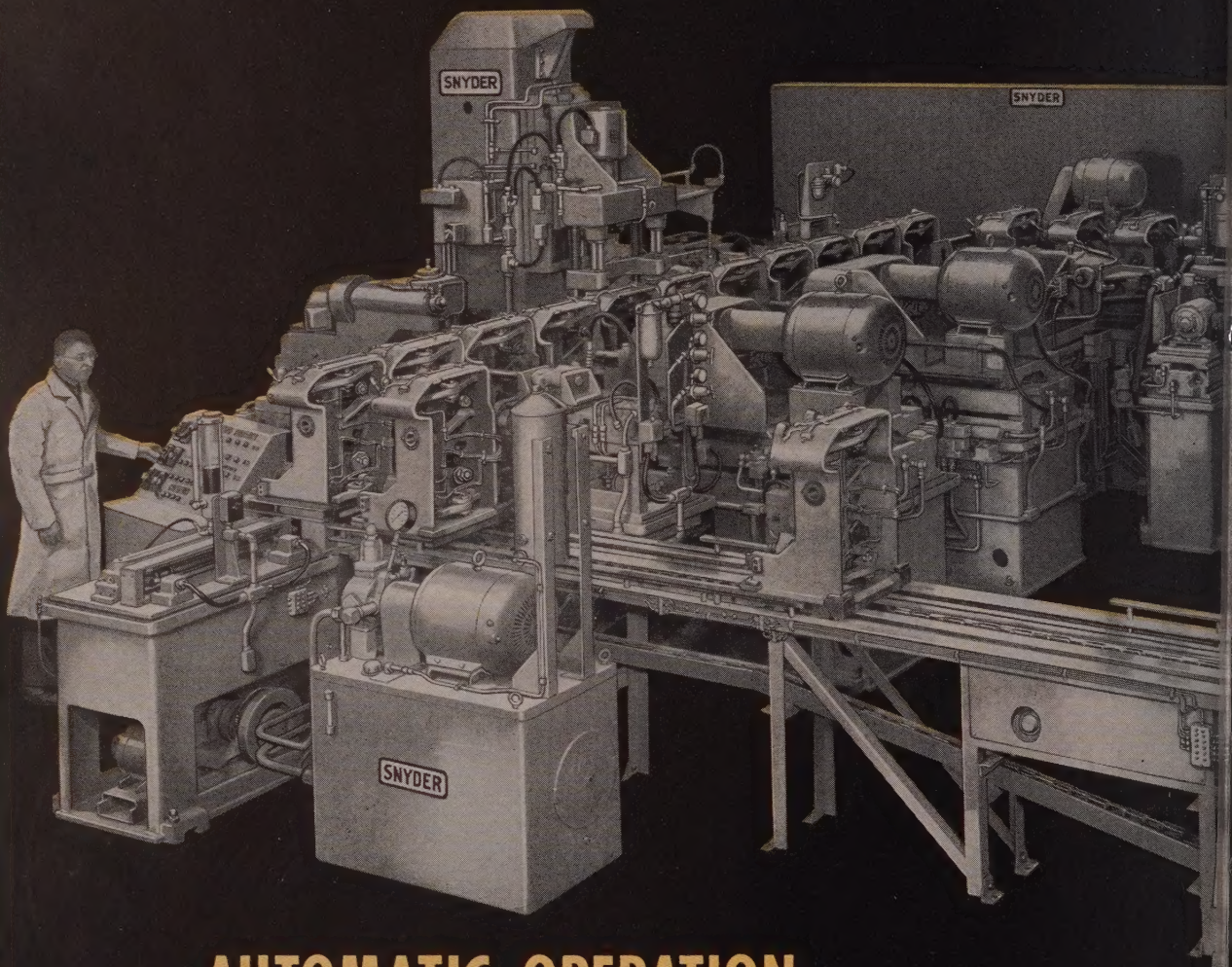
● **SERVICE** Sharon maintains an engineering department specializing in high strength, low alloy steels. This service is ready to assist you with your steel problems. No obligation, of course. Just write to Sharon Steel Corporation, Sharon, Pennsylvania.

SHARON STEEL CORPORATION *Sharon, Pennsylvania*

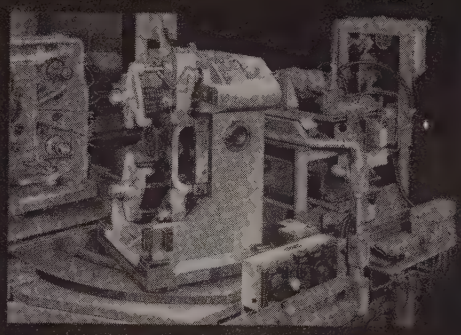
SNYDER MACHINES CONTROL COSTS



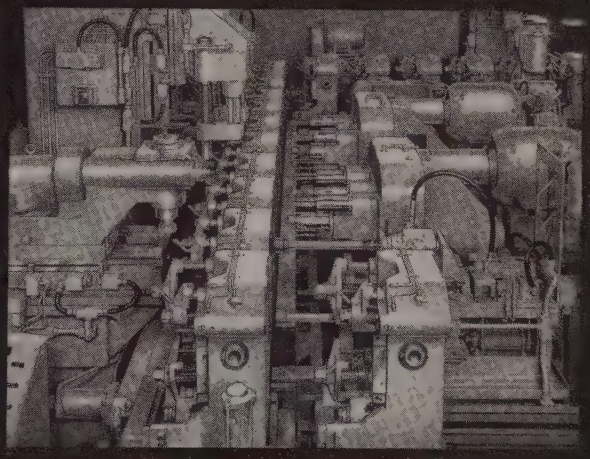
AUTOMATIC OPERATION

MILLS, DRILLS, TAPS, BORES, COUNTERBORES, COUNTERSINKS FRONT COVERS FOR AUTOMOTIVE ENGINES • AUTOMATIC INDEXING, LOCATING, CLAMPING, AND RELEASING • AUTOMATIC TRANSFER THROUGH TWO-STAGE, CONTINUOUS WORK CYCLE • AUTOMATIC CONTROLS • AUTOMATIC SAFETY INTERLOCKING SYSTEM • AUTOMATIC LUBRICATION • AUTOMATIC CLEANING AND CHIP REMOVAL • SKILLED OPERATORS NOT NEEDED

18 STATION AUTOMATIC TRANSFER
180 FRONT COVERS AN HOUR AT 100% EFFICIENCY



At Station 18 the fixture is rotated 90°, air wrenches unclamp the part so that it is easily removed. The fixture returns to Station 18, engages the return conveyor, is automatically blown clean and returned to the loading station.



Fixtures leaving Section 1 (above) move at right angle so that the other faces and top of the part are exposed to tools. The part enters the work cycle with three ground faces, leaves it ready for assembly.

SNYDER

TOOL & ENGINEERING COMPANY

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The excellent flow properties of this wire assures the desired upsetting and die forming characteristics required for efficient cold heading; longer die life; increased production; and a higher quality finished product.

Compare the performance of Keystone "Special Processed" Cold Heading Wire next time you have an unusually difficult cold heading problem to solve.

INDUSTRIAL WIRE SPECIALISTS

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PEORIA 7, ILLINOIS

LETTERS
TO THE EDITORS

Note for Specs Handbook

Your Specifications Handbook con tains a foreword in which those wh use it are encouraged to report erro noted.

May I suggest that you check pp. 4 and 49 in regard to the phosphorus cor tent of AISI type 347 given as min mum 0.11 and maximum 0.17. AIS handbook gives 0.04 maximum for typ 347. AMS 5646B and AMS 5512- give 0.04 maximum. A182-49TF8 gives 0.04 maximum. It looks as thoug the last item on p. 48 and all items b the last on p. 49 should be checke for the phosphorus content figures.

This handbook is extremely hand its editing being commendable. N doubt its reliability will be firmly e tablished after errors have been note and corrected.

We who use this book appreciate t effort that went into the assemblin of so much data and realize that spite of the checking and rechecki that went into the work it would unreasonable to expect that it wou be perfect.

My personal appreciation of the val of this manual is hereby extended.

H. P. Da materials engi Thomson Laborato Apparatus Departme General Electric C West Lynn, Ma

• *Thanks for calling this matter to o attention. The phosphorus values giv for the last line on p. 48 and the e tire p. 49 with the exception of the l line are in error. You will note th the last line on p. 49 covers specific tion A167-44, Gr. 6. Phosphorus co tent is given as 0.035 maximum. T is correct. Also phosphorus values gi en on p. 50 which refer to the sa code number as on p. 49 are corre —ED.*

Good Books Are Hard To Fi

Please send us a reprint of the arti "A Job for Management: Better Lab Relations" (Sept. 7, p. 101), sever in your Management Series.

We get so much good out of yo magazine that we will contest the vorce if you ever think of quitting

L. H. Sch purchasing ag Keystone Carbon Co. St. Marys,

One for the Foremen

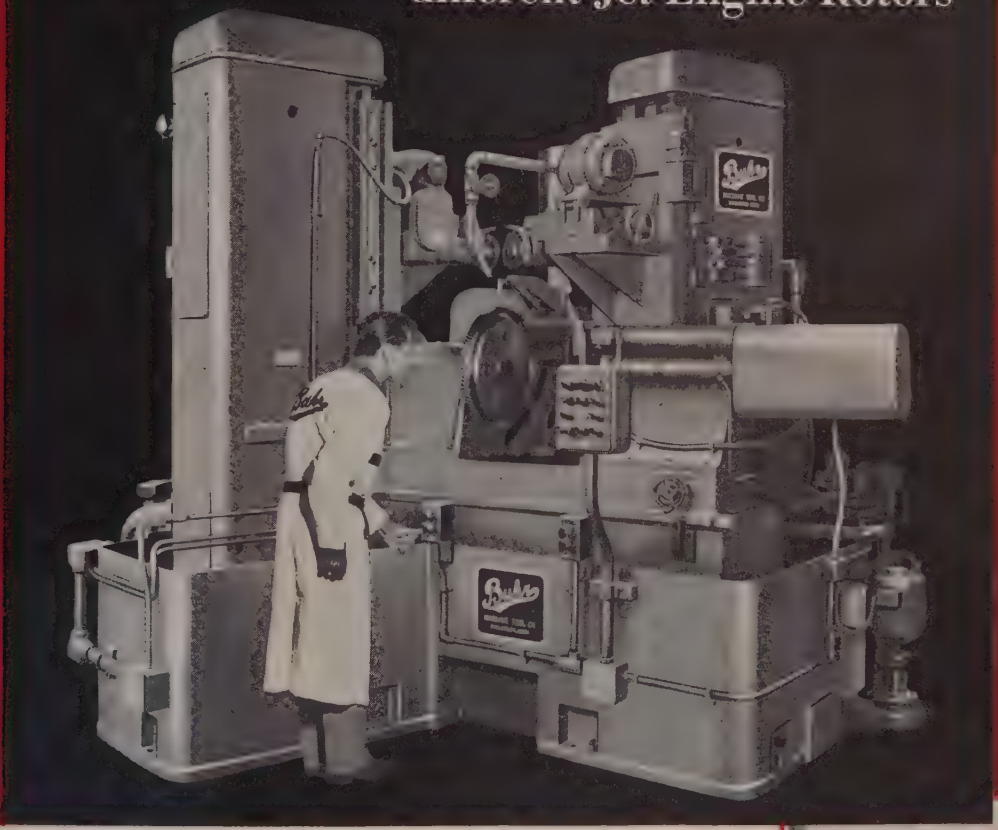
We have greatly enjoyed your arti "Your Key to Good Plant Discipli The Foremen" (Aug. 24, p. 49), and wondering whether it would be possi

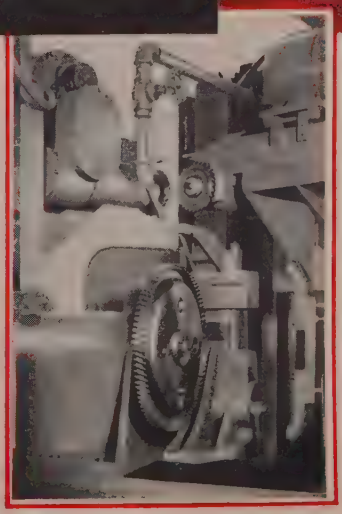
Please turn to page 12

Buhr

SPECIAL...

Mills both ends of 57 up to 103 slots in 16 different Jet Engine Rotors





Automatic 2-spindle milling machine, arranged with automatic index for milling both ends of dove-tailed slots.

Equipped with hardened and ground laminated tool-steel ways.

Hydraulic and electrical installations to J.I.C. standards.

Automatic index unit arranged for milling the various stages from 57 up to 103 slots.

Once machine is set up for any one part, operation is fully automatic, including stop when part is finished.

BUHR MACHINE TOOL CO.
ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN

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MULTIPLE-SPINDLE HIGH PRODUCTION MACHINERY

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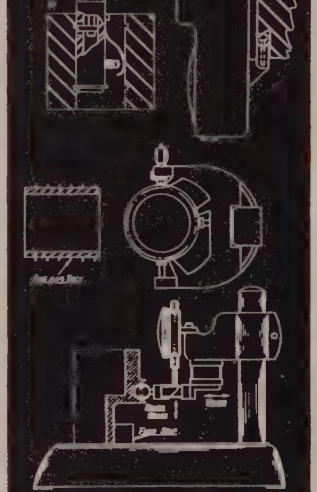
GETTING THE RIGHT GAGES . . . like marriage . . . is a cooperative arrangement: It requires confidence and close cooperation. You need to take advantage of the gage maker's specialized knowledge in designing and building precision gages — his knowledge of how to magnify and transfer measurement variations precisely, without loss of motion, with a minimum of friction and inertia in the working parts, and the hundred other details which do not concern the usual tool and machine designer.

Many thousands of dollars are wasted annually by designing and building special gages already available as Federal catalog gages or catalog gages with slight modifications. Whether you need an Air or Automatic Gage or a Dial Indicator type, call in Federal when you *start* processing a job and let us engineer your gages for you. Federal Products Corporation, 2110 Eddy Street, Providence 1, R. I.



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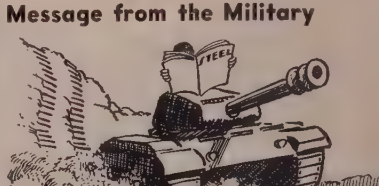
LETTERS

Concluded from page 10

to obtain about ten copies for distribution to our general foremen.

W. E. Johnson
works manager
Phoenix Mfg. Co.
Catasauqua, Pa.

Message from the Military



We find your magazine invaluable as a reference to guide us in determining trends. It is a well written and well edited book and we clip many articles from it to circulate throughout the policy making structure of the three Ordnance Corps installations in Detroit. STEEL's editor in the Detroit area calls on us constantly for story material and his articles are of exceptional interest to our personnel in the management level.

Thomas A. Rice
Lt. Col., Ordnance Corps
public information officer
Army Ordnance in Detroit
Detroit

Toys: Storky Story

I think your article "Toy Makers Keep Pace with the Stork" (Sept. 7, p. 63) was a very good one and well done. Naturally the toy industry has its peculiarities in that it does not always follow a general pattern of business. It is, however, somewhat affected by conditions in general.

E. J. Gould
president
Steel Stamping Co.
Lorain, O.

How To Galvanize with Paint

Will you quote us price on 1000 and 5000 reprints of your article "Galvanizing with a Paint Brush" (Sept. 7, p. 158).

P. B. Marsden
sales manager
Sealube Co.
Wakefield, Mass.

• *Quotations have been sent from* STEEL*'s Reprint Department.—ED.*

Replacement Copies Needed

We have misplaced our copy of STEEL for July 27, which carried the article on cold extrusion of steel. Since this type of work is of considerable interest to us, we would appreciate having two copies of the article for our files.

G. S. Purple
E. W. Bliss Co.
Chicago

• *They're being sent.—ED.*

Resting Easily

You can rest assured when the time comes to renew our subscription we will gladly do so as STEEL has become a must to our organization.

L. T. Blanchet
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Detroit

what type and size

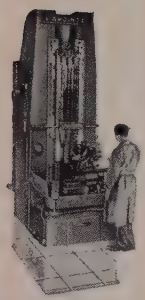
LAPOINTE

BROACHING MACHINE do you need?

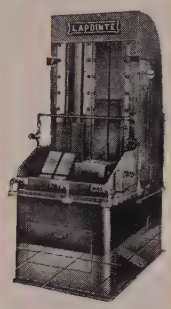
Whatever it is, you can be sure that it is available among the **more than 50** *types and sizes of broaching machines that are* **standard with LAPOINTE!**

Here are a few machines representing basic designs. They embody engineering skill and broaching experience extending back over fifty years — a wealth of experience exceeding that of every other broaching machine manufacturer.

LAPOINTE can take the responsibility for the *complete broaching problem,* because we also design and build *fixtures* and *broaches* for use on our broaching machines.



3 to 25 ton, 30″ to 90″ stroke

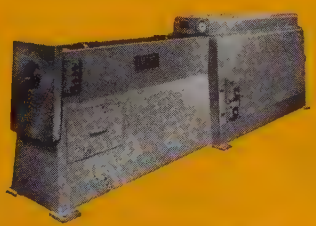


3 to 25 ton, 30″ to 90″ stroke

10 to 25 ton, 36″ to 60″ stroke

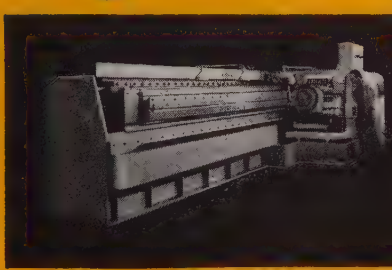
5 to 50 ton, 36″ to 60″ stroke

Write for Catalog No. 3



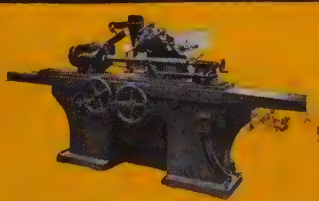
HP

2½ to 50 ton, 30″ to 78″ stroke



...and here's the *latest* LAPOINTE machine:

SRHE Capable of broaching speeds up to 300 fpm and *more!* Strokes 90″ up to 180″.



SHARPENERS in these sizes:
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HUDSON, MASSACHUSETTS • U. S. A.
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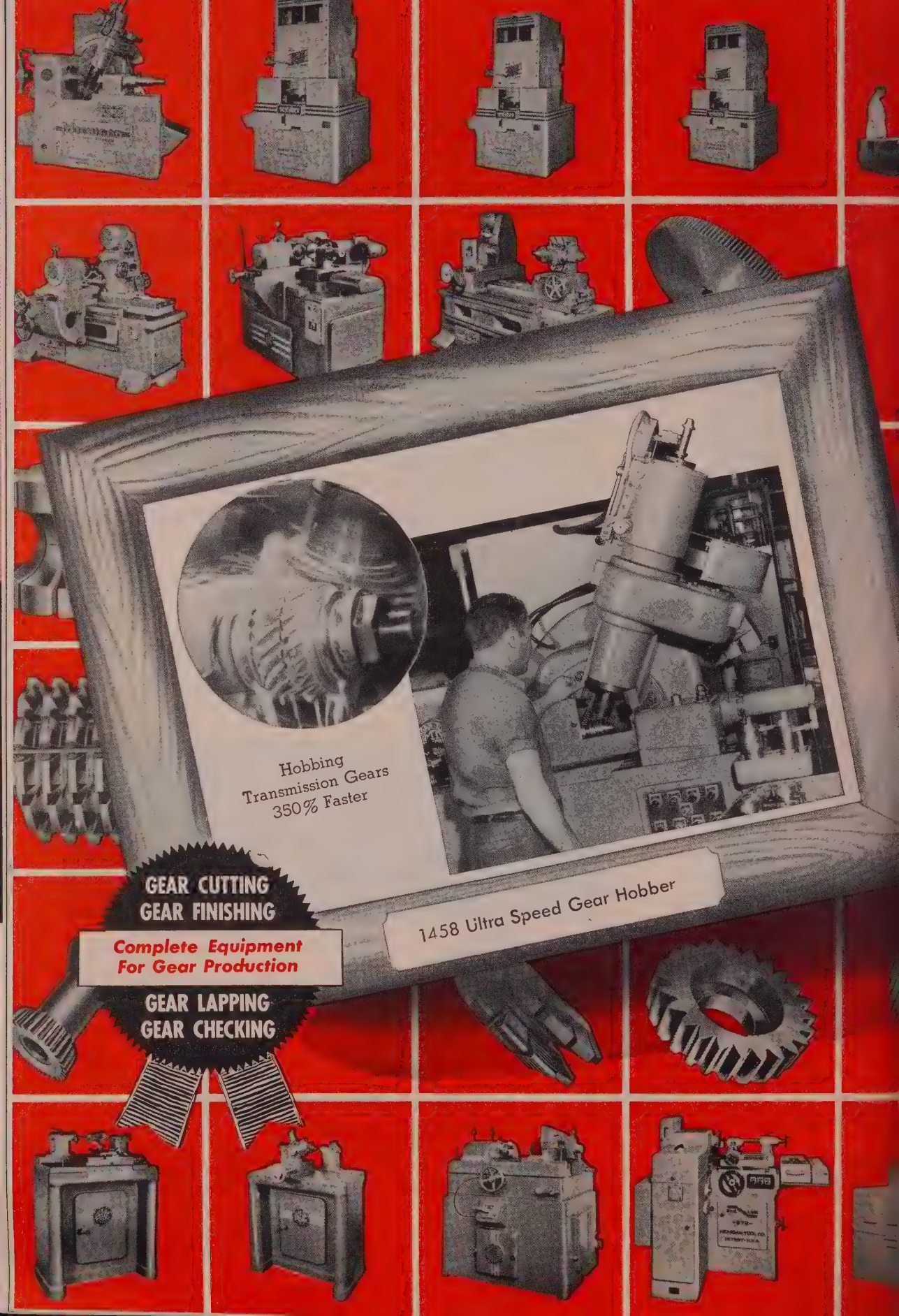
Hobbing
Transmission Gears
350% Faster
1458 Ultra Speed Gear Hobber
GEAR CUTTING
GEAR FINISHING
Complete Equipment
For Gear Production
GEAR LAPPING
GEAR CHECKING

.....headline in Production Engineering & Management January, 1953

"FORD Hobs Gears 350% Faster"

We've checked on it and the editors of PRODUCTION ENGINEERING & MANAGEMENT are right. At Ford Motor Company 3⅛" diameter, 9-pitch, 1⅝" face width transmission gears are being hobbed at a production rate 350% greater per spindle than compared with multiple spindle machines. To do this Ford uses one of the new Michigan Ultra-Speed gear hobbers equipped with double thread accurate unground Michigan hobs. Gears are hobbed two at a time, 58 seconds per pair.

Despite the high output rate, 225 gears are produced per sharpening of the hob. Among the reasons given are that "the machine is of rugged, compact construction, simplified in design, with few gears for the index and main drive and . . . with a maximum spindle speed of 1000 rpm."

Of interest is that better control of surface finish is obtained by easier subsequent shaving. Loading and unloading time is kept to a minimum by hydraulically-actuated expanding arbors. Vibration has been practically eliminated by providing maximum rigidity plus a flywheel to dampen torsional vibration.

For further details, write for Bulletin #1458-52.

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MICHIGAN TOOL COMPANY

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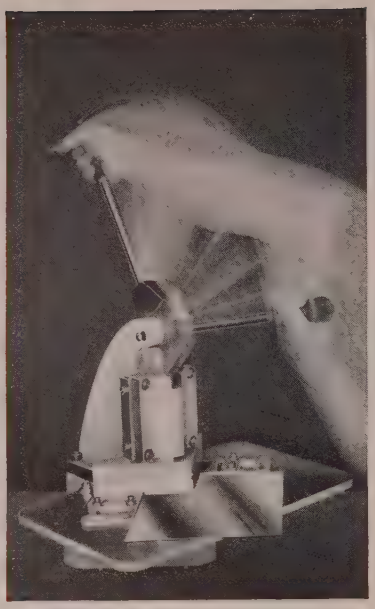

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Hand operated Di-Acro Notcher is ideal for short run production or experimental use.

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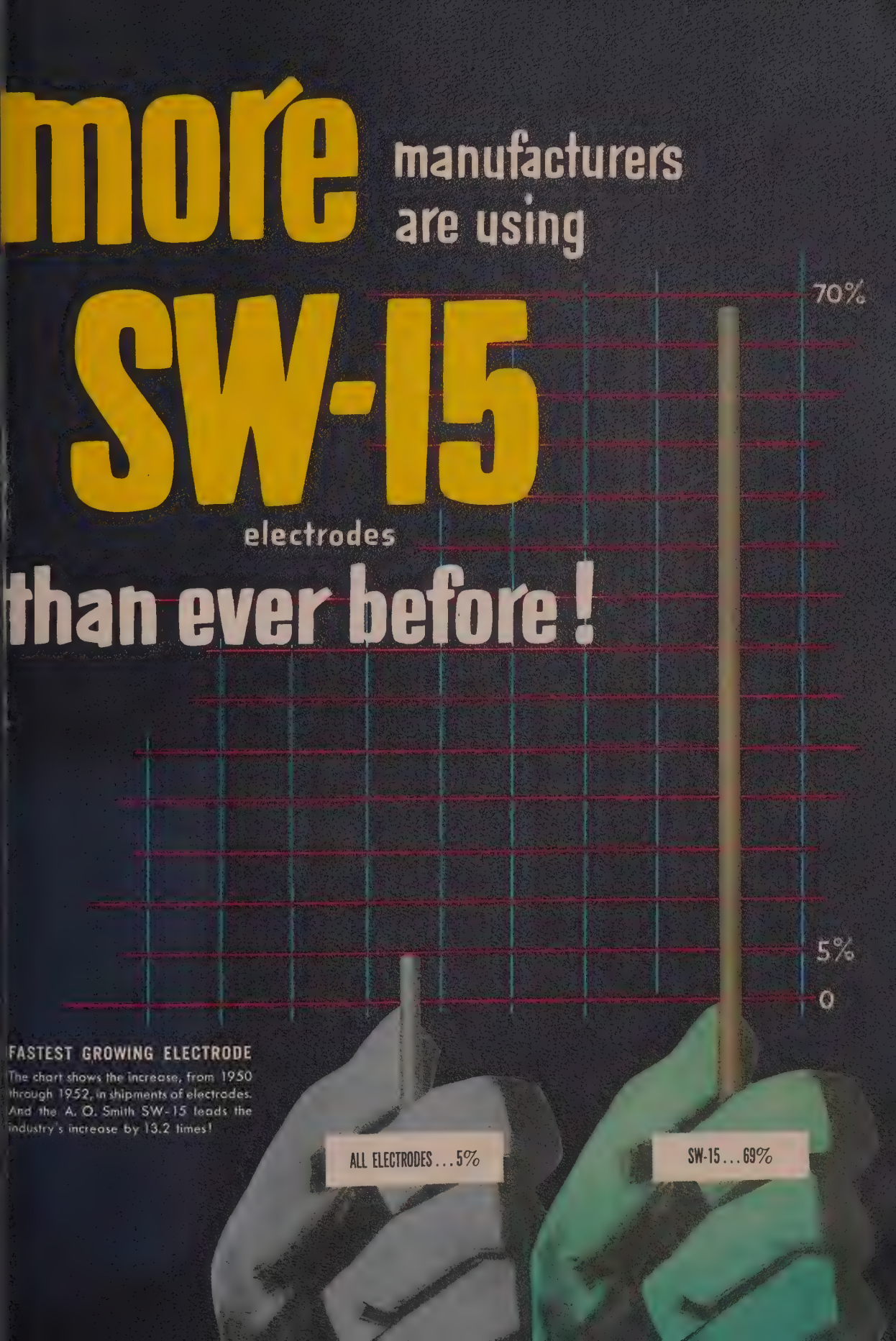
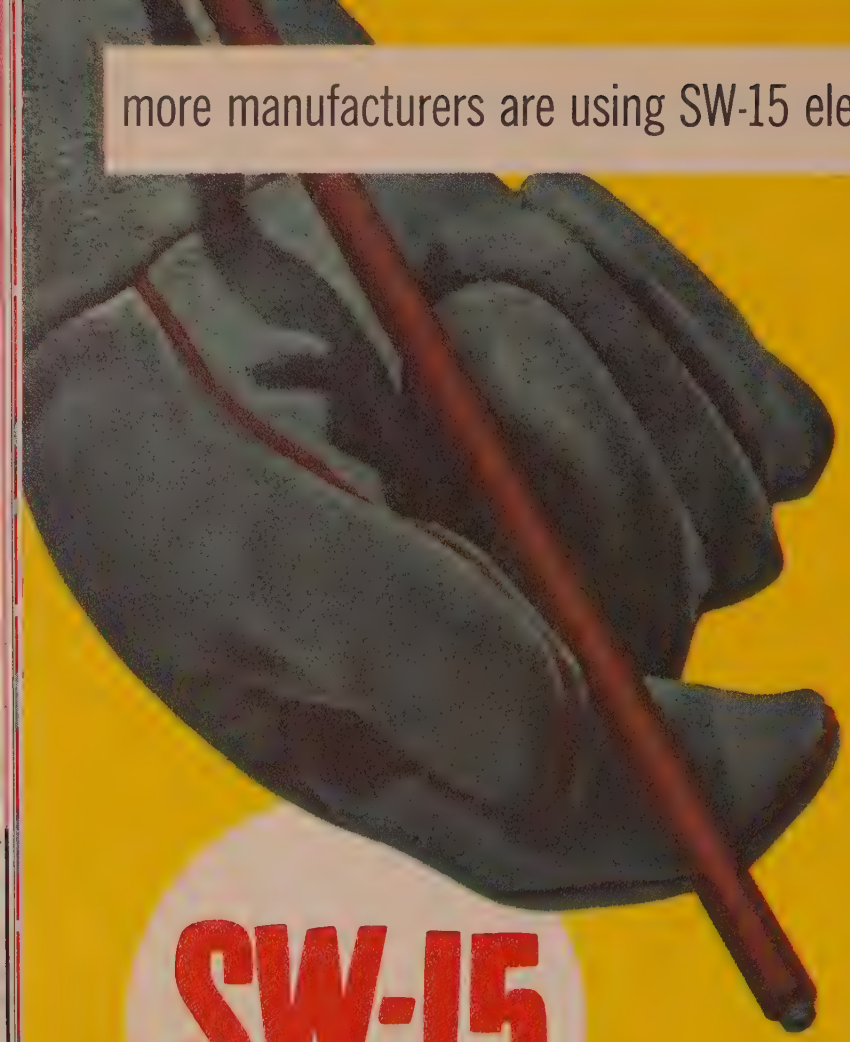
more manufacturers are using SW-15 electrodes than ever before!



FASTEST GROWING ELECTRODE

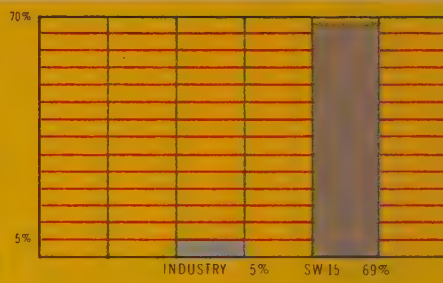
The chart shows the increase, from 1950 through 1952, in shipments of electrodes. And the A. O. Smith SW-15 leads the industry's increase by 13.2 times!

more manufacturers are using SW-15 electrodes than ever before



SW-15

the UNIVERSAL Electrode



Here is the evidence of SW-15's growing acceptance among manufacturers who depend on welding in the fabrication of their products. SW-15 showed a 69% increase in acceptance and use, as compared with but 5% for all electrodes produced by the welding electrode industry from 1950 through 1952.

A few of the principal users of SW-15 are:

J. D. Adams
Allis-Chalmers
E. W. Bliss
Caterpillar
Chicago Bridge & Iron
Fruehauf Trailer
Graver Tank & Mfg. Co.
The Heil Company
Illinois Central Railroad
Ingersoll Rand
Iowa Iron & Steel
Kansas City Structural Steel
Link Belt Speeder
Omaha Steel
Pullman Standard Car
Santa Fe Railroad
Sheffield Steel
Trackson Company

Others are joining these every month to share the many benefits which the SW-15 electrode provides their welding operations.

SW-15 was developed as a universal type electrode which could be used for an extremely large number of welding applications. There is nothing else like it among mild steel welding electrodes!

It performed its first welding job in 1939, when it was taken into the field to weld refractory towers and sustaining structures usually welded with an E6010 electrode. It bettered the standard welding time by 50%! Its unusual ease of manipulation won over welding operators and management at once. New operators were readily trained with the SW-15. Its x-ray quality set new inspection records.

Two years later, SW-15 was welding on E6012 applications in the farm machinery and heavy road equipment fields. Excellent weld appearance, easy slag removal, little spatter, good bead with no undercut helped improve the product of these manufacturers.

Manufacturers found that due to SW-15's ease of manipulation, operators avoided slag inclusions, fish-eyes and voids, even in welds made in the field. This greatly improved the appearance of products it was used on and enhanced the reputation of the SW-15 electrode.

SW-15 is just one of the welding electrodes in the A. O. Smith line. There's an A. O. Smith electrode for every welding requirement:

MILD STEEL		HIGH TENSILE		LOW HYDROGEN		STAINLESS		STAINLESS	
AWS Class	A. O. Smith	AWS Class	A. O. Smith	AWS Class	A. O. Smith	AISI Class	A. O. Smith	AISI Class	A. O. Smith
E6010	SW-10	E7010	SW-75	E6016	SW-64	502	SW-151	310	SW-359
E6011	SW-14	E7010	SW-80	E6016	SW-65	505	SW-152	310	SW-169
E6012	SW-11	E7020	SW-76	E7016	SW-84	410	SW-153	310	SW-168
E6012	SW-17	E8013	SW-86	E8016	SW-81	430	SW-154	310	SW-368
E6013	SW-15	E9010	SW-95	E9016	SW-90	308	SW-162	316	SW-160
E6013	SW-16	E9013	SW-87	E9016	SW-89	308	SW-362	317	SW-161
E6020	SW-35	E10013	SW-88	E10016	SW-100	309	SW-166	318	SW-158
		E10020	SW-101	E12015	SW-120	309	SW-167	347	SW-157
				E12016	SW-103	310	SW-159	347	SW-357

THE ONE MILD STEEL ELECTRODE

no other can match!

...in ease of handling

SW-15 is easy for operators of varying skills to use in all positions. Its smoother arc, self-cleaning slag, lack of spatter and freedom from undercutting makes it easy for anyone to produce good looking, sound welds with the least effort!

...in quality of weldments

SW-15 welds have high-strength, high-yield, good ductility and consistent x-ray quality. This extends its use to welding low alloy, high tensile steels such as corten and manten, impossible for electrodes whose physicals can't compete with those found consistently in SW-15 welds.

...in appearance of welds

SW-15 bead appearance is excellent. Operators become more quality conscious, inclined to turn out better welding jobs when they can put in good looking welds so easily. Fine appearing welds aid in the ultimate sale of welded products, build acceptance not otherwise obtainable!

...in usefulness

SW-15 has an unparalleled history of success in many fields. Shipyards, during the war, cut their welding time as much as 50% by actual test and used millions of pounds of SW-15. Farm and construction equipment builders found its ease of application and high resistance to impact desirable, and became large users. Field erectors of vessels and structures adopted SW-15 after testing its speed, ease of application, and x-ray quality in weldments. Every year, more manufacturers turn to the SW-15 electrode to spur production and improve the quality of their welded products.

...in cutting costs

SW-15 is in a class by itself. Elimination of time-consuming slag removal, absence of spatter to be cleaned up, ease and speed of application by any operator, freedom from undercutting, excellent weld appearance that reduces inspection costs, and avoidance of weld repairs, all lower production costs directly. Then, the freedom from worry over possible field failures tops off these reasons for the tremendous use of SW-15 electrodes.

...in your plant

SW-15 has a use in your plant or shop. May we suggest that you write us or contact your local A. O. Smith Distributor for full details and a chance to test this remarkable mild steel electrode.

A.O. Smith

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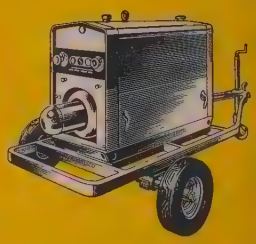
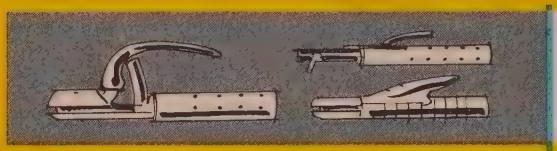
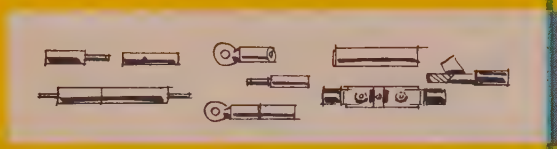
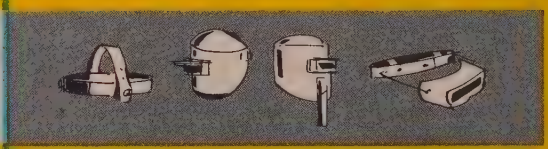

D.C. "FIELD KING"

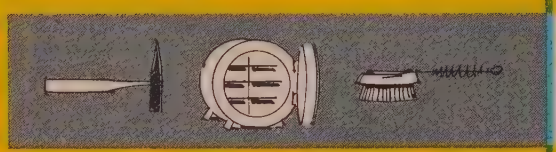
WELDING SUPPLIES

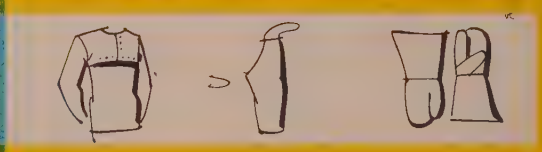

Electrode holders

Ground clamps


Cable, connectors, lugs, and splicers


Helmets, shields, headgear, and goggles


Cleaning tools, Electrode drying ovens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- ☐ "Metal degreasing — standard practices."
- ☐ Du Pont publication, "MODERN METAL FINISHING". (Please add my name to the mailing list).

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TOTAL ENGINEERING

Steel mill employs Link-Belt belt conveyor system for transporting coal from ship unloading towers to dock storage. Here, Link Belt tripper discharges 770 TPH of coal from 48-in. wide belt conveyor.

It's your assurance of top efficiency with LINK-BELT belt conveyors

HERE'S how "total engineering" works for you when you use Link-Belt Belt Conveyors. First, Link-Belt conveyor engineers analyze your needs—then recommend the *right* components. In addition, Link-Belt can supply all related equipment — other types of conveyors, feeders, elevators, car dumpers and shakers. And Link-Belt will build your supporting structures and enclosures . . . install the job completely, if desired. Call the Link-Belt office near you for any engineering assistance you need.

LINK-BELT

BELT CONVEYOR EQUIPMENT 13.260-C

LINK-BELT COMPANY: Plants: Chicago, Indianapolis, Philadelphia, Colmar, Pa., Atlanta, Houston, Minneapolis, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Seattle, Toronto, Springs (South Africa), Sydney (Australia). Sales offices in Principal Cities.

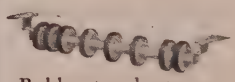
LINK-BELT builds a complete line of belt conveyor components

ALL TYPES OF ROLLER BEARING IDLERS

Return idler

20° troughed idler

Belt-training idler

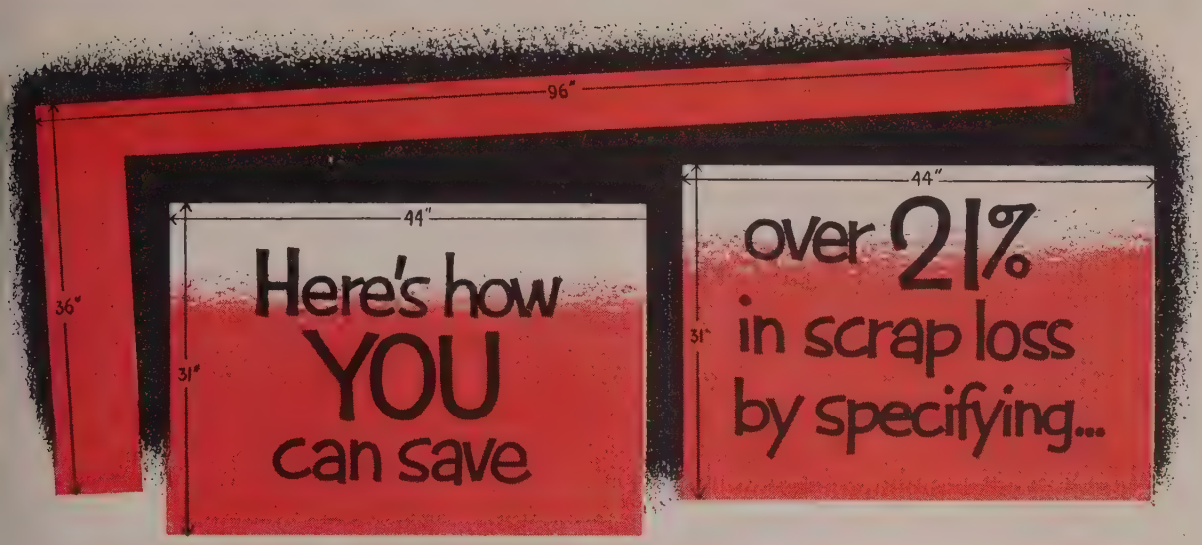


Rubber tread return idler

Impact-cushioning idler

BELT AND MOTOR PROPELLED TRIPPERS

COMPLETE TERMINAL MACHINERY



DOLAN Steel Blanks and Strips

CUT TO YOUR EXACT SPECIFICATIONS!

Plus Money Saved On

- estimating and cost controls
- inventory investment
- handling costs
- storage costs
- cutting and labor charges
- overhead

If your requirements call for a 31" x 44" sheet of flat rolled steel, you would realize two pieces out of a standard 36" x 96" sheet. But your scrap loss in this case would amount to over 21% of the total steel bought. This is a prime example of the way Dolan's steel blanks and strips can save you money.

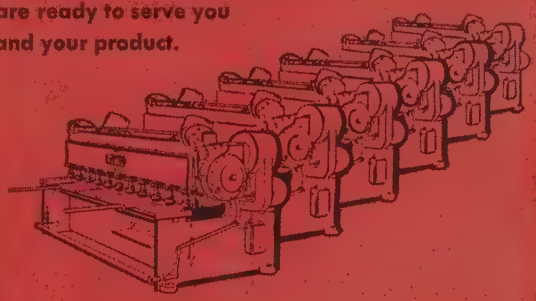
Of uniformly high quality steel in extremely close gauge tolerances, Dolan's steel blanks are cut to your exact size, finish, temper, gauge tolerance and quantity from 28 gauge to 1/4" thick and delivered promptly from stock! *AND NO SCRAP LOSS!*

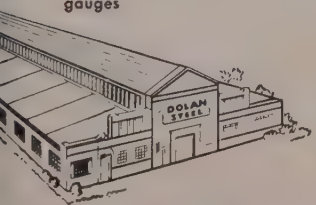
Phone Dolan Steel now . . . tell us *your* requirements and we'll show you what *your net* savings will be by specifying Dolan's Steel Blanks.

Full Facilities For:

- Shearing sheet stock up to 3/8" thick
- Slitting coils up to 48" wide to your specifications
- Decoiling and leveling steel in gauges from .015 to .187 — widths to 52"
- Supplying sheet and strip steel in all finishes, tempers and gauges

Dolan's six modern power shears are ready to serve you and your product.



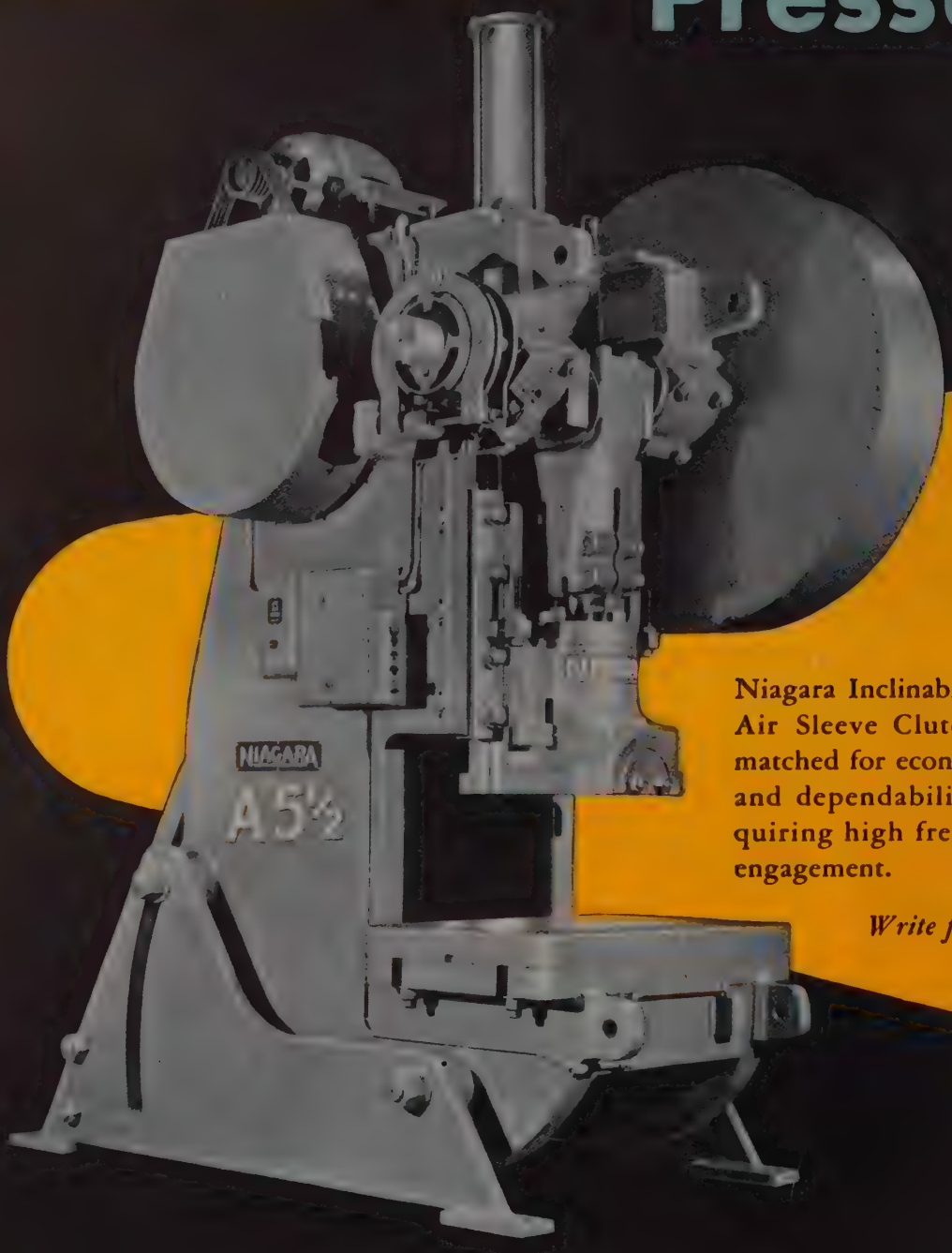


DOLAN *Steel Company Inc.*

810 Union Avenue Bridgeport 7, Conn.
Phone 5-8173

NEW ENGLAND'S LARGEST STEEL WAREHOUSE, FLAT ROLLED STEEL, EXCLUSIVELY, SERVING NEW ENGLAND, NEW YORK AND NEW JERSEY

NIAGARA Inclinable Presses



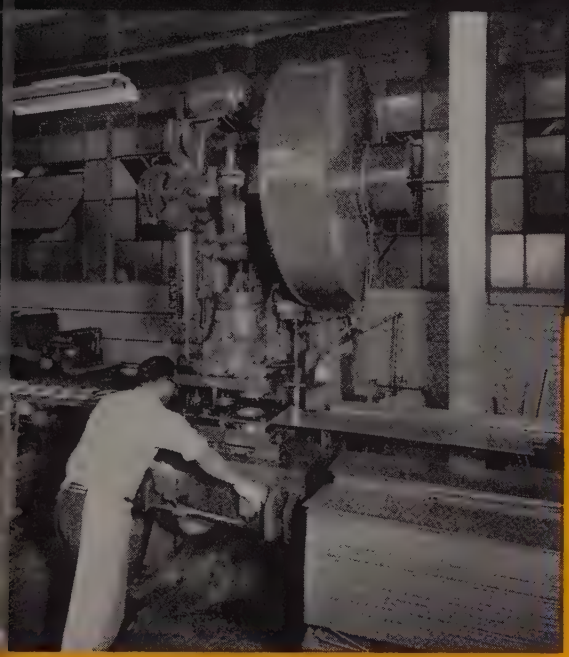
Niagara Inclinable Presses w
Air Sleeve Clutch cannot
matched for economy, efficien
and dependability on jobs
quiring high frequency clut
engagement.

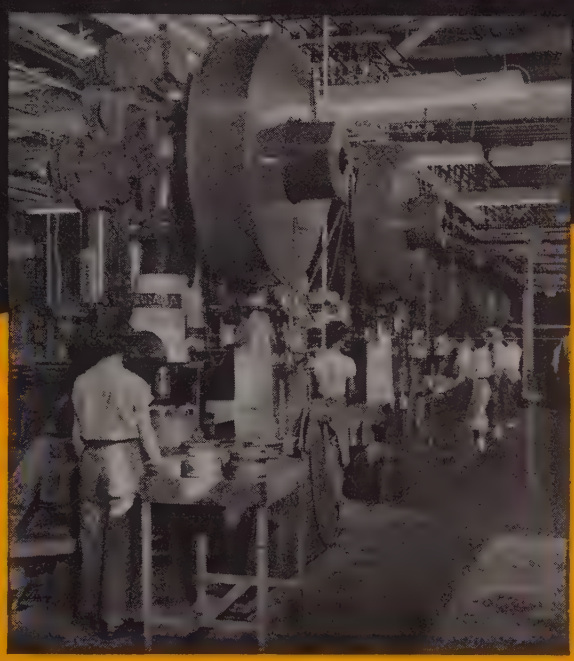
Write for informati

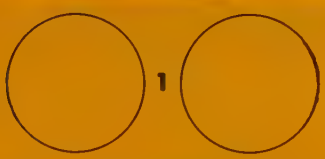
NIAGARA MACHINE & TOOL WORKS • BUFFALO 11, N.

On the Production Line

AT SHWAYDER BROTHERS, INC., DETROIT





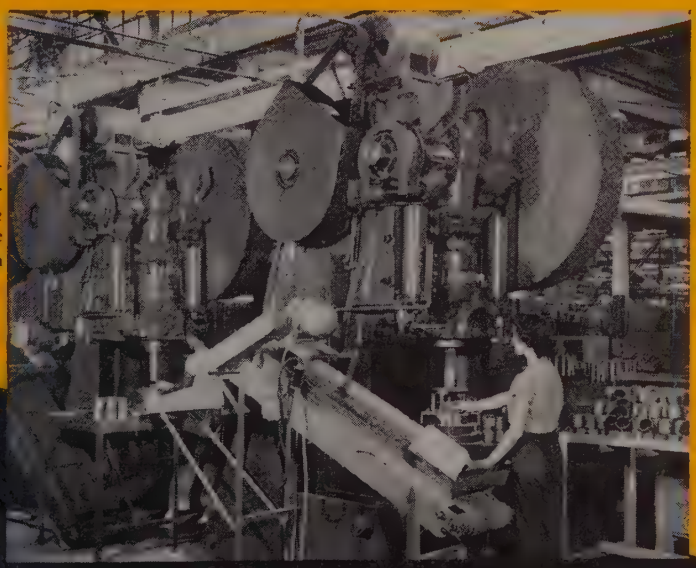


. Punching two round blanks per stroke on Niagara A-5½ Press with Air Sleeve Clutch.

2, 3. Cupping and Redrawing on A-5½ Presses with Air Sleeve Clutches.

4, 5, 6, 7. Indenting end on A-3½ Presses.

, 9. Forming hexagnal shape and Ironng side wall on A-5½ resses with Air Sleeve Clutches and with Niagara Cushions.



The final piercing and tapering operations are done on A-3½ Presses (not shown.)

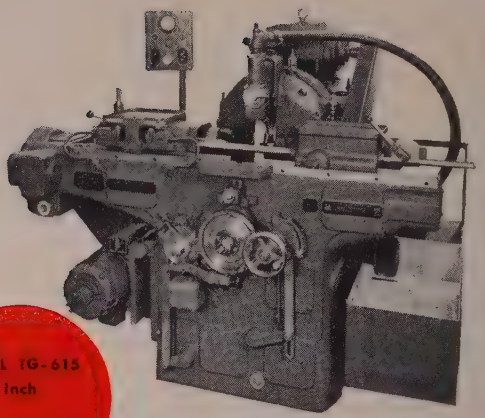
NIAGARA

America's Most Complete Line of Presses, Shears, Machines and Tools for Sheet Metal Work

DISTRICT OFFICES: DETROIT • CLEVELAND • NEW YORK • PHILADELPHIA

Dealers in principal U. S. cities and major foreign countries

Quality threading AT MINIMUM COST



MODEL TG-615
6 x 15 Inch

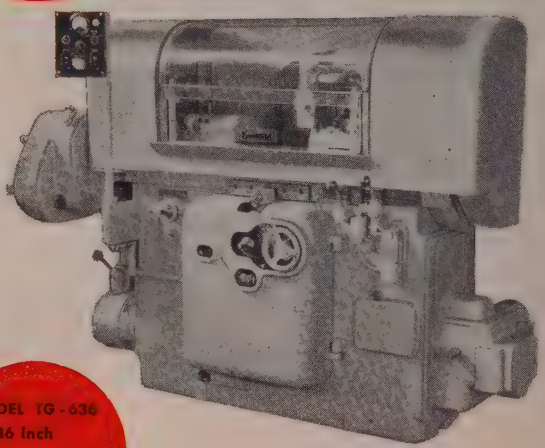
The 6 x 15 Automatic Thread Grinder is used for high production thread grinding with either single or multi-ribbed wheels on relatively small parts.

JONES & LAMSON AUTOMATIC THREAD GRINDERS:

- Produce threads of better quality and more uniform finish
- Reduce handling cost
- Eliminate costly rethreading after heat treatment
- Eliminate expensive retooling when specifications change
- Reduce cost of gage maintenance

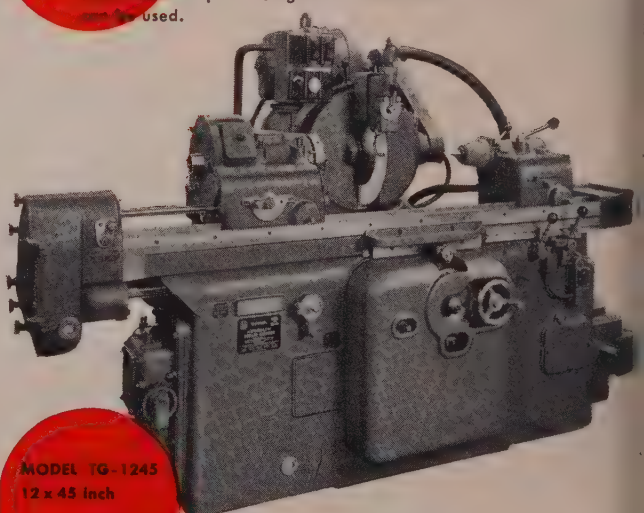
Built-in accuracy and automatic features, make any of these machines a paying investment for toolroom or production line.

- Automatic wheel truing
- Automatic infeed on successive cuts
- Automatic sizing
- Rheostat wheel speed control
- Diamond or crush dressing of wheels
- Multi-ribbed threading
- Right and left hand threading



MODEL TG-636
6 x 36 Inch

The 6 x 36 machine is extremely versatile and is used on long or short run jobs on a great variety of precision threaded parts. Single or multi-ribbed wheels can be used.



MODEL TG-1245
12 x 45 Inch

The 12 x 45 machine is used for grinding threads on a wide range of work from small to large heavy parts. Single or multi-ribbed wheels can be used.

When measuring the value of a thread grinder remember the extra benefits of J & L top-flight construction. Write Dept. 710 for illustrated catalog.

JONES & LAMSON

Machine Tool Craftsmen Since 1835

JONES & LAMSON MACHINE CO., 517 Clinton St., Dept. 710, Springfield, Vt., U.S.A.

THREAD GRINDER DIVISION

aluminum FASTENINGS...

IMMEDIATE DELIVERY!

ALUMINUM • BRASS • NAVAL BRONZE
SILICON BRONZE
MONEL • NICKEL
COPPER
STAINLESS STEEL

SPECIALISTS IN ALL CORROSION-RESISTANT FASTENINGS

HARPER

EVERLASTING FASTENINGS

Make Harper your source of supply for all your needs in aluminum fastenings.

Machine Bolts	**Machine Screws (Slotted and Phillips Head)**
Carriage Bolts	**Tapping Screws**
Nuts	**Wood Screws (Slotted and Phillips Head)**
Wing Nuts	**Washers**
Cap Nuts	**Lock Washers**
Rivets	
Cap Screws	

Complete stocks in a wide range of sizes assure you prompt delivery.

The H. M. Harper Company has specialized for almost a third of a century in fastenings of non-ferrous metals and all stainless steels, and is the largest manufacturer in this field. Over 7,000 items are available from stock in aluminum, brass, naval bronze, silicon bronze, Monel and all stainless steels.

Write or wire your requirements in aluminum fastenings to Harper, or mail the coupon for the Harper Aluminum Fastening Catalog.

The H. M. Harper Company
8207 Lehigh Avenue
Morton Grove, Illinois
Please send me the following catalogs:
( ) Catalog on Harper Aluminum Fastenings
( ) Catalog 25 on Harper Everlasting Fastenings

Name.....

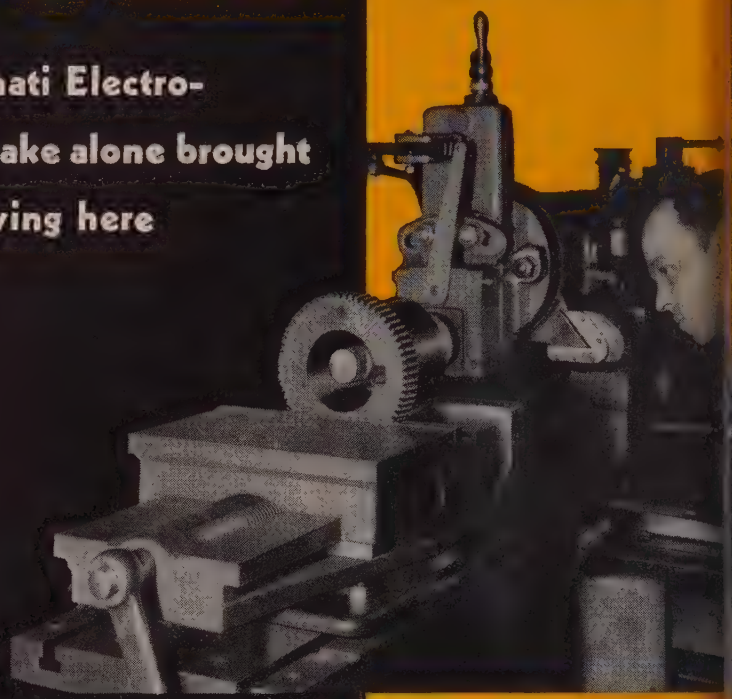
Company.....*Position*.....

Address.....

City.....*State*.....

Outstanding Time Saver..

The New Cincinnati Electro-Magnetic Clutch and Brake alone brought a 30% time-saving here



The New Cincinnati Magnetic Clutch and Brake, with its single, convenient control lever, gives the operator the fastest, simplest and most accurate control of his Shaper and converts waste time into productive time.

This powerful clutch and brake requires no adjustment, and has a long, maintenance-free life.

Write for Cincinnati Shaper Catalog N-5.

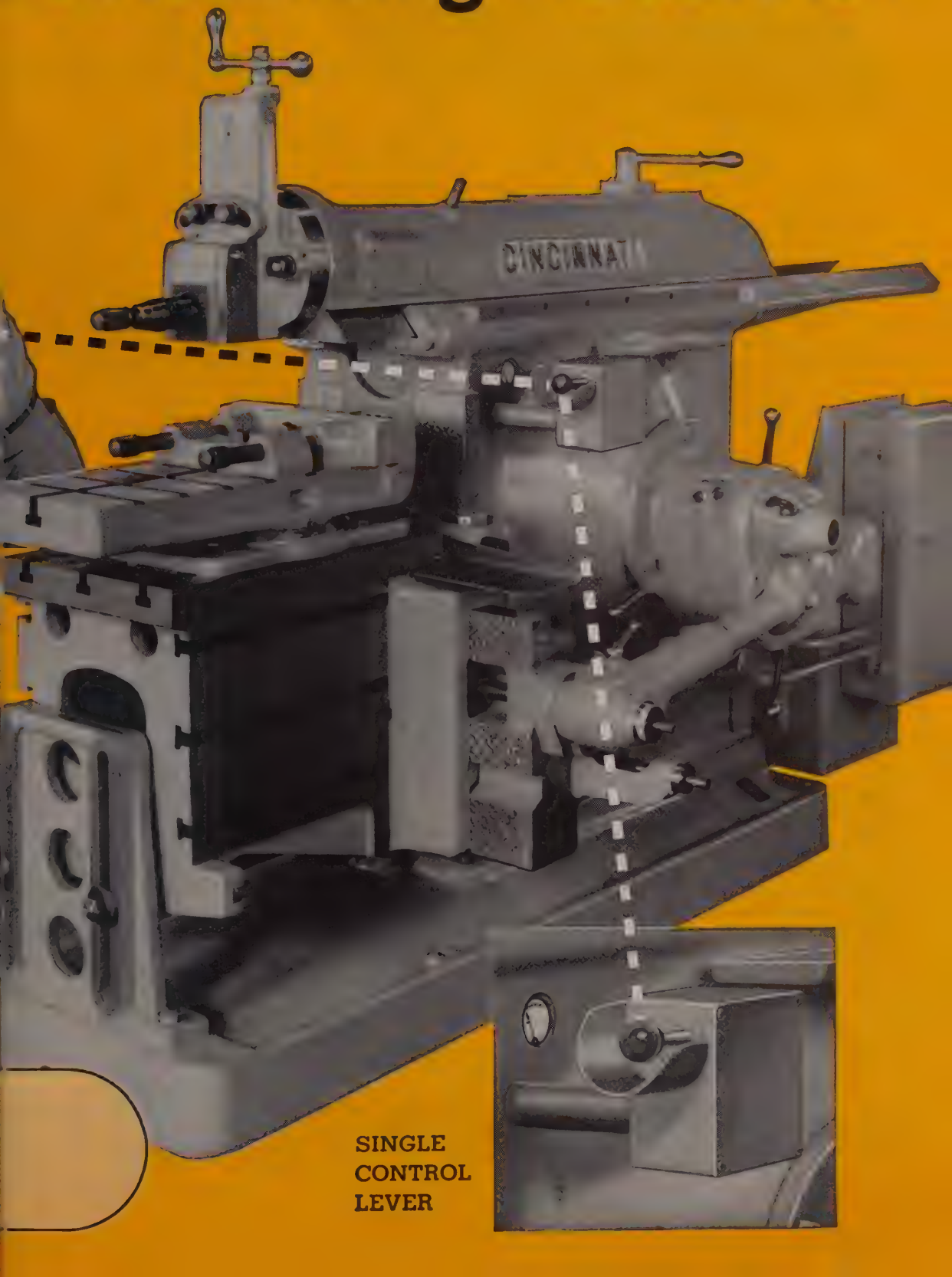
Shaping time on 7 internal oil grooves in these steel sleeves was reduced from 12.5 minutes to 8 minutes, by the Cincinnati Electro-Magnetic Clutch and Brake.

CINCINNATI

THE CINCINNATI SHAPER CO.

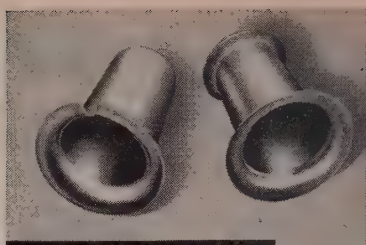
CINCINNATI 25, OHIO, U.S.A. SHAPERS • SHEARS • BRAKES

.Outstanding ACCURACY



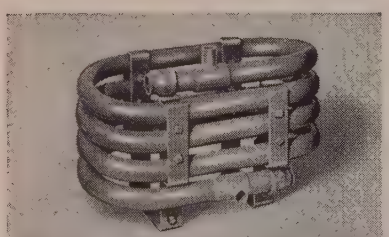
SINGLE
CONTROL
LEVER

Here's why it pays to insist upon *Carpenter* Stainless Tubing



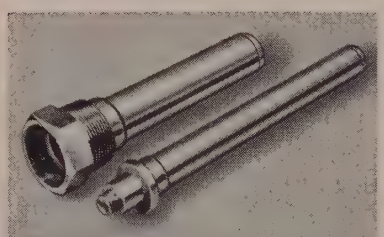
From 50% rejects to 1%!

For this tough flaring job *two* brands Stainless Tubing were tried with 50 rejects. Then they switched to Carpent *and rejects dropped to less than 1%.*



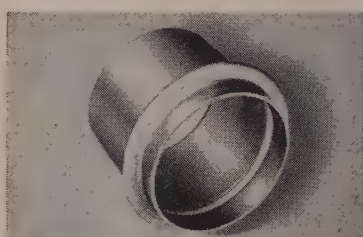
Easier fabrication and a better product!

After testing tube from several sources, the manufacturer of these condensers found that Carpenter's quality control at the mill gave him easier bending and a better finished job.



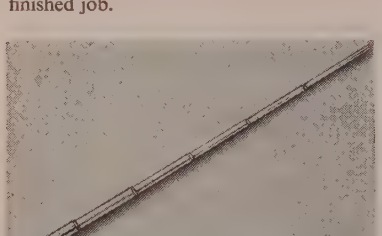
15% to 20% saving!

These thermostat sleeves and bulbs require precision fabrication. After changing to Carpenter Stainless Tubing they gained *a 15% to 20% saving in the cost of producing each unit.*



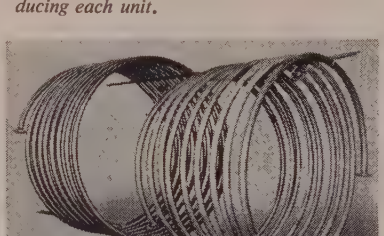
10c saved per piece!

The fabricator of this refinery equipme needed a ductile Stainless Tubing tha would "take" the severe fabrication. *Sin changing to Carpenter, he figures a savin of about 10c apiece.*



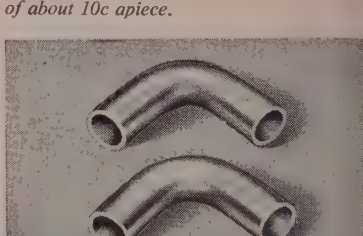
40% rejects before—now, 1%!

Before changing to Carpenter, fabricating rejects ran 40%. Now the collapsible handle of this uranium detector is produced—at a reject rate of only 1%.



Coil life doubled!

In a brick-lined hydrolysis tank, lead coils had been used for years. *Then they found that coil life could be doubled with Carpenter Stainless No. 20.*



From 20% rejects to none!

Rejects because of breakage amounted t 20% of each run. Changing to Carpente Stainless Tubing, *rejects were completel eliminated.*

These are not unusual or "special" jobs . . . just a few of the many hundred examples in our files of how products have been improved, fabricating problems simplified, and production costs cut by switching to Carpenter Stainless Tubing. They all point up this one significant fact: *All stainless tubing is not the same.*

Whenever any kind of equipment or fabricated part calls for something "extra" . . . in working properties, corrosion resistance, tolerances, finish . . . users of stainless tubing and pipe in a wide variety of industries hav learned from experience that they can always count o Carpenter quality and Carpenter technical assistanc to meet the challenge.

Prove to *your* own satisfaction that there really is difference in stainless tubing. Specify Carpenter o your next order. You'll discover, as have hundreds o other users, that there is no "or equal" for Carpente quality and all-around service satisfaction.

The Carpenter Steel Company, Alloy Tube Division, Union, N.

Export Dept.: The Carpenter Steel Co., Port Washington, N.
"CARSTEELCO

Carpenter

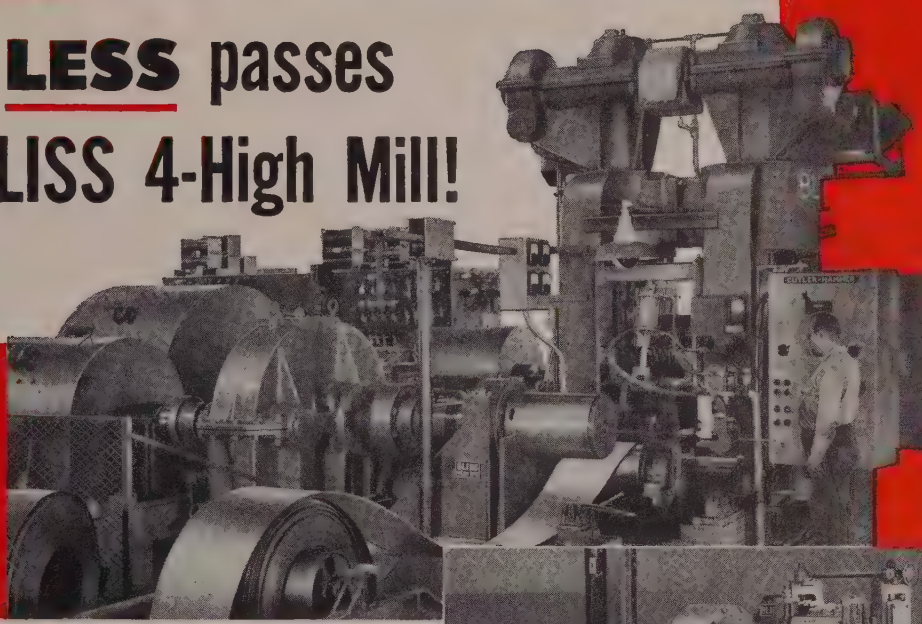
more than corrosion resistance

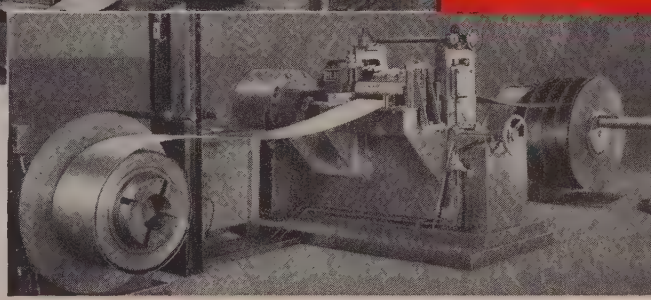
STAINLESS TUBING & PIPE

Analysis · Tolerance · Finish

- guaranteed on every shipmen

MORE high carbon spring steel with LESS passes on BLISS 4-High Mill!





mbines with BLISS SLITTING MACHINE cut costs for Athenia Steel

OBLEM: The Athenia Steel Division of National ndard Company specializes in highest quality, "custom-de" steel. This high carbon steel is used for such pre-on parts as piston rings, band saws, watch and clock ings, feeler gages and razor blades. Hence, when king to increase production through heavier rolling l equipment at their Clifton, New Jersey, plant, enia specified there must be no sacrifice in the quality their product.

LUTION: Athenia installed a new Bliss 10" & 24" 0" four-high mill and a Bliss slitting line. Formerly, enia's mills could produce steel in widths up to 6½". e new Bliss mill enables them to roll widths of 16½" l achieve greater reductions with each pass. These er strips are then cut into required widths on the ss slitting line. *Faster production and lower costs result—he same high quality level.*

Athenia uses the Bliss mill for breakdown and finishing rk. Its effective range is for reductions from 0.125, 0.105 and 0.095 down to 0.015. Officials at Athenia particularly like the mill feature that permits coil "take-off" on either side. They also like the "automatic clamp and sticking device" for entering the metal in the rolls. And they were pleased with the reliable, smooth-starting mechanical and electrical equipment supplied by Bliss.

9" x 18" BLISS SLITTING LINE *cuts high carbon rolled steel into multiple strips of desired width to speed production, and afford full range of selection.*

Whatever your rolling mill problem—large or small, routine or intricate—call Bliss' Rolling Mill Division. Their engineers will be glad to help you. But, today, send for your copy of the revised Bliss Rolling Mill Brochure, soon off the press; it describes Bliss' products and services and contains many valuable production ideas.

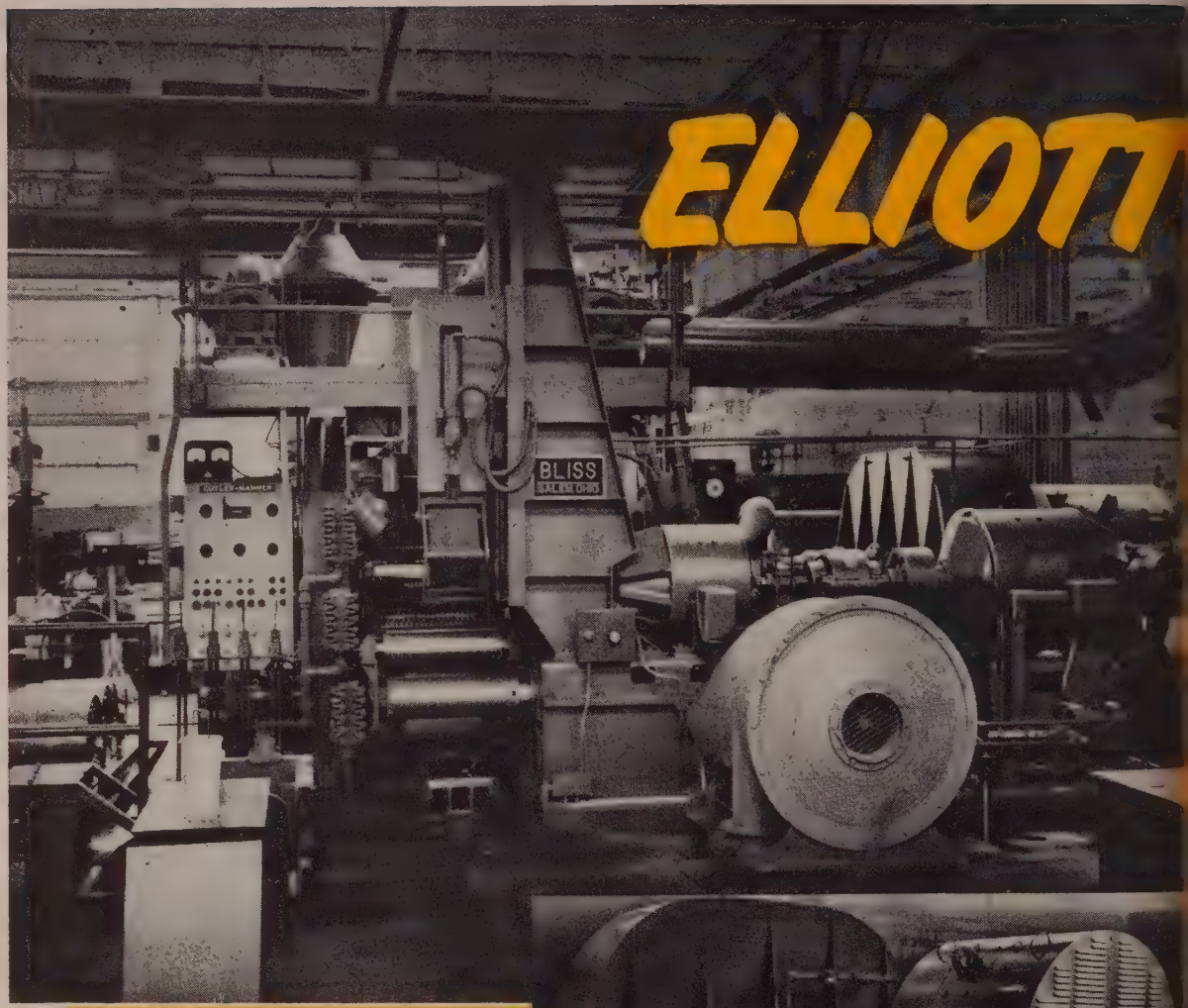
member: BLISS **for Presses, ROLLING MILLS, Special Machinery**

E. W. Bliss Company • General Office: Canton, Ohio

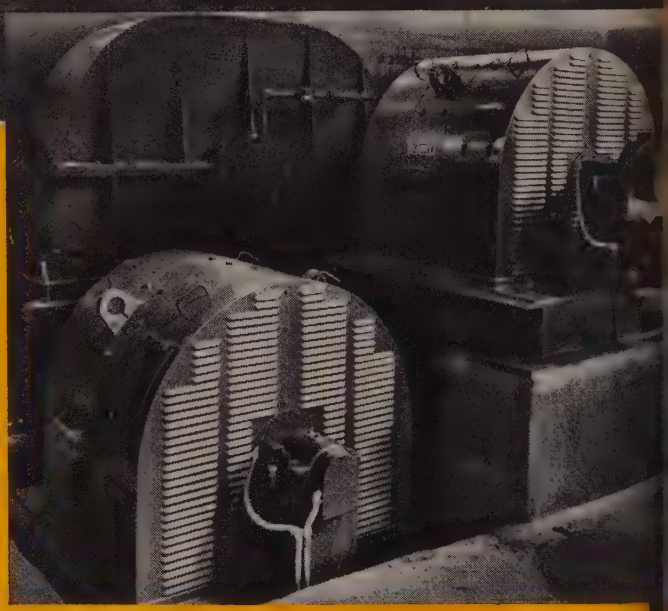
ROLLING MILL DIVISION: SALEM, OHIO

E. W. Bliss (England) Ltd., Derby, England • E. W. Bliss Company (Paris), St. Ouen sur Seine, France

U. S. Plants in Canton, Salem and Toledo, Ohio; and Hastings, Michigan. *Branch Offices* in Chicago, Cleveland, Dayton, Detroit, Indianapolis, New Haven, New York, Philadelphia, Rochester, Toledo; and Toronto, Canada. *West Coast Representatives:* Moore Machinery Co., Los Angeles and San Francisco; Star Machinery Company, Seattle. *Other representatives throughout the world.*



Delivery end of mill, with Elliott 20-hp and 75-hp, 300/1200-rpm reel motors in tandem at right, for adjustable tension on heavy and light strip. Duplicate motors drive reel at opposite end of mill.



Twin drive for mill back-up rolls ▶ with two Elliott 300-hp, 450/900-rpm motors. All machines are designed for fast acceleration and deceleration.

Elliott five-unit 740-kw generator set provides adjustable ▶ voltage power for mill motors and reel motors. Ventilating equipment in background. All machines are force-ventilated.

motors and generators

. drive four new reversing cold strip mills for Revere Copper and Brass Incorporated

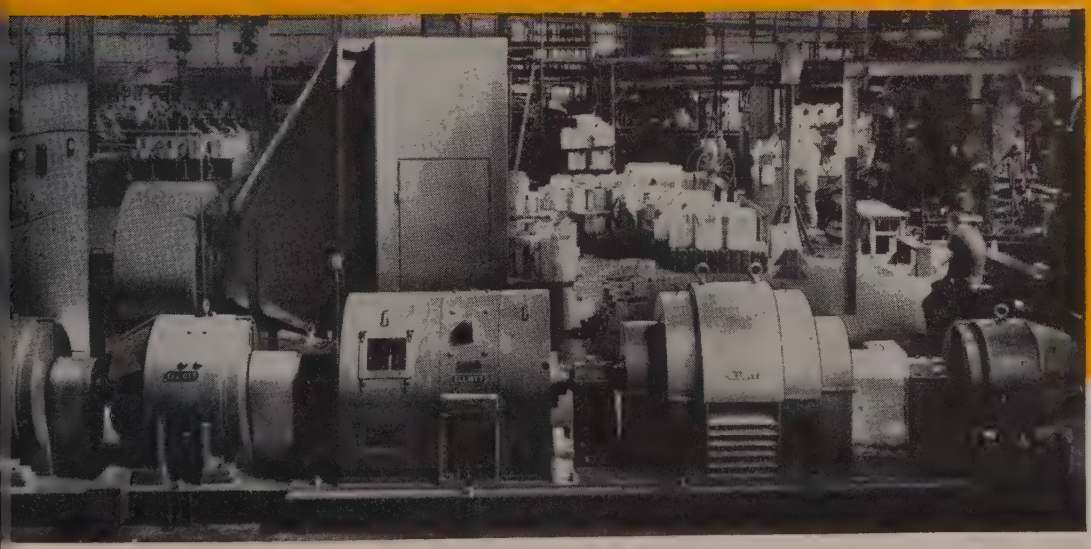
● In these important installations, Elliott supplied not only the adjustable-voltage main drive motors for the four new mills, but also motors for constant-voltage auxiliary drives such as lube drive, screwdown, reel traverse, air-wipe blower, buggyhoist, and roll changer.

Control is Cutler-Hammer, developed in close cooperation with Elliott engineers.

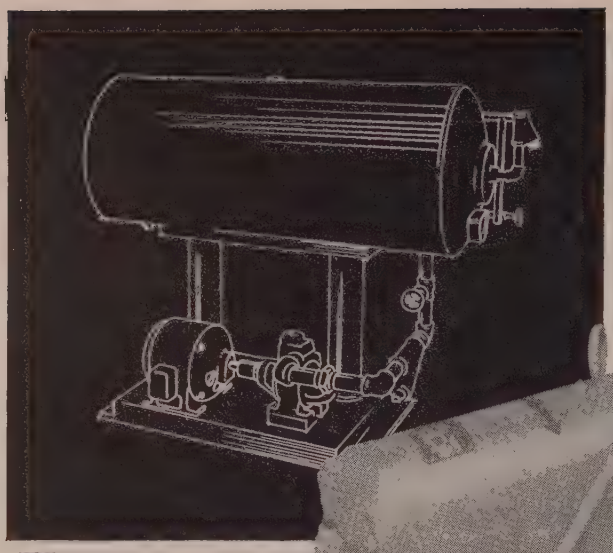
An article giving details of these installations, involving mills designed for rolling brass and copper strips in coils weighing up to 5000 lb. at a mill speed of 500-1000 ft. per min. was published in the Winter issue of our quarterly magazine, POWERFAX. Copies can be obtained from your nearest Elliott Company district office or write direct to Advertising Department, Elliott Company, Jeannette, Pa.

ELLIOTT Company

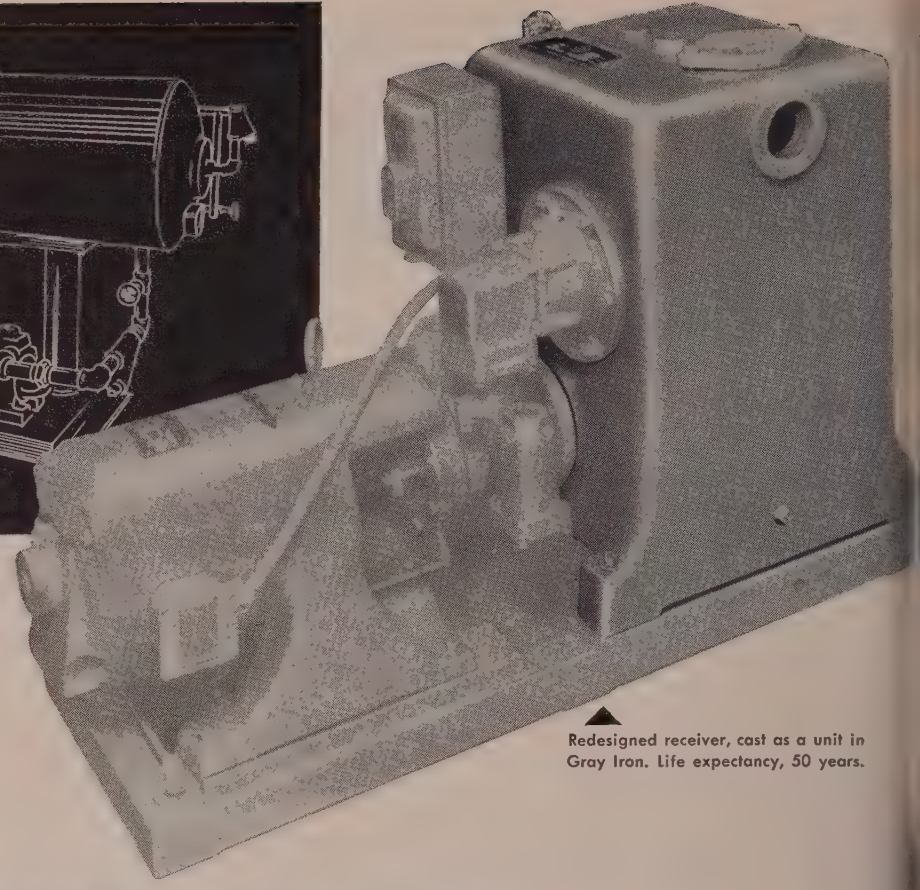
RIDGWAY DIVISION • CROCKER-WHEELER DIVISION



R3-4



Conventional type of Boiler Feed Pump; steel receiver mounted on steel cradle. Life expectancy, 5 years (average).



Redesigned receiver, cast as a unit in Gray Iron. Life expectancy, 50 years.

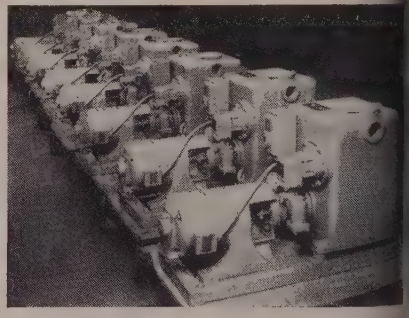
COST SAVINGS BUILT IN by practical use of GRAY IRON!

In Boiler Feed Pumps, first cost is less important than long-time economy. Because water conditions often cause certain materials to deteriorate rapidly, replacement costs are frequently high.

When a leading manufacturer replaced the conventional steel tank with a Gray Iron casting, here's what happened:

- In spite of somewhat higher initial cost, savings at the end of a 5-year period amounted to 38%—including replacement cost of steel tank, plus labor and fittings. This important saving in replacement cost will be realized every 5 years for approximately 50 years.
- By designing for the cast Gray Iron receiver and sub-base mounting, space requirements were reduced—excess piping, valves and fittings were eliminated.

Have you analyzed *your* product for possible cost savings which can be accomplished by designing for and with Gray Iron? Write for technical information on the many advantages of the Gray Iron casting process.



Boiler Feed Pumps with Gray Iron receivers, built for U. S. Navy.

Make it Better with Gray Iron . . .
Second largest industry in the metal-working field

GRAY IRON FOUNDERS' SOCIETY, INC.
NATIONAL CITY E. 6th BLDG., CLEVELAND 14, OHIO

low do I choose the BEST charging method?"

Let an experienced Whiting foundry engineer advise you regarding the charging system best suited to your requirements. He'll study your plant and yard layout. He'll consider the size of your foundry, size and number of cupolas, type of scrap used, coke ratio, coke quality, minimum and maximum hourly tonnages, molten metal temperature, and many other factors that influence the choice of charging methods.

The result will be a practical recommendation that will fit your needs and reduce costs.

This service of the Whiting engineering department is available to you without cost or obligation. Write and request it now!

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...for top-production steel fabricating

1

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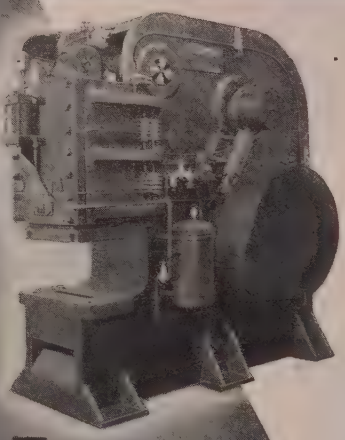

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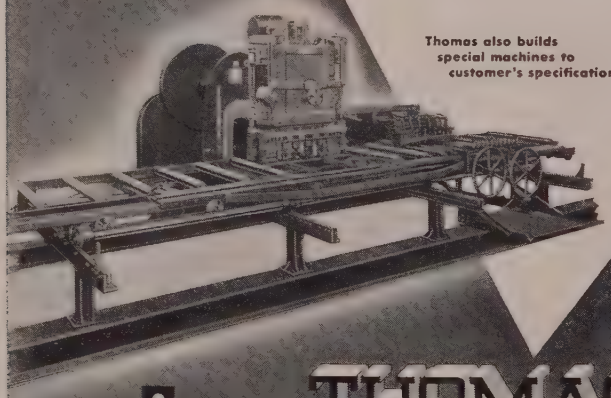

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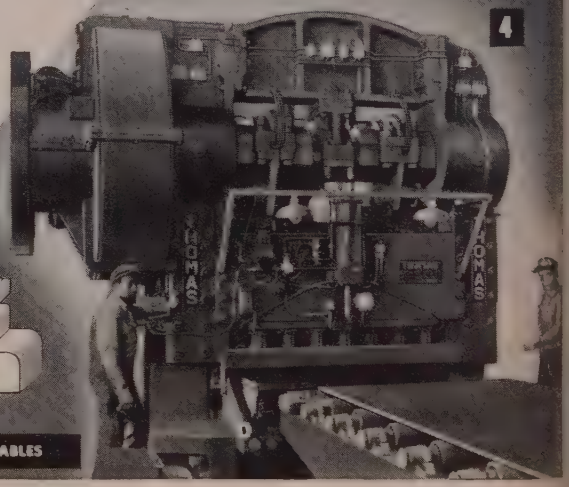

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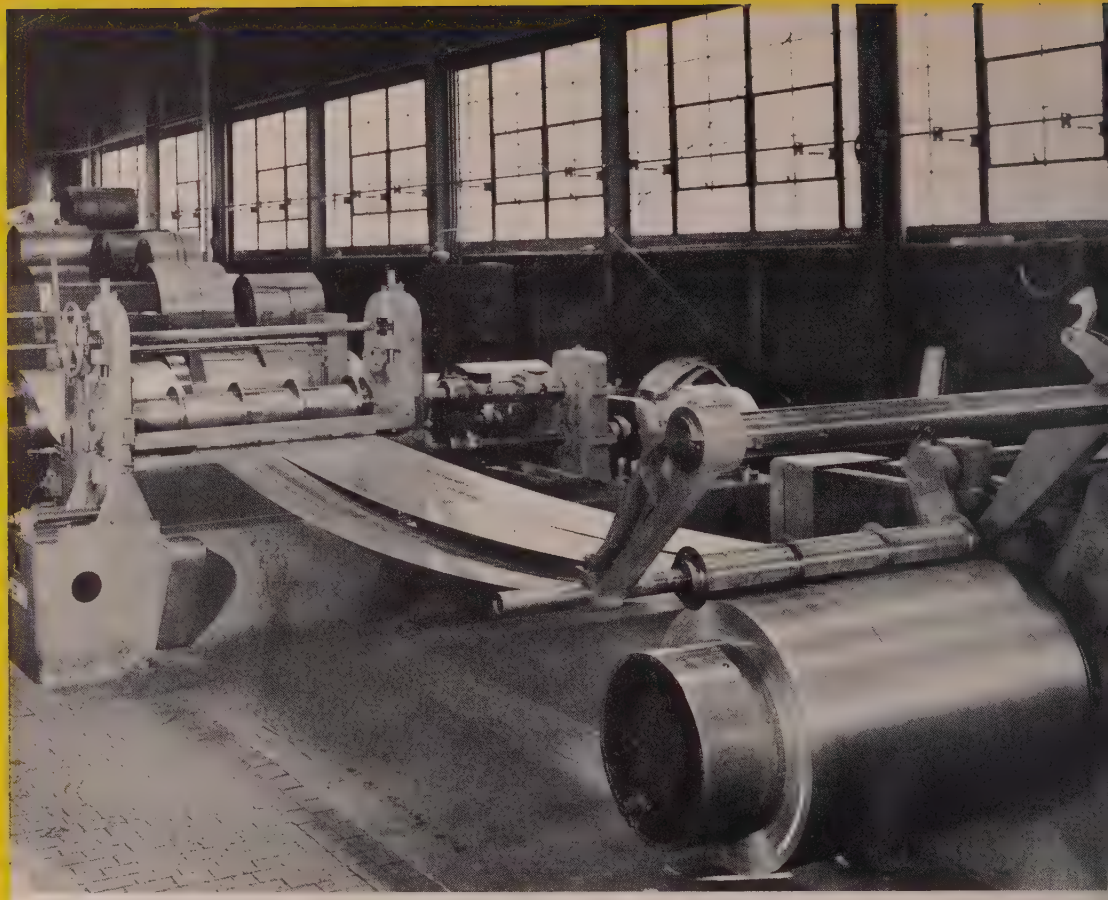

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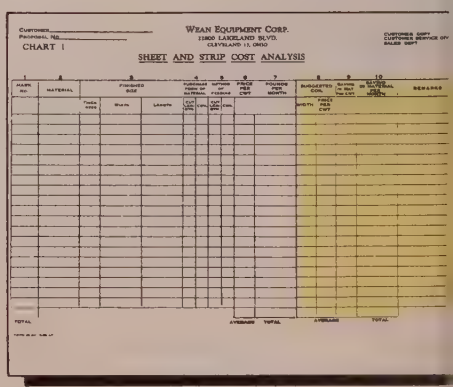
Can Save You 20%

And

Here's A Simple Test That May Startle You

Want to save 20 percent on your steel costs? If you are using sheet steel in any great amounts a Wean Equipment engineer can quickly show you how the amazing new Wean Slitting and Flying Shear Line can effect this savings in your plant. Using your actual figures, Wean can, by a simple comparison method, quickly prove to you that these savings are possible. Why continue operating at high costs when this improved method could be saving you as much as $20 a ton on your steel?



WEAN EQUIPMENT CORP.
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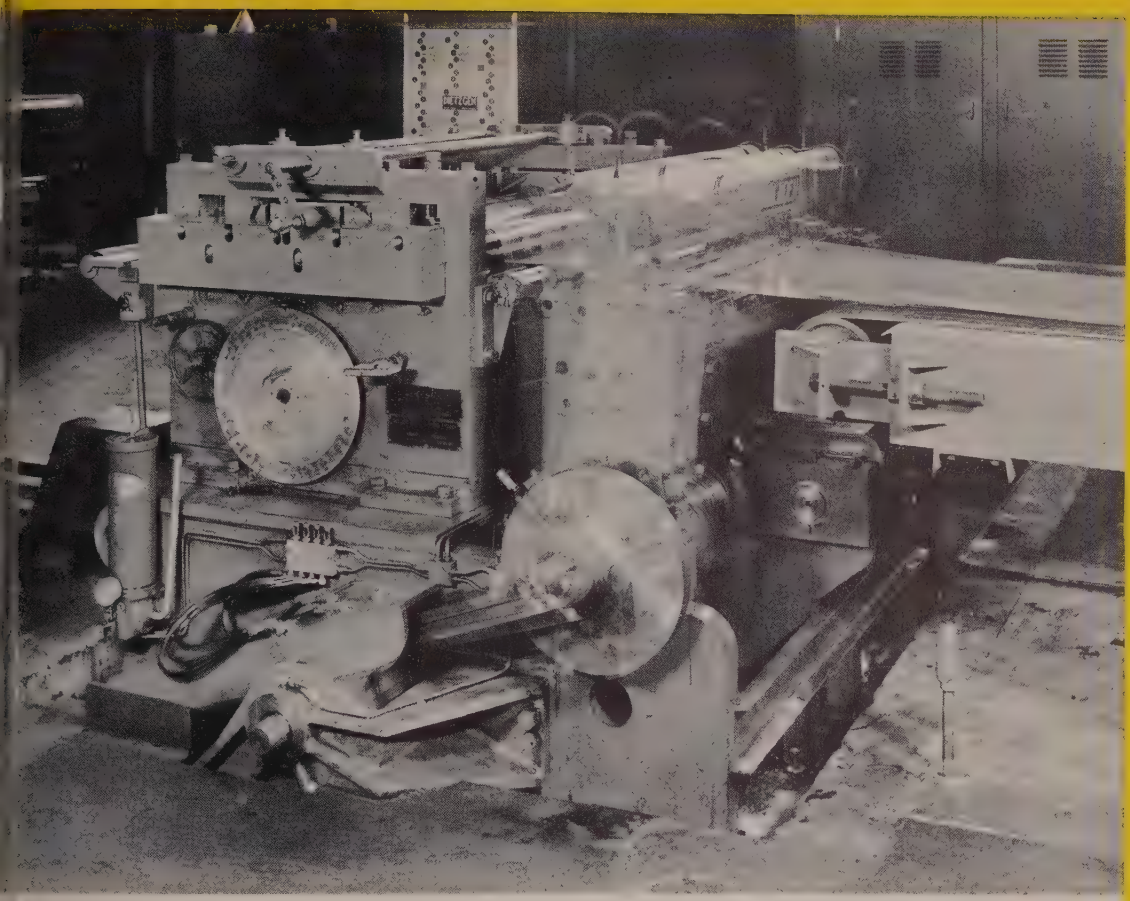
CHART 1

SHEET AND STRIP COST ANALYSIS



Slitting and Flying Shear Line On Your Steel Costs

The secret of these tremendous savings is a short cut in getting steel from coil form to fabrication. If you are not one of those already using the Wean Slitting and Flying Shear Line you are either paying high mill extras for shearing to tolerance and size or are forced to do this operation expensively and slowly in your own plant or a costly combination of both.

The Wean Slitting and Flying Shear System eliminates this entire processing function by converting steel from coil to production size, at resquared tolerances, at a rate of 100 cuts per minute.

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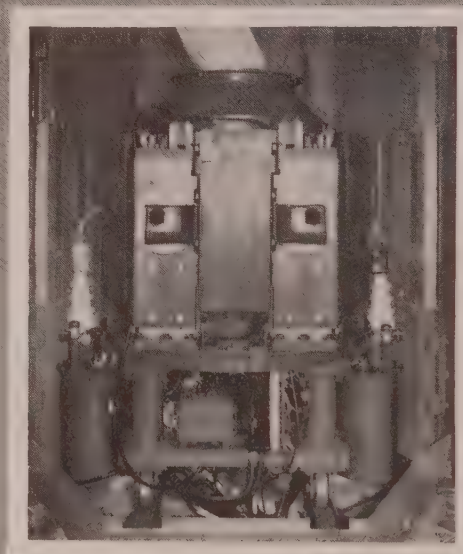

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- **Radiographic Inspection of metals up to 20" thick.**
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Now it is possible to radiograph steel plates and similar objects up to 20 inches in thickness and detect the spacial location, form, size and direction of the flaws in a single picture with exposure time compatible with any production schedule. The powerful twin-beam Betatron not only achieves the stereoscopic effect but provides radiographs with far better contrast than hitherto possible.

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TWIN BEAM

31 million volt

BROWN BOVERI BETATRON

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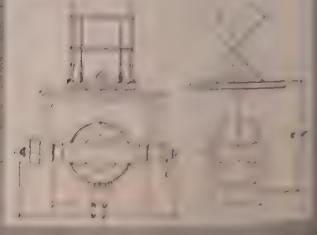

ideal for radiography of:

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This inert-gas-shielded metal arc process can be used with manual guns like the 500-amp. Model 20 shown above, or automatic equipment. Upkeep and wire costs are low. Write today for the Aircomatic Catalog, and list of recently lowered wire prices.

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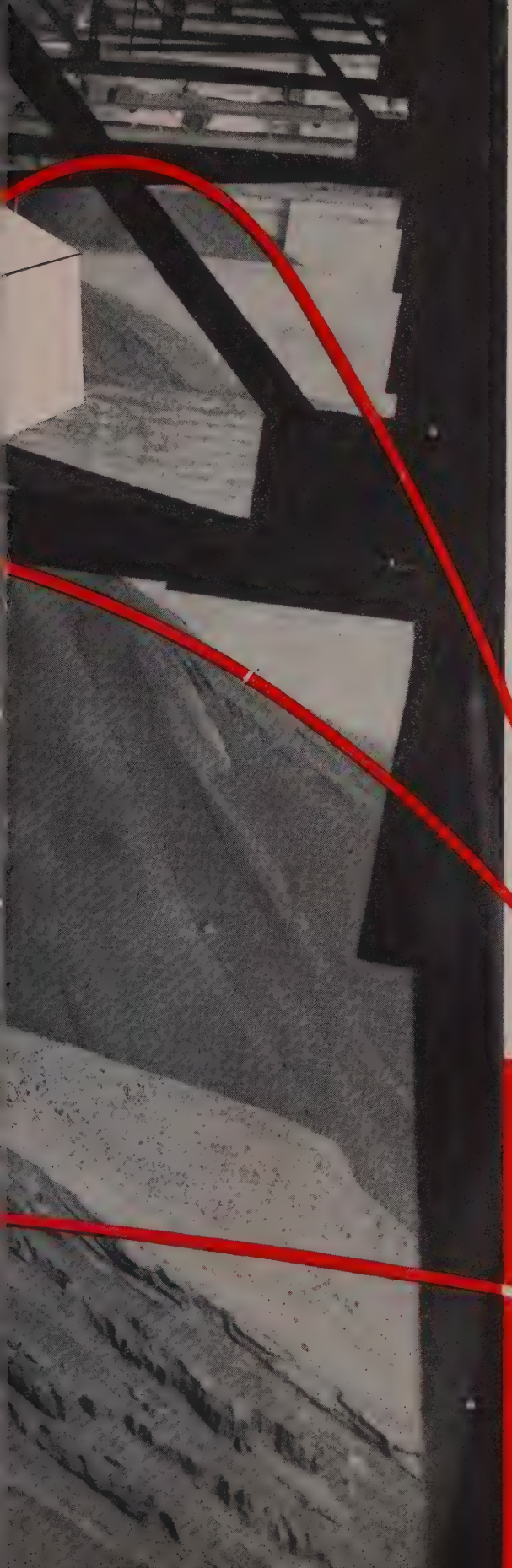

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● From the hills of the west in Washington State, and the sea-water off the shores of New Jersey, comes magnesite, an essential raw material for many refractories.

These storage piles of magnesite grains at GREFCO's Baltimore Works await processing to become part of the manifold basic refractory products urgently required by America's metallurgical and other industries.

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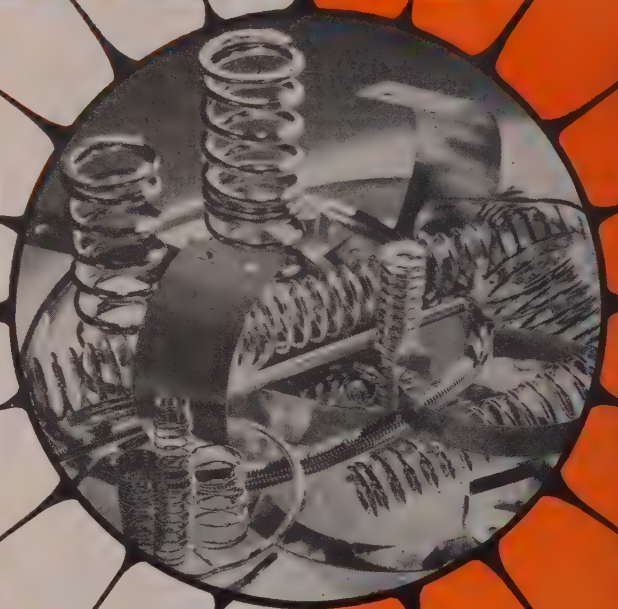

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NONFERROUS ALLOYS SINCE 1878

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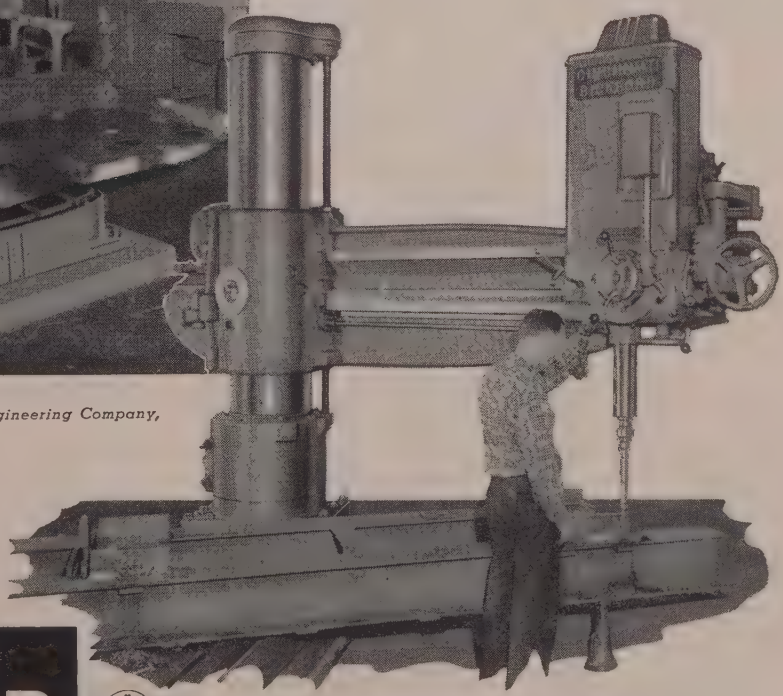
ELLWOOD CITY, PA.

The Aetna - Standard Engineering Company say—"It is our opinion on radial drills that Cincinnati Bickford Super Service Radial Drills are top performers from the standpoint of service and handling ease".

Illustrations show the top carriage of gun carriage being drilled, tapped and reamed complete on this Cincinnati Bickford Super Service Radial—holes from ¼" to 1¼", limits within .0005".

Write for Booklet R-29.

Photos courtesy of the Aetna-Standard Engineering Company, Ellwood City, Pa.



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ELECTROMET Data Sheet

Published by Electro Metallurgical Company, A Division of Union Carbide and Carbon Corporation, 30 East 42nd Street, New York 17, N. Y. In Canada: Electro Metallurgical Company of Canada, Limited, Welland, Ontario.

ALLOYS FOR THE STEEL, IRON, AND NON-FERROUS INDUSTRI

PRODUCT*	NOMINAL COMPOSITION	USES
BORON ALLOYS		
Ferroboron Min. 10.00% Boron Grade	Aluminum.....max. 0.50% Carbon.....max. 1.50%	Increases hardenability of steel; also, for additions to malleable iron and aluminum alloys.
Min. 17.50% Boron Grade	Aluminum....max. 0.50% Carbon.....max. 0.50%	
Manganese-Boron	Boron.....min. 17.50% Manganese...approx. 75% Carbon.....max. 3% Iron.....max. 5%	Used to cleanse and deoxidize non-ferrous alloys.
Nickel-Boron	Boron.....15 to 18% Carbon.....max. 0.50% Iron.....max. 3.00% Nickel.....Balance	Special boron alloy used principally for deoxidizing nickel and its alloys.
Boron Carbide	Boron.....42 to 48% Carbon .....45 to 52%	Deoxidizer for non-ferrous alloys.
Calcium Boride	Boron.....38 to 42% Calcium.....27 to 32% Carbon.....15 to 20%	Welding rod coating.
CALCIUM ALLOYS		
Calcium-Silicon	Calcium.....30 to 33% Silicon.....60 to 65% Iron.....1.50 to 3%	Deoxidizer for quality ingot steel. Also used in high-tensile gray irons.
Calcium-Manganese-Silicon	Calcium.....16 to 20% Manganese.....14 to 18% Silicon.....53 to 59%	A complex deoxidizer used widely in production of steel castings.
Calcium Metal Regular Grade	Calcium.....98% Balance largely Calcium Chloride	Reducing agent in metallurgical applications, deoxidizer and degasifier for non-ferrous metals.
Distilled Grade	Calcium...approx. 99.50% Balance largely Magnesium	For special applications requiring calcium of very high purity.
CHROMIUM ALLOYS		
"Simplex" Low-Carbon Ferrochrome	Chromium.....63 to 66% Silicon.....5 to 7% Carbon.....max. 0.010% or 0.025%	For producing stainless steel, particularly the low-carbon grades. The silicon in the alloy reduces metal oxides from the slag back into the bath. Rapid solubility of the alloy saves furnace time.
2% Nitrogen-Bearing Grade	Chromium.....62 to 65% Silicon.....5 to 7% Nitrogen.....2 to 2.5% Carbon.....max. 0.025%	
5% Nitrogen-Bearing Grade	Chromium.....60 to 63% Silicon.....5 to 7% Nitrogen.....5 to 6% Carbon.....max. 0.025%	
Low-Carbon Ferrochrome (Other Grades)	Chromium.....67 to 71% Silicon.....0.30 to 1.00% Carbon (10 Grades) max. 0.03 to max. 2.00%	Production of stainless steels and high-temperature alloys requiring low carbon content.
High-Carbon Ferrochrome		
Max. 4.50, 5.00, or 6.00% Carbon Grade	Chromium.....67 to 70% Silicon..... 1 to 2%	For production of engineering alloy steels and other alloy steels of moderate chromium content.
Max. 7.00% Carbon Grade	Chromium.....66 to 69% Silicon..... 1 to 3%	
Min. 7.00% Carbon Grade	Chromium.....65 to 68% Silicon..... 1 to 3%	
Nitrogen-Bearing Low-Carbon Ferrochrome	Chromium.....67 to 71% Silicon.....0.30 to 1.00% Carbon.....max. 0.10% Nitrogen....0.75 to 2.00%	For additions of nitrogen to improve properties of high-chromium steels.
"SM" Ferrochrome	Chromium.....60 to 65% Silicon ..... 4 to 6% Carbon..... 4 to 6% Manganese..... 4 to 6%	A high-solubility chromium addition for steel or iron in either furnace or ladle.

PRODUCT*	NOMINAL COMPOSITION	USES
CHROMIUM ALLOYS cont.		
Exothermic Ferrochrome	Chromium....60% approx. Carbon.....4.5% max.	These improved exo mic ladle alloys high solubility, low bon pickup, and ignition temperatur
Exothermic Silicon-Chrome	Chromium...46% approx. Silicon..... 23% approx. Carbon.....1.00% max.	
Foundry Ferrochrome High-Carbon Grade	Chromium.....62 to 66% Silicon..... 7 to 10% Carbon..... 5 to 7%	Developed espec for high-solubility additions of chromi improve composition properties of cast
Low-Carbon Grade	Chromium.....50 to 54% Silicon.....28 to 32% Carbon.....max. 1.25%	
Chromium Metal Low-Carbon Grades	Chromium.....min. 97% Carbon ..... max. 0.10% and 0.50% Iron.....max. 1%	Production of variety of non-fe chromium-bearing including electrical sistance alloys and temperature alloys.
High-Carbon Grade	Chromium.....87 to 90% Carbon..... 9 to 11% Iron.....max. 1.25%	
Electrolytic	Chromium.....min. 99%	
"EM" Ferrochrome-Silicon No. 1 Grade	Chromium.....39 to 41% Silicon.....42 to 46% Carbon.....max. 0.05%	Used in productio stainless steel to re metal oxides from slag back into bath
No. 2 Grade	Chromium.....36 to 39% Silicon.....36 to 39% Aluminum.....7 to 9% Carbon.....max. 0.05%	
"EM" Ferrosilicon-Chrome	Chromium.....50 to 54% Silicon.....28 to 32% Carbon.....max. 1.25%	For adding chro and silicon to steels taining up to 1 or 2 cent chromium.
"EM" Chromium Briquets (Hexagonal Shape)	Chromium.....2 lb. Total Weight.....3⅜ lb.	For adding chro to cast iron in the cu
COLUMBIUM ALLOYS		
Ferrocolumbium	Columbium.....50 to 60% Silicon.....max. 8% Carbon.....max. 0.40%	Stabilizer in auste chromium-nickel sta steels. Also constitue high-temperature a
Ferrotantalum-Columbium	Columbium...approx. 40% Tantalum.....approx. 20% Cb+Ta .....min. 60% Silicon.....5 to 7% Carbon.....max. 0.30%	Stabilizer used to plement ferrocolum in chromium-nickel less steels. Also high-temperature
MANGANESE ALLOYS		
Standard Ferromanganese Regular Grade	Manganese.....74 to 76% Carbon.....approx. 7% Silicon.....max. 1%	Most common mea adding manganese steel for both all and deoxidizing poses. Also for co acting sulphur in stee cast iron.
Low-Phosphorus Grade	Manganese.....78 to 80% Carbon.....max. 7% Silicon.....max. 2% Phosphorus...max. 0.10%	
Low-Carbon Ferromanganese	Manganese.....min. 90% Carbon.....max. 0.07%	
Low-Phosphorus Grade	Phosphorus...max. 0.06%	Additions of manga to steels of low-c specification, partic stainless steels of 1 cent chromium, 8 cent nickel type.
Regular Grades	Manganese.....85 to 90% Carbon..max.0.07,0.10,0.15 0.30, or 0.50%	
Regular Grade (High-Silicon)	Manganese.....80 to 85% Carbon.....max. 0.75% Silicon..... 5 to 7%	

*All of the alloys and metals listed are produced in the usual lump, crushed, or ground sizes, except where other special forms are indicated.

CT*	NOMINAL COMPOSITION	USES
MANGANESE ALLOYS cont.		
" Alloy	Manganese.....60 to 63% Silicon.....28 to 31% Carbon.....max. 0.07% Phosphorus....max. 0.05%	Used in production of stainless steels to reduce metal oxides from the slag back into the bath.
anese 5 de 5 de 5 de	Manganese.....65 to 68% Silicon.....18 to 20% Manganese.....65 to 68% Silicon.....15 to 17.50% Manganese.....65 to 68% Silicon.....12 to 14.50%	A versatile alloy useful as furnace block, deoxidizer, and also for making manganese additions to steel in the ladle or in the furnace.
rbon anese	Manganese.....80 to 85% Carbon.....max. 1.25 to 1.50%	For making low- and medium-carbon manganese steel and Hadfield steel.
anese	Manganese.....85 to 90% Carbon.....approx. 7.00% Silicon.....max. 3% Iron.....max. 2%	For high manganese additions to certain nonferrous alloys, particularly aluminum.
Metal	Manganese...min. 95.50% Carbon.....max. 0.20% Silicon.....max. 1.00% Iron.....max. 2.50%	Used both as deoxidizer and alloy in production of numerous non-ferrous metals and alloys.
- Briquets)	Manganese.....2 lb. Silicon.....½ lb. Total Weight.....3½ lb.	For adding manganese (with silicon) to cast iron in the cupola.
- Briquets e)	Manganese.....2 lb. Total Weight.....3 lb.	For adding manganese (without silicon) to cast iron in the cupola.
SILICON ALLOYS		
silicon de de m Grade	Silicon.....47 to 51% Silicon.....47 to 51% Silicon.....47 to 51% Aluminum.....max. 0.40%	Deoxidizer for most grades of killed or semi-killed steel. Blocking grade specially sized for maximum efficiency.
silicon de Grade	Silicon.....65 to 70% Silicon....61.50 to 66.50% Aluminum.....max. 0.50% Total Impurities max. 1.00%	For furnace or ladle addition to steels. Mainly for production of electrical sheet steel.
silicon de m Grade	Silicon.....73 to 78% Silicon.....73 to 78% Aluminum.....max. 0.50%	Deoxidizer and alloy for production of high-silicon spring and electrical sheet steel. Graphitizing inoculant for cast iron.
silicon de m Grade	Silicon.....83 to 88% Silicon.....83 to 88% Aluminum.....max. 0.50%	Enables melter to add higher percentages of silicon without chilling metal in ladle. Graphitizing inoculant for cast iron.
silicon de m Grade	Silicon.....92 to 95% Silicon.....92 to 95% Aluminum.....max. 0.50%	Permits large additions of silicon without harmful chilling effect.
al de de Grade n Grade	Silicon.....min. 97 or 96% Iron.....max. 1 or 2% Silicon....99.70 to 99.90% Iron.....005 to .015% Silicon.....min. 97% Iron.....max. 1% Calcium.....max. 0.10% Silicon.....min. 98% Iron.....max. 1% Aluminum.....max. 0.10%	Additions of silicon to non-ferrous metals, particularly aluminum and copper. For applications in non-ferrous industry requiring silicon of high purity. For high-silicon aluminum alloys where calcium is detrimental. For the production of silicon-copper alloys where aluminum is detrimental.
y	Silicon.....60 to 65% Manganese..... 5 to 7% Zirconium..... 5 to 7%	Particularly strong graphitizing inoculant used in cast iron.
Briquets r shape)	Silicon.....2 lb. Total Weight.....5 lb. Silicon.....1 lb. Total Weight.....2½ lb.	For adding silicon to cast iron in the cupola. (Brick-shape briquets are available on pallets.)

"EM," "Mansiloy," "Simplex," "SM," and "SMZ," arks of Union Carbide and Carbon Corporation.

PRODUCT*	NOMINAL COMPOSITION	USES
SILICON ALLOYS cont.		
Magnesium-Ferrosilicon	Silicon.....43 to 47% Magnesium....7.5 to 9.5%	For ladle addition to cast iron to obtain special properties.
TITANIUM ALLOYS		
Ferrotitanium	Titanium.....27 to 32% Carbon .....max. 0.10%	For stabilized austenitic stainless steels and high-temperature metals.
Silicon-Titanium	Titanium.....40 to 50% Silicon.....45 to 50% Iron.....max. 3%	For additions of titanium to steels or non-ferrous alloys.
Manganese-Nickel-Titanium	Titanium.....43 to 48% Nickel.....approx. 25% Manganese.....max. 8%	Deoxidization of nickel alloys.
TUNGSTEN ALLOYS		
Ferrotungsten	Conforming to A.S.T.M. Spec. A 144-50	For production of tool and die steels; also high-temperature alloys.
Tungsten Metal Powder		
Melting Grade	Tungsten.....min. 98.80% Total Carbon..max. 0.25%	Production of tungsten steels and cast tungsten carbide.
Premium Grade	Tungsten.....min. 99.60% Carbon.....max. 0.20%	
Calcium Tungstate	Tungstic Oxide..68 to 72%	For making tungsten chemicals and other tungsten products.
Calcium Tungstate Nuggets	Tungstic Oxide..68 to 72%	Making tool steels and high-temperature alloys.
Ammonium Paratungstate	Tungstic Oxide..min. 88.7%	Intermediate for tungsten products.
VANADIUM ALLOYS		
Ferrovanadium	Vanadium.....50 to 55% Carbon....max. 0.20, 0.50, or 3.00% Silicon....max. 1.50, 2.00, or 8%; and approx. 10%	Production of tool and engineering steels, high-strength structural steels, non-aging rimming steels, and wear-resistant irons.
Vanadium Oxide Fused	V_2O_5.....86 to 89% Na_2O.....approx. 10% CaO.....approx. 2%	For addition of vanadium to steel and for manufacturing catalysts.
Sodium Polyvanadate (Red Cake)	V_2O_5.....approx. 85% Na_2O.....approx. 9%	For manufacture of vanadium compounds, including vanadium catalysts.
High-Purity Ammonium Metavanadate	V_2O_5.....approx. 99.50% NH_4VO_3.....min. 99%	
ZIRCONIUM ALLOYS		
12 to 15% Zirconium Alloy	Zirconium.....12 to 15% Silicon.....39 to 43% Carbon.....max. 0.20%	This is a powerful deoxidizer. It also increases depth of hardening.
35 to 40% Zirconium Alloy	Zirconium.....35 to 40% Silicon.....47 to 52% Carbon.....max. 0.50%	Deoxidizer for fine grades of alloy steels.
Nickel-Zirconium	Zirconium.....25 to 30% Nickel.....40 to 50%	For deoxidizing and degasifying nickel alloys.
"EM" Zirconium Briquets (Cylindrical Shape, Reddish Color)	Zirconium.....0.55 lb. Silicon.....1.90 lb.	For adding zirconium and silicon to cast iron in the cupola.

IF YOU HAVE A METALS PROBLEM

More than 50 different alloys and metals are produced by ELECTROMET. If you need help in selecting the proper alloys, be sure to consult one of ELECTROMET'S specially trained metallurgists and engineers. Address your inquiries to one of the offices listed below.

Birmingham 3, Ala.....Brown-Marx Building
Chicago 1, Ill.....230 N. Michigan Avenue
Cleveland 14, Ohio.....Union Commerce Building
Detroit 2, Mich.....6-240 General Motors Building
Houston 11, Texas.....6119 Harrisburg Boulevard
Los Angeles 58, Calif.....2770 Leonis Boulevard
New York 17, N. Y.....30 East 42nd Street
Pittsburgh 22, Pa.....Oliver Building
San Francisco 6, Calif.....22 Battery Street
In Canada: Electro Metallurgical Company of Canada Limited, Welland, Ontario

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Top-quality Republic Upson Nuts and Bolts, with smooth-working advantages and long-lasting qualities you are certain to find important in using fasteners, are available in more than 20,000 different types, sizes and shapes. Make this complete Republic Upson line your dependable source of supply for every fastening need.

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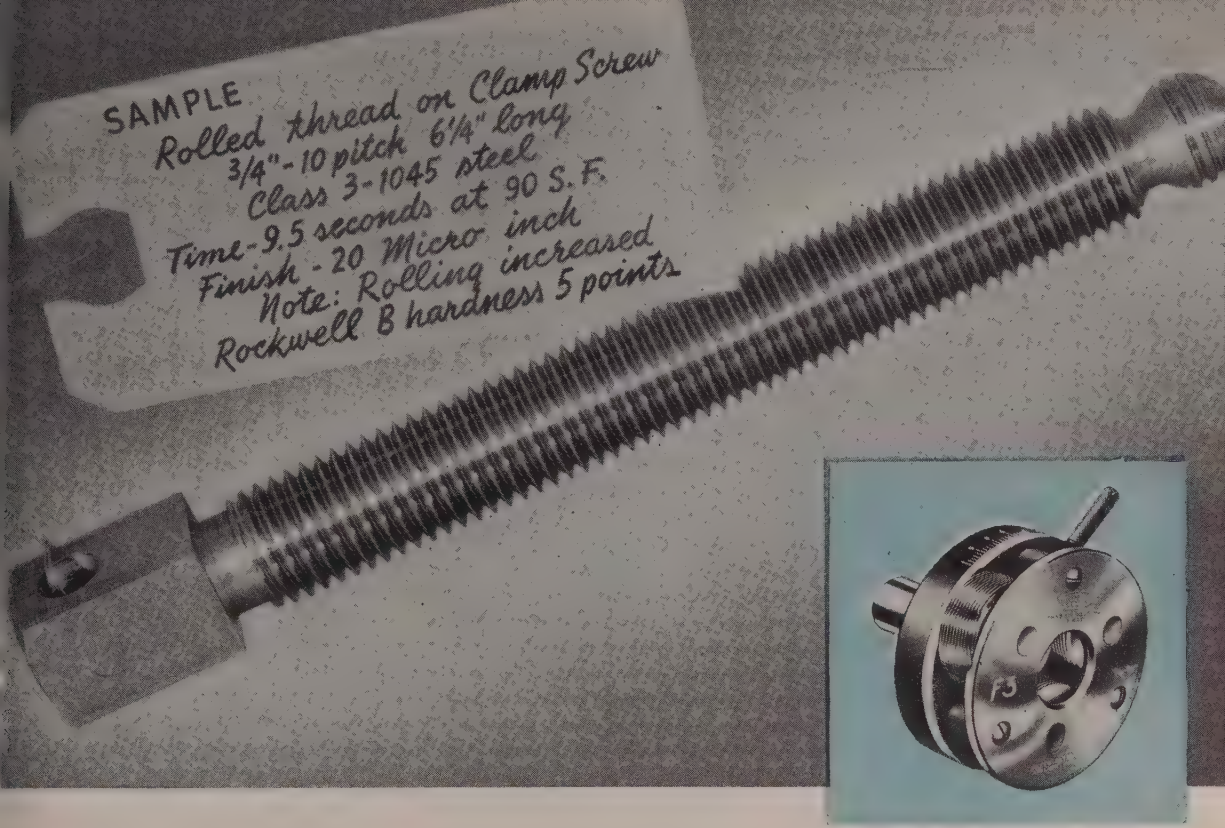
wrench fits squarely, snugly . . . less chance of slip

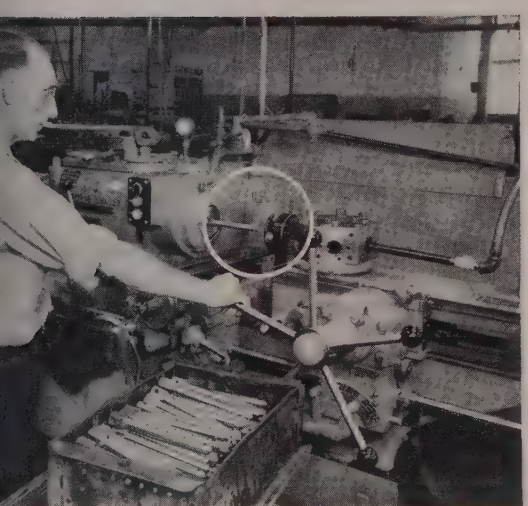
clean, accurate threads run on quickly, smoothly

strong corners don't round off



WHY THIS NEW SELF-OPENING HEAD

Rolls threads more accurately · stronger · smoother... and cheaper than any other tool



ening head rolling piece shown on a hand operated turret lathe.

This "Fette" patent chipless thread forming method is *different*—material rolled flows in an axial direction so that the thread is generated ahead of the rolls. Flow to full depth of thread avoids broken grain structure and cratering crest; surfaces are densified, smoother, more wear resistant. Part shown is unretouched.

It works like this—annular grooved rolls are positioned in plates in the head and only the rolls are changed for different thread forms or pitches. Fine adjustment is provided for exacting diameters. Rolling speeds are equivalent to turning speeds.

Self-opening heads, with simple quick-acting gear mechanism, frees the work instantly at proper thread length; no lead screw or follow up cam required.

These National Acme (Fette patent) Heads accommodate all standard parallel thread forms and are made in both revolving and non-revolving types suited to horizontal and vertical machines.

Bulletin FRH-53 gives full data

Manufactured and Sold in U. S. A. only by

The NATIONAL ACME COMPANY

170 East 131st Street • Cleveland 8, Ohio, U.S.A.

The two billets shown were produced by a prominent manufacturer of 310 stainless steel. Before rare earth additions, the billet on the left shows a coarse columnar structure, with frequent corner cracks. Heavy cogging was necessary to permit rolling with a minimum of hot tearing; after rolling a grinding loss from the edges incurred additional production time and expense.

Consider the billet on the right, and the great improvement made by a small economical addition of **MCA RareMeT Compound.** The fine primary crystal pattern shown in the sectional view is taken from an unretouched, unmagnified photograph. This steel was rolled without intermittent heating cycles from ingot to billet, and frequently to final size, all with a minimum of hot tearing.

Write today for free Progress Report Number 1, "Rare Earths in Melting." Just off the press!

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CORPORATION OF AMERICA

Grant Building **Pittsburgh 19, Pa.**

Offices: Pittsburgh, Cleveland, Detroit, Los Angeles, New York, San Francisco
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MCA

window shopping costs nothing...
can save you plenty

It pays to "shop around" before you make your power transmission or conveyor chain selections. Because, in order to get the most for your money, you need the right chain for your machines. For example, a precision-finished roller chain is ideal for high speed drives. But, roller chain is not the economical, efficient choice for slow speed, heavy-duty service. A heavy-duty steel or cast chain may be your answer here. That's why it will pay you to "shop" through the *complete* Chain Belt Line before you make your choice. There's a size and type to fit any power transmission or conveyor need.

Don't be handicapped by relying on a supplier with a limited line to answer all your needs. It may cost you more . . . may handicap the expected performance of your machines.

Your Chain Belt Field Sales Engineer will be happy to assist you in making the exact chain selection that best fits your requirements. He is not prejudiced by the limitations inherent in an incomplete chain line . . . can recommend the chain that will give you the service you want . . . at the lowest possible cost. For complete information or engineering assistance, mail the coupon.

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Gentlemen:
Please send me information on Rex and Baldwin-Rex chains
☐ For Power Transmission ☐ For Conveying ☐ For Tension Linkages
☐ Slide rule drive selector for slow to medium speeds

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Company.....*Dept.*.....

Address.....

City.....*State*.....

ANNOUNCING the new BRYANT

BRYANT proudly introduces the newest member of the Bryant family of precision machines — the Bryant 998 Boring Machine — a production machine for precision boring, drilling, turning, facing, grooving and contour turning and boring where fine finish and rapid production are desired.

The Bryant 998 can be tooled either as a single purpose machine for quantity production or for miscellaneous work on small lots. Because it is all-mechanical, its cycle is positive and constant.

Smooth, uniform motion of the table and freedom from vibration, so essential to generating a fine finish with a single point tool, are assured by the 998. Its bed, bridge, heads and table are Meehanite castings. The table moves on preloaded ball bearing slide bars and is mechanically actuated by a simple cam and lever unit. Cam and change gears are easily accessible for changing either the length of stroke or the rate of travel. The motors for driving the cam and the boring heads are mounted in an accessible cavity inside the bed, thus keeping floor space to a minimum. This cavity is fan ventilated.

Ample fixture mounting surface is provided by the table, which measures 17½" x 22". The table has three ½" T-slots, and will accommodate a wide variety of fixtures. Machined setup pads are provided on the bridge for ease in locating fixtures.

The design of the Bryant 998 takes full advantage of standard purchased parts. Brakes, motors, air cylinder, bearings, pneumatic follower system, lubrication hoses and all electrical apparatus are stock items. Either low or high pressure coolant systems are available. All electrical equipment conforms to J. I. C. standards.

BORING MACHINE

Design

- The bed, bridge, table and heads are normalized Meehanite castings.
- The cam actuated table moves on preloaded ball slide bars.
- The cam is hardened and ground.
- The boring head spindles rotate in preloaded super-precision ball bearings. A graduated spindle nose and eccentric bushing for tool setting are standard.
- An air cylinder opposes the work table motion directly with constant pressure and keeps the cam follower roll and the cam always in contact.
- The boring head drive is completely accessible and is designed for long life.
- The cam drive assembly is protected by a torque limiting clutch.
- Cycle time is controlled by precision change gears in the cam drive gear box.
- An ample pad is provided at the rear of the machine for mounting accessory equipment.

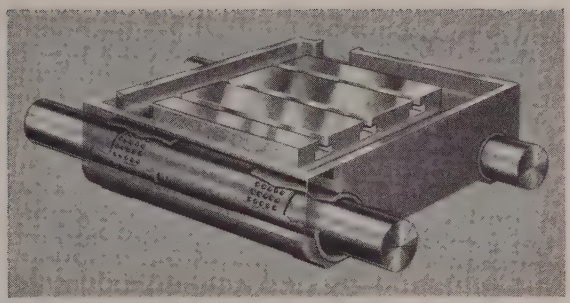
Operation

- Push button controls are conveniently located on a panel at the front of the machine.
- Cycle can be manual, semi-automatic or fully automatic.
- An emergency stop button will instantaneously interrupt the cycle.
- Jog buttons are located on both the front and the rear of the machine for setup purposes.
- Machined setup pads are provided on the bridge for ease in locating fixtures.

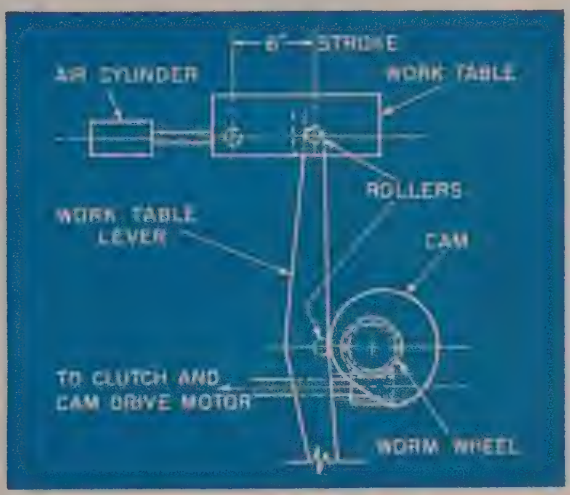
Maintenance

- Maintenance is necessary at only three points: two grease fittings on the cam follower assembly and cleaning and lubricating of the filter-lubricator unit in the pneumatic system.
- The ball slide table is grease sealed.
- Gear box has its own closed lubrication system.
- The boring head bearings are permanently grease sealed.
- The cam is easily accessible for changing the table stroke. It is taper mounted and keyed to the drive shaft to ensure ease of changing and accurate mounting.
- The change gears are enclosed in their own wet sump, splash lubrication system.
- Brakes, motors, air cylinder, bearings, pneumatic follower system, lubrication hoses and all electrical apparatus are standard purchased parts.

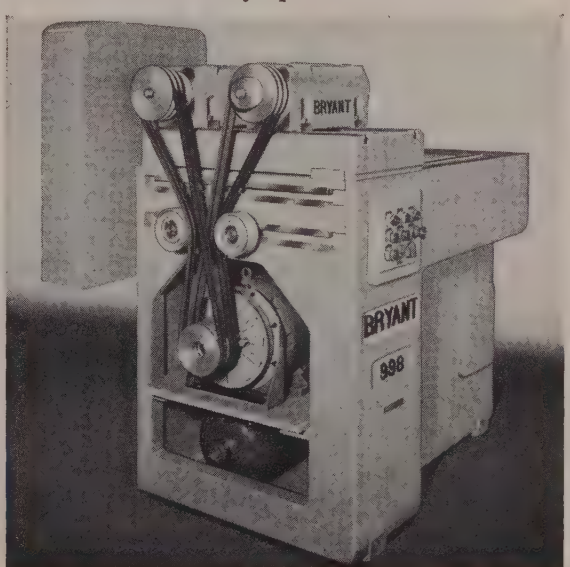
Write today for complete information and specifications!



Smooth response of the table is ensured by the special Bryant slide bar design. Each bearing is a hardened steel sleeve containing numerous ⅜" diameter preloaded balls. This provides a metal-to-metal contact which resists forces in all directions and transmits stresses directly to the bed.



The table is actuated by an inexpensive, quick-change cam working through a follower and lever arm. An air cylinder opposes the work table motion, keeping the cam follower and the cam always in contact to completely eliminate back-lash and jump.



Cam drive and boring head motors are mounted in a well ventilated cavity in the bed.

BRYANT Chucking Grinder Company
Springfield, Vermont, U. S. A.

Internal Grinders, Internal & External Thread Gages, Granite Surface Plates, Boring Machines

THE *New Look* IN PICKLING LINE PINCH ROLLS

Youngstown Continuous Strip Pickling Line Complete with Latest Operating Features.

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Eliminate

Pick up
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the rolls with uniform hardness all through, which insures maximum tonnage from new to scrap diameter.

Pickle more tons between grinds with Paralloy rolls . . . Increase production and cut maintenance costs. Let our engineers quote on Paralloy pinch rolls—modernizing your present pickling line—or on a complete new pickling line.

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Youngstown, Ohio

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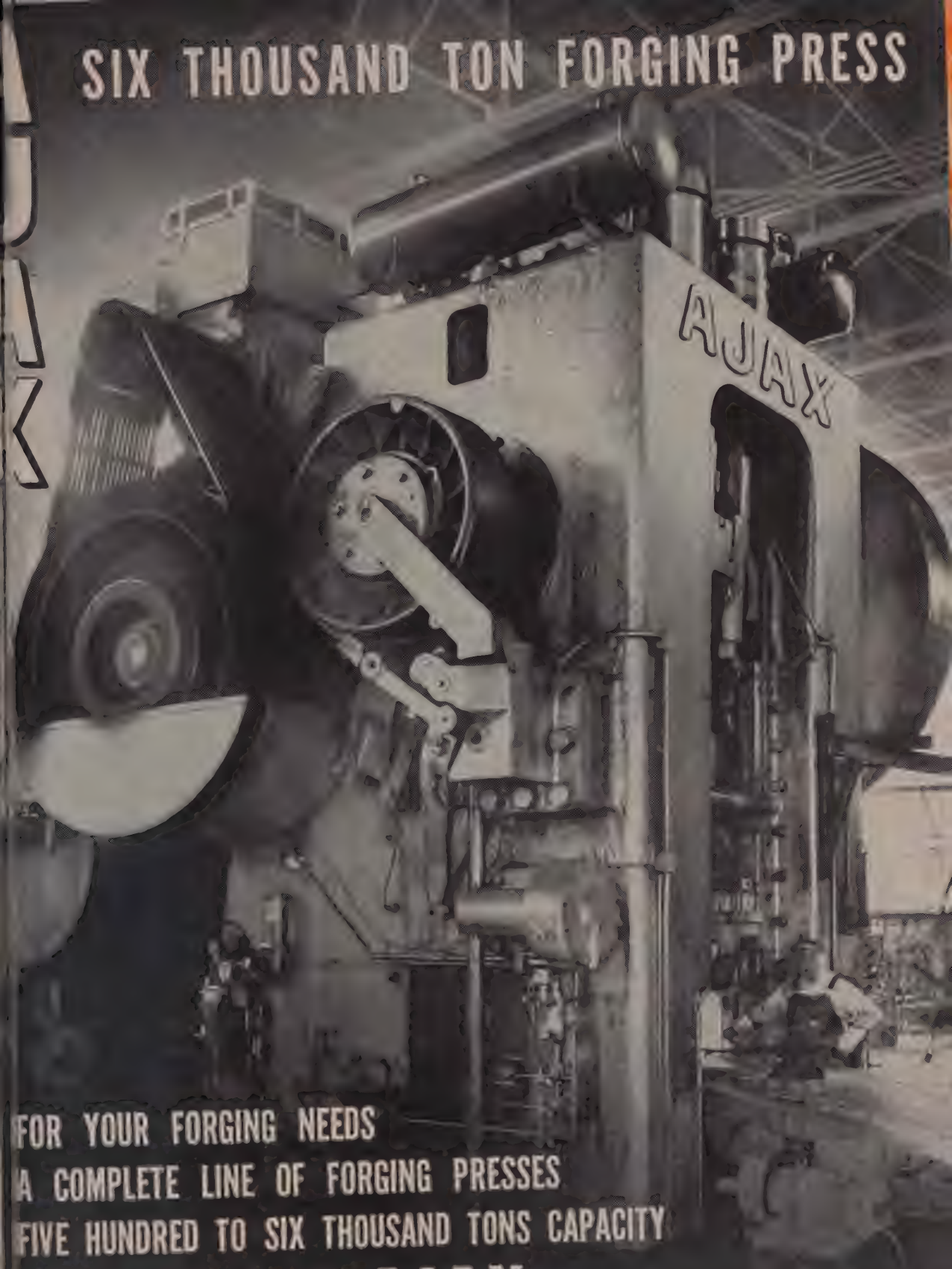

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FOR BULLETIN 75B

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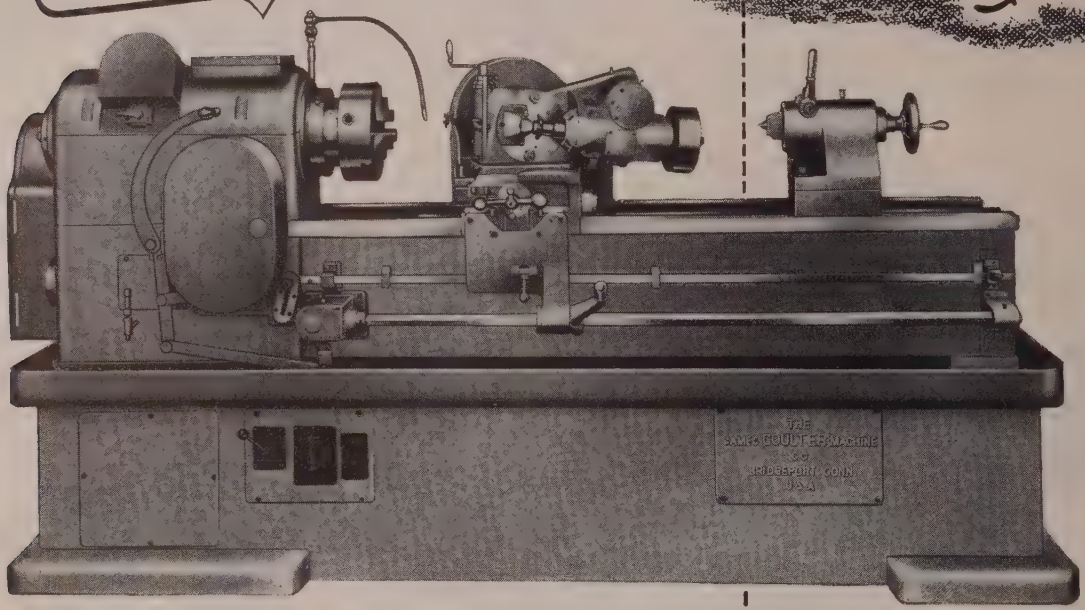
FOREIGN AGENTS IN PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD

FASTER AUTOMATIC PRECISION THREADING

The only answer to high cost production blues!



Get set to sing a happy tune, for COULTER can help you banish those *"labor shortage/reject/poor production of threaded part/blues"*.

The COULTER "Threadmaster" (shown above) is one thread milling machine that can produce long and short precision traversing, elevating, crossfeed and lead screws in less time with uncanny accuracy.

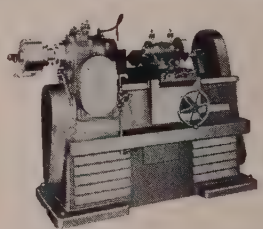
Investigate COULTER AUTOMATIC THREADING MACHINES today — change the "blues" to "cheers" — extract *every cent of profit* possible out of your plant and still maintain the high quality standards you demand.

IF YOU ARE CONFRONTED with a thread production problem, our engineers can help you. Literature available.

MACHINE TOOL BUILDERS SINCE 1896

The James Coulter Machine Co.

631 Railroad Ave. **Bridgeport 5, Conn.**



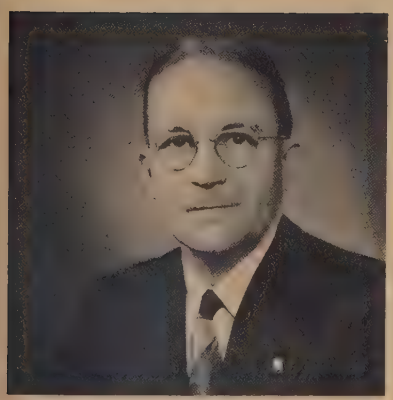
Model "H1" COULTER HOB THREADING MACHINE produces internal, external, right and left hand threads with precision — Faster — Accurately — AUTOMATICALLY.

Model "L1" COULTER THREADING LATHE produces precision, square, standard and 29 degree internal or external threads in various diameters and materials — Faster — Accurately — AUTOMATICALLY.

ANACONDA FORUM
for the Electrical Industry

MODERNIZATION AND ELECTRIFICATION— A LOOK AHEAD

by: Maxwell Cole
Manager Market Studies and Service Division
Philadelphia Electric Company
Philadelphia, Pa.



AMERICAN industry, its vision of new products for better living, its ingenuity in developing new methods and materials to make them, and its courage to invest in the facilities to produce them is the cornerstone on which American living standards have been erected. To make more things, faster, better and cheaper so that they may be available to more and more people has been the goal of American industry. Its success in reaching toward that goal has been its outstanding accomplishment.

REPLACING MANPOWER WITH HORSEPOWER

Operating in a free competitive economy, at liberty to develop new products and better ways of making them, American industry has taken full advantage of the opportunities offered by modern, high speed tools powered by electricity to increase its productive capacity, to improve its product and to reduce costs by replacing manpower with horsepower. Refrigerators and washing machines, automobiles and jet-propelled planes, plastics and stainless steel and many other of today's conveniences, even necessities, would not be available in sufficient quantity or at low enough prices to have become accepted elements of American life but for the readiness of industry to accept new products and new methods and to modernize their facilities to accommodate them. Industry's readiness to streamline production methods and modernize facilities enabled us to snow our enemies of World War II under an avalanche of production.

NEW CHALLENGES

Today, industry faces new challenges. It must produce materials of war in such quantity and of such quality that no enemy dare attack us; it must maintain progress in fields of civilian production; and many people believe we are entering an era of keener competition than experienced for many years. Industry's ability to meet these challenges depends on its willingness to continue to modernize facilities and keep abreast of progress.

CONTINUED MODERNIZATION LIES AHEAD

We stand only on the threshold of the promises science and industry hold out for our future strides into security and better living. These promises will become realities only as better, more powerful tools are developed for producing them and as industry maintains its courage in investing in them to continue our national progress and replace wasteful or obsolete methods. Contemplating such a vista of promises, with faith that American industry still possesses characteristics which raised it to its present level of greatness, one foresees continued modernization of American factories, processes and products at a pace even greater than it has been in the past.

AMERICA'S CHALLENGE to industry is to meet and sustain an increasingly higher level of production in the face of keen competition. New and better equipment—such as this installation of a 75,000-pound chain drawbench in a Connecticut Mill—is a vital part of expansion and modernization. With each new machine comes the need for increased power and modern wire and cable!

A LOOK AT MODER

It was great sport but . . .

EVER SEE A STUTZ "BEARCAT" on the road these days? With loving care and a knack for tinkering, hobbyists still keep a few going. They are good cars . . . but hardly economical modern transportation. Now consider how much antique wiring lies around still doing a job . . . of sorts. Hardly efficient. Pathetically unprofitable when pitted against modern power needs. What are we going to do about it? The following article gives some good reasons for re-evaluating our requirements for reserve capacity and replacing obsolete wiring . . . with new and better products.

ONCE MORE it's a case of growing pains! Today industry has already used up its power reserves—though these were considered adequate ten years ago. Now it's time for another upward revision of our ideas of what is a sufficient power margin for operating the new production tools that have been put in our hands. To power them, utilities are now in the process of re-doubling their load capacity. Our stepped-up rate of production and consumption has telescoped the future . . . even beyond the soberly considered estimates of industry leaders as recently as a decade ago!

The link between tool and power source is wiring. New tasks suggest new techniques . . . new tools . . . new power loads . . . new wiring to carry the load. Yesterday's wiring may bottleneck today's production flow.

Some existing plants haven't spotlighte their wiring in many a year. Now—with ne production factors in the picture—it is tim for a basic survey of wiring. If it's obsolet replace it . . . and reap the benefits of mo efficient power, greater reliability, and lon range economy.

Modern wiring has seen a wealth of ne developments—especially in insulation. Le take a quick look at what's been done. It's a interesting, practical and valuable.

RUBBER INSULATION

Modern wiring may be defined as that a proved and accepted since World War I Twenty years ago we spoke of "enormo strides" in such things as rubber compoun ing. These resulted in superior products. W

ANACONDA was the first manufacturer of wire and cable to use synthetic resin compounds for insulation. One example is DENSHEATH*—a high-grade and super-aging thermoplastic (vinyl resin). This is widely used today for wiring on (1) machine tools, (2) appliances, and (3) various types of signal systems—as well as for control or switchboard, building or general purpose wiring.

*Reg. U.S. Pat. Off.

DEVELOPMENTS IN WIRING INSULATION

ARE WE ASKING OBSOLETE WIRING TO DO TODAY'S NEW JOBS?

...n still speak of "progress." There has been ...s of it. They are still striding forward—the ...emists, metallurgists, cable engineers and ...ir co-workers. The end is not in sight.

Heat is the great enemy of electrical in...ation. But today Code Rubber, Type R, ...es a much better job in withstanding heat ...n a few years ago. TABLE I shows how this ...d other rubber compounds compare.

KIND OF INSULATION	MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE CONDUCTOR TEMPERATURE		
	1940	1947	1953
	degrees C		
...ode, Type R	50	60	60
...ype RW	50	60	60
...ype RH	75	75	75
...ype RH-RW	—	—	75,60**
...eat- and moisture-resistant	60,70,75	75,80	75,80
...zone-resistant* (ASTM oil base)	70	70,75	70,75
...zone-resistant* (butyl)	70,75	75,80	80,85

*Temperature varies with manufacturer
**whether in dry or moist location

TABLE I

...Type RH-RW is outstanding. This is being ...ed so much now—at little more cost than ...ype R—that the latter has a narrower market ...an even just after the war. Ozone-resistant, ...utyl-base compound is another excellent per...rmer. Its stability, long aging, low power ...ctor and other desirable physical and elec...ical properties under severe operating con...tions make it a dependable compound for ...oltages up to 15 kv and sometimes higher. ...everal manufacturers supply it.

During World War II natural rubber was ...t. Synthetic (G-RS) rubber took its place. ...just a few years, cable manufacturers found ...any things in its favor . . . so many, in fact, ...at the natural product is disappearing as a ...ire and cable insulation. "Cold" rubber is ...nother development. Coming fast into regular use, it brings improved physical and electrical properties to low-voltage cables.

B-r-r-r . . . now I'm cold!

Another forward stride is the pre-war development and post-war application, in great quantity, of neoprene jacketing for rubber-insulated cable. Dependable under many severe conditions, relatively inexpensive, it is excellent in moist or dry conduit, direct burial, in aerial and other locations.

THERMOPLASTIC INSULATION

You can do a modern wiring job today with materials barely existing or unknown as late as just before World War II. These are the thermoplastics. Two stand out as basic insulations: polyvinyl chloride (vinyl resin and one or more of its co-polymers, which appear under various trade names) and polyethylene.

Polyethylene is a remarkable insulation for many purposes. It made radar possible. Now, however, the real workhorse of the industry is the first—PVC for short.

Millions of feet of PVC are used annually for wiring houses, stores, office buildings, by the armed forces and in many industrial applications. It resists many enemies of insulation: oil, moisture, acids, alkalies, abrasion, greases, and gasoline. With just normal treatment, it has a long life.

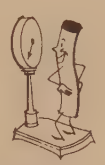
There are many other thermoplastics; the list has grown long in just a few years. But only a few others are used for insulations. Among them are Rulan, Nylon, Cardolite, Saran, Tenite II, Styraloy, and Teflon.

Polyethylene has a very high dielectric strength, low power factor and low moisture absorption when compared to vinyl resin. The latter has lower dielectric strength, high dielectric loss, and satisfactory moisture resistance. Vinyl resin resists ozone. Polyethylene is immune to it. This indicates why polyethylene can be used for high-voltage and high-frequency circuits while vinyl resin, which is cheaper, does very well on low voltages. Both have a weakness. They become plastic at comparatively low temperatures. High overloads on these types of conductors must be guarded against. TABLE II lists some comparative values.

Kind of Insulation	Code Type	Application	Maximum Allowable Conductor Temperature and Location (degrees C)
vinyl resin	T	general purpose	60 dry locations
vinyl resin	TW	general purpose	60 moist locations
vinyl resin	—	machine tool control and switchboard	60 in oil 80 in air
vinyl resin	—	appliance wiring	80,90, or 105 in air only*
Polyethylene	—	general purpose	80 usually special

*depending on compound used

TABLE II



"Thermoplastics help me reduce."

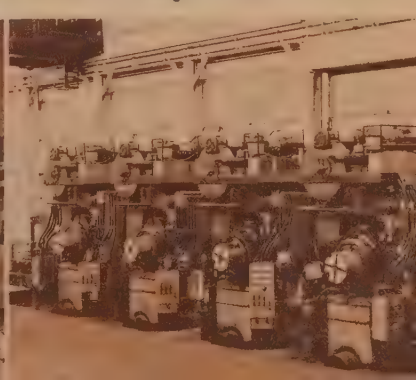
Logically thermoplastics replace rubber insulations for some applications—but not for all. In building wire one outstanding property of thermoplastics is toughness. They require no protective braid. Hence, wire so insulated takes less space.

* * *

This article provides only a brief sketch of a fascinating field. Lower operating costs from more efficient power distribution influence plant profits. In the light of developments discussed here, many readers may want to re-evaluate their own wiring. It's a timely undertaking. We suggest that for more details you write to, or consult with, individual manufacturers.

DURASHEATH* neoprene-jacketed cable has ANACONDA Type ANW (cold-rubber) or Type AB (ozone and heat-resistant butyl) insulation, depending on voltage rating. Used for (1) distribution networks and where wet ducts may contain acid or alkali waters, (2) industrial power distribution overhead, in direct burial, or conduit, (3) circuits in conduit—and many other applications.

*Reg. U.S. Pat. Off.



If you want to cut equipment-relocation costs . . .

WIRE MACHINES TO MAKE THEM MOVABLE

Basic industry strategy calls for more productive machine power. Look into plants like those of the automobile makers. There large banks of automatic machines are lined up in close array. They turn out parts. One bank may occupy only a small part of the long, huge floor area required.

MACHINES SOMETIMES MOVED

Each machine needs a cable. Offhand it seems easy to get cable to machine. But actually some ingenuity is needed to avoid excessive installation costs. The situation is aggravated by the chance that next year —or next month—all machines must be moved in accordance with model changes or plant efficiency.

BUS AND BUSDROP CABLE

You can solve the whole problem very neatly. First install a busduct system on ceiling or under roof trusses. Then connect each machine to it with a flexible cable carrying power and grounding conductors. This cable is called "busdrop cable."

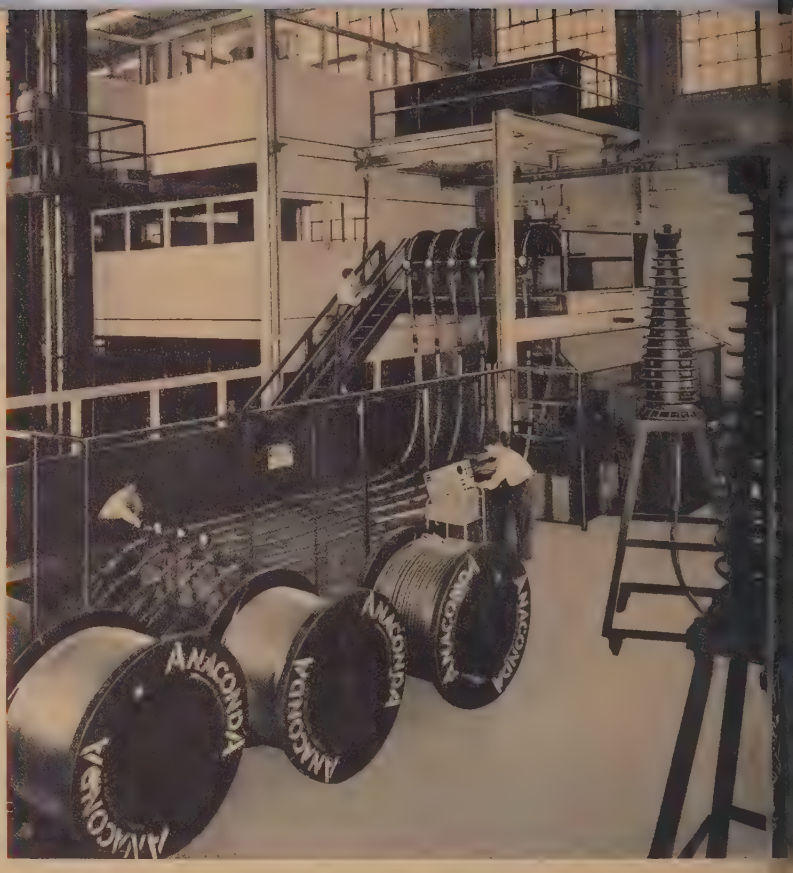
IT'S EASY to plug in your machine with flexible busdrop cable. There's no rigid conduit to rip out later.

TAILOR-MADE SYSTEM

Busduct Power Distribution Systems are widely used. They may be bought tailored to any plant's needs. They are economical; cable can be disconnected and reused elsewhere. This is done often. It means real flexibility, saves time and maintenance costs. It helps industry to keep up its high pace of production.

To do its job right, to last long and to stay neat, busdrop cable must be able to take heavy mechanical abuse and must handle easily. It must be impervious to oils, acids, water, greases, and cutting compounds. And, of course, it's always wise to look for approval from Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc.

53884



LAB THAT HURRIES TIME

. . . CUTS YEARS TO MONTHS IN TESTS TO GIVE YOU LONGER-LASTING CABLES

In this Cyclic-Aging Laboratory at Hastings-on-Hudson, N. Y., high-voltage insulated cables race through the calendar. Once the valuable data which cable-aging made available to electrical engineers took decades to accumulate in actual service—often 20 to 50 years. But here a lifetime of experience is gained in a few years. Rigorous 24-hour test cycles simulate actual conditions . . . but are much more severe. Anaconda Engineers get vital data on cable life, stability and other characteristics needed to evaluate cable design.

This is typical of Anaconda planning—geared to the future. It is only a part, however, of a company-wide program of expansion and improvement now nearing completion in mills and mines. Net result: better cables, available in larger quantities, that last longer and give you *true* economy in use *when you specify* ANACONDA.

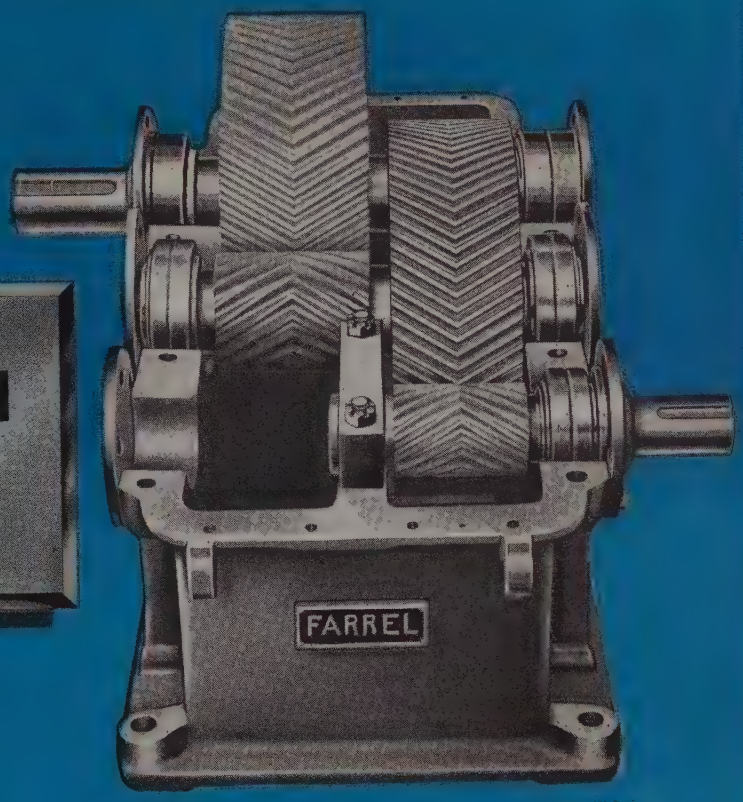
FOR FURTHER INFORMATION about any product mentioned in the pages of this advertisement, see your Anaconda Representative . . . or write to *Anaconda Wire & Cable Company, 25 Broadway, New York 4, N. Y.*

ANACONDA®

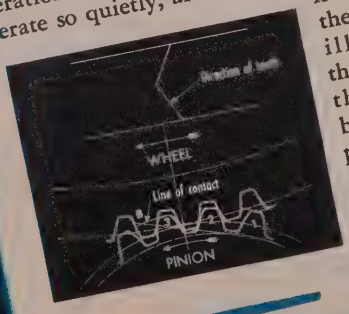
TODAY'S HEADQUARTERS FOR WIRE AND CABLE

MAKERS OF building, barn, machine tool, control and communication wire • service and overhead distribution cables, bare and weatherproof including ACSR • portable cords and cables • power and busdrop cables • mine, bridge, aerial, underground duct, network and submarine cables • parkway, airport and street-lighting cables • station, apparatus and vertical-riser cables • magnet wire • copper, aluminum and copperweld conductors • wire and cable accessories.

PRECISION AT WORK



The quiet, vibration-free performance of Farrel herringbone gears is the result of extreme accuracy of tooth spacing, contour and helix angle, and other qualities inherent in the Farrel-Sykes method of gear generation. Why these gears continue to operate so quietly, after many years of service is shown by the diagram illustrating the nature of the contact between a pair of Farrel gears.



The lines of contact are oblique across the face of the teeth, and the pressure is evenly distributed over each tooth, from tip to working depth line. This means that there is no tendency for the contour of the teeth to wear unevenly.

Farrel herringbone gears are made of the finest grade materials, in a complete range of sizes from 1/4 inch to 20 feet in diameter. Write for further information or for engineering assistance.

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ANSONIA, CONNECTICUT

Plants: Ansonia and Derby, Conn., Buffalo, N. Y.
Sales Offices: Ansonia, Buffalo, New York, Boston, Pittsburgh, Akron, Detroit, Chicago, Minneapolis, Portland (Oregon), Los Angeles, Salt Lake City, Tulsa, Houston, New Orleans

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FB-743

If college degrees were awarded to industrial plants as well as to students, the big Wetherill machinery plant at Sun Ship would certainly be a candidate for an "M.M."—Master of Metals.

Cylinder assembly, shown above, for a massive 2750-ton extrusion press is a sample of the plant's qualification for the title. But—fine example of power and precision that it is—it is just one example of many that can be seen year in and year out in the massive machinery-building plant that has been doing special work for a great variety of industries through the years.

Giant engine lathes with 132-inch swing up to 50 feet in length, small turret lathes, planers up to 14 feet wide, and a special crankshaft machine for shafts of largest sizes are among the modern machine tools which give Sun Ship's plant its versatility and speed in construction. Coupled with the skill and experience of the staff, the facilities of Sun Ship have set a notable record of service to many varied industries in building special machinery . . . and thus helping build a greater America.

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SHIPBUILDING & DRY DOCK COMPANY

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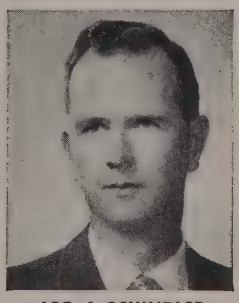

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Leo J. Schindler Company, Dallas
Offers engineering experience in proper application of pneumatic and hydraulic equipment to industries in Texas and Okla.

From years of on-the-job experience with practically every type of air line hook-up, the Hansen representative knows what works—and why it does. Frequently, when you run into trouble, he can quickly suggest the remedy to clear up your difficulties.

That's why in dozens of plants, it's almost routine procedure to call him whenever they need help in a hurry—either when actual troubles arise—or when air line circuits are being planned or altered.

The main job of the Hansen representative, of course, is to supply you with exactly the right quick-connective couplings for your particular requirements. But, as so many maintenance men already know, he can also give you real help on such matters as proper take-off, the pitch of your lines, location of drains, and other details designed to give you a trouble-free circuit operating at top efficiency.

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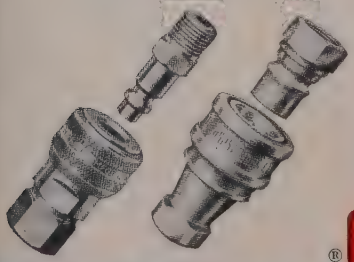

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Why is it that such a high percentage of steel produced in this country passes through Surface Combustion equipment in one or more stages of its processing? Part of the answer might be furnished by a list of steel making advances in which our engineers have participated. The one-way fired soaking pit . . . the remotely located single recuperator serving a number of holes . . . the research which led to substantial increase in pit sizes without sacrificing the simplicity of the one-way firing principle . . . the jet pump which facilitates handling heated air in high volumes with low equipment maintenance . . . these you may recall as developments to which 'Surface' engineers contributed.

There's a more basic answer however: typically expressed in a customer's published report of comparatively recent 'Surface' soaking pit installation: "tons per hour . . . and fuel savings as shown by Btu/ton figures . . . has *surpassed the builder's guarantee.*"

This business of making one's word good is by no means unique at 'Surface'. We like to believe however that we combine this old-fashioned way of doing business with an exceptionally effective combination of metallurgical and construction skills based on two generations of experience and growth with the steel industry.

Whatever long-range capital investments you may be planning in making pits, slab heaters, annealing covers, continuous annealers, or any equipment involving combustion, we suggest you tap the "proven resources" of cost-saving skills and experience at 'Surface'.

"Operative Results of One-Way Fired Recuperative Soaking Pits by E. H. Cauger and J. C. Stamm, Jr., IRON & STEEL ENGINEER, December 1952

SURFACE COMBUSTION CORPORATION · TOLEDO 1, OHIO

One-way fired soaking pits • Billet reheating furnaces • Slab heating furnaces • Continuous type, controlled atmosphere strip annealing and normalizing furnaces • Controlled atmosphere annealing covers for wire and rod • Controlled atmosphere annealing covers for coil and sheets • Continuous furnaces for heat treatment of steel plate • Controlled atmosphere furnaces for carbon correction in high alloy rod and bar stock • Continuous type bright annealing and normalizing furnaces • Prepared gas atmosphere generating equipment • Pit type convection furnaces for rod annealing • Stress relief furnaces • Wire patenting furnaces

MORE POWER FOR ALUMINUM!

Soon — more aluminum from Canada: Up in Kildala Pass, between Kemano and Kitimat in British Columbia, towers are being erected from a transmission line which is destined to help all America. This line is being constructed to carry more than a million horsepower.

It starts at tidewater at Kemano — where a power plant is being hewed out of solid rock, deep inside a mountain — and travels 48 tortuous miles north and west. It climbs 5300 feet up to Kildala Pass, then down again. It spans gorges that exceed a half mile from tower to tower. Its aluminum cables, reinforced with steel, are the largest ever spun.

This transmission line illustrates the extent to which the Kitimat development will increase production of the Aluminum Company of Canada, Ltd. ("Alcan"). With each 20,000 kilowatt-hours of additional electric power, Alcan will produce another ton of aluminum ingot.

As distributor of Alcan aluminum in this hemisphere, the Aluminum Import Corporation is pleased to report that Kitimat is proceeding on schedule.

We'll be glad to help you plan for increased production of lightweight, long-lasting aluminum products — for defense, industry, farm or home.

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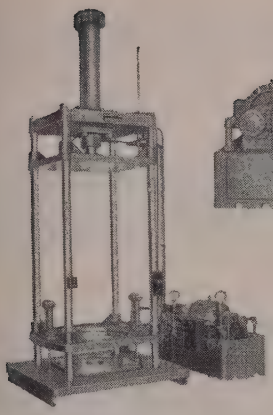
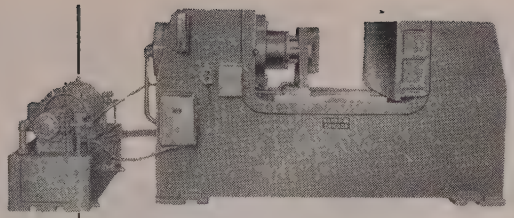
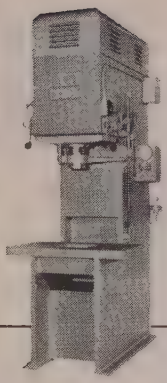


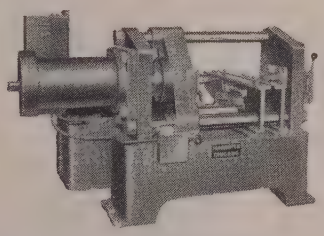
WATER HEATER TANKS are assembled with this 50-ton, 4-column press. Special hydraulic stripper plate raises tank from lower die after assembly.



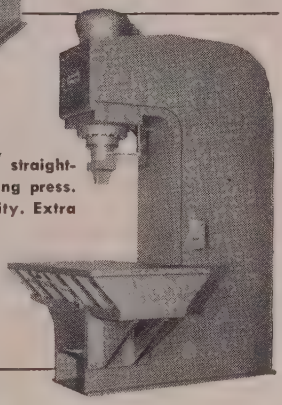
TRACTOR WELDMENTS for main frames and roller frames are straightened with this 100-ton press. Horizontal design permits use of hoist for easier handling.



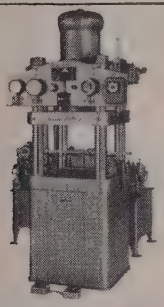
DIE CASTINGS are trimmed on this 25-ton, long stroke, open gap press. Controls reverse on distance; extremely high speed advance and return. Easy on dies. Scrap chute in table.



TRACTOR TRACK LINKS are press-fit assembled in this 50-ton, 3-column press. Assembly includes bushings and connecting pins. Press indexes for various sized links.

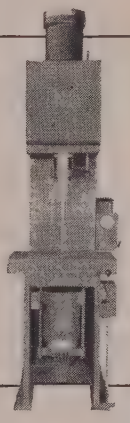


HEAVY DUTY straightening and forcing press. 150-ton capacity. Extra reach and large table permit handling heavy work.

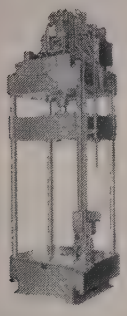


HELICAL CUTTER BLADES are formed with this 75-ton, 4-column press. 2-step, timer-controlled operation forms part. Special attachment ejects part and relubricates dies with graphite.

WHEN IT COMES TO PRESSES ...COME TO HANNIFIN



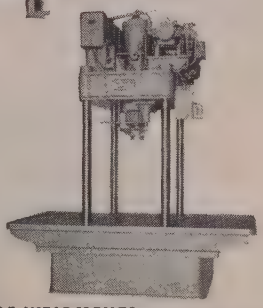
GENERAL PURPOSE 25-ton open gap press. Die cushion under table permits use for drawing operations.



FIBERGLAS PLASTICS are molded with this 50-ton, 4-column platen press. Automatic controls permit high-speed approach, slow closing on dies. Long stroke and extra "daylight" for deep parts.

When your production calls for hydraulic presses, investigate the Hannifin line that includes more than 75 standard models, capacities to 150 tons.

Quite probably you can select the press you need directly from the complete Hannifin catalog . . . or a Hannifin Field Engineer will demonstrate how easily one of these standard models can be modified to meet your requirements. Hannifin Corporation, 1117 South Kilbourn Ave., Chicago 24, Ill.



LARGE WELDMENTS are straightened on this 75-ton, 4-column press. Sensitive pressure control, extra large work table.

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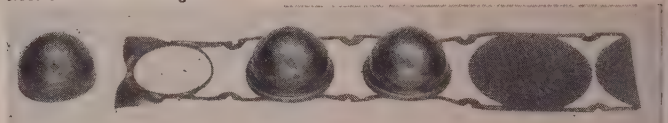
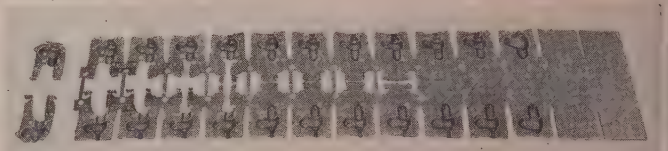
Angular thrust is not transmitted to the upper crosshead. Low center of gravity holds vibration to an absolute minimum. Long ways, plus four post guidance and a pulling instead of pushing stroke, serve to strait-jacket punch travel. Accurate punching produces high quality work and a lot more of it between die grinds. Much less metal is removed when dies are ground.

Get the whole story about the Henry & Wright Dieing Machine—the economies you achieve in die life, inspection, toting, operators. Retrench by modernizing with Henry & Wright.

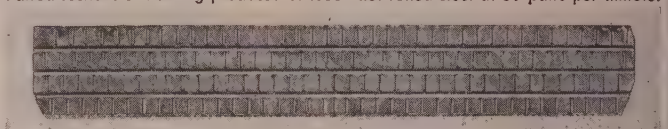
Refrigerator part produced at speed of 65 strokes per minute of .060" cold rolled steel on 100-ton Dieing Machine.



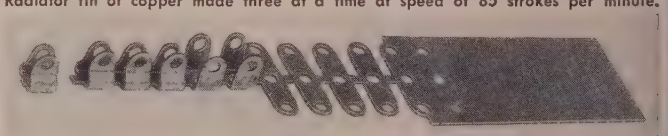
Hemispherical shell 2" deep produced at speed of 60 strokes per minute.



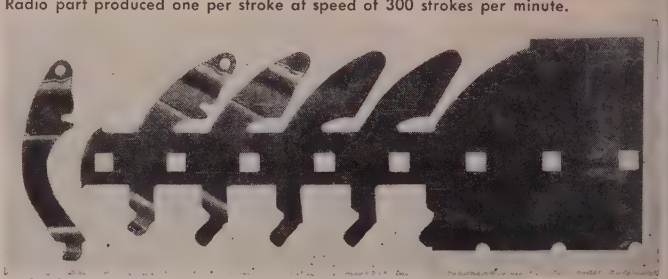
Paired sections of housing produced of .065" hot rolled steel at 60 pairs per minute.



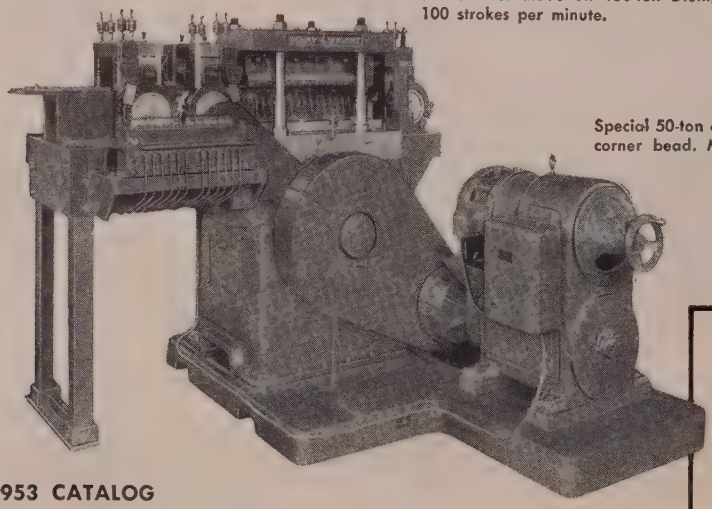
Radiator fin of copper made three at a time at speed of 85 strokes per minute.



Radio part produced one per stroke at speed of 300 strokes per minute.



Brake lever made on 150-ton Dieing Machine operating at speeds in excess of 100 strokes per minute.



Special 50-ton dieing machine for production of expanded corner bead. Machine operates 620 strokes per minute.

1953 CATALOG

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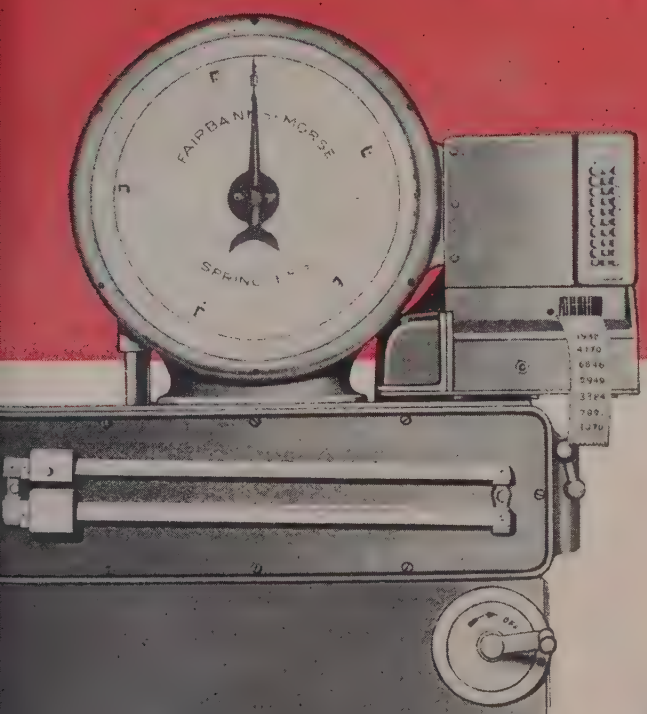

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The Printomatic is designed so that other pertinent information may also be printed with the weight for accounting or identification purposes. And, there's an electronic control for materials handling and processing.

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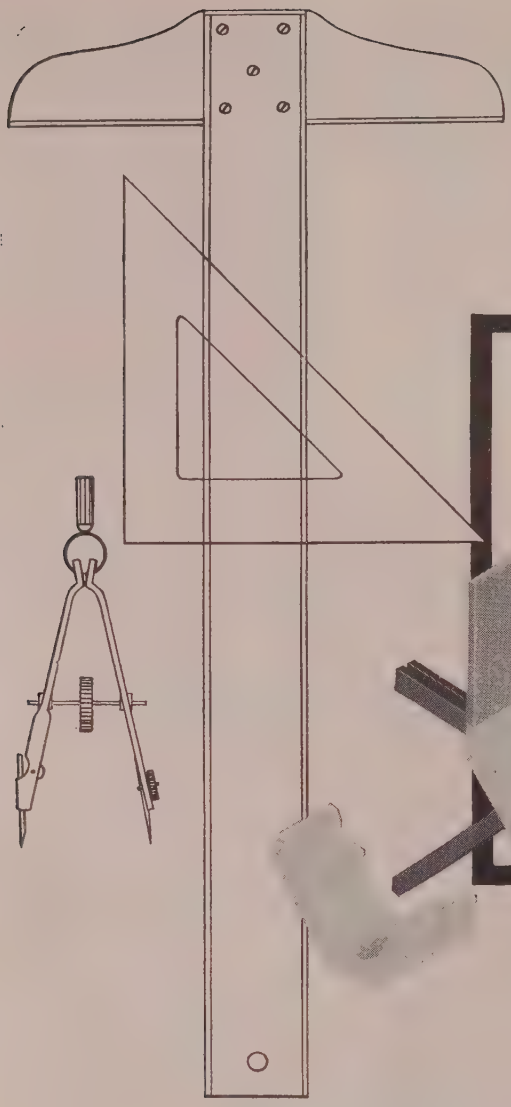

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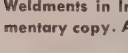

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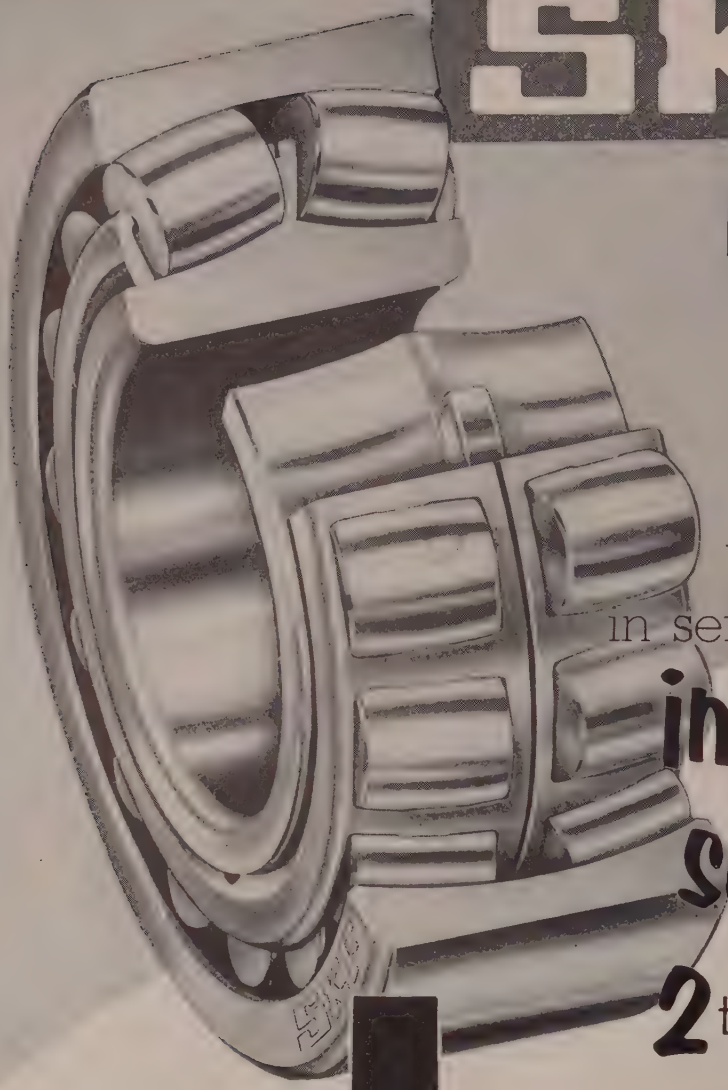

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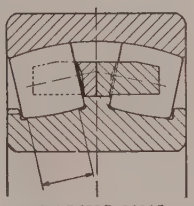
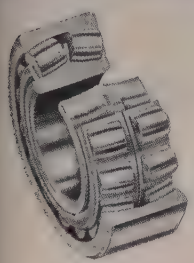
capacity

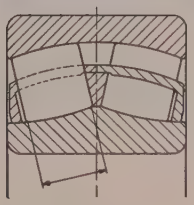
of spherical roller bearings 25% to 50% by means of improved internal design



BEARING 22315

This is the Spherical Roller Bearing design originated by SKF *more than 30 years ago.* The cross-section shows how the integral inner ring flanges, and the undercuts adjacent thereto, limit the effective length of the rollers.





BEARING 22315C

Here is the *latest* SKF improvement, a *revolutionary advance in design.* Effective roller guiding is accomplished by means of a separate ring. This eliminates the need for undercuts! This type of guide ring permits the rollers to take the position which their contact with the rings dictates. This assures uniform load distribution over the entire length of the longer rollers at all times. *Result*—greatly increased capacity and life.

SKF, the originator of the Spherical Roller Bearing, has, here again, provided Industry with another *first* through this improved design. During more than 4 years, thousands of installations have been made in railroad journals, vibrating screens, steel mill machinery and numerous other fields. Performance, in all cases, has been outstanding.

SKF Sales Engineers in our District Offices throughout the country will assist you in making use of the important advantages of the improved internal design of SKF Spherical Roller Bearings.

7423 A

This 12-page booklet gives you additional facts—sizes available—added capacity, size by size—increased life you can expect for each size—dimensional tabulations—and load and speed data. Write for your free copy of Bulletin 365-1 *now.*

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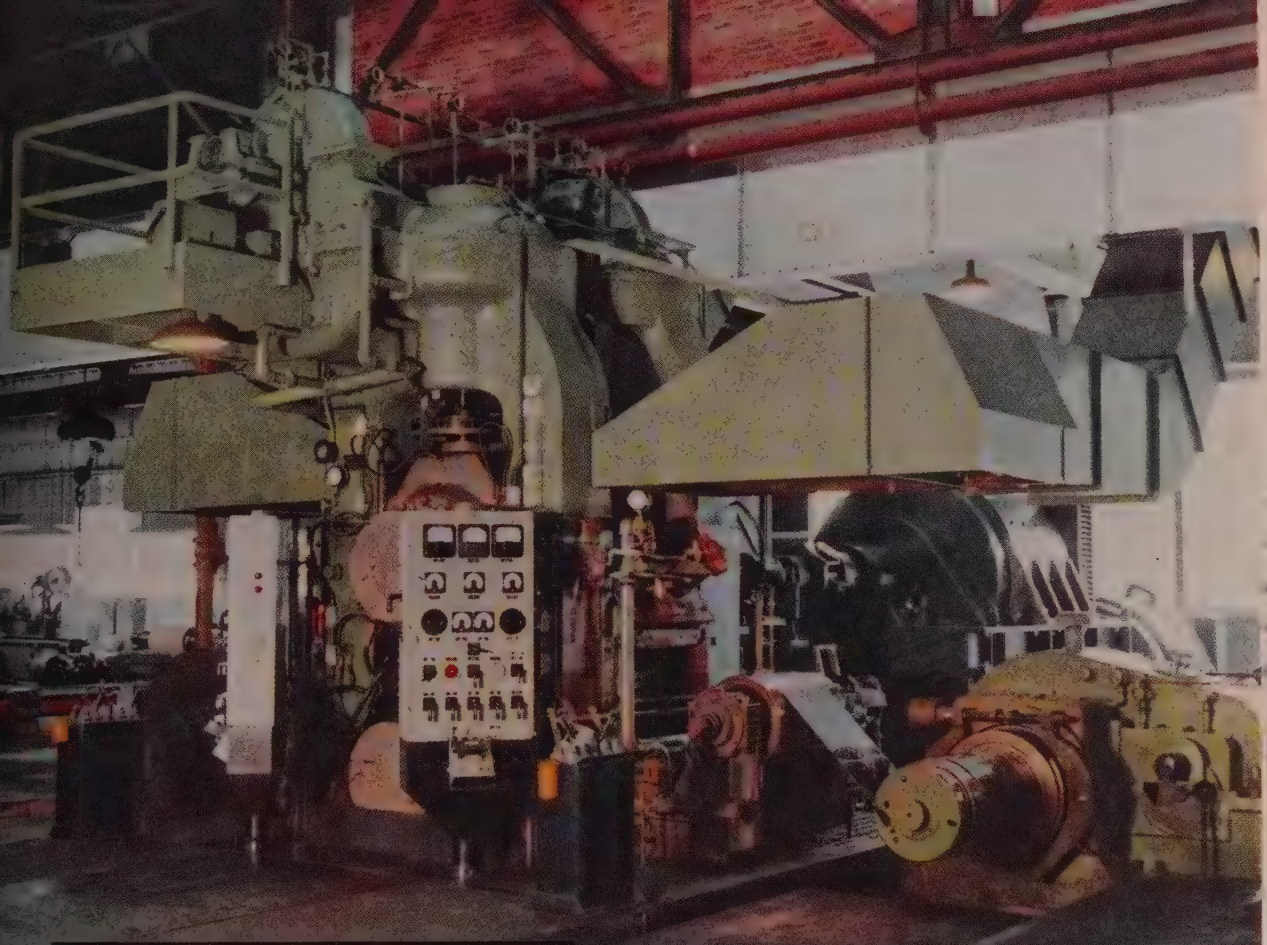

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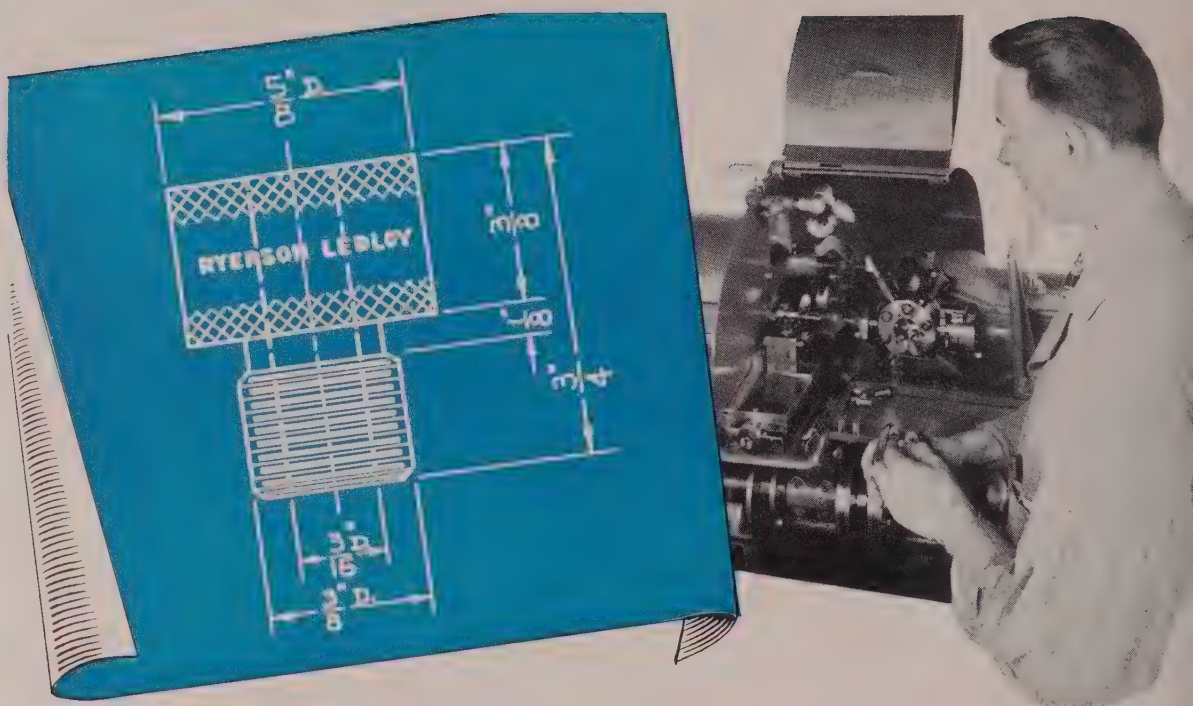

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by Ryerson at National Metal Show

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During your visit to the Ryerson Booth we hope you will also inspect samples showing how well Ledloy can be case hardened, bent and swedged. And be sure to see the parts machined from other Ryerson free-cutting steels—carbon, alloy and stainless —especially the samples of Rycut 40 (leaded 4140). These were produced in half the time and at much lower cost than the same parts in standard alloy steel.

So stop in and talk over your steel problems—learn about these money-saving steels. Then call your nearest Ryerson plant for quick shipment of the types that meet your requirements. The Ryerson Booth at the National Metal Show is No. 205.

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Metalworking Outlook

Freight Absorption: Its Price Tag

In 1948, the last full year in which the steel industry absorbed freight extensively, producers picked up a $65-million tab for traffic charges on moving the metal to customers. That figures out to about $1 a ton. The cost per ton—and saving to you—would be more now because freight rates on steel have risen some 15 per cent in the past five years. But the total cost to steelmakers may never again reach $65 million because absorption will be far more limited than before. The practice will be followed only when competitive conditions warrant it on particular products.

A Merger in Motordom?

Merger speculation concerning Nash, Hudson and Packard is rife. Looming as a more distinct possibility is a program of interchangeable parts and joint purchasing among the independents to meet the growing competition in the auto market. Nash President George W. Mason indicates his firm would not be averse to such a setup.

Layoff in Steel

Inventory adjustments due to model changeover is cited by Great Lakes Steel Corp., Detroit, in announcing a layoff of 600 workers. Confined to merchant mills, the production curtailment is expected to last two to three weeks.

The Workweek in 1999

"In all probability a workweek of 30 hours or less will materialize well before the end of the century." So says Dr. John T. Rettaliata, president of Illinois Institute of Technology. Thus, the problem is to satisfy the demands of an expanding economy for a greater flow of goods at the same time that the people producing goods are working fewer hours. The only solution to that problem is to increase output per man-hour, largely through technology, says Dr. Rettaliata. Although he expects greatly increased productivity, he does not expect the workerless factory of the science fiction novels.

New Era for Scrap Dealers

The slump in scrap prices (p. 87) is hitting dealers harder than it would have before World War II. Because of big tax bites and because the major share of dealers' profits in the past decade have been spent for modern equipment, dealers today are not in as favorable a cash position as in the old days to build up inventories during a slump. Today they are more comparable to a manufacturer in that they have to rely on current income to a larger extent. One man in the industry says that currently many dealers are "equipment poor."

Uniform Excises in 1954?

Watch for Congress to pass, after stormy debate, some kind of uniform excise tax in 1954. Nobody wants it, but some kind of higher levies will

have to be enacted to get needed revenue now that corporate and personal income taxes seem certain to drop next year. Even the National Association of Manufacturers is pushing for a uniform 4.5 per cent national manufacturers' excise tax on all manufactured products except for food, medicine, liquor and tobacco. NAM would continue the present excise tax on liquor and tobacco. The influential Rep. Noah M. Mason (Rep., Ill.), a member of the tax-writing Ways & Means Committee, says he favors a uniform excise levy.

More U. S. Money for Research

Department of Defense is spending more money on research and development than at any other time in U. S. history. Actual expenditures for research this year will be about $1.3 billion on about 8000 projects. From 1947 through 1950, the amount spent averaged about $500 million per year. In the last fiscal year about 60 per cent of the money went to civilian industrial organizations, 10 per cent to civilian nonprofit institutions and the rest to government units. Some $25 million to $30 million a year is for basic research.

Rebuttal by Wilson

Secretary of Defense Charles E. Wilson says reports have been exaggerated that contractors will be hurt financially by the new policy of reducing progress payments to companies in defense work. "We have been overpaying many contractors—that is, paying them sooner than we should," he says, "and now we intend to pay them only what is properly coming to them." He estimates that the savings will be comparatively small, since the overpayments come to between $200 million and $300 million.

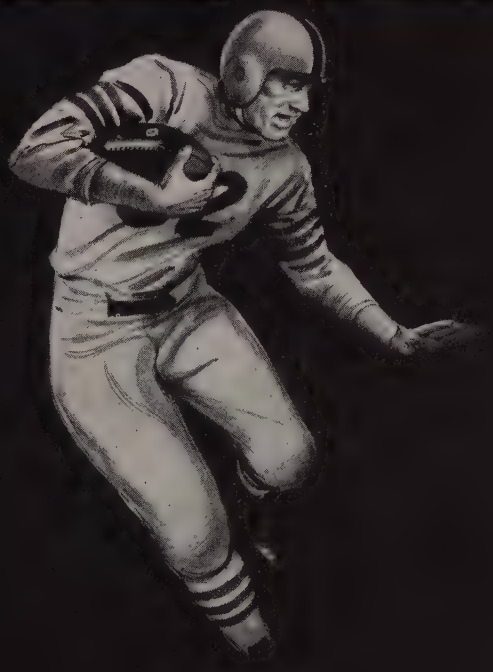
Straws in the Wind

Nearly 50 cases already are piled up to face the Supreme Court and its new chief justice, Earl Warren . . . United Steelworker President David McDonald is getting tough with members about wildcat strikes in his organization . . . Perfect Circle Corp. Chairman Lothair Teetor is slated to become assistant secretary of commerce to succeed Craig R. Sheaffer . . . Defense Secretary Wilson is studying a proposal to add seven or eight wings to the present goal of a 120-wing Air Force . . . Federal Reserve System banks record a decrease of $147 million in metalworking loans in the week ended Sept. 30, the largest decrease since the reporting system was set up in early 1951.

This Week in Metalworking

Now it's official—Business & Defense Services Administration is the name for the new agency to take over NPA functions (p. 88) . . . Decontrol of nickel doesn't automatically increase the supply of the metal (p. 89) . . . Deliveries of bearings are improving (p. 90) . . . A new policy on idle defense tools should pacify industry (p. 91) . . . America is making progress toward industrial mobilization, says Defense Mobilizer Arthur Flemming (p. 93) . . . Colorado Fuel & Iron Corp. has opened its new pipe mill at Pueblo, Colo. (p. 97).

Just as a football player needs protection . . .



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If your product is made of iron or steel, and exposed to the elements, protect it against the ravages of rust by Hot-Dip Galvanizing — the best possible rust preventive when applied by Hanlon-Gregory. For longer life, greater uninterrupted service and substantial savings in maintenance, specify Hot-Dip Galvanizing . . . SEAL IT IN ZINC.

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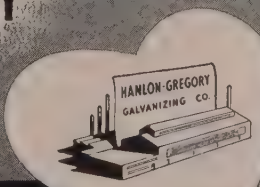

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sizes available . . . handling from 250 to 60,
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driven. Gear case, pump head, body, cover, rot
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of nickel silver. Spring is Type 316 chromiu
nickel stainless steel. This new pump was dev
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NEW PUMP SHOWS HOW

Nickel Silver meets exacting demands

Here's a pump used by processors of milk, canned foods, paints, cold cream, adhesives and scores of other products . . .

Its components are made of nickel silver to provide essential strength, and to assure non-pitting silvery white surfaces that resist wear and corrosion. Moreover, parts with bright, lustrous working surfaces permit quick, thorough cleaning as well as easy maintenance.

Solid white metal all the way through, nickel silvers usually provide greater strength and corrosion-resistance than do ordinary brasses and bronzes.

Wrought or cast, the impressive beau
and moderate cost of nickel silvers .
plus their ready response to fabricati
by ordinary methods . . . make these allo
particularly useful for improving bo
quality and quantity of output.

Gain competitive advantages by usi
these alloys. The several grades of nic
silvers permit selecting one with the b
set of properties for any reasonable f
rication and service demands. We sh
be glad to furnish you with counsel a
data on these versatile alloys.

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Opportunity for Management

Next week the 35th National Metal Congress and Exposition will be held in Cleveland. In observance of this important annual event, the editors have devoted a large portion of this issue to details of the technical sessions and exhibits and also to the timely subject of selecting the right materials for the job.

We believe that as the thousands of visitors to the Cleveland show and congress examine the 450 exhibits and listen to the hundreds of technical papers, they will appreciate how important it is for management in the metalworking industry to take a new look at the problem of selecting materials. Since the end of World War II the challenge of jet propulsion, atomic energy and numerous other developments has led to the introduction of many new materials. Almost every day, some new requirement sends metallurgists into a frantic search for new materials that will meet the need.

As a result, we have today a greater choice of ferrous, nonferrous and affiliated materials than ever before. In a general sense, management has been rather slow in recognizing just what this wider choice means in terms of lower costs and improved quality of product.

For instance, it is not unusual for materials to represent the largest single item of cost in the manufacture of some products. Sometimes the materials bill will amount to as much as 80 per cent or more of the total cost of manufacture. This being true, management is remiss unless it gives careful attention to the problem of selecting the materials that are best for the job from the standpoint of several important factors.

Operating men, design engineers and others involved in selecting materials usually are alert to new developments. They do not deliberately shut their eyes to the opportunities to try out new or alternate materials. However, in their preoccupation with their immediate jobs, they may fail to realize how rapid is the present pace of the introduction of new materials. Management will do well to appraise this fast pace at its true worth and to capitalize on the great opportunities afforded by the wider choice of better materials.

E. L. Shaner

EDITOR-IN-CHIEF

FAITH IN OUR FREEDOM: Almost every executive in the metalworking industry would wish to read Clarence B. Randall's newest book, *Freedom's Faith* (198 pp., Atlantic-Little, Brown, Boston; $3.00), if he understood clearly the manner in which the author approaches his subject. Mr. Randall, chairman of Inland Steel, previously had written *A Creed*

for Free Enterprise in which he outlined the good points of the American way of life. In *Freedom's Faith,* he expands upon his earlier work.

He starts from the premise that the United States has been thrown into a position where it should provide leadership for the world. In many ways the nation is poorly prepared to provide this leadership. Unfortunately, many industrial executives, who should contribute heavily to this leadership, are ill-equipped to do so.

Mr. Randall believes that just as an industrial executive insists upon taking a physical inventory periodically, just so should he take a periodic inventory of intangibles. In reality, Mr. Randall's new book is his inventory—his own fresh survey—of the intangibles which command his loyalties. Reading his inventory will inspire you to conduct one of your own.

* * *

INVENTORIES OF IDEAS: Following Mr. Randall's formula, you will take an inventory of your ideas as to just what it is that makes our country great. You will analyze phases of the American way of life and write into your inventory your opinion as to how it can be improved. You will consider the several threats to our way of life. You will review your ideas as to how best to cope with the manifold problems of the human element in industry. You will probe your attitude toward the relations between industry and education. You will re-examine your beliefs in the tremendously difficult field of foreign trade. You will explore the possibilities of new responsibilities and new opportunities in the new leadership that will be proffered industrial executives in the exciting days ahead.

* * *

FOR THE INARTICULATE: Tremendously important in any appraisal of Mr. Randall's book is the fact that he is promoting a procedure of articulateness for industrial executives, rather than a hidebound allegiance to the orthodox concepts of the free enterprise system. He is trying to excite industrialists to think more for themselves; to study local, state, national and world problems more carefully; and to direct their influence toward projects that are really worthy from the standpoint of public interest.

In some respects, the major emphasis of the book is directed toward the need of greater articulateness on the part of American industrialists. Most of them can do a far better job than they have done to date.

* * *

WEAK ON PROMOTION: Many readers of *Freedom's Faith* will find especial fascination in Chapter VIII, "For the Inarticulate." It deals with the problems that confront the industrial executive when he yields to the temptation to address a public audience. Clarence Randall has had a wealth of experience in this field and his observations will be welcomed by hundreds if not thousands of men in industry who have been enticed into talking to technical, trade or other audiences.

In reality, some representatives of the metalworking industries have been negligent in complying with requests for speakers on many occasions. Too often editors of industry publications have been enlisted to do a job that should have been done by a manufacturer's representative. A realistic survey of the metalworking industry would show that the facilities for the effective promotion of good public relations are woefully inadequate.

* * *

COURT PLAN BACKFIRED: When Earl Warren became the fourteenth chief justice of the United States Supreme Court, it was Justice Hugo Black who administered one of the oaths of office. He did so by virtue of the fact he is the senior member of the court. It seems like only a short time ago that Senator Black became the newest member of the court. What great changes have occurred in those 16 years!

In 1937 President Roosevelt asked Congress for power to enlarge the Supreme Court to 15 justices. He wanted to appoint young liberals to offset the influence of elderly justices who refused to resign. He constantly berated the "nine old men"—Van Deventer, McReynolds, Brandeis, Sutherland, Butler, Stone, Hughes, Roberts and Cardozo. The Senate defeated Roosevelt's "court packing" scheme by 70 to 20. Smarting under this defeat, the President defiantly named Black to succeed Van Deventer, who had resigned at 78.

Two benefits resulted from Roosevelt's attempt to "pack" the court: One, Black turned out to be a better justice than F.D.R. expected. Secondly, the Senate became more than ever determined to preserve the integrity of the court.

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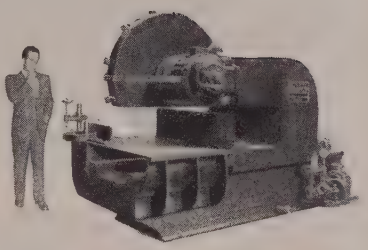

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. . . enable you to do the job faster

Cut time required for cutting beams, channels, rails, angles, squares, rounds or tubes. No set-up changes needed to cut any sequence of structural shapes. Takes place of several separate shears or slow speed saws. Cut alloy steels, too, in record time.

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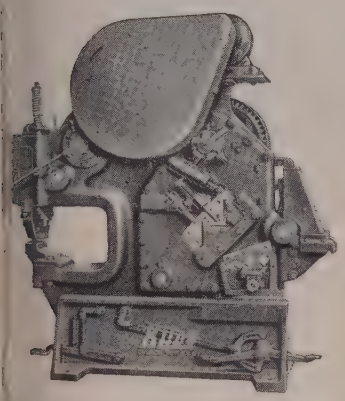

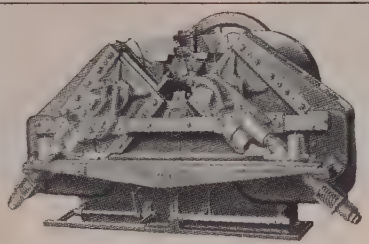

KLING DOUBLE ANGLE SHEARS

. . . 2 Shears in 1 machine

This high-production machine can give you more and cleaner cuts on many different shearing operations. For instance you can simultaneously shear round bars and bar angles on left side and structural angles and flat bars on the right. Automatic hold-downs as well as automatic lubrication are available.

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even typical jobs; seven different operations on this one machine:

Punching in angles or shearing | Plate slitting | Notching
Coping angles | Angle shearing | Coping channels

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One of these Kling Machines can turn out the work of a separate punch, angle shear, bar shear, plate shear and notcher—yet it costs little more than a single-purpose punch. For speed and safety, each end operates independently. Foot pedals allow both operators to keep hands free to hold work. Available for light, medium or heavy work.

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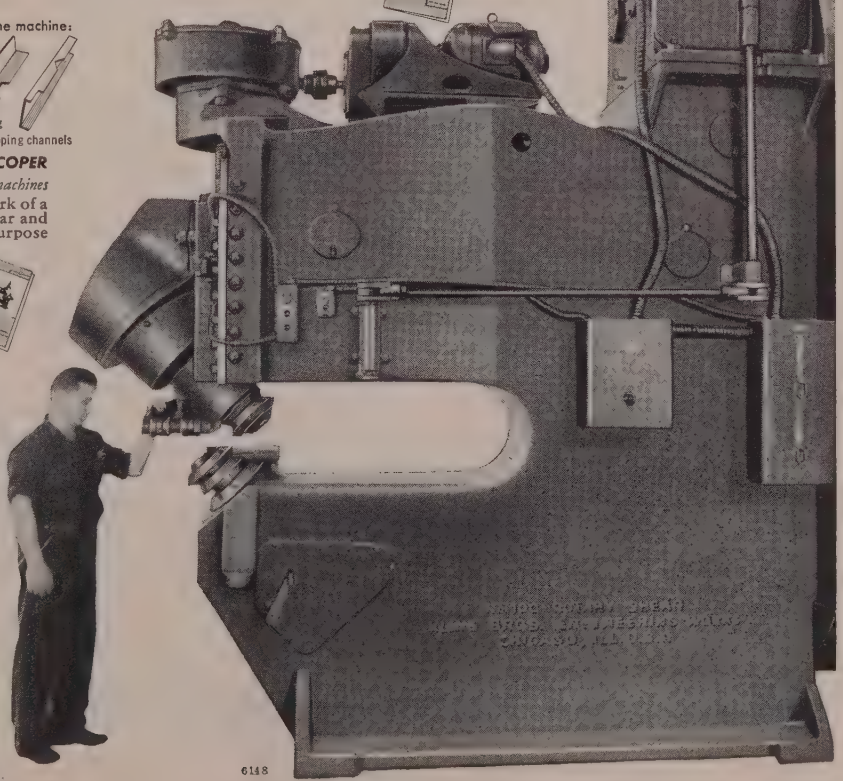

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Get hair-line precision as well as speed, in sheet and plate cutting, whether you do one or many of the operations shown. One Kling Shear will often eliminate the need of several old-style shears or other equipment. Many attachments available. A wide range of types and sizes to meet your specific requirements, up to a rated capacity to shear 1" thick mild steel.

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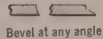
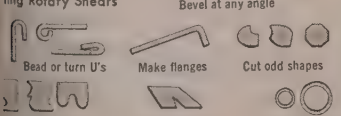


Bevel at any angle



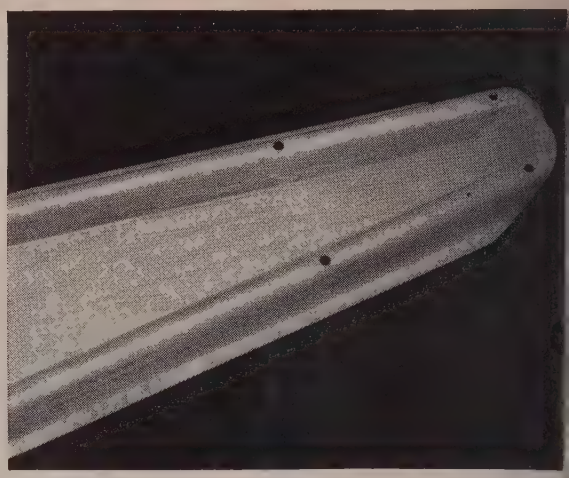
Bead or turn U's | Make flanges | Cut odd shapes
Cut reverse curves | Cut straight lines | Cut rings, any size

6148

how you can deep draw galvanized steel without damaging the protective zinc coating

LIKE THIS...

Poultry feeder bowl, drawn from a sheet of drawing quality TI-CO, Inland's galvanized steel whose coating does not crack, flake or peel even under severe forming.



AND THIS...

Not a crack, not a flake in the protective zinc coating when this grain bin roof panel was drawn from Ti-Co. And use of Ti-Co eliminated need for re-dipping or painting crimped ends—took 180° crimp in stride.

When it comes to tough forming, Ti-Co can take it. Because this drawing quality Inland galvanized sheet has a tightly adhering, flexible zinc coating that flows with the base metal as it's deep-drawn, stamped, bent or lock seamed.

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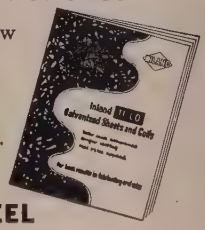

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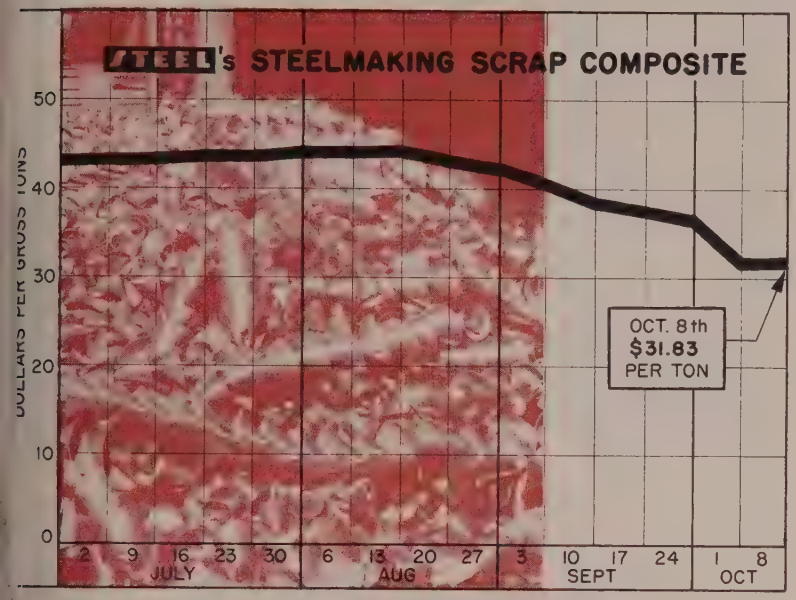


ased on No. 1 heavy melting grade at Pittsburgh, Chicago and eastern Pennsylvania.

Scrap: Has It Hit the Bottom?

There's nothing wrong with the industry that a little business couldn't cure. But it doesn't look like that will happen until at least November

SCRAP DEALERS and brokers are learning the truth of the old axiom that what goes up must come down. But how far down is the big question of the moment, with prices on almost all grades of iron and steel scrap still showing the effects of a dormant market.

The market is not sick, as might be the impression from the above chart. The present decline stems from a readjustment to more realistic inventory and price levels which many men in the industry saw coming long ago.

Simple Logic—As a dealer in Detroit told STEEL, "Few dealers were unable to anticipate the decline, because with prices so high, there was only one direction they could go." In some areas, the bottom has been hit. One broker said the drop is beyond the bottom, but he doesn't think it will go any lower. But in other parts of the country, some dealers are predicting prices will drop as much as $5 a ton more within the next two months before things get much better. A little business last week brought STEEL's steelmaking scrap composite up from $31.50 to $31.83, the first rise since Aug. 13.

There is nothing so wrong with the industry that a little buying on the part of the steel plants wouldn't help quickly. However, little help can be seen in the immediate future from that source. Scrap inventories in the steel industry going into the third quarter were high, in most cases between 60 and 90 days. Steelmakers were geared for capacity-plus operations, but they found that operations were sliding off to as much as 85 per cent of capacity. That further extended the scrap inventory, so they slowed down or even stopped buying scrap. There is no indication that the operating rate the last half will return to capacity levels of the first half.

Just Enough—In addition, steelmakers are buying some scrap directly from metalworking firms—just enough to keep them from buying appreciable tonnages on the open market and sending the prices back up. Thus, with winter setting in, many steel plants already have inventories large enough to satisfy their needs.

This situation is not conducive to large stocks in the dealers' yards, either. With selling prices so low, they cannot collect the material at a low enough price to make any profit after processing.

A Long, Long Time—Most experts in the field expect the lull in buying to extend at least until November. By that time, steel mills will know whether or not they have sufficient stocks for the winter and whether operating rates will rise or fall. One dealer predicted that the break will come in mid-November and that prices will rise and level off about $3 to $5 above present marks.

One outgrowth of the situation is a renewal of the demand by scrap brokers and dealers for export licenses. This is centered in the West Coast area, but it has a spokesman in the Institute of Scrap Iron & Steel in Washington. Few scrap men are asking for across-the-board free exporting privileges, but they want a liberalization of the present government policy which allows free trade only with Canada and limits quarterly export quotas to Mexico.

Still Good—Regardless of the lull in present buying, this year will show an over-all record consumption of 34 million tons of purchased scrap, says E. C. Barringer, executive vice president of the Institute of Scrap Iron & Steel. That surpasses the old record of 33.8 million tons set in 1951.

Scrap Man Opposes Lifting Ban

Reed M. Booher, vice president of Wilkoff Co., Youngstown, is one scrap executive that doesn't believe the government should relax its ban on exportation of scrap metal. He feels that the steel companies should boost their use of the material and relieve the present price situation and at the same time conserve their ore supplies.

Mr. Booher says: "It just doesn't make sense to me to worry about dwindling iron ore supplies and then permit exporting of scrap which drains off our resources."

BDSA Springs to Life

After many delays, the new Business & Defense Services Administration gets under way

AFTER MONTHS of stop-gap measures, the Business & Defense Services Administration went into effect Oct. 1 as a permanent agency of the Commerce department. The new unit brings promise of closer linkage between industry and the government.

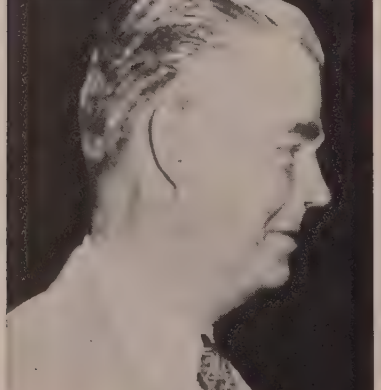
BDSA takes over the administration of NPA regulations still in force, will take five other Commerce department offices under its wing and will establish 25 industry divisions to provide "a focal point for effective co-operation between government and business."

Who's Who—H. B. McCoy, former acting administrator of NPA, is acting administrator of BDSA. The three assistant administrators are: Samuel N. Comly of Russell, Burdsall & Ward Bolt & Nut Co., Port Chester, N. Y.; Leonard E. Pasek of Kimberly-Clark Corp., Neenah, Wis.; H. J. Wallace of U. S. Steel Corp.'s National Tube Division, Pittsburgh. William E. Haines, as assistant deputy administrator, completes the hierarchy of the new Commerce department organization.

In addition to taking over the defense and mobilization functions of NPA, BDSA will administer the Commerce department's Office of Technical Services, Office of Distribution, Field Service, staff functions of the Industry Evaluation Board and Office of Industry & Commerce, including its Trade Association, Commodities Standards and Area Development divisions.

What's What—Industry divisions will be set up for: Agricultural, construction and mining equipment; aluminum and magnesium; automotive; building materials and construction; business machines and office equipment; chemical and rubber; communications equipment; consumer durable goods; containers and packaging; copper; electrical equipment; electronics; food industries; forest products; general components; general industrial equipment; iron and steel; leather, shoes and allied products; metalworking equipment; miscellaneous metals and minerals; power equipment; scientific, motion picture and photographic products; shipbuilding, railroad, ordnance and aircraft; textiles and clothing; and water and sewage industries and utilities.

Written into the official manual of operation of BDSA is the admonition that industry divisions will "co-operate . . . in developing programs of practical value to the business and industrial communities to foster a common understanding of the problems of government and business," as well as "collect, analyze and disseminate information on . . . business activity in specific industries . . . f government purposes and as service to business and trad groups."



NEA

H. B. McCOY
. . . acting administrator of BDSA

H. J. WALLACE
. . . one of three assistants

RFC Loan Liquidation Begins

Even though it bowed out of th loan business Sept. 28, some of R construction Finance Corp.'s bu iest days are ahead. It will t to liquidate its assets totalin about $1,095 million by June 3 1954, the expiration date.

"Approximately 90 per cent o our business loans are rated a good loans. They could be a sorbed without loss by private i terest," Kenton R. Cravens, RF administrator, states.

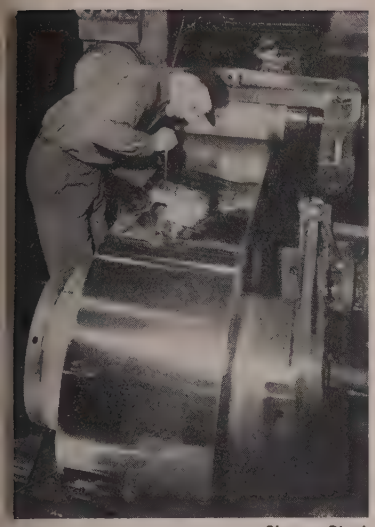
Tax Experts Favor Change

Tax experts are in favor o amendments to the Internal Re enue Code which would enable th steel industry and metalworkin manufacturers to acquire and ho essential raw materials witho carrying such inventories at valu in excess of current prices, sa American Iron & Steel Institute.

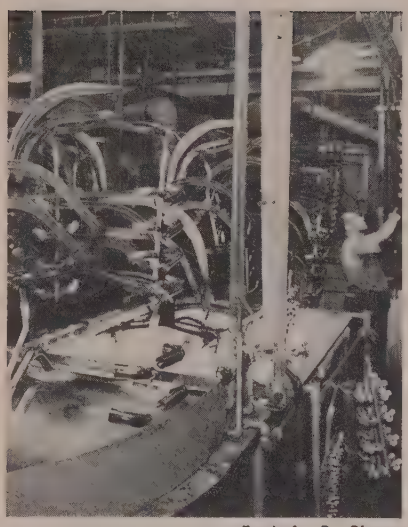
These students of taxes asse the amendment needed is o which would enable manufacture using LIFO (one of two accoun ing systems recognized by t Treasury department) to val their inventories at cost or ma ket, whichever is lower. Th would provide more sound a counting and make it practical acquire inventories of scarce m terials without fear of penalti under the tax laws.

LIFO (last-in, first-out) a sumes the last item acquired f inventory is the first consume FIFO (first-in, first-out), the oth recognized system, assumes t first item acquired for invento is the first consumed.

Under FIFO, as prices of ma rials already acquired mount, flation accumulates in inventor which creates large segments what accountants call unrealiz profits. It exists only on pa and cannot be realized until t inventory is sold. In the mea time, dividends, wages and ta must be paid on it. Then if de tion comes suddenly, this unre ized profit may vanish or turn in losses.



Sharon Steel



Frederic B. Stevens

LESS FOR STAINLESS? MORE FOR PLATERS?

Nickel: Decontrol Shifts the Pattern

Small processors and fabricators of nondefense items stand to gain by the shift from government to civilian control of nickel. There still won't be enough to go around

DECONTROL OF NICKEL on Nov. 1 could prove a boon to small business.

But the hard fact is that decontrol does not add a single pound of nickel to the total U. S. supply. Chances are there won't be enough to go around to all nonmilitary consumers of nickel in the country for some time to come. So that while some civilian nickel consumers will benefit under civilian distribution, others stand to lose.

Big First Step—The Business & Defense Services Administration, in its first major action, was ordered by Secretary of Commerce Sinclair Weeks to remove all restrictions on nickel, nickel-silver and nickel-bearing stainless steel on Nov. 1 which relieves industry of filing forms NPAF—60, 102, 113 and 114. BDSA officials say stockpile, AEC and defense requirements will be taken care of under the Defense Materials System.

Responsibility for divvying up supplies of "free" nickel, that is supplies after defense needs are met, now reverts to civilian industry. International Nickel Co., which supplies 80 per cent of the nickel consumed in the U. S., has promised the secretary of commerce that such "free" nickel "will be distributed to the civilian economy in a fair and equitable manner."

That means some changes in the distribution pattern.

Patterns—A comparison of present nickel distribution with precontrol nickel distribution gives some indication of where the shift will come.

Consumption Percentage of Supply	1950	1952
Stainless & other steels	39	45
Nonferrous alloys	28	31
High temperature & electrical resistance alloys	6	8
Electroplating	18	7
	91	91
All others	9	9

From that comparison, it appears electroplaters are due to get a larger share of nickel. At least platers will have their hands out since end-use is no longer restricted and they can get back into markets which dried up under control. Platers will also go back to their normal formulas for plating. Acceptable substitutes could not be found during the days of shortage.

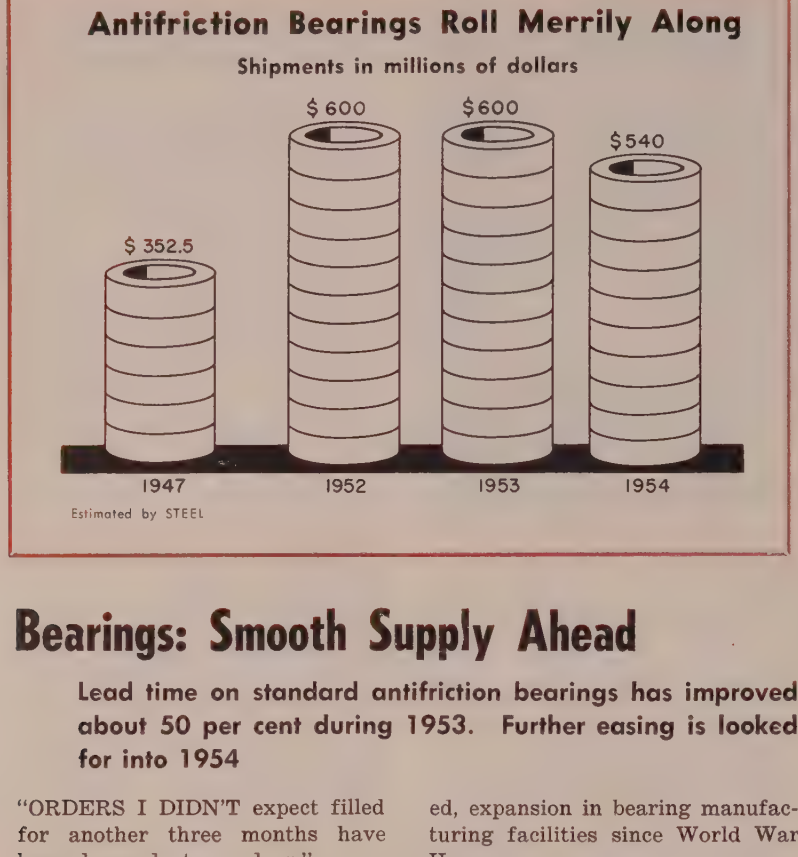
Nickel-Needy Mob—Of course, electroplaters have gotten some relief from government controls during 1953 so that their gains now may not be as dramatic as other nickel users which have been neglected thus far. Nickel-silver mills, for example, can now expect to get a bigger share of available nickel. It's possible that nickel markets based on new applications will get more attention, too. Many of these nickel-starved firms which can expect to gain by the decontrol are small processors and fabricators.

Stainless steel and nickel alloy producers, on the other hand, stand to get less nickel for a while under decontrol. They've gotten more than their historical share under forced-draft defense mobilization. A drop of 5 per cent for nickel-bearing stainless products is not unlikely as that would bring such firms back about in line with their precontrol take. (For more analysis on the effects of nickel decontrol, see the market section, beginning on p. 351.)

Here To Stay—In all probability, continuing high demand for nickel will force the use of manganese (as a substitute for part of the nickel content) in order to increase or even maintain production of chromium-nickel stainless steels on a large scale. No doubt both producers and consumers, if given their choice and unlimited nickel, would prefer to stay with the established types such as 301 and 302. But in view of past experience (nickel was one of the first metals to be controlled, the last to be decontrolled) use of manganese in stainless will probably grow.

Defense requirements are one of the biggest unknowns in the distribution equation to be evolved. Defense needs still take nearly 40 per cent of available nickel. If stockpile requirements are upped, for example, that would leave less left over for civilian distribution.

Two to three months will pass before the civilian-controlled distribution pattern takes definite form.



Bearings: Smooth Supply Ahead

Lead time on standard antifriction bearings has improved about 50 per cent during 1953. Further easing is looked for into 1954

"ORDERS I DIDN'T expect filled for another three months have been dropped at my door."

That was one antifriction bearing distributor speaking of the greatly improved delivery position of the bearing industry. Standard bearings, which early in 1953 had lead times of 4 to 6 months from manufacturer to distributor, now can be delivered in 2 to 3 months. Precision and special bearings currently have delivery times of 4 to 6 months contrasted with 6 to 8 months earlier this year. In the case of a few ultraspecial bearings or very uncommon sizes, delivery takes longer.

Combo for Speed — Improved bearing deliveries result from a combination of softening up and catching up. Defense orders among tank, aircraft and other military equipment producers have been stretched out. They're now accounting for 10 to 15 per cent of bearing output. Orders from the automakers have eased since midyear, too. That adds up to some softness in bearing markets. Antifriction bearing manufacturers have thus been able to catch up with demand as there has been a "tremendous," though untabulated, expansion in bearing manufacturing facilities since World War II.

Certificates of necessity for $70-million worth of new works have been allowed antifriction bearing makers since Korea, but not all of those certificates have been used up completely. It doesn't appear that they will be used soon.

In the Mind—Another reason behind the easing supply of antifriction bearings is the change in buying psychology of users. One salesman for a roller bearing firm was asked by his sales manager why X Company, in his territory, had only ordered half as many bearings this year as they had last. The salesman explained that X Company is now carrying only 3 months' stock on hand rather than the 18 to 24 months' stocks they had built up in 1952. "I see no let up in the use of bearings among my customers," says this salesman, "but the customers are letting us keep the stocks on hand now."

Even with the changing conditions this year the 66 manufacturers of antifriction bearings, which includes producers of ball, roller and needle bearings, expect shipments in 1953 to be $600 million (see the chart), about the same as last year. An over-all average price increase of 5 per cent in 1953 probably inflates the dollar figures while unit shipments decrease some from last year. At that, it will wind up the second best year for the industry.

Only the Best — Chief civilian customers remain the automakers, steel mills and machine tool builders. Other substantial markets include farm machinery, high speed machinery and the railroads. Electronic applications are contributing to a trend toward smaller bearings. Motor manufacturers and off-field equipment producers have shown surprising strength as bearing customers in this year of softening. One distributor in Pennsylvania reports 30 per cent of its sales go to oil companies, primarily for their foreign operations.

On the whole, export trade has been fairly well sustained this year, accounting for 10 per cent of total shipments. Imports are not bothersome. "Why would an American manufacturer buy foreign-made bearings when he'd have to wait longer for them and have little recourse if the bearings went bad," seems to sum up the American manufacturers' attitude.

Outlook 1954 — Professional seers associated with the industry are busy trying to gaze into the future for the 1954 business outlook. At the moment they look for a drop of 5 to 10 per cent in business for 1954—which would still be well above antifriction bearing shipments in 1947 of $352.5 million. Even with the drop, 1954 may be the third best year the industry has ever had.

"The industry will have to step up sales efforts before long though," says William F. Chaney, president and general manager, Bearing Service Co., Pittsburg. "Sales are good so far but competition is growing."

Owners, Union Join in Plan

Management and labor joined hands to start a plan to share productivity gains when Dusing & Hunt Inc. and United Furniture Workers of America—CIO, Local 37, installed the Rucker Share of Production Plan at the co-

pany's Buffalo plant which turns out fireproof doors and trim.

Leon F. Dusing and Charles Dusing, officials of the company, and Richard May, president of the local union, said, in a joint statement, "The future of our company and its employees will be increasingly bright under the Rucker Plan in proportion to our increase in productivity." Both sides emphasized the plan had no connection with company profits. "Whether or not the company makes a profit, our employees are paid their constant share of production values . . . The gains from increasing productivity, when coupled with expanding volume which is management's responsibility, will take care of company profits," said Leon Dusing.

Hardware Takes the Spotlight

Hardware manufacturers, dealers and distributors had a big week last week as they held the eighth National Hardware Show in New York and the eighth Annual Builders' Hardware Exposition in Cleveland.

The former show, at which over 300 manufacturers displayed their wares, started off with a bang when B. F. Goodrich Co., Akron, ordered $600,000 worth of power lawn mowers from Moto-Mower Co., Detroit. Goodrich will retail the mowers through its chain of 500 stores and retail tire dealers.

Riding the Wave—Occupying all four floors of Grand Central Palace and the entire Seventy-first Regiment Armory, the closed show attracted more than 40,000 buyers and wholesalers to make it New York's biggest industrial show. Over 10,000 lines of hardware and allied products worth in excess of $2 million were on display. While there was no central theme for the show, the "do-it-yourself" atmosphere predominated. Most buyers were agreed that this trend has given the whole hardware industry a big boost.

R. T. Hughes, vice president in charge of sales for Utica Drop Forge & Tool Corp., Utica, N. Y., said manufacturers of small hand tools had a backlog of perhaps nine-tenths what it was 18 months ago when business was at its peak. Howard C. Wilson, managing director of Hardware Institute, said a price increase of 5 to 10 per cent on those tools is possible early next year because of increased cost of labor.

Smaller—The Cleveland exposition, which was sponsored by National Contract Hardware Association, was also closed. It was composed mainly of exhibits for door handles, locks, hinges and other builders' hardware. Registration was over 2000. Last year this segment of the hardware industry did a $250-million business.

U. S. Industry Takes the Lead

"Powder metallurgy in the U. S. has finally succeeded in forging ahead of the European industry, both in terms of practical applications and advancement as a science," Kempton H. Roll of the Metal Powder Association told a group of some 40 metallurgists visiting the U. S. under the auspices of the Foreign Operations Administration.

Mr. Roll cited pressing demand for structural powder metal parts and time for basic research in this country against a huge restoration job since World War II which postponed research in Europe as the forces that gave the U. S. industry the lead.

Construction Boom Continues

New construction maintained its booming rate during September as expenditures hit $3.3 billion, virtually the same as the record August figure, statistics from the Departments of Commerce and Labor indicate.

Private construction at $2.2 billion is up 8 per cent from September, 1952; public expenditures at $1.1 billion remain unchanged.

Commercial building rose contraseasonally to a new peak in September, and private outlays for public utility construction held at the August level. Residential and highway construction declined seasonally, and public school building continued its uptrend which began in March.

For the first 9 months of this year, expenditures for all types of construction amounted to $25.9 billion, 7 per cent above the same 1952 period.

New Plans for Idle Tools

Excess defense production equipment will go for civilian output only in unusual cases

MACHINE TOOL builders and other capital equipment manufacturers got an answer last week.

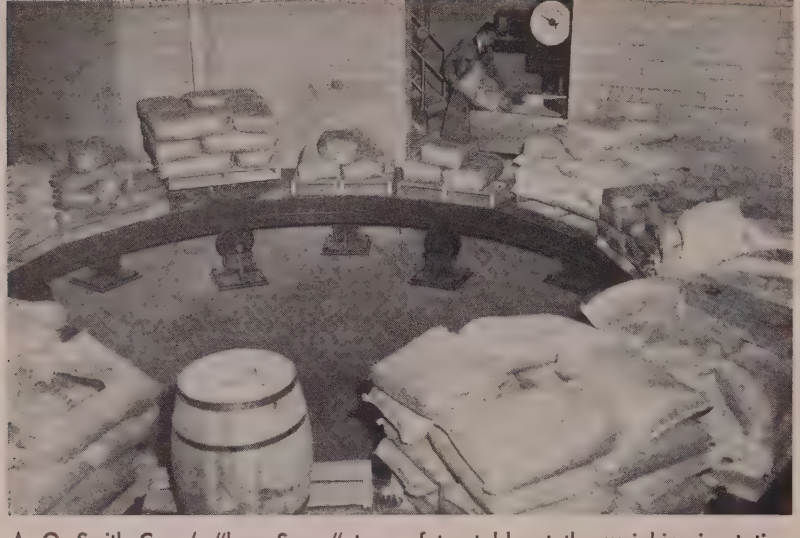
In response to their complaints about the U. S. plan to dispose of idle defense tools, (STEEL, Aug. 24, p. 39), Defense Mobilizer Arthur S. Flemming announced a tougher policy whereby excess equipment can be leased for civilian manufacture only under exceptional circumstances.

Background—The debate started late last summer when the government revealed a four-point program to dispose of excess equipment. One of those points—to lease defense-idle tools for civilian production—created the fuss. Actually, the government has leased such equipment only in a couple of cases—notably to Studebaker Corp. which got $200,000 worth of tools when its truck production ended in September. Those contracts already made will stand under the new policy, but similar arrangements will be hard to negotiate from now on.

Now, such deals will require the approval of Office of Defense Mobilization. ODM promises to give an O.K. only in extraordinary cases and only when it receives a recommendation from the Department of Commerce or the Small Business Administration.

Spelled Out — The new policy, spelled out in Defense Mobilization Order VII-4, provides that production equipment owned by the Defense department for which there exists a known or anticipated mobilization need will be kept in efficient operating condition in "package" form at or near the plant which will operate in case of an emergency. Equipment is to be stored in central government warehouses only when storage space is not available at or near a plant.

The same provisions—to keep equipment in "package" form and to limit leasing for civilian manufacture—also apply for defense production equipment owned or controlled by government agencies other than the Defense department. The order was effective Oct. 9.



A. O. Smith Corp.'s "lazy Susan" type of turntable at the weighing-in station speeds up the handling of raw materials that go into electrode coating mixes

A. O. Smith Corp. Opens New Plant in East

IN A BID to tap the full potential of its eastern and southeastern markets for welding electrodes, A. O. Smith Corp., Milwaukee, has unveiled its new, million-dollar plant at Lancaster, Pa.

Opening of the additional facility underlines the fact that welding product sales at A. O. Smith have been going places since 1946. Increase from 1946 to 1952 has been to the tune of 179 per cent, according to John J. Bohmrich, manager of the welding products division. Taking some of the load off the Milwaukee plant was one of the chief reasons for going to Lancaster.

Happy Coincidence — Mass production of electrodes that give stable and uniform welds is a tricky business; wire and coating compositions are of great importance, but good housekeeping and meticulous quality control also play major roles. Both of the latter objectives fit hand in glove with the character of the Pennsylvania Dutch community, company officials are quick to point out.

Located on a ten-acre tract that was farmed last year, the plant shows a Dutch-like respect for cleanliness. Every 24 hours its 41,000 sq ft of floor space will be vacuum cleaned. Brooms are taboo.

Windows and skylights were bypassed to control ingress of air. Incoming air, clean as it is, will be treated in a wet-type Rotoclone; and to keep dust moving out instead of into the structure, a slight, internal air pressure will be maintained. Propane gas, also chosen for its cleanliness, will be used in the 150-foot-long baking oven and in heating the plant. Fluorescent lighting gives off 53 foot-candles over working areas and 26 foot-candles in storage areas.

Production — Now interviewing more than 400 job applicants, the company plans to operate around the clock with a crew of 50, including administrative personnel.

Within a short time, the extrusion press on the plant's first line will start turning out electrodes at the rate of 20 per second. When further expansion is warranted, space is available for two more lines.

Great Lakes Steel Gets Write-off

Great Lakes Steel Corp., Ecorse, Mich., received the largest certificate of necessity for rapid tax amortization issued by the Office of Defense Mobilization between Sept. 10 and 23. The certificate is for a $10.8-million expansion of the National Steel Corp. subsidiary's steel sheet, plate and strip facilities; 50 per cent rapid amortization is allowed.

ODM issued certificates for 74 projects amounting to $38.8 million during the period.

Atomic Flight Near?

Lockheed contract reveals pla makers are already at work design study

TOMORROW'S atomic - power airplanes, as big as B-36's, m be able to fly 2 million miles 80 times around the earth witho refueling!

Engineering already under w on planes was disclosed with t announcement that Lockheed A craft Corp., Burbank, Calif., is t third West Coast airplane manufa turer to be awarded an Air Fo contract for preliminary desi study on a nuclear-powered a craft.

The First Two—Other manufa turers at work on atomic-power plane projects are Consolidat Vultee Aircraft Corp., San Dieg Calif., and Boeing Airplane C Seattle. General Electric Co. a Pratt & Whitney Aircraft Divisio United Aircraft Corp., are develo ing atomic power plants for t airplanes.

Lockheed engineers state th atomic-powered airplanes will ne heavy landing gears to support t great weight of atomic pow plants. Wing structures, they sa will be simpler than for curre planes because all fuel will be ca ried in the fuselage.

Power-Packed Pound—Perfor ance of atomic aircraft is a t secret, but it has been estimat that one pound of uranium 2 equivalent to 6 million gallons gasoline, will enable flight for million miles.

Aircraft experts say that atomic airplane will have to larger than the B-36 internatio bomber to carry the weight reactors and lead shields requi to protect crews from radiati They say that airplanes will utili reactors to provide straight thrust rather than to turn prop lers.

Aircraft Goal Continued

The goal to produce 600 m ern transport aircraft for the carrier industry between Jan. 1950, and June 30, 1955, is be continued, Office of Defense M bilization announces.

To date, Defense Air Transpo tion Administration has rec

ended that ODM issue certificates
necessity for rapid tax amortiza-
on covering 367 transports for
e air carrier industry.

rysler Tank Program O.K.'d

A plan by Chrysler Corp. to
retch out tank production at its
elaware plant has been approved
Army ordnance, Robert T.
eller, Chrysler president, an-
ounces.

Tank production was originally
anned to end by April, 1954;
der the new program, continued
eration is assured throughout
e year.

Under the program, a tank mod-
cation depot now under construc-
on in Newark by Chrysler for
e army will be completed and
ed for storage of suppliers' ma-
ine tools. Processing and modi-
ation of tanks, previously
anned for the depot, will be car-
ed out in the tank plant in con-
nction with the stretch-out pro-
ction.

omb-proof Plants Encouraged

Cincinnati Milling Machine Co.,
incinnati, is the first company
the nation to take advantage of
e government's new rapid tax
nortization plan for "protective
onstruction" of new facilities.

Designed to reduce bomb dam-
ge in the event of an attack, the
overnment plan allows 100 per
nt fast tax write-off to all plants
dertaking such construction on
ojects costing $25,000 or more in
area listed by civil defense as
"primary target area."

The Cincinnati firm received the
st grant to erect a $500,000 fa-
lity to produce machine tools,
rthur Flemming, Office of De-
nse Mobilization head, states.
Protective construction" costs
out 20 per cent more than ordi-
ary construction, he reports, "and
uld reduce major damage by
e-third."

In his defense mobilization re-
rt to the President, Mr. Flem-
ing expressed concern over the
ct that 71 per cent of the na-
on's industrial capacity and 54
r cent of its workers are located
50 metropolitan centers of the
untry.

Mobilization: The Base Grows

Industry has kept pace well with mobilization needs, ODM report to President indicates. Coke-producing expansion and stockpiling programs lag slightly

THE NEEDS of the nation's partial mobilization program have largely been met, but industrial expansion, stockpiling of materials and dispersing of defense facilities should continue.

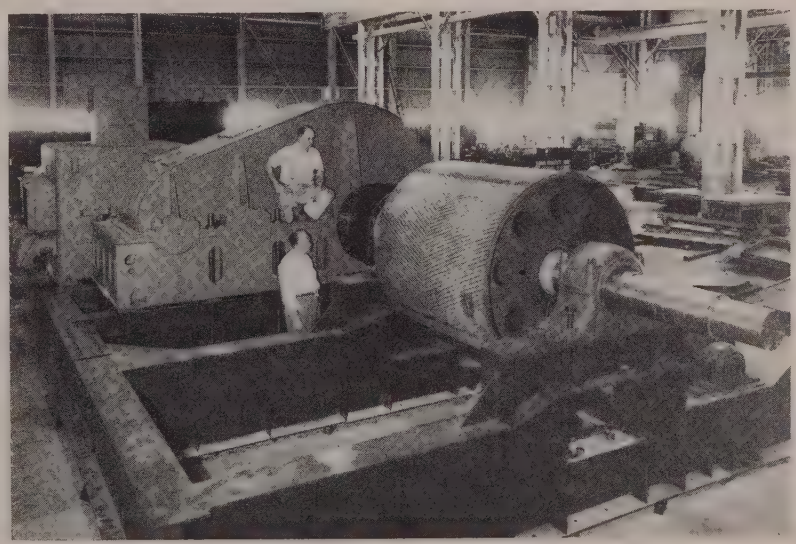
These are the features affecting the metalworking industry outlined in the latest quarterly report on defense mobilization made to President Eisenhower by Arthur S. Flemming, director, Office of Defense Mobilization.

Coke Program Lags — Reports from holders of over 18,000 certificates of necessity for rapid tax amortization show that by the end of 1953 two-thirds of the expansion program should be complete. The steel goal calls for 124.3-million tons annual capacity by 1954, and the expansion has reached about 120 million to date. Domestic primary aluminum capacity goal was set at 1.7 million tons, and capacity is expected to be 1.5 million tons by spring, 1954. Goals not being reached include coke-making facilities. Between 2 and 3-million-tons capacity beyond that presently scheduled will be required to support the blast furnace construction program.

In terms of dollar volume, the nation's stockpiling program is four-fifths complete with $4.2 billion worth of materials on hand and $1.5 billion worth on order. Inventories of 24 of the 76 materials, however, are less than 50 per cent complete and efforts will be made to improve the nation's position with respect to these materials.

Less Vulnerable — Rapid tax amortization is also being used to assist industry to disperse its new facilities and to adopt protective construction rather than ordinary construction.

The ODM program also includes provisions for strengthening the manpower base, measuring the wartime requirements and industrial capacity and working out a system of wage and price stabilization controls which can be adopted quickly in an emergency.



Big Lift for Venezuela

Completely shop-fitted and assembled at the new Link-Belt Co. plant in Colmar, Pa., before shipment to Venezuela, this 1500-hp conveyor drive will become part of an iron ore storage and handling system at Puerto Ordaz. Weighing 58 tons, the drive will power a 60-in. wide inclined belt conveyor having capacity to transport 6700 tons of iron ore per hour from primary crusher to secondary crusher. The assembled drive is about 11 feet high, 19 feet wide and 29 feet long

Windows of Washington

By E. C. KREUTZBERG Washington Ed

Rights of the government to contractors' technical information are due for clarification soon, says H. Struve Hensel, new general counsel of the Defense department

LOOK FOR early finalization of Defense department policy on the government's rights to contractors' technical information.

Following much criticism from contractors, the department undertook a thorough review of the matter in the fall of 1951. Its Patent Policy Review Board came up with a proposed revision of Section IX of the Armed Services Procurement Regulation at the end of 1952, followed by a second proposed revision in June of this year.

Tops the List—This now is in the hands of the department's new general counsel, H. Struve Hensel, who has placed it at the top of his worksheet. Mr. Hensel told STEEL that he is making a thorough investigation of Section IX. He will study not only the second proposed revision, but a summary prepared by the board on 15 issues raised by contractors' organizations and not yet resolved.

Mr. Hensel does not expect to hold hearings; however, he expects to call in selected groups of contractors for conferences.

Two Big Objections—While no forecast of Mr. Hensel's final draft can be made at this time, it is of interest that revisions proposed by the Patent Policy Review Board called for the elimination of the much-criticized "Little d" (Subparagraph d, Section IX-107.1) article. The board found that this article was ambiguous and encouraged one-sided interpretations. Both its proposed revisions replaced "Little d" with more explicit language designed to meet the two principal objections of the contractors: Use of the contractors' drawings by foreign industry under the NATO agreement; use of the contractors' drawings to solicit bids from other companies and thus encourage new competition.

The board recommended three new clauses to replace "Little d." One of these covered "Limited Right To Use Information"—that is, the usual rights to use technical information for instructional, operational or maintenance purposes. Another covered "Unlimited Use of Information" by the government. The third provided for a mixed arrangement to be reached by negotiation.

Fair and Just—While the nature of Mr. Hensel's decision cannot yet be known, he gives the assurance that the interests of contractors will be given fair and just consideration.

Cure for Fast Spending . . .

Budget Director Joseph Dodge has initiated a drastic cure for the custom of government agencies to spend at the close of the fiscal year the remaining funds in their appropriations.

The director has ordered the Treasury department to subtr the amounts of this overspendi from the fiscal 1954 appropriati of these agencies. The total such overspending, as found date, comes to $1 billion.

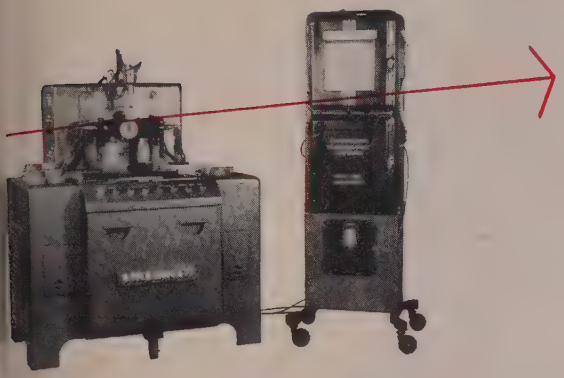
Story of a Holdover . . .

In announcing Secretary K Kay's decision to continue " the present" John J. Forbes as rector, Bureau of Mines, ma newspapers presented this news a capitulation to John L. Lew What actually happened is t Mr. Lewis came to the secret and offered his assistance in termining who should fill the po Mr. Lewis recommended retent of Mr. Forbes. Then came Ha M. Moses, of the Bituminous C Operators Association with a si lar offer of assistance; he likew pumped for keeping Mr. Forb Subsequently Mr. McKay nounced retention of Mr. Forbes Truman holdover, subject to la action that he might deem des able.

United

Reorganizers Organize

As President Eisenhower looks on, Supreme Court Justice Harold Burton ad isters the oath of office to members of the new Federal Commission on Reorganization of the Executive Branch of the Government. Taking the are, left to right, Attorney General Herbert Brownell, Defense Mobilizer Ar Flemming, James Farley, Dean Solomon C. Hollister of Cornell University, Chet Holifield (Rep., Calif.), Sen. John L. McClellan (Dem., Ark.), Sen. He Ferguson (Rep., Mich.), Dean Robert G. Storey of Southern Methodist Unive and chairman of the commission, Herbert Hoover. Hidden in the back row Rep. Clarence J. Brown (Rep., O.), Joseph P. Kennedy and New York ba Sidney A. Mitchell. Headquarters will be in the GAO building in Washin



yesterday

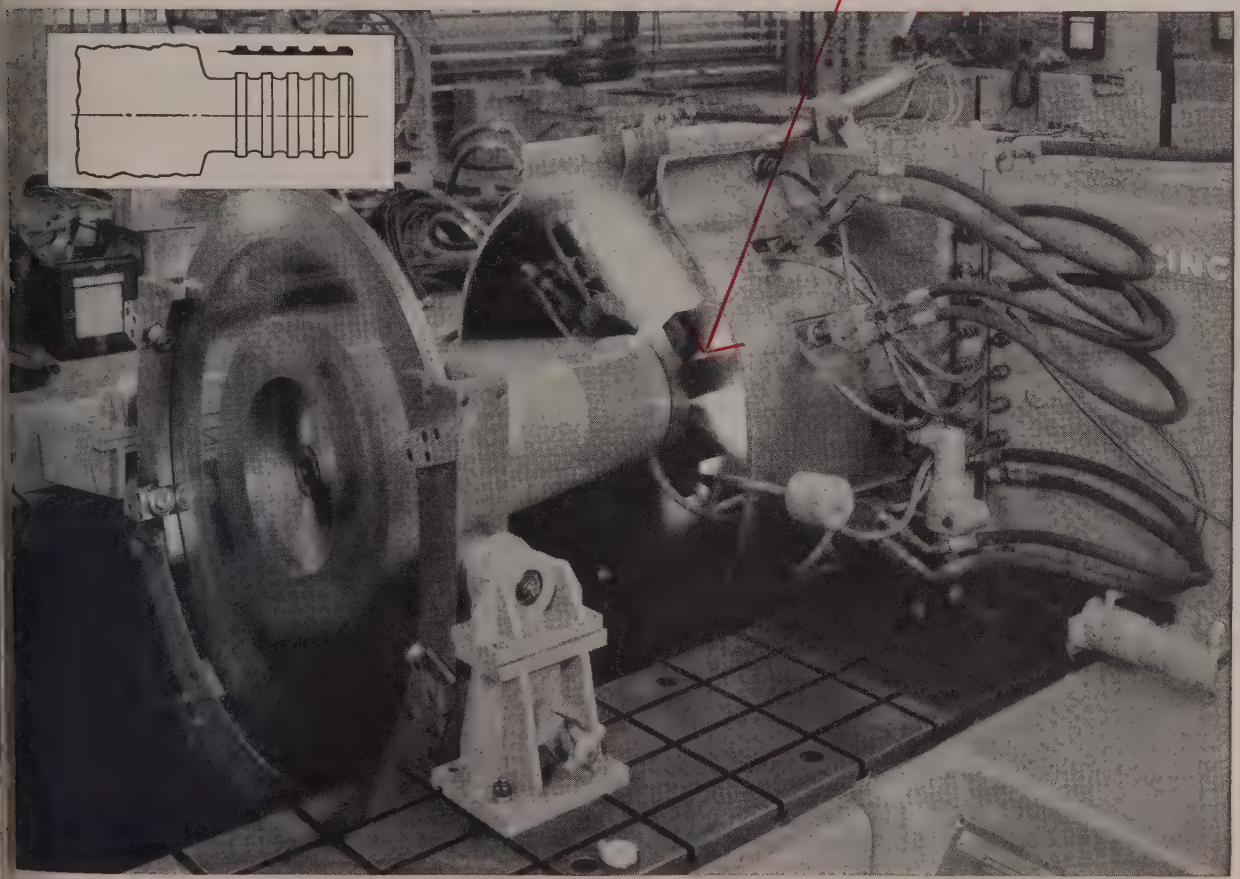
It's a far cry from the working model of the early Cincinnati Flamatic hardening machine shown at left to the "do-the-impossible" machines being run off today in the Flamatic Heat Engineering Laboratory. While the early machine hardened small gears in actual production and (among other things) helped to break a critical bottleneck in production of automatic 90 mm. gun loaders . . .

today

. . . one of Cincinnati's latest Flamatics (below) is hardening ball retention raceways in the assemblies for mounting propeller blades to go on aircraft we can't talk about. Races must be surface hardened to rigid specifications, before bearings are installed in the large assemblies. The work holding fixture by itself is quite a masterpiece. While Flamatics are getting bigger and more versatile, the original principles still apply: concentrate heat, control temperatures and confine hardness.

what's new

in flamatic selective surface hardening



Flamatic's new modern heat engineering lab can handle your heat treat problems from development right through to production. Write for Catalog M-1724.

flamatic

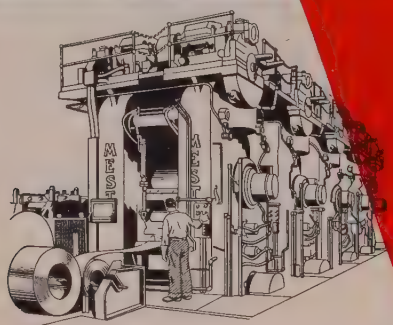
THE CINCINNATI MILLING MACHINE CO.

Cincinnati 9, Ohio, U.S.A. • CINCINNATI

MESTA

HIGH-SPEED CONTINUOUS PICKLING LINES

MESTA 60" CONTINUOUS PICKLING LINE INSTALLED AT THE INDIANA HARBOR WORKS OF THE INLAND STEEL COMPANY

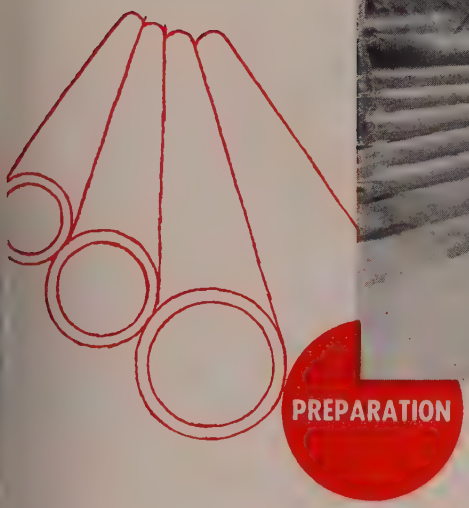


AFTER PICKLING, COILS OF STRIP STEEL ARE COLD ROLLED ON A MESTA HIGH-SPEED TANDEM COLD MILL

Designers and Builders of Complete Steel Plants

MESTA MACHINE COMPANY

Pittsburgh, Pa.



Operators at CF&I's new seamless tube mill use oxyacetylene torches to burn seams, scabs or other defects from surface of tube billets before rounds enter the mill. To assure uniform quality, the metallurgy, dimensions and physicals all must be rigidly controlled

New Seamless Mill

ROLLS INTO ACTION

Ready market in oil fields of the West puts CF&I in position to score with new facilities at Pueblo, Colo. They call it "major step" in growth program

THERE'S a new rumble in the Rockies.

It's not the kind that will bring geologists flocking to the scene, but more than a few steelmen are looking to Pueblo, Colo., where Colorado Fuel & Iron Co. rolled the first seamless tube from its new $30-million mill, latest unit in that company's diversification program.

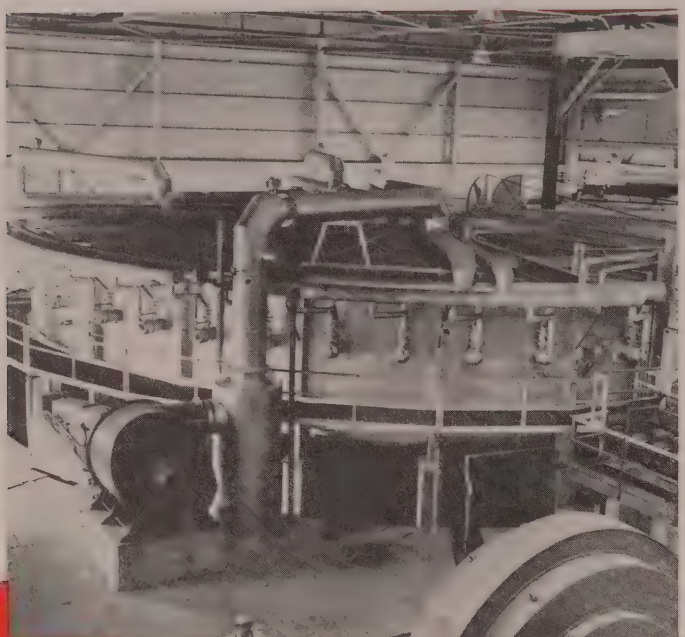
"Completion of this large plant marks an important forward step in the industrial growth of the West," commented Charles Allen Jr., CF&I's chairman of the board. 'Seamless pipe produced here will be readily accessible to the great oil and gas fields of the western states and Canada."

Not Surprising—To anyone familiar with CF&I's corporate history of the past decade, this latest step should not come as a surprise. The company has been systematically broadening its sales base with a host of steel products and, at the same time, expanding and modernizing the facilities for producing those products.

Best way to judge how far the company has progressed on its expansion and diversification program is to go back to 1930. At that time, with one steel plant at Pueblo, about 70 per cent of the output went into rails and fastenings. Since then, that total has dropped to 20 per cent of all company sales despite an increase of production and share of the market.

More Products—First step in broadening product range was the acquiring of five eastern plants of the Wickwire Spencer Steel Division whose products include many types of wire, industrial screens, wire rope, screen cloth, springs, etc. Worth Steel Co. plant at Claymont, Del., added carbon steel plates, stainless-clad plates, flanged and dished heads and large diameter transmission pipe. Alloy plates have been added recently.

With the acquisition of Brooke Iron Co. and Richard Ore Co., a very substantial supply of pig iron for the Claymont operation is assured. The latest pur-



HEATING

This 70-foot rotary furnace is one of the largest ever constructed for American industry. Hearth revolves slowly, carrying rounds past the 60 gas jet burners that heat them to 2300°F for piercing

PIERCING

This machine pulls the solid steel round over the piercer, making heavy-walled shell for rolling operation

chase of all facilities of John A. Roebling's Sons Co. completes CF&I's line of wire products, adding cold rolled strip, electrical wire and cable, bridge construction products, new types of wire rope, strand, cords and assemblies and some new special-purpose wire.

Newest Installation—Coming as it does at a time of peak demand for the product, the new seamless tube mill is, in the opinion of CF&I's president, A. F. Franz, "one of the most important of the company's installations." Big oil drilling programs planned for the next several years will pinch even further the short supply of drill casing and tubing.

Within the 10-acre structure is the last word in seamless mill design. When full production is reached the mill will turn out over 150,000 net tons of seamless pipe per year. To insure sufficient steel for the mill, improvements in the Pueblo open hearth shop have stepped up ingot production over 33 per cent.

Rotary Furnace—Tube production starts in the heatup furnace, a 70-foot rotary hearth unit capable of heating 75 tons of round billets to 2300° F every hour. Carefully controlled, uniform heating of billets is vital to the production of quality seamless; this furnace has an electronic control system which tells the operator the condition of each billet as it travels through.

Billets, some of them weighing as much as 2600 pounds, are automatically loaded into the furnace by a hydraulic charging machine and revolved at a predetermined speed through preheat, intermediate and soaking zones. Billet sizes range from 3 to 8½ inches in diameter, from 4 to 16 feet long.

Piercing—When heated to a high forging temperature, billets are automatically discharged and delivered to the center-punching machine which prepares them for the piercing operation. With the point of the piercing cone remaining stationary, the hot billet is actually rolled and pulled around it to form a cylinder. A 3000-hp motor supplies the power.

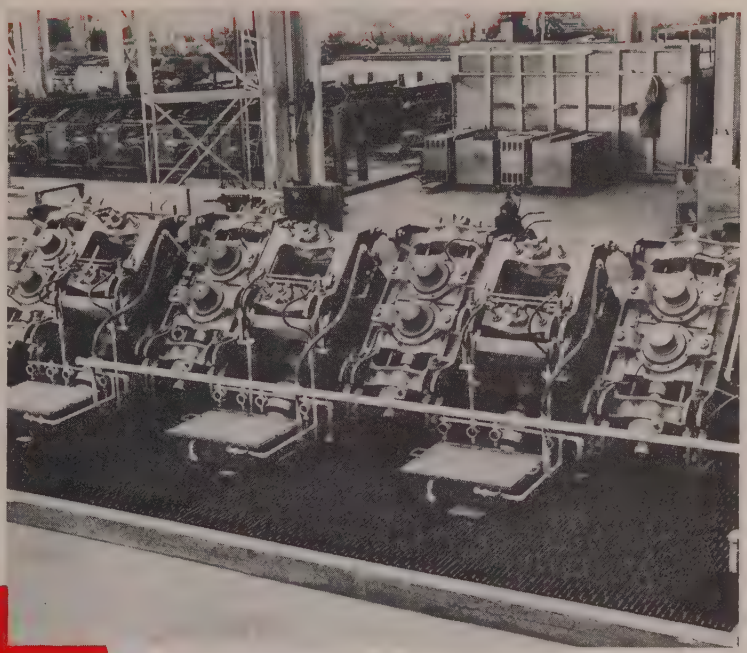
Pueblo shop is equipped with two piercing mills. Object of double piercing is to permit larger OD and lighter wall thickness than is possible with a single mill. When tubes require double piercing, they must be returned to a rectangular reheating furnace before the next operation—rolling.

Another Giant—Machine for this step is a 275-ton mill powered by a 1500-hp motor. Red-hot cylinders are pulled through, supported by a plug mandrel from the inside, and subjected to the action of the pressure rolls on the outside. Shell is thus proportionally lengthened and reduced in diameter to desired dimensions.

Next step is to remove light outside and inside scratches in a reeler. This is done by rolling the shell over a plug, this time one that is slightly larger than the shell's inside diameter. Shell becomes a tube—fairly straight burnished inside and out, and rea

LLING

Hollow shell is forced over rolling mill plug, reducing wall thickness and diameter and lengthening shell



SIZING

This seven-stand sizing mill reduces tube to specified outside diameter. Tubes of 4 inches to 9 inches in diameter pass through this mill; smaller ones are processed by a fourteen-stand reducing mill. Finishing follows

sonably round—when it leaves this operation.

Sizing and Reducing—Modern practice is to roll tube larger and reduce it to specified size since there is a minimum limit on tube size that can be successfully rolled and reeled. A seven-stand sizing mill or a fourteen-stand reducing mill turn out finished tube sizes at CF&I, choice of mill depending on the size of finished tube.

Tubing then is permitted to cool off on a series of beds before it passes onto the finish floor for final processing. This last operation involves straightening, inspecting, cropping ends, upsetting, threading, final inspection, testing and coating. Next stop: The customer.

Speaking of customers, CF&I President Franz discloses that the company already has a backlog of orders for seamless tubing from the new mill and that peak production will be achieved as quickly as possible.

INSPECTION

Metallurgists inspect the first seamless tubing to be shipped from CF&I's new Pueblo mill. Ground was broken on Feb. 18, 1952. Some 10,000 tons of structural steel and 37,000 cubic yards of concrete went into buildings

for Greater Strength with Lighter Weight in modern material handling equipment

The increasing use of the Evans DF Loader reflects the progress of railroads toward more efficient material handling methods.

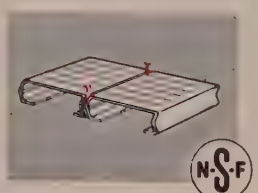
In the DF Loader there is high strength with minimum weight through the use of N-A-X HIGH-TENSILE steel. This low-alloy steel has 50% greater strength than mild carbon steel, with greater resistance to corrosion with either painted or unpainted surfaces.

You can get the same results as Evans. Your product can be made stronger, lighter in weight and longer-lasting, when you specify N-A-X HIGH-TENSILE steel.

N·A·X HIGH-TENSILE STEEL

THE EVANS DF LOADER is a product of Evans Products Co., Plymouth, Mich. DF means Damage-Free, Dunnage-Free.

NAILABLE STEEL FLOORING for boxcars, flatcars and gondolas is made of N-A-X HIGH-TENSILE steel, and is a product of Steel Floor Division, Great Lakes Steel Corporation.



Engineering data on these products available upon request to the manufacturers.

The "Wonder Bar," a section of which is shown at left, is a vital part of the Evans DF Loader. It is a wooden bar reinforced by a Z-bar made of N-A-X HIGH-TENSILE.

The "Wonder Bar," when locked into place, secures all kinds of lading. It is strong enough to resist shifting load stresses in moving boxcars, yet so light that one man can lift it into position. The DF Loader provides real operating economies for both railroads and shippers.

Another modern product for efficient transportation equipment is Nailable Steel Flooring, also made of N-A-X HIGH-TENSILE steel.

GREAT LAKES STEEL CORPORATION

N-A-X Alloy Division — Ecorse, Detroit 29, Mich.

NATIONAL STEEL CORPORATION

By FLOYD G. LAWRENCE *Detroit Editor*

Mirrors of Motordom

It's annual prediction time for automakers as new models come forth. Consensus: "Total 1954 production may drop 10 per cent, but output of our car will buck the trend"

DETROIT

MODEL CHANGEOVER applies as much to the thinking of the automakers as to physical plant revision. As production of 1954 models begins and dealers unceremoniously dump the remaining 1953 stock, advertising and publicity men realize that miraculously the 1954 line is what the world has really been waiting for all along.

New model introduction is manifestly the start of the new year for the auto companies. With the glint of broad new vistas in their eyes, otherwise sober sales executives come forth with predictions about each new model in their line, the auto industry, the economy in general and the U. N.'s course.

Good Hearing—Because these men are associated with the largest manufacturing industry in the nation, their opinions are listened to carefully. Perhaps they are listened to more carefully than they were formed.

The auto companies employ large research staffs. These staffs assess such variables as consumer credit levels, dealer stocks and so on up to 5000 individual items in some cases. Each of these items is important and has a bearing on the matter, but each must be weighted according to its relative significance.

The Way of Weighting—Weighting is the first bit of skulduggery in the science, for not only does opinion vary greatly on what is the appropriate weighting for a given factor, but also the weighting can change suddenly and radically. And when all of the factors have been properly assessed, the resultant configuration of the economy is something which has never precisely existed before.

The configuration, which is new, is then viewed in terms of models which are new and translated by a method verging on the occult into active market demand. It all adds up to an interesting but questionable mixture of how many people *can* vs. how many people *will* buy new cars in 1954. And the whole deal is haunted by the specter of consumer psychology which can go blooey overnight.

Off the Cuff—Enter the final bit of unreliability. In the face of all this and the fact that each auto company jealously guards its formula with the explicable shortcomings, the sales manager often just makes up a figure right smack dab out of his head which will: A. confuse his competitors, and B. help sustain the optimism of the buying public in the economy.

Estimates of passenger car production ranging from 5 to 6 million units have already been published. It is possible that this estimated drop of 10 to 20 per cent in auto production next year is correct. On the other hand, it can be just as incorrect as were the pessimistic estimates in 1949 prior to the 1950 record 6.6 million output.

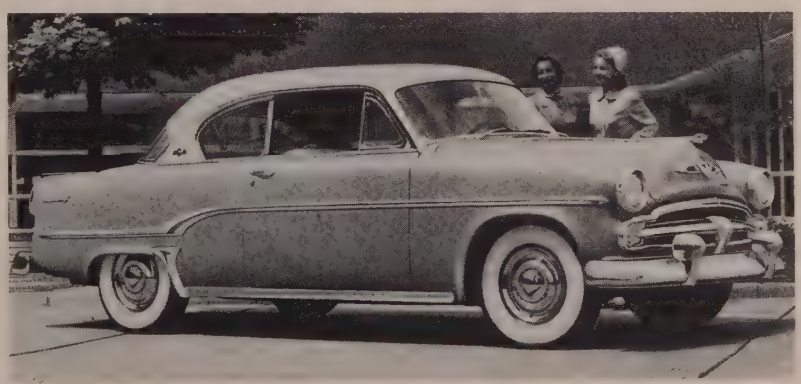
Yes and No—A good case can be made for increased auto sales in 1954 though no one has yet troubled to do so. The cut in personal income tax could pose an as yet incalculable sales stimulant. Any increase in government spending due to changing conditions in unstable Korea could increase consumer confidence. And the increase in sales effort planned by many firms can do much to bring the hesitant to the cash register.

The automakers' predictions of 1954 output make interesting reading and cater to a desire to fathom the future. But the automakers making those statements are at the same time carefully bolstering their sales organizations and examining cost schedules to be sure their position will be competitive. Their action should speak more loudly to industry than their words.

New Dodging Dodges

The Dodge was an extremely swift scooter in 1953, but the 1954 jobs, which just finished hanging up 196 new AAA stock car records including a top speed of 108.36 mph at Bonneville, bid fair to top the crop.

Though the exteriors have been only excitingly facelifted, the interiors are all new color-matched outfits that glisten like a new drive-in. The Red Ram V-8 now has 150 hp available on Coronet



Dodge Introduces a Sporty Coupe

Identification changes are plentiful on the 1954 Dodge cars, but basically the new models remain about the same as this year's. Grille, tail lights, headlights, wheel covers and side molding are restyled. The Royal V-8 hardtop sport coupe, above, has fully-automatic transmission, Red Ram engine stepped up to 150 horsepower and power steering. First public showing was Oct. 8

Sniffing Out Secrets

Ford Motor Co. engineers learn fuel distribution secrets from special valves inserted in engine sparkplug holes to sample exhaust gases

and Royal models. The Red Ram with only 140 hp is now available on Meadowbrook models, while the Get-away Six has been hiked to 110 hp and is available on Meadowbrooks and Coronets.

But perhaps the most notable performance feature of the 1954 Dodges is the addition of Powerflite transmission available on the Coronet and Royal models. Coupled with the Red Ram which had trouble getting a foothold on the Gyromatic and Gyro-torque units, Powerflite offers a high degree of performance while retaining a high degree of smoothness as well.

A brief test drive in this new combination, together with new power steering and the intelligent 16-to-1 steering ratio utilized with the device, indicates that the Dodge transformation of character begun last year is complete. The 1954 Dodge should prove to be one of the hottest things on the road, and conceivably the regular clergyman's discount will now be extended to stock car pilots as well.

The MG Gets Styling

Word arrives this week that a new MG, model TF, will be arriving on the scene early next year. The degree of difference is comparable to that in the transformation of the TC to the TD in 1950 and in the same direction of further streamlining.

The front fenders extend relatively straight across to the sides of the hood rather than curving down to the chassis. The headlights, similar in shape to those of the Jaguar, are mounted on this new expanse of fender. The grill is nearer the front bumper curving back though retaining approximately the same rectangular outline, while the sides of the hood no longer open due to the fender redesign. Instead the tops of the hood open with push buttons.

Rear fenders on the MG TF extend back further than those on the TD and the side silhouette of the car is somewhat similar to the SS-100 Jaguar. Displacement of the engine remains at 1250 cc.

Interiors will feature two individual bucket seats, a new centrally located instrument group similar to that of the Jaguar.

Coming as it does on the heels of the announced price cuts by Jaguar running up to $889 on the XK-120 roadster and the impending introduction of the Austin-Healy in quantity, the implications are that the British motor makers are in a bit of a dither over the American market. With foreign car sales up 19 per cent thus far over 1952, at 19,079, and MG leading the field, the Abingdon-On-Thames group is throwing in style to strengthen its lead. Now if they'd just give us some performance.

To Amaze Your Friends

Some highly interesting items of information with which you may wish to amaze your friends are included in the new Automobile Manufacturers Association booklet, *Automobile Facts and Figures.*

Among them are the following:

American cars, trucks and busses are traveling more than half a trillion miles a year, with about 28 per cent of the vehicles built 11 years or more ago.

This year motor vehicle registrations will reach an estimated 54.7 million in the U. S.

About one in 36 passenger cars were prewar models in 1952 compared to only about one in eight motor vehicles in the 10-years-or-older class in 1941.

Taxes took 29 cents out of the auto sales dollar in 1952 compared with 14 cents in 1939.

More than 75 per cent of the world's passenger cars are in the U. S., sufficient to carry our entire population at one time and still have enough room left over for the population of Italy.

The wholesale value of motor vehicles built in the U. S. last year was $8.7 billion. Replacement parts and accessories had a value of more than $2 billion and automotive retailer sales totaled $38 billion.

Auto, Truck Output

U. S. and Canada

	1953	1952
January	612,815	424,559
February	623,793	464,577
March	752,474	525,024
April	782,453	570,464
May	685,390	542,559
June	713,206	542,479
July	757,595	226,134
August	641,242	322,755
September		595,715
October		656,767
November		548,782
December		569,715
Total		5,989,509

Week Ended	1953	1952
Sept. 5	132,574	111,095
Sept. 12	122,863	137,295
Sept. 19	146,912	147,748
Sept. 26	140,953	141,228
Oct. 3	140,138	143,234
Oct. 10	141,000*	138,035

Source: Ward's Automotive Reports.
*Estimated by STEEL

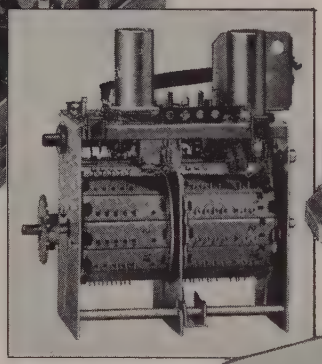
Exhaust Notes

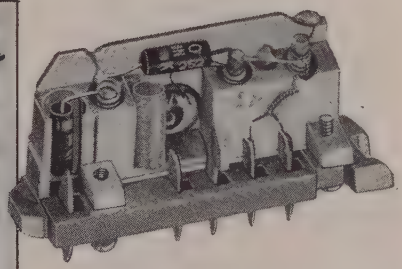
Powerflite transmission production is now reported at 700 units per day at Chrysler's Indianapolis plant.

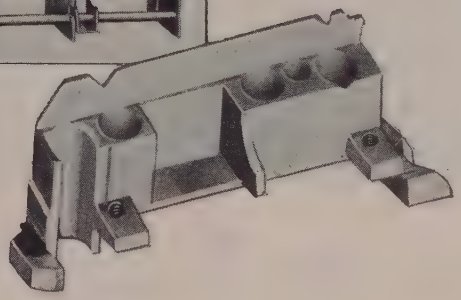
Volkswagen, German auto firm, recently eyed the possibility of building a plant in Canada. Officials concluded it is cheaper to deliver the assembled car, including 17 per cent import duty, than to build the plant, and the plan was abandoned.

Packard production of 1953 models is nearing completion with an output increase of approximately 50 per cent over 1952 output. New models will go into production when tooling, delayed by a Detroit strike, is completed. Public display is scheduled for January.

...for clues to get the mo$t for your Zinc Die Ca$ting Dollar!



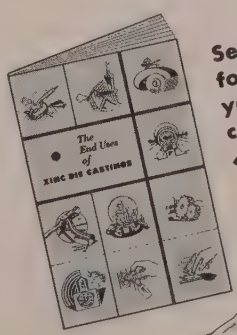




The biggest savings achieved by the die casting process are not always found in the biggest castings. At the right you see a ZINC Die Casting measuring only 2⅛ inches long but embodying king-sized economies. Die casting is the only economically feasible method of producing this part in one piece, *and ZINC is the best-suited metal.* It is a tuner strip frame used in converting existing Zenith TV Turret Tuners from VHF (very high frequency) to UHF (ultra-high frequency). A separate strip is used for each channel.

Only two simple reaming and tapping operations are required to prepare this complex ZINC Die Casting for assembly. The die caster, working closely with Zenith engineers, incorporated in the casting all of the openings, recesses and holes required for the assembly of the delicate "innards" of the tuner strip.* The design is one which calls for irregular distribution of metal from feather edges to heavy mounting sections—all with extremely close tolerances. *The unusual castability of ZINC alloy makes this the preferred metal for such die casting applications.*

Many other current examples of die casting economies can be found in our new booklet "The End Uses of Zinc Die Castings." Ask us—or any commercial die casting company—for a copy.



Send for your copy

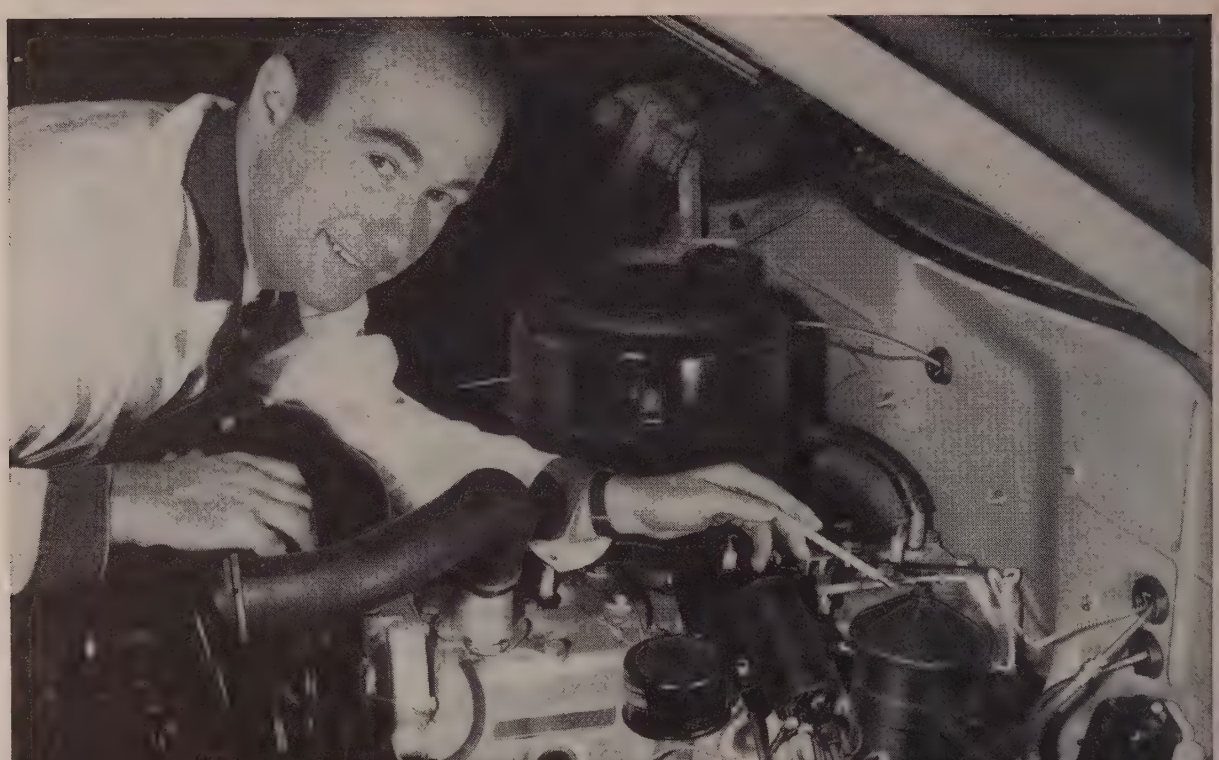
** The casting is silver plated to facilitate the soldering of the many wires used in the assembly.*

The New Jersey Zinc Company
160 Front St., New York 38, N. Y.

ZINC
FOR DIE CASTING ALLOYS

The Research was done, the Alloys were developed, and most Die Castings are based on

HORSE HEAD SPECIAL (99.99 + % Uniform Quality) ZINC



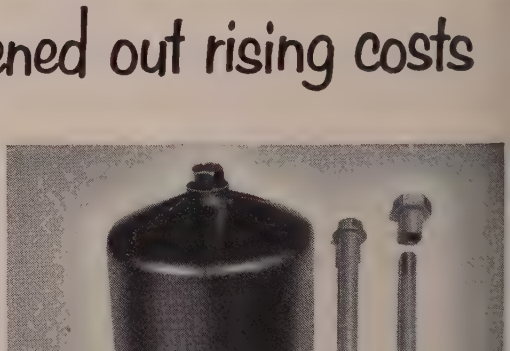
Here's where Purolator screened out rising costs

● Purolator makes oil filters for a prominent auto maker. They're top-notch filters that do a tough job well. Purolator and the car manufacturer are both proud of them.

Not long ago an RB&W "fastener engineer" got loose in the Purolator plant—just when company production executives were looking for a way to lick rising costs. He noticed that the Purolator filter was being assembled with a two-piece fastener made slowly and laboriously on a screw machine.

Our man told the Purolator people about RB&W's batteries of cold-forming machines. Purolator wanted to know more. Now their filter is assembled with a one-piece RB&W fastener that costs far less to make and assemble.

Chances are you can find a stage in your operations where RB&W "fastener engineering" can help you keep costs in line. As a leading manufacturer of all kinds of fasteners, we're always able to recommend and supply the right ones for all your needs. Write RUSSELL, BURDSALL & WARD BOLT AND NUT COMPANY, Port Chester, N. Y.



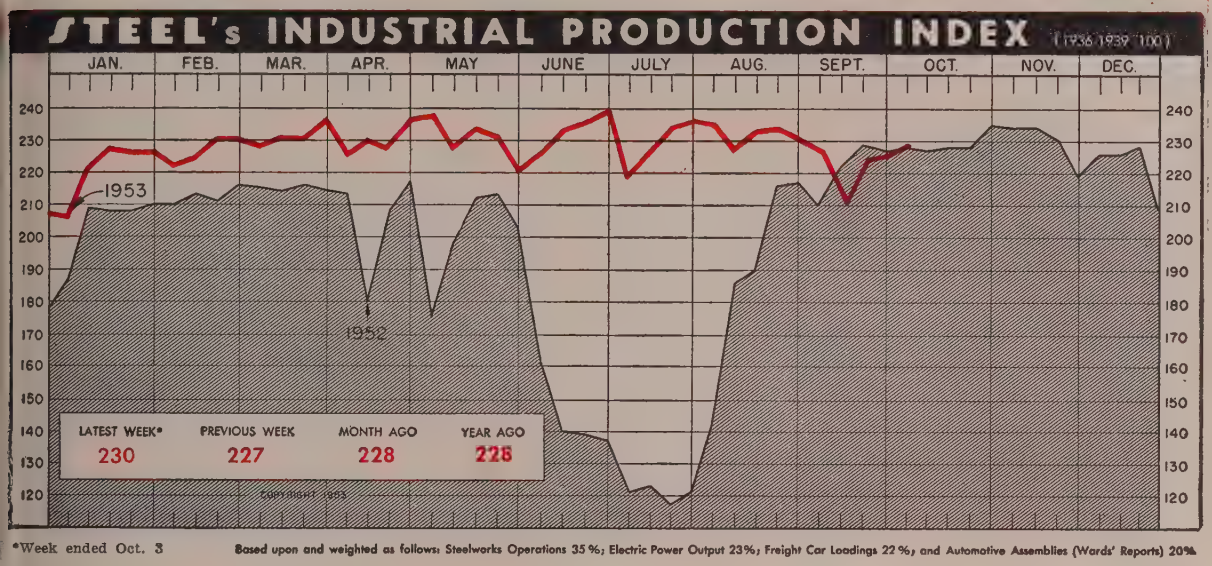
EASIER, FASTER ASSEMBLY undercut high costs when Purolator switched from a two-piece fastener *(right)* to an RB&W-designed cold-formed fastener *(left)* for its famous oil filter.

RB&W

108 YEARS MAKING STRONG THE THINGS THAT MAKE AMERICA STRONG

Plants at: PORT CHESTER, N. Y., CORAOPOLIS, PA., ROCK FALLS, ILL., LOS ANGELES, CALIF. *Additional sales offices at:* PHILADELPHIA, PITTSBURGH, DETROIT, CHICAGO, DALLAS, SAN FRANCISCO. *Sales agents at:* PORTLAND, SEATTLE. *Distributors from coast to coast.*

The Business Trend


STEEL's INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION INDEX (1936-1939 100)
JAN. FEB. MAR. APR. MAY JUNE JULY AUG. SEPT. OCT. NOV. DEC.
240 230 220 210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120
1953
1952
LATEST WEEK* 230
PREVIOUS WEEK 227
MONTH AGO 228
YEAR AGO 226
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*Week ended Oct. 3

Based upon and weighted as follows: Steelworks Operations 35%; Electric Power Output 23%; Freight Car Loadings 22%; and Automotive Assemblies (Wards' Reports) 20%

The slight slowdown in business is being met in a healthy manner. No one's getting hysterical. Nearly everyone welcomes the respite from a hectic pace

THERE'S an encouraging and wholesome air about the way people are meeting the mild slowdown in business. They're keeping their shirts on, so to speak. If they keep them on they won't lose them.

The slowdown, being only moderate, is not being looked upon hysterically. It was not unexpected, and it generally is welcomed as relief from a hectic pace.

Even with the slowdown, business and industry are at a good level. Almost everyone—businessmen and the government—is on the alert to take measures to prevent any sudden and drastic plunge in business and industrial activity. Business and industry are intensifying their sales efforts, and the government, in its flexible money policy, is maneuvering interest rates downward to encourage business to borrow what money it needs to keep things spinning.

As long as everyone's trying to do something about business instead of just talking about it, there's reason for confidence.

Production Rate High . . .

Reflecting the high level at which industrial activity is rolling along, STEEL's industrial production index in the week ended Oct. 3 registered a preliminary 230 per cent of the 1936-1939 average. This is 11 points below the all-time high set at the end of June but is 2 or 3 points above what prevailed in the last month and a year ago.

The lower level of industrial activity in September, compared with August, is mirrored by the Federal Reserve Board's industrial production index, which for September is estimated at 234 per cent of the 1935-1939 average, compared with August's 236 per cent. The decline in September results mainly from an easing in some durable goods industries.

Expansion Planned . . .

While indicators show a general tightening-up, business is still very good, says the business survey committee of the Purchasing Agents Association of Chicago. Reflecting continued confidence in the future, 35 per cent of the companies surveyed plan to expand their fixed investment and production equipment early in 1954. Sixty-one per cent feel that fixed investment will remain unchanged. Only 4 per cent reported that their purchasing plans point to a reduction in plant and equipment.

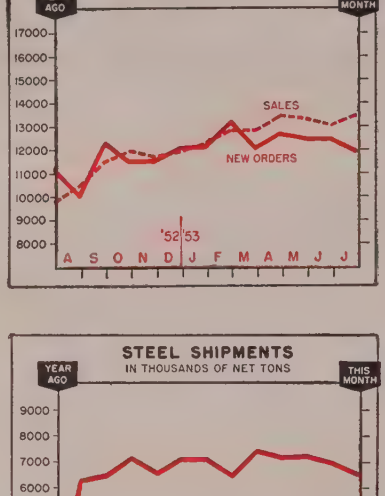
Steel Output Stays High . . .

One of the big wheels in the present level of industrial production is steel output. It is running along at around 95 per cent of capacity. While that is not as high as it was earlier in the year when capacity operations were common it is an excellent performance, considering that the steel industry's capacity is larger now than at the start of the year.

The American Iron & Steel Institute points out that more steel is made now in a week at 95 per cent of the national steelmaking capacity (as rated at the start of this year) than when the rate was 100 per cent of capacity as rated at the beginning of 1952.

While the weekly figure showing the per cent of capacity operated is widely watched as an economic barometer, the figures showing the tons of steel made are most important, the institute asserts. Now, at only 88 per cent of capacity, more steel can be made than in the most active week of 1950 when steelmaking furnaces were operated at 100 per cent of that year's capacity, the institute points out.

Output in the week ended Oct. 10 was expected to be about the same as in the preceding week—2,132,-

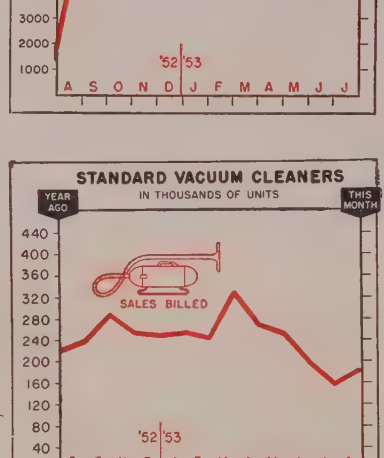


Durable Goods Orders, Sales

In Millions of Dollars*

	New Orders 1953	New Orders 1952	Sales 1953	Sales 1952
Jan.	12,080	11,142	12,195	10,861
Feb.	13,138	11,519	12,828	11,352
Mar.	12,023	12,171	12,821	10,632
Apr.	12,621	12,443	13,490	11,310
May	12,444	10,956	13,238	11,328
June	12,456	13,138	13,046	10,060
July	11,921	11,140	13,448	9,777
Aug.	.....	9,998	.....	10,437
Sept.	.....	12,328	.....	11,510
Oct.	.....	11,452	.....	11,968
Nov.	.....	11,441	.....	11,676
Dec.	.....	12,011	.....	11,913

*Seasonally adjusted. U. S. Bureau of Business Economics

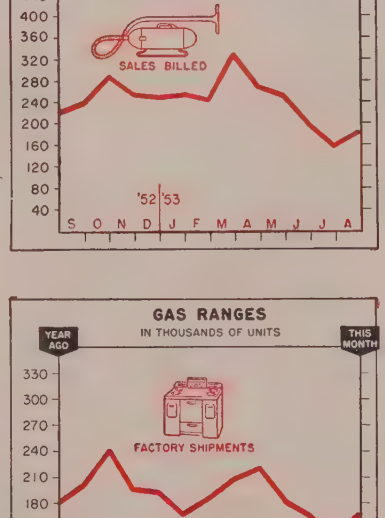


Steel Shipments

Net Tons

	1953	1952	1951
Jan.	7,067,636	6,589,193	6,904,688
Feb.	6,533,227	6,358,293	5,776,229
Mar.	7,436,919	6,890,391	7,105,078
Apr.	7,162,460	5,922,173	6,634,510
May	7,209,396	5,947,450	6,938,708
June	6,950,059	1,250,243	6,645,897
July	6,582,513	1,413,672	5,988,574
Aug.	.....	6,312,118	6,755,589
Sept.	.....	6,542,147	6,207,491
Oct.	.....	7,155,611	6,844,093
Nov.	.....	6,647,725	6,509,048
Dec.	.....	7,105,382	6,411,105

American Iron & Steel Institute



Standard Vacuum Cleaners

Sales Billed—Units

	1953	1952	1951
Jan.	255,886	223,357	282,305
Feb.	246,007	230,226	261,572
Mar.	329,294	290,092	290,242
Apr.	268,548	217,169	227,216
May	252,404	216,969	201,983
June	197,506	206,939	194,548
July	159,446	188,715	161,002
Aug.	185,029	222,413	191,299
Sept.	.....	237,541	210,086
Oct.	.....	292,474	259,469
Nov.	.....	254,297	219,919
Dec.	.....	249,032	230,263
Total	.....	2,841,803	2,729,104

Vacuum Cleaner Mfrs. Assn.

Gas Ranges

Shipments in Units

	1953	1952	1951
Jan.	169,200	166,100	260,600
Feb.	185,900	166,200	254,000
Mar.	208,200	185,200	289,800
Apr.	220,300	182,300	225,000
May	181,000	162,800	177,800
June	160,600	175,700	128,500
July	137,700	154,200	116,400
Aug.	168,500	178,600	168,100
Sept.	.....	199,600	183,600
Oct.	.....	239,700	210,900
Nov.	.....	186,400	192,200
Dec.	.....	178,600	149,500
Total	.....	2,175,400	2,356,400

Gas Appliance Mfrs. Assn.

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Issue Dates on other FACTS and FIGURES Published by STEEL

Construction .....Oct. 5	Gray Iron Castings..Sept. 7	Radio, TV .....Aug. 31
Employ., Metalwk. Sept. 28	Indus. Production..Sept. 14	Ranges, Elec. .....Oct. 5
Employ., Steel ....Aug. 31	Ironers .....Sept. 21	Refrigerators .....Oct. 5
Fab. Struc. Steel...Sept. 21	Machine Tools .....Oct. 5	Steel Castings .....July 20
Foundry Equip. ...Sept. 14	Malleable Castings.Sept. 7	Steel Forgings .....July 20
Freight Cars .....Aug. 24	Prices, Consumer..Sept. 28	Wages, Metalwk. ..Sept. 28
Furnaces, Indus. ..Sept. 14	Prices, Wholesale..Sept. 28	Washers .....Sept. 21
Gears .....Sept. 21	Pumps .....Aug. 24	Water Heaters ....Sept. 14

000 net tons of steel for ingots and castings.

Aware that demand for steel is abating, the steel industry is girding itself for intensified competition. A number of the steel producers proclaimed publicly that when necessary and desirable to get business they will pay some of the costs of delivering steel to the buyer, instead of leaving the buyer to pay all the freight.

Autos Roll Along . . .

Another big wheel in the industrial machine today is the automotive industry. While its output is not as high as it was earlier in the year it still is at respectable levels.

In the week ended Oct. 3, production of passenger cars and trucks in the U. S. and Canada totaled a preliminary 140,138 units, says *Ward's Automotive Reports*. Revised total for the preceding week was 140,953. Including Canadian output, 6,234,621 passenger cars and trucks had been built this year through Oct. 3, compared with only 4,287,655 units in the comparable period of last year, which was hurt by the steel strike.

Output of passenger autos in October is projected at 14 per cent over the September rate.

Electrified . . .

The good pace of industry and the trend toward increased use of electricity is keeping the output of electrical energy 8 or 9 per cent above comparable year-ago levels.

Standing out because of increases in electricity consumption is the southeast district of the nation. Since early in the summer that district's use of electricity has been 20 per cent over year-ago levels.

Watch Retail Sales . . .

As long as retail sales remain high there'll be a good level of activity clear back into the factories, for two-thirds of all expenditures are for personal consumption. In 1952 when the gross national product was $348 billion personal consumption expenditure accounted for $218.1 billion of it.

Department store sales—one indicator of retail sales as a whole—

BAROMETERS OF BUSINESS

	LATEST PERIOD	PRIOR WEEK	YEAR AGO
INDUSTRY			
Steel Ingot Output (per cent of capacity)[2]	95.0	94.5	103.5
Electric Power Distributed (million kwhr)	8,414	8,354	7,665
Bitum. Coal Output (daily av.—1000 tons)	1,604	1,611	1,672
Petroleum Production (daily av.—1000 bbl)	6,478[1]	6,486	6,514
Construction Volume (ENR—millions)	$382.6	$341.2	$234.3
Automobile, Truck Output (Ward's—units)	140,138	140,953	143,234
TRADE			
Freight Car Loadings (unit—1000 cars)	824[1]	820	852
Business Failures (Dun & Bradstreet, no.)	189	152	129
Currency in Circulation (millions)[3]	$30,271	$30,210	$29,417
Dept. Store Sales (changes from year ago)[3]	+3%	+6%	+5%
FINANCE			
Bank Clearings (Dun & Bradstreet, millions)	$18,081	$19,784	$17,279
Federal Gross Debt (billions)	$272.9	$272.4	$262.4
Bond Volume, NYSE (millions)	$13.3	$12.5	$16.1
Stocks Sales, NYSE (thousands of shares)	5,106	5,538	5,178
Loans and Investments (billions)[4]	$78.9	$79.5	$75.5
U. S. Gov't. Obligations Held (billions)[4]	$31.4	$31.6	$31.7
PRICES			
STEEL's Finished Steel Price Index[5]	189.38	189.38	181.31
STEEL's Nonferrous Metal Price Index[6]	204.8	204.3	221.0
All Commodities[7]	110.6	110.7	111.8
Commodities Other Than Farm & Foods[7]	114.6	114.6	113.2

*Dates on request. [1]Preliminary. [2]Weekly capacities, net tons: 1953, 2,254,459; 1952, 2,077,040. [3]Federal Reserve Board. [4]Member banks, Federal Reserve System. [5]1935-1939=100. [6]1936-1939=100. [7]Bureau of Labor Statistics Index, 1947-1949=100.

were good enough in the week ended Sept. 26 to exceed the dollar volume of the comparable week of last year by 3 per cent. In the four weeks ended Sept. 26, department store sales were unchanged in dollar volume from the corresponding period of 1952. However, sales this year through Sept. 26 exceeded those of the same period of last year by 3 per cent.

Personal Income Declines . . .

Although retail sales were at a pretty good level in September, it's a safe conclusion that consumers had less to spend than in August.

Personal income in August was at an annual rate of $287 billion, half a billion less than in July. And because industrial activity in September was not as brisk as it was in August, personal income undoubtedly declined.

In August, private industry payrolls, at an annual rate of $167 billion, were about a half a billion lower than in July. This decline was largely in durable goods.

Workweek Levels Off . . .

Putting the brakes on personal income is a tendency toward fewer hours in the factory workweek. Where there's ordinarily a seasonal increase in the factory workweek between July and August there was none this year, the U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reports. The August workweek in manufacturing this year was 40.5 hours.

Consumer Credit Rises . . .

With sales running pretty high and workweeks leveling off it's not surprising that consumer installment credit in August rose $217 million over the preceding month. At the end of August, total consumer credit was $27,434 million, the Federal Reserve Board says. Most of the increase was in loans for automobiles.

Trends Fore and Aft . . .

Launching of new businesses dropped sharply in August to 7487 from July's 8703 . . . August production of radio and television sets (603,760 TVs and 991,637 radios) was at the highest level for that month since 1950 . . . Shipments of gas-fired central heating equipment in August totaled 81,000 units, 2.2 per cent less than in the corresponding month of last year . . . Freight car loadings in the fourth quarter of 1953 are expected to be on about the same level as in the comparable period of 1952.

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L&I Chucking Reamers in both Wire Gage and Letter Sizes are now STANDARD in long as well as short lengths. Other L&I exclusives include Dowel Pin Reamers, Right Hand Spiral Flute Reamers in Wire Gage Sizes. Complete line of sets, too. L&I King Size Reamers means King Size Production.

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Sunoco Emulsifying Cutting Oil — For general-purpose cutting and grinding. This product is more widely used in metal-working plants than any similar oil. It has high emulsion stability and cooling efficiency, excellent lubricating and rustproofing characteristics. Those features, plus low initial cost, make S.E.C.O. ideal for a wide range of machining, grinding and rolling operations on both ferrous and nonferrous metals.

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INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS DEPARTMENT
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SUNOCO®

Men of Industry

ERNST F. KLESSIG
. . . Airway Products engineering dir.

DONALD J. SHAUGHNESSY
. . . new post at Pittsburgh Steel

WILLIAM M. FRAME
. . . National Tube's research dir.

Airway Products Inc., Pontiac, Mich., appointed **Ernst F. Klessig** director of engineering. For the last 17 years he has been with Vickers Inc. where he was executive design engineer.

Harry P. Troendly was elected president of the Spring Division, **Borg-Warner Corp.**, Chicago. Since founding of the division 13 years ago he has been vice president and general manager. He now succeeds **David E. Gamble**, retired. New vice presidents are **M. O. Gillett**, factory manager, and **Arthur J. Welch**, sales manager, Spring Division. **James Niblick**, previously office manager and assistant comptroller, was named assistant secretary, assistant treasurer and comptroller.

John S. Carr was made manager of pump sales for **American Manganese Steel Division**, American Brake Shoe Co., New York. He will be located at the Amsco plant in Chicago Heights, Ill. Formerly a sales engineer, he has been with the company since 1949.

E. W. Bliss Co., Canton, O., announces **Howard K. Segerlind** has joined its can machinery sales office in New York. He formerly served Bliss for six years as an engineer specializing in can machinery.

Donald J. Shaughnessy fills the newly created position of administrative assistant-production and scheduling at the Monessen and Allenport, Pa., Works of **Pittsburgh Steel Co.** He was works accountant at Monessen and is succeeded by **A. J. Lammay**, former assistant to the works accountant. **Clarence M. Feehan** was promoted to assistant superintendent of the Monessen open-hearth department.

Responsibilities of **Lewis M. Parsons**, vice president, **United States Steel Corp.**, at Washington, are extended to include the Philadelphia area. He will maintain offices in both cities.

David S. Gibson was appointed general manager of purchases for **Worthington Corp.** and its two subsidiaries, Electric Mfg. Co., Minneapolis, and Wintroath Pumps Inc., Alhambra, Calif.

Clearing Machine Corp. established sales headquarters in Lansing, Mich., with **George Herrick** in charge.

Harold G. Haines has become affiliated with **Woodruff & Edwards Co.**, Elgin, Ill., as metallurgist. For the last seven years he served in a similar capacity with the Semisteel Division, Howard Foundry Co.

William M. Frame was appointed director of research and technology for **National Tube Division**, U. S. Steel Corp., Pittsburgh. He succeeds **O. P. Adams**, retired. Since joining the division in 1952, Mr. Frame has been executive assistant, operating department.

E. B. Tilton, former president and treasurer, Vilter Mfg. Co., was elected chairman and chief executive officer of **Nuclear Instrument & Chemical Corp.**, Chicago.

Laube Steel Co. appointed **Louis E. McIntosh** district manager in the Dayton, O., area where the firm has opened a new sales and engineering office. **Lou J. Roubeck** is assistant district manager.

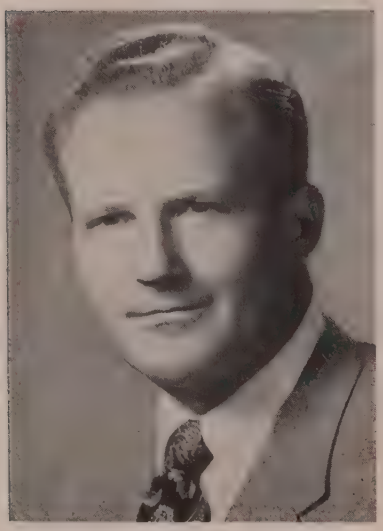
Galen W. Ewing joined **Central Scientific Co.'s** research and engineering division as a research chemist in the field of instrumentation for chemistry. He will be located at Chicago.

William F. Lange was promoted to the newly established position of assistant chief engineer for **Peabody Engineering Corp.**, New York.

Leroy V. Stewart was made general chief clerk of **Youngstown Sheet & Tube Co.'s** strip and tin accounting department, and **Leo R. Bielecky** was advanced from as-

RALPH J. WIETHORN
. . . sales office mgr., Harbison-Walker

A. A. FOMILYANT
. . . Rockwell's Macnick Div. gen. mgr.



R. M. STOTSENBURG
. . . sales mgr., Fielden Instrument Div.

sistant to general chief clerk in the invoice and freight division, accounting department, both positions at East Chicago, Ind. **Steve Cidylo** becomes chief draftsman for the Chicago district plants.

Harbison-Walker Refractories Co., Pittsburgh, appointed **Ralph J. Wiethorn** as manager, Pittsburgh general sales office. Mr. Wiethorn, who recently celebrated his fortieth year with the company, has filled a number of positions in the organization.

Guy W. Vaughan was elected a director of **John Chatillon & Sons**, New York. He is former chairman of Curtiss-Wright Corp. and Wright Aeronautical Corp.

Rose Co., steel fabricator, Milwaukee, named **Anton Kollentz Jr.** secretary and a director and **Anthony Petushek** treasurer and a director.

A. A. Fomilyant, Los Angeles district manager of **Rockwell Mfg. Co.'s** meter and valve division, was named general manager of the company's Macnick Division at Tulsa, Okla. He succeeds **W. M. Connor**, who will supervise sales and production liaison between the division's national headquarters at Pittsburgh and divisional plants and field offices. **E. M. Cloran**, western regional supervisor of gas products sales, succeeds Mr. Fomilyant.

E. F. Hauserman Co. appointed **Howard A. Stowe** sales representative in the Milwaukee area.

R. M. Stotsenburg was made sales manager, **Fielden Instrument Division**, Robertshaw-Fulton Controls Co., Philadelphia. Prior to joining Fielden, Mr. Stotsenburg was with RCA Victor Division, Camden, N. J., for ten years.

Harry J. Scott joined **Pesco Products Division**, Borg-Warner Corp., at Bedford, O., as a sales engineer specializing in automotive hydraulic steering applications. He was with the Saginaw, Mich., steering division of General Motors Corp.

J. J. Siefen Co., Detroit, elected **John F. Siefen** president.

Roger T. Kelly was named labor relations manager of the Peoria, Ill., plant of **Caterpillar Tractor Co.** He is succeeded as employee relations manager at Trackson Co., Milwaukee subsidiary, by **Robert L. Sutton.**

American Wheelabrator & Equipment Corp. appointed **Leroy J. Wieschaus** district manager of its Birmingham sales office, recently opened.

A. G. Darling, an industrial power engineer with **General Electric Co.**, Schenectady, N. Y., retired after 42 years' service with the company.

David W. R. Morgan, vice president of **Westinghouse Electric Corp.** and general manager of its South Philadelphia plant since 1946, was appointed to the headquarters staff of John K. Hodnette, vice president in charge of all company industrial products divisions. Mr. Morgan will have headquarters in Pittsburgh.

Appointments at **Westinghouse Electric Corp.** include **James C. Sheehan** as central district finance representative for the appliance division at Mansfield, O., and former FBI Agent **W. H. McLaughlin** to the newly created position of administrator, security and plant protection.

Robert L. Brownlee, manager of Carboloy Department's engineering administration, was named plant manager of **General Electric Co.'s** distribution assemblies department, industrial power components division, at San Francisco.

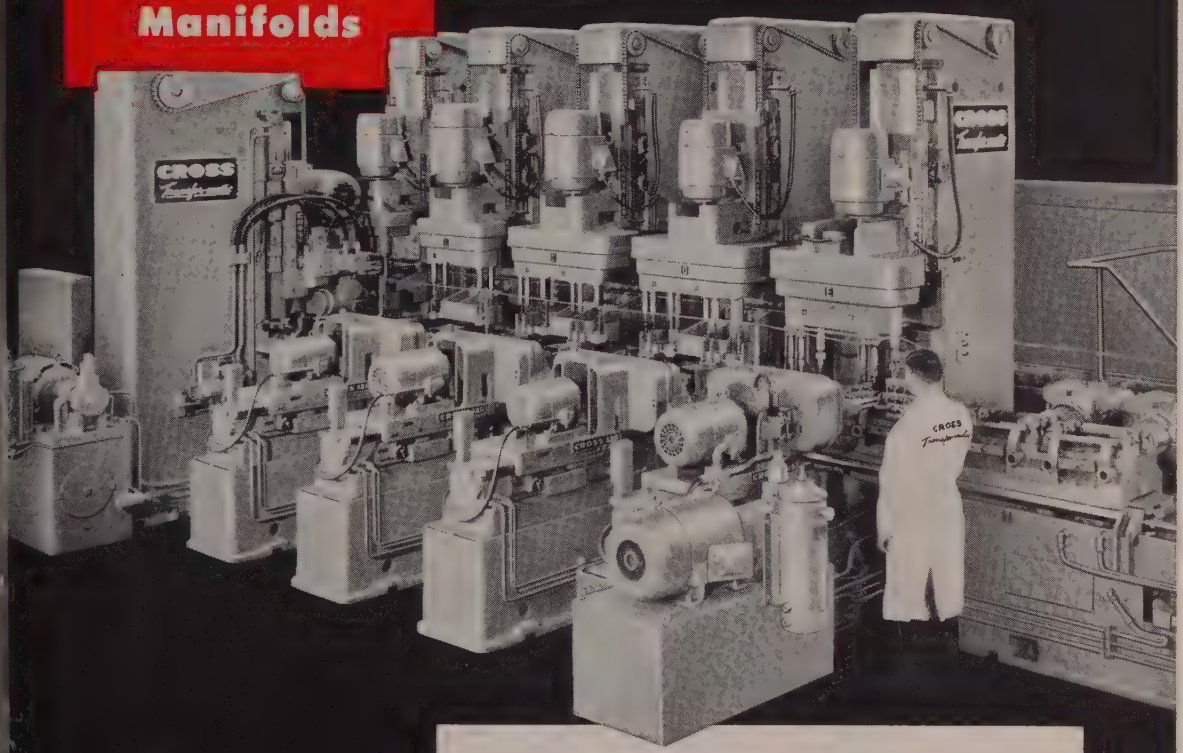
Detrex Corp. of Detroit appointed **Rodney E. Sagendorf** administrative assistant to the director of sales. For the last two years he has been chief of the chlorinated solvents section, Chemical Division, National Production Authority in Washington.

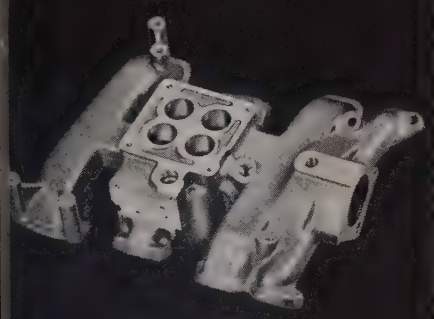
Steve Yacus was elected secretary-treasurer, **Metal Finish Inc.**, Newark, N. J. He was most recently employed as sales engineer by Almco Division, Queen Stove Works, in its eastern branch. He formerly was with General Motors Corp.'s Buick-Oldsmobile-Pontiac Division, as superintendent of metal finishing.

Lewis-Shepard Products Inc., Watertown, Mass., appointed **Henry V. Armagnac** district manager of the

Drills, Bores, Mills, Intake Manifolds

Another Transfer-matic by Cross





★ 218 parts per hour at 100% efficiency.

★ Seven stations including loading and unloading.

★ 54 operations—22 drilling, 8 chamfering, 2 reaming, 12 tapping, 8 boring and 2 milling.

★ Two parts machined at one time in each station.

★ Palletized work holding fixtures and automatic transfer from station to station.

★ Power wrenches for automatically operating work holding fixtures.

★ Other features: Pre-set tools, built-in chip conveyor, automatic cleaning unit for removing chips from fixtures, J.I.C. Standard Construction.

Established 1898

THE **CROSS** CO.

DETROIT 7, MICHIGAN

Special MACHINE TOOLS

Middle Atlantic region. He has been with the company for seven years and since 1952 has been a Lewis-Shepard sales representative in the New York area.

Koehring Co., Milwaukee, appointed **E. A. Smith** vice president and manager of its two export sales subsidiaries, Koehring Inter-American Co. and Koehring Overseas Co. **M. O. Messenger** is assistant sales manager. Mr. Smith succeeds **R. E. Stewart**, resigned.

Ralph Julin, who formerly represented Wolverine Tube Division, **Calumet & Hecla Inc.**, in its Des Moines office, moved to the midwestern district sales office in Chicago. His former duties are assumed by **Thomas E. Goodyear**, formerly office sales representative in the company's general sales office in Detroit.

Hubert R. Carlson was made regional zone manager of the southern division of Rockwell Mfg. Co.'s **Delta Power Tool Division.** He will have headquarters at the Atlanta office of the company's meter and valve division. Before joining Rockwell, Mr. Carlson operated his own company, Carlson Saw & Equipment Co., Oklahoma City, Okla., for 12 years.

Charles B. Thornton, vice president and assistant general manager, and **Harold L. George**, general manager, **Hughes Aircraft Co.**, Culver City, Calif., have resigned from the company.

Frank A. Armstrong, Chicago district sales manager for **Pratt & Whitney Division**, Niles-Bement-Pond Co., retired after 40 years with the company.

GEORGE L. BITTING
. . . Kaiser Aluminum & Chemical promotion

George L. Bitting was promoted to assistant product manager for foil by **Kaiser Aluminum & Chemical Sales Inc.**, Oakland, Calif. His headquarters are in Chicago.

Philip C. Muccilli was made production manager of **National Lead Co.**, New York, succeeding **E. R. Rowley**, who becomes president of **Titanium Metals Corp. of America**, subsidiary of National Lead and Allegheny Ludlum Steel Corp.

Eaton Mfg. Co.'s axle division named **William S. Hammel** Chicago district sales representative. He served as Washington representative from 1942 to 1953.

K. G. Farrar was promoted from works manager to general manager, **Douglas Aircraft Co.'s** Long Beach, Calif., division. He succeeds the late **James Simpson.**

SIDNEY H. WEBSTER
. . . Jack & Heintz district manager

Sidney H. Webster was made m
ager of the northeastern distr
Jack & Heintz Inc., Cleveland.
headquarters will be in New Y
where he succeeds **George Cr**
Mr. Webster was previously ass
ant to the president, aviation
gineering division, Avien-Knick
bocker Inc., and before that
manager of aircraft sales engin
ing of Eclipse Pioneer Divis
Bendix Aviation Corp.

L. L. Williams was appointed
cago district sales manager,
paratus and supplies divis
Westinghouse Electric Supply
He has been manager of the I
anapolis branch and is succee
there by **R. B. Mowe**, for
branch manager in Ft. Wayne,

Luther E. Lawrence was ele
assistant treasurer, **Fruehauf T**
er Co., Detroit.

OBITUARIES...

William Fairhurst, 62, vice president and sales manager, **Dana Corp.**, Toledo, O., died Oct. 2.

Herbert A. Gottschalk, 56, sales management executive of **Kearney & Trecker Corp.**, Milwaukee, died Sept. 26.

Thomas J. Lopiccolo, president, **American Research Corp.**, Bristol, Conn., died Sept. 16 in the American Airlines plane crash at Albany, N. Y. He formed the corporation early this year.

C. Louis Meyer, 67, founder and chairman, **Ceco Steel Products Corp.**, Cicero, Ill., died of a heart attack Oct. 5.

Hugh D. Cameron, 59, vice president, **Jones Superior Machine Co.**, Chicago, died Sept. 28.

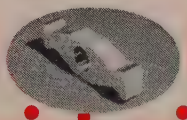
Rex L. Peavey, 51, head of production control at **Eastman Kodak Co.'s** Camera Works, Rochester, N. Y., died Sept. 29.

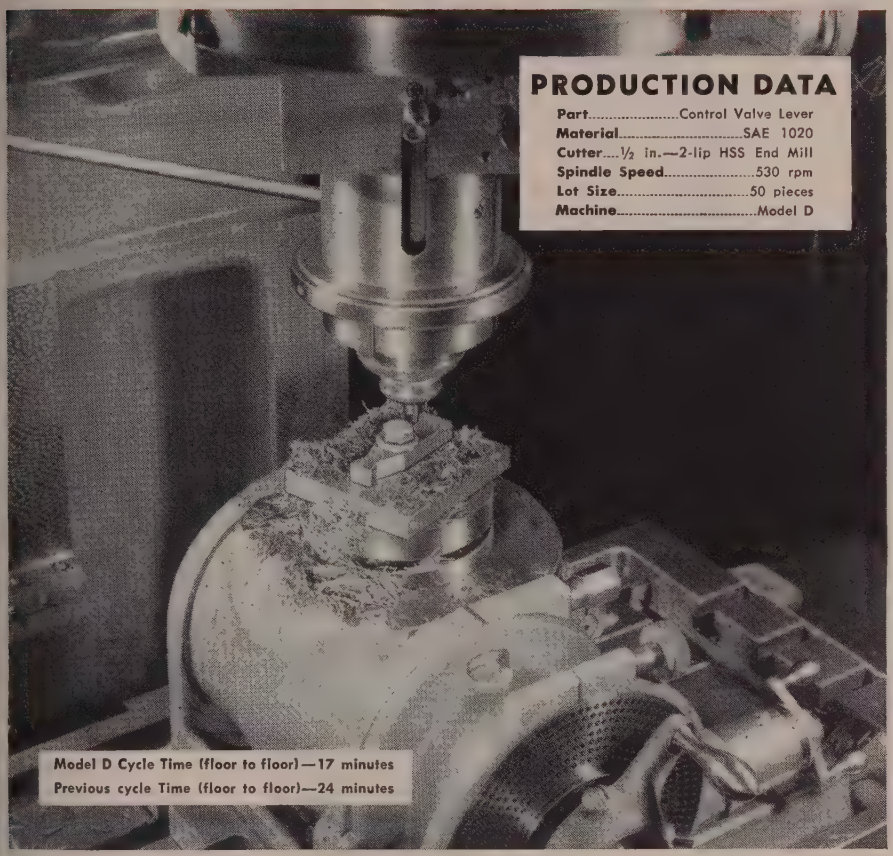
John W. Shepherdson, 74, who retired in 1952 as executive vice president of **Morgan Construction Co.**, Worcester, Mass., died Sept
He had served in a consulting
pacity to the directors follow
retirement.

R. A. Carter, 41, production
trol supervisor at **Lockheed**
craft Corp., Burbank, Calif.,
Sept. 22.

Edwin O. Larson, 62, general
ager, **Syracuse Chilled Plow**
Inc., Syracuse, N. Y., died Sept

Fitch S. Bosworth, 63, St. L
representative of **Falk Corp.**,
Sept. 22.

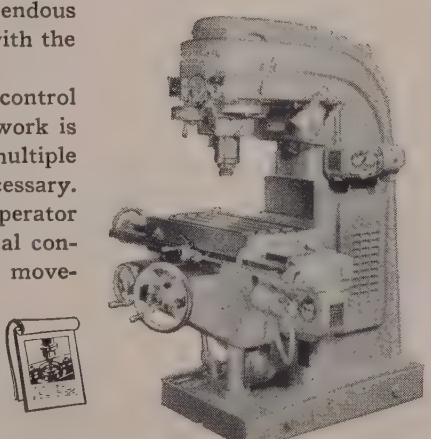
This part  is finish milled direct from the blueprint, with a single setup, in 17 min.!



Kearney & Trecker Model 2D Rotary Head Milling Machine saves six hours on 50 piece run

HERE is another example of the tremendous time and tooling savings possible with the rotary head milling method.

This manufacturer used to complete a control lever every 24 minutes. Now the same work is completed in only 17 minutes . . . and no multiple setups or expensive form cutters are necessary. The blueprint is the only guide the operator needs — the machine's precise mechanical control of the cutter's angular and radial movements does the rest.

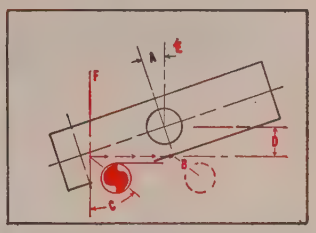


THIS IS THE MACHINE that will handle your light production milling faster, easier and at tremendous savings over any other method. If you have any production problems in plastic molds, die-casting, forging and stamping dies, or selected production milling operations — investigate the Model 2D.

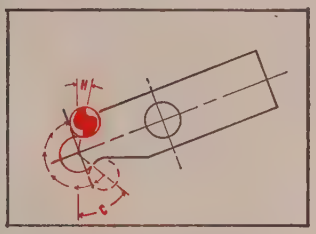
Here's the Rotary Head Milling Machine Production Idea Booklet. It contains several examples of how this method has been found exceptionally efficient in solving production, die, forging and metal pattern milling problems. It's yours for the asking.

Address requests to Kearney & Trecker Corp., 6784 W. National Avenue • Milwaukee 14, Wisconsin

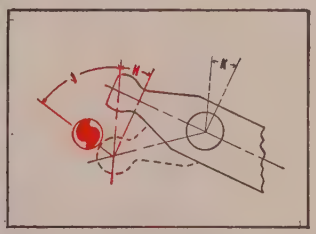
KEARNEY & TRECKER MILWAUKEE MACHINE TOOLS



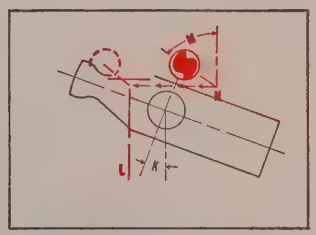
1. MILL 20° ANGLE. Index piece to angle (A), offset spindle slide to radius (B), set rotary head to angle (C), saddle to (D). Feed table (E) to (F).



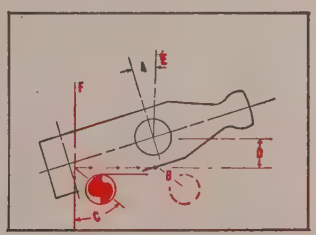
2. MILL .642/.645 DIAMETER. Rotate head angle (C) to angle (H).



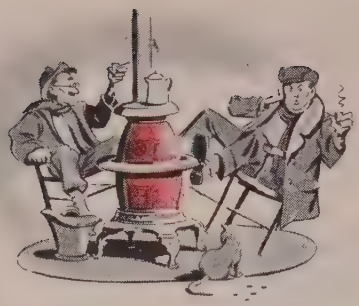
3. MILL 1⅝ IN. RADIUS. Rotate head fromangle (H) to angle (J), index dividing head from angle (A) (Oper. 1) to angle (K).



4. MILL 20° ANGLE. With piece at (K), move center of head to (L); rotate head to (M). Feed table (L) to (N).



5. MILL SAME FORM ON OPPOSITE END. Repeat operations 1 through 4 by indexing the workpiece to angle (A-Oper. 1).



THE BURLINGTON LIARS' CLUB
SPINS A YARN FOR BAKER'S MAGDOLITE

Dinner on the Run

A crusty old sourdough settled down to camp one night beside a butte in Western Kansas. While he was cooking his meal, the wind whipped around the butte, scattered his coals and started a prairie fire. The point that made the old-timer hopping mad was that his supper was only half cooked . . . and he had no more fuel.

So, grabbing his coffee pot in one hand and his skillet in the other, he lit out after the prairie fire. "You know," he said afterwards, "the wind was blowing so hard that I chased that doggoned fire for five miles before I got my bacon fried!"

Chasing a prairie fire to cook your dinner is almost as bad as running around to locate a dependable source of dolomite. Fortunately, if you are a customer of The J. E. Baker Company, this presents no problem. Three plants, located in York and Billmyer, Pennsylvania and Millersville, Ohio, assure you of always having an adequate supply of BAKER'S MAGDOLITE, the original deadburned dolomite. You can depend upon the superior chemical, physical and mineralogical composition of BAKER'S MAGDOLITE. It's always five ways better . . . Composition, Preparation, Economy, Strength, Quality.

JEBCO
PRODUCTS
SINCE 1889
MAKERS OF BAKER'S MAGDOLITE

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THE J. E. BAKER COMPANY

YORK, PENNSYLVANIA

Plants: York, Billmeyer, Pennsylvania—Millersville, Ohio

New Firm Buys Foundry

Sheboygan Castings Corp. buys Cherry-Burrell foundry; names Harry Rogers general manager

CHERRY-BURRELL Corp., Chicago, sold its gray iron foundry in Sheboygan, Wis., to Sheboygan Castings Corp., a newly-formed company in the latter city. Harry Rogers is general manager of the foundry.

F. B. Beattie, Wisconsin division manager for Cherry-Burrell, says its Milwaukee plant will continue to produce milk bottle filling equipment. His company, a major producer of dairy, food and industrial processing equipment, purchased the Heil Co.'s Beverage Bottle Washer Division last month and will carry on this phase of its business in Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

"Increased availability of stainless steel and improved milk consumption indicate continued improvement in the firm's outlook for the fourth quarter and 1954," says Mr. Beattie.

Kennametal Makes Appointment

Kennametal Inc., Latrobe, Pa., established a southern sales district with E. J. Conlan as district manager. Headquarters office for the district is at 70 Fourth St., Atlanta. The company appointed as representatives: Walter Henry and Frank Minion in the Cleveland district office; Andrew Horvath in the Philadelphia office. Service engineers were added to Kennametal's district staffs as follows: Gerald J. Kelley, Detroit; James R. Morgan, Cleveland; Albert L. Morshauser, Cincinnati.

Westinghouse To Build Plant

Westinghouse Electric Corp., Pittsburgh, plans to build a multi-million dollar packaged air conditioning plant near Staunton, Va. The project is an important part of the firm's current $296-million expansion program, second such major expansion the company has undertaken since World War II, says Emery W. Loomis, vice president in charge of the company's Atlantic region. The first, completed in 1951, involved expenditure of more than $130 million and increased production by 50 per cent. The current program, now nearing completion, will again increase production by 50 per cent. The plant will be operated by the Westinghouse Air Conditioning Division, headquartered in Hyde Park, Mass.

Equipment Firm Organized

L. & D. Equipment Co. Inc. has been incorporated in Rome, N. Y., for the manufacture and sale of supplies and accessories for the automobile and truck industries. The firm is capitalized at $50,000.

Holcroft Names Representative

Holcroft & Co., Detroit, selected Day Engineering Co., Ardmore, Pa., to represent the company in the East. Holcroft supplies furnaces for every production heat treating requirement.

Jacobson Buys Nut Division

Jacobson Mfg. Co. Inc., Kenilworth, N. J., producer of punched nuts, purchased Nut Mfg. Division of Eagle Lock Co., Terryville, Conn. "These expanded facilities," says Harvey Jacobson, president, "will enable our organization to produce punched nuts in a much greater volume. . . .This will also bring about a substantial increase in savings to all users."

New Firm To Make Tools

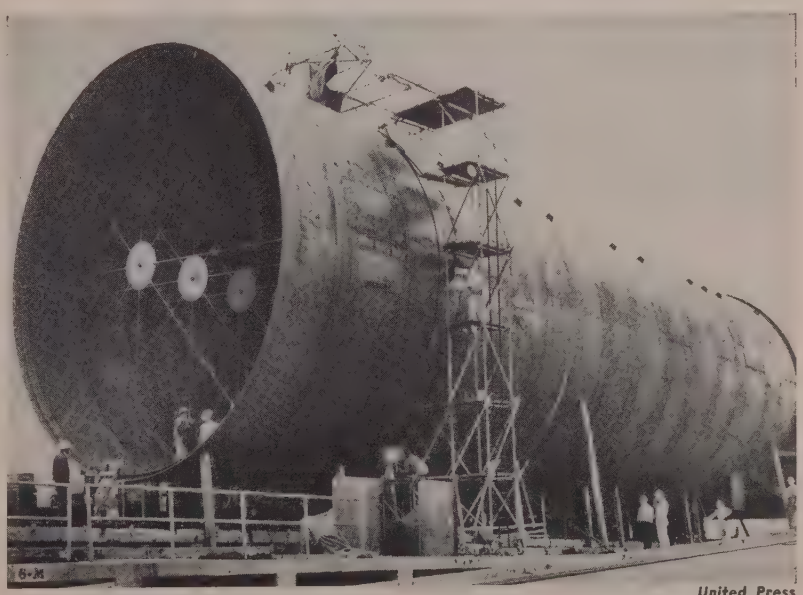
Cle-Cut Products Inc., 1921 Main St., Santa Monica, Calif., was formed to produce regular and special diamond tools. Co-owners are William F. Feyrer and William Weese.

Dravo Moves Department

Machinery Division, Dravo Corp., Pittsburgh, moved headquarters of its heating department to larger quarters at 411 Seventh Ave., that city.

Flexonics Corp. Expands

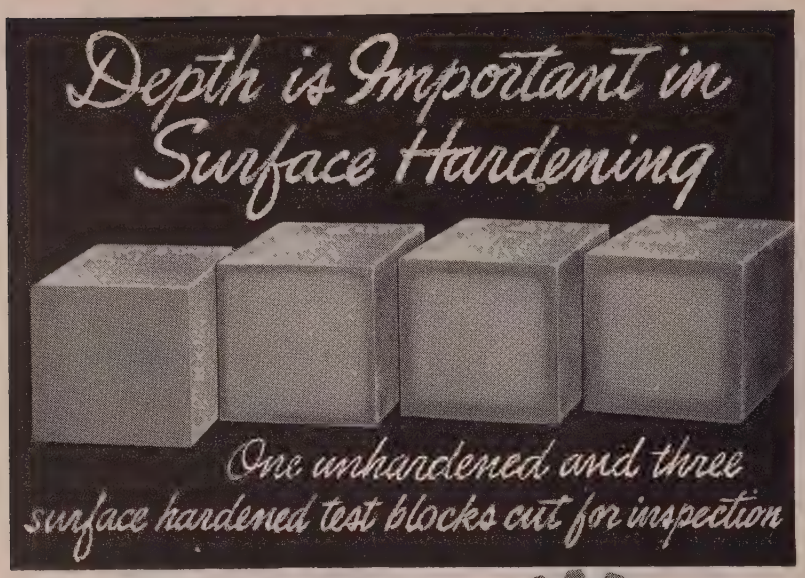
With completion in October of a 30,000-sq-ft addition to its Memphis, Tenn., plant, Flexonics Corp., Maywood, Ill., will transfer brass bellows production to Memphis from the pilot plant at Elgin, Ill. Output of brass bellows, widely used in valve seals and various types of thermostatic and pressure controls, will be stepped up six times. The move climaxes seven years of research and development of the product, involving an expenditure in excess of $2 million. Flexonics Corp., formerly known as Chicago



United Press

Tube for Texas Underwater Tunnel Dwarfs Welders

Workmen weld a huge steel tube, one of nine sunk into a trench to form the liner for the 3009-ft Baytown-La Porte, Tex., tunnel, opened Sept. 19 under the Houston ship channel. Total of 8.5 million lb of steel went into the liner



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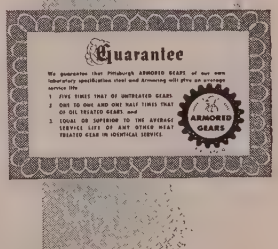
The exact depth of surface hardening is one of the most important factors in the exclusive PITTSBURGH **Armored Gear** formula. The metal, machining, and overall heat-treating are very important in the long service life of PITTSBURGH GEARS, and with surface hardening to the correct depth for the use the gears will be put to, you can expect unusually long service.

PITTSBURGH **Armored Gears** are guaranteed to give five times the life of untreated gears, one to one and one-half the life of oil-treated gears, and equal or longer life than any other gear in identical service. **Armored Gears** are quickly identified by their distinctive corrosion preventive coating of "**Pittsburgh Purple.**"

Let us quote on one of your requirements. Then put the PITTSBURGH **Armored Gear** to work. See how much longer it lasts—and how much less your service cost is. Send your specifications today.

SPUR
MITRE
HELICAL
HERRINGBONE
WORM GEARS
REDUCERS
CRANE WHEELS



PITTSBURGH GEAR COMPANY
27th & Smallman Streets
Pittsburgh 22, Pa.
Phone: ATlantic 1-9950

subsidiary of BRAD FOOTE GEAR WORKS, INC. • CICERO 50, ILLINOIS

Metal Hose Corp., also makes flexible metal hose, expansion joints and aircraft components. Norman Dawson is superintendent of the Brass Bellows Division at Memphis. Frank Brence continues as manager of the Memphis plant.

No Dishwater Hands

SCIENTISTS who now spend much of their valuable time in the laboratory over the chore of washing test tubes and other glassware will be freed soon of this onerous task. Chemical Rubber Co., Cleveland, is introducing a fully automatic dishwasher adapted especially for laboratory use.

The Labwasher is being manufactured for Chemical Rubber by Electric Appliance Division, Westinghouse Electric Corp., Mansfield, O. To adapt it for laboratory use, Chemical Rubber Co. has developed special racks which accommodate over 90 per cent of the most-used laboratory glassware.

National Welding Expanding

National Welding Equipment Co., San Francisco, purchased buildings and parking area adjacent to its present plant at 218 Fremont St. The increase of 16,000 sq ft of floor space is partially required for immediate expansion of production.

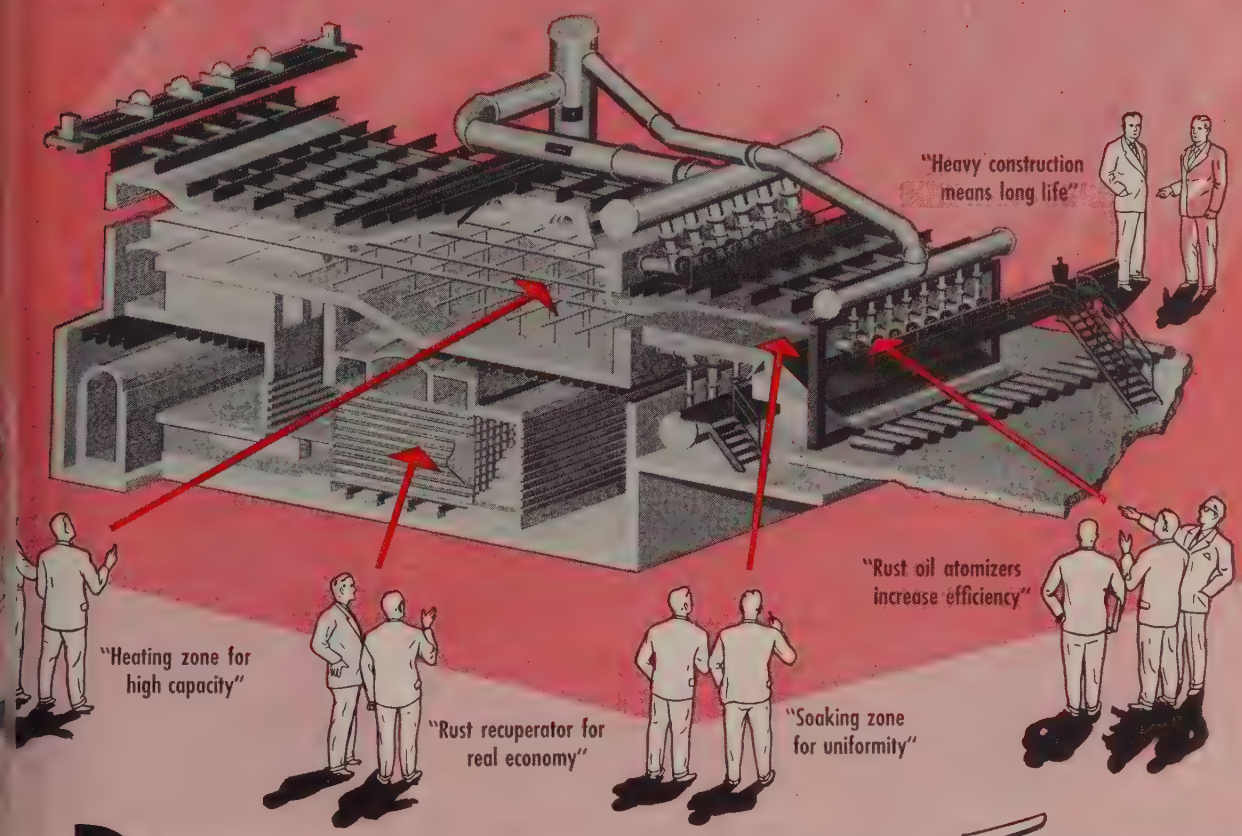
Graybar Opens Branch on Coast

Graybar Electric Co., New York, opened a branch at 655 S. "H" St., San Bernardino, Calif. J. H. Gregerson is manager; R. P. Sager operating manager. Pacific district manager is S. W. Scott.

National Supply To Build

National Supply Co., Pittsburgh, awarded a contract for design and construction of a divisional warehouse and office at Alice, Tex., to Walter Kidde Constructors Inc., Houston and New York. The building is scheduled to be completed by Nov. 15.

FURNACE MEN KNOW THEY'RE BETTER


"Heavy construction means long life"
"Rust oil atomizers increase efficiency"
"Heating zone for high capacity"
"Rust recuperator for real economy"
"Soaking zone for uniformity"

RUST *Continuous Reheating Furnaces*

PROVIDE ACCURATE TEMPERATURE CONTROL.. FOR SLABS, BLOOMS, BILLETS, BARS, ETC.

Yes, furnace men know the advantages of Rust's patented zone controlled, double or triple-fired, recuperative, continuous furnaces. They give positive, automatic control of heating quality and tonnage output. Each furnace is individually designed to meet specific needs and provides 100% accuracy in the control of predetermined heating temperatures. Flexibility is achieved by simply changing the fuel firing rate in the heating zone. It means maximum heating efficiency with a minimum of fuel.

In addition to reheating furnaces, Rust builds other types (designed for any fuel) for practically all metallurgical heating needs. For either new or modernization projects let Rust quote on your requirements.

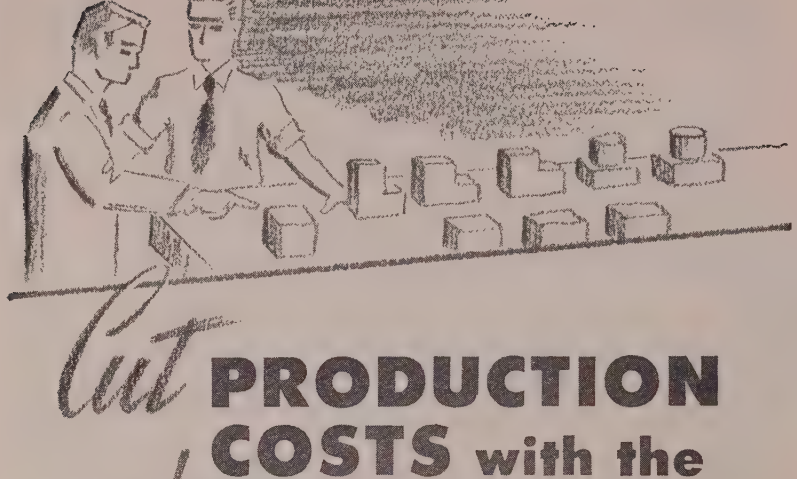
HOLE JOB
JOB WITH A
"PACKAGE"
NTRACT

RUST

RUST FURNACE COMPANY

Pioneers in Furnace Design

RUST BUILDING **PITTSBURGH, PA.**



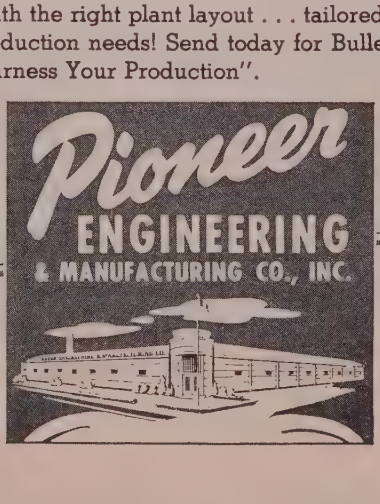
Cut **PRODUCTION COSTS with the** *right* **plant layout**

Many of our clients are amazed by the cost savings realized when we "revamp" their plant layouts. This entails the rearrangement in equipment, the elimination of unnecessary handling operations, and the complete reorganization and integration of their "production flow".

The right kind of plant layout stems from an objective approach toward every phase of production. It helps to iron out all the production "kinks", reduce inventories, lower handling time, eliminate back-tracking, and assist in production control.

Pioneer has developed a thorough system of procedure in transferring the poor plant layout into one that reaps cost savings far beyond anything anticipated by the client. This procedure entails the preparation of process flow charts, taking into consideration such factors as methods, material handling, temporary and permanent storage, and inspection of materials. The flow chart is then transferred into a set of templets . . . or scale models . . . which is developed into a plant layout, allowing us to analyze the client's production from all angles.

We'll be glad to help show you how to cut production costs . . . with the right plant layout . . . tailored to meet your specific production needs! Send today for Bulletin 162-G on "How to Harness Your Production".



19662 JOHN R STREET

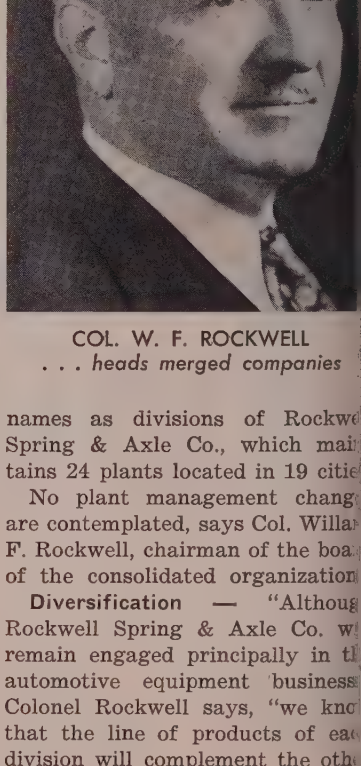
DETROIT 3, MICHIGAN

Equipment Firms Merge

Rockwell Spring & Axle Co., wi assets in excess of $155 millio plans wider diversification

CONSOLIDATION of Timken-D troit Axle Co. and Standard Ste Spring Co. to form Rockwe Spring & Axle Co., Coraopolis, Pa became a reality Oct. 1. It broug into being an industrial organiz tion with assets over $155 millio

The two predecessor compani will continue under their ow



COL. W. F. ROCKWELL
. . . heads merged companies

names as divisions of Rockwe Spring & Axle Co., which mai tains 24 plants located in 19 citie

No plant management chang are contemplated, says Col. Willa F. Rockwell, chairman of the boa of the consolidated organization

Diversification — "Althoug Rockwell Spring & Axle Co. w remain engaged principally in t automotive equipment business Colonel Rockwell says, "we kno that the line of products of ea division will complement the oth and give the new company a broa er base and a desirable diversific tion of products.

"Further, the pooling of ma agement and engineering talen and techniques is expected to r sult in the manufacture and sa of products which heretofore ha not been made by either of the c visions, thus affording wider c versification."

President and chief executive c

Now— ALUMINUM SOLDERING MADE EASY!

A Universal Flux For All Commercial Metals Usually Joined By Soldering

WIRE SX PRODUCTS

Aluma-Flux SOLDERING FLUX

Manufactured By
ESSEX WIRE CORP.
Ft. Wayne, Ind.

Here at last is the only flux ever developed that makes possible the *non-corrosive* joining of all types of aluminum alloys by any soldering method—manual, dip or mechanical. No cleaning is required after soldering is accomplished—Aluma-Flux leaves no corrosive residue—soldered pieces are ready for use immediately.

S-X Aluma-Flux is equally effective for soldering stainless steel, bare and galvanized carbon steel, cast iron and other ferrous alloys, copper, brass and nickel—all commerical metals commonly joined by soldering. The joining of aluminum to brass; the coating of copper with tin; and the soldering of other unlike metals is made fast and easy with Aluma-Flux.

Soldered joints in aluminum produce no corrosive action due to flux residue when exposed to salt-spray, high humidity, alkaline water, etc. Aluma-Flux shows no detrimental effect on any soldered joint.

S-X Aluma-Flux can be used with 100% satisfactory results in powdered form as delivered, or in molten form—whichever is most efficient for the job. Virtually any type of solder can be used. Aluma-Flux can be stored indefinitely without change of weight, or any impairment of fluxing efficiency. Being non-hygroscopic, it will not absorb water.

In addition to its exceptional fluxing characteristics, Aluma-Flux offers many other cost-reducing, time-saving advantages . . .

The success of S-X Aluma-Flux in the soldering of aluminum is due to the action in which the flux initially reduces surface oxides and then immediately deposits a thin layer of plating material on the solder area. Oxidation of the area to be soldered is thus prevented while the plating material serves as an approved base on which to solder. In addition to its soldering efficiency, Aluma-Flux reacts completely during the joining operation so there are no corrosive flux residues to lower corrosion resistance of the finished joint.

ALUMA-FLUX IS READY FOR IMMEDIATE SHIPMENT IN CONVENIENT SIZE METAL CONTAINERS.

Write Today For Complete Details

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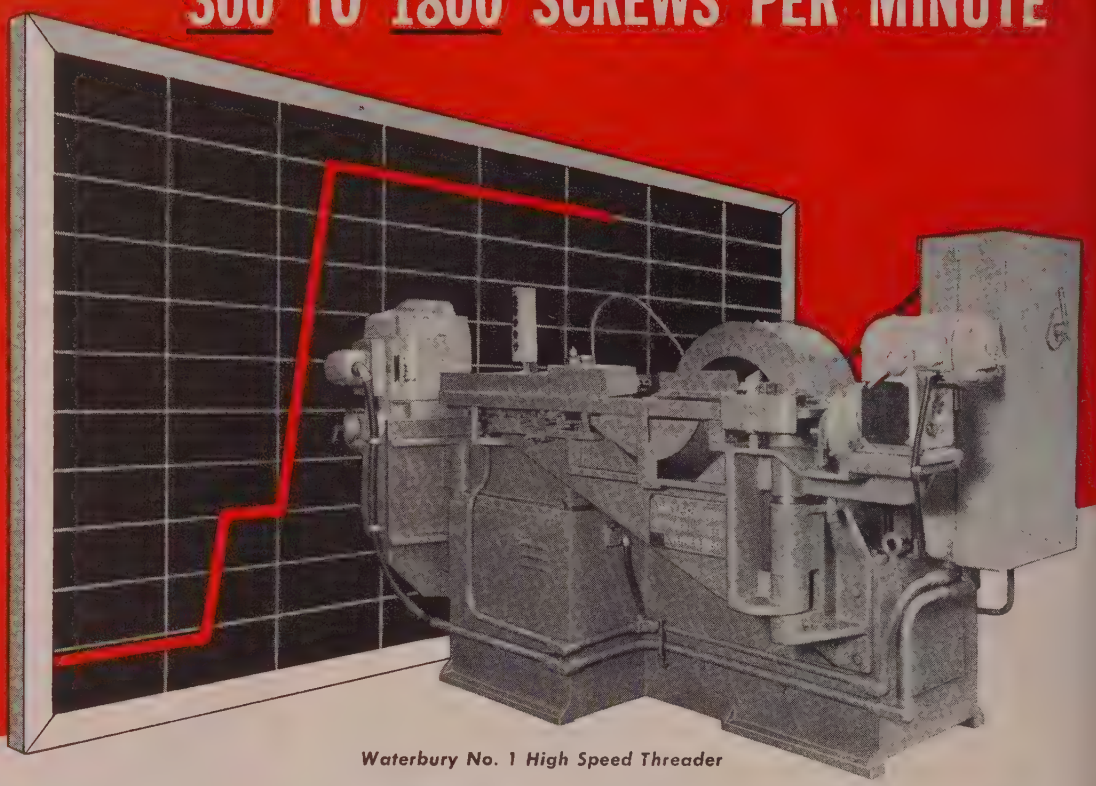
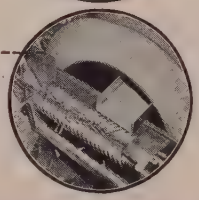
Another big Waterbury Farrel change in the screw production picture..

THIS NEW WF MACHINE THREADS 300 TO 1800 SCREWS PER MINUTE



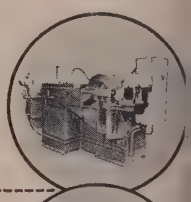
Waterbury No. 1 High Speed Threader

- **Capacity: #6 to 1/4" machine screws—5/16" to 3" long—Steel, brass and other alloys.**
- New Planetary Die principle threads from 5 to 30 blanks every second.
- Steel belt and twin worm feed insures continuous supply of blanks.
- Vari-Drive unit provides variable thread rolling speeds.



- Rugged construction protects alignment—gives long production life with low maintenance.
- Waterbury High Speed Threader and Waterbury High Speed Slotter (500 to 2000 per min.) = an unbeatable screw production team.

Write for further details on this outstanding new thread roller. Complete information also available on the Waterbury High Speed Slotter or on any other Waterbury machine.



WF-1

Patents by Victor Fray of New Zealand—Built and Sold by Waterbury Farrel in U.S.A. and Canada Only.

WATERBURY FARREL FOUNDRY & MACHINE CO. • WATERBURY, CONN.

Offices: Chicago, Cleveland and Millburn, N. J.

COLD PROCESS BOLT AND NUT MACHINERY — Headers (all types) • Rivet Machinery • Trimmers • Thread Rolling Machines • Slotters • Nut Formers and Tappers, etc. POWER PRESSES — Crank, Cam and Toggle; also Rack and Pinion Presses • Eyelet Machines • Multiple Plunger Presses • Horizontal and Hydraulic Presses, etc. MILL MACHINERY — Rolling Mills: Strip, Rod, Wire Flattening (For Ferrous and Non Ferrous Metals) • Also Slitters • Straighteners • Cut-off Saws • Coilers • Winders, etc. WIRE MILL EQUIPMENT — Continuous Wire Drawing Machines (Upright Cone and Tandem) • Wire Flattening Mills • Chain Draw Benches • Pointers • Swagers • Bull Blocks • String-up Machines • Spoolers, etc.

FOUNDED WATERBURY FARREL 1851

STEEL

cer of Rockwell Spring & Axle is obert C. Enos, who formerly was resident of Standard Steel Spring o. C. J. Queenan, who has been xecutive vice president of Standrd Steel Spring, will serve in the ame capacity for the consolidated rganization whose principal cusomers are automobile, truck and arm equipment manufacturers. otal sales of the new company re expected to be about $400 milon during 1953.

The Timken Division is engaged rimarily in the production of axles or commercial trucks, motor oaches, trolley busses and comercial trailers; transmissions, xles, final drives and power takeffs for farm equipment; axles and ansmissions for materials hanling equipment and other industial and military uses; transfer ses, gear carriers and brakes.

In addition, Timken is a manfacturer of oil and gas home heatng equipment.

Principal peacetime products of ne Standard Division are autoobile bumper brackets and face ars, seat and back cushion springs nd tubular frames, flat leaf prings, coil springs, universal oints and assemblies, and steel ratings and treads.

elevision Tube Firm Formed

Lamont Television Tube Co. is ecting a $70,000 plant in Cresn, Pa., for the manufacture of elevision tubes. Daniel Lamont is ead of the new firm.

aker-Raulang Names Agent

Baker-Raulang Co., Cleveland, ppointed Industrial Truck Sales c., Latham, N. Y., as representave for its industrial trucks and anes.

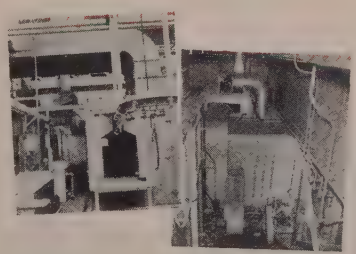
arrett-Cravens Builds Plant

Barrett-Cravens Co., Chicago, anufacturer of materials handling uipment, is constructing a $900,-)0 plant at Northbrook, Ill. The ructure will combine the manucturing operations of two of m's plants now located in Chica- and part of the operations of the rescent Truck Co., Lebanon, Pa., wholly-owned subsidiary. Barett-Cravens' general offices and gineering department will be

P-D nothing like a complete "Package"

when installing a
PAINT FINISHING SYSTEM

Complete Finishing Systems for Enamel, Lacquer, Paint or Varnish—including Metal Cleaning and Rust-Proofing Equipment — Dry-Off Ovens—Hydro Whirl Spray Booths — Filtered Air Supply Systems — Drying and Baking Ovens and Overspray Reclaiming Systems. Hydro-Whirl Dust Collecting Systems and Other Units of Special Production Equipment.



Check YOUR needs with Peters-Dalton where more than 20 years of Finishing System leadership and experience are backed by expert engineering and design.

Why "pick" and "choose" components separately? P-D will install a complete, continuous Paint Finishing System that is tops in efficiency and economy because it is planned, engineered and produced step-by-step for you and you only . . . Peters-Dalton engineers lay out the *complete system* to meet whatever requirements and space limitations necessary in your plant.

Illustrated in the "Package" is a complete P-D Paint Finishing System which handles 700 electric food mixers hourly . . . so compact that it requires but two 20′ x 20′ bays . . . It consists of a 6-stage cleaning and rustproofing machine with automatic charging and automatic centrifugal chemical reclamation devices . . . a separate moisture dry-off oven . . . necessary cooling space . . . a completely enclosed spray operation with conditioned air supply . . . supply equipment on the floor adjacent to overhead bake ovens . . . bake oven heaters underneath ovens . . . material flows from bake ovens to assembly and packaging in next bay.

A P-D installation means one responsibility for final, satisfactory results—means the performance of a Finishing System that you can rely upon for smooth, efficient, integrated operation and high quality work at lowest possible costs.

Hydro-Whirl Paint Spray Booths *Industrial Washing Equipment*
Drying and Baking Ovens *Hydro-Whirl Dust Collecting Systems*

P-D Peters-Dalton INC.
17892 Ryan Road • Detroit 12, Michigan

...How about Malleable?

Save . . . Machining Costs
Material Waste
Unnecessary Operations

Excellent machinability, ductility and toughness, versatile castability, and high resistance to corrosion make malleable iron the most economical and useful material available to manufacturers today.

If you are not using malleable iron's remarkable properties it will pay you to call a malleable foundry and go over your products with their engineers. Skilled in casting design, they will show you how to save money and improve your products with Malleable Iron Castings.

This hydraulic press valve was formerly made as a steel forging. Changing to a malleable iron casting with all holes cored, drilling and counter boring were eliminated resulting in a saving of 80% in machining costs and 25% in weight.

Send for "Malleable Iron Facts", useful information on malleable iron properties and uses. Just write to Malleable Founders Society, Union Commerce Building, Cleveland 14, Ohio.

Malleable FOUNDERS' SOCIETY

1800 Union Commerce Building Cleveland 14, Ohio

situated at Northbrook along wi the Barrett-Electronics Corp. T plant is scheduled for completi in April.

Machine Tool Firm Building

Rockford Machine Tool C Rockford, Ill., is building a pla addition, containing 18,500 sq of floor space and constitutir the first step in a long-term e pansion program.

Wilcox-Gay to Boost Output

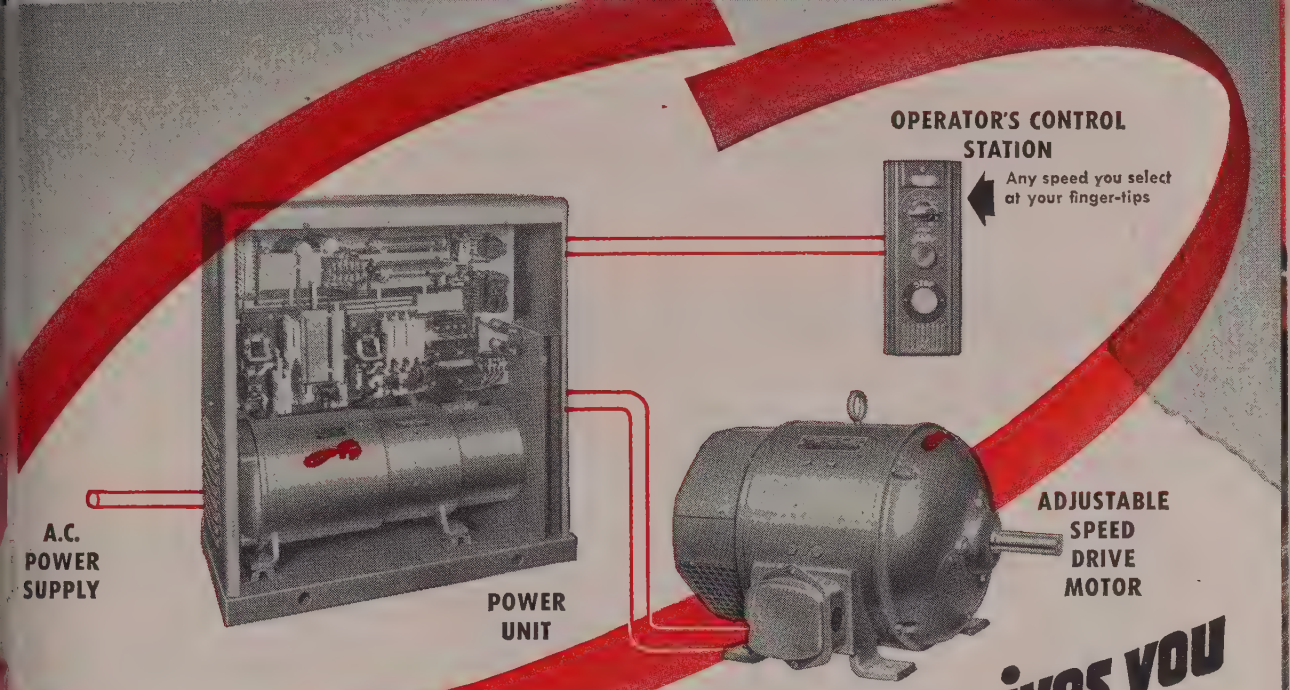
Wilcox-Gay Corp., Charlott Mich., constructed two addition buildings, adjacent to its plants that city, which will be devoted a program of increased productic on magnetic tape recorders and r corder accessories. The new uni add 25,000 sq ft of manufacturir floor space.

Certified Alloys Opens Plant

Certified Alloys Co., Bedford, producer of zinc diecasting alloy opened an alloying plant at 93 Bermudez St., Rivera, Calif. Th plant in the Los Angeles indu trial area will house the company production, research, sales and a ministration departments. T

Unloading Record Set

New record for unloading foreign i ore was set at B & O's pier, Baltimo when a 20,560-ton cargo from Bomi Hills deposit in Liberia was loaded in 13 hours and 55 minut The Blaw-Knox 200-cu-ft ore buck shown above, helped set this reco When empty, it weighs 35,000



ouis Allis SELECT-A-SPEDE Drive gives you

PRECISION SPEED CONTROL FROM YOUR A.C. LINES

real answer to many of your operating and production blems is right here — with the Louis Allis Select-A-de Drive, featuring the new Magnetic Amplifier Con-l. This drive provides unusual flexibility and positive trol — flexibility and control you never thought pos-e from an A.C. line. You get increased production from r machines, fewer operating headaches, with the exact d you need for your job — when you want it, where want it.

ck these Select-A-Spede features:

e for practically every need — units up to 150 horsepower.

ble free operation — as a result of advanced design and the use dustrial duty components.

ess speed range — from ⅛ base speed or less to greater than speed. Special designs permit speed ranges to five times base speed where required. A wide variety of optional features are available, too: inching, jogging, sequence control, reversing, dynamic braking, and multi-motor ranges.

Superior speed regulation — even at low threading speeds — better than required on most machines. Use of the magnetic amplifier and a special anti-hunt circuit maintains speed constant regardless of load.

Complete protection — against overload and runaway.

Clean, filtered air — supplied under pressure to power unit. Keeps dust and dirt out — reduces maintenance.

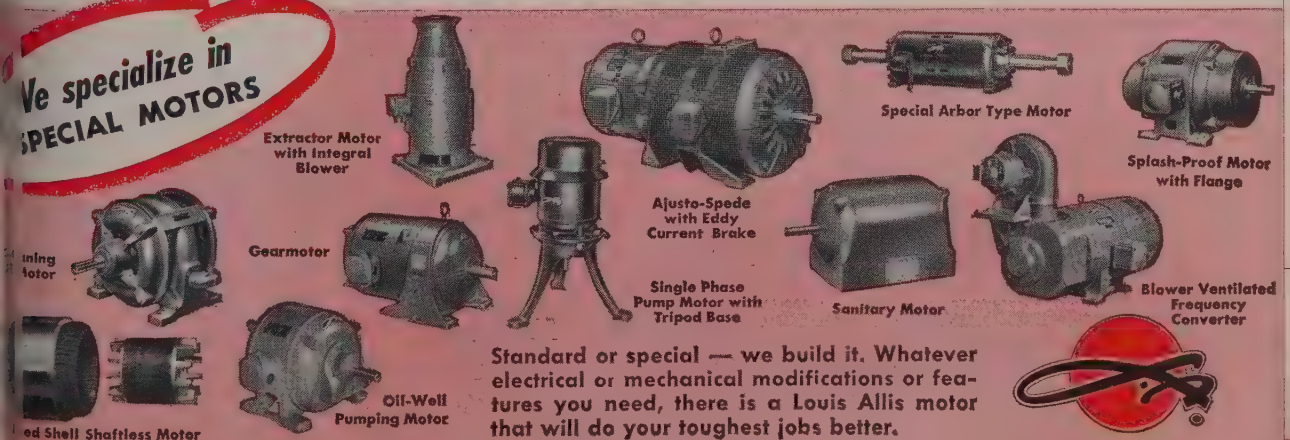
There are probably many operations in your own plant right now where a Select-A-Spede can save you time and trouble — boost production and efficiency.

Look into this drive's many unusual, practical features. Write today for further information about the money-saving advantages of the Louis Allis Select-A-Spede or contact the district office nearest you.

5A-102

THE LOUIS ALLIS CO., Milwaukee 7, Wisconsin

Ve specialize in SPECIAL MOTORS



Standard or special — we build it. Whatever electrical or mechanical modifications or features you need, there is a Louis Allis motor that will do your toughest jobs better.

Try CLEVELAND Slotted-Type "Place Bolts"*

to solve vibration-point fastener problems

● Find out about Place Bolts *now!* New users and new uses are multiplying daily. A cold-forged fastener made of either high carbon or alloy steel, the Place Bolt head brings *elastic spring action* to bear on seating surfaces, combining with the elastic elongation of the shank to safeguard against loss of initial bolt-tension. Vibration-and-shock-proof holding power is assured. Sizes range from ¼" diameter upwards, standard or special. Write today for our Place Bolt Folder.

*Licensed under U. S. Patent No. 2543705.

CLEVELAND *Top Quality* FASTENERS

THE CLEVELAND CAP SCREW COMPANY
2935 East 79th Street, Cleveland 4, Ohio

originators of the Kaufman DOUBLE EXTRUSION Process

plant's operations will be directe by John Sellon, who formerl headed the Zinc Division, Nationa Production Authority.

Pacific Mercury Builds Plant

Pacific Mercury Television Mfg Corp., Los Angeles, started con struction of a $1-million plant a Hayvenhurst avenue and Chas street, Van Nuys, Calif., for re search, engineering and produc tion of television receivers.

Allis-Chalmers Names Agents

Allis-Chalmers Mfg. Co., Milwau kee, appointed American Iron-Stee Mfg. Co., St. Louis, as a distributo for its motors.

Aerovent Opens New Building

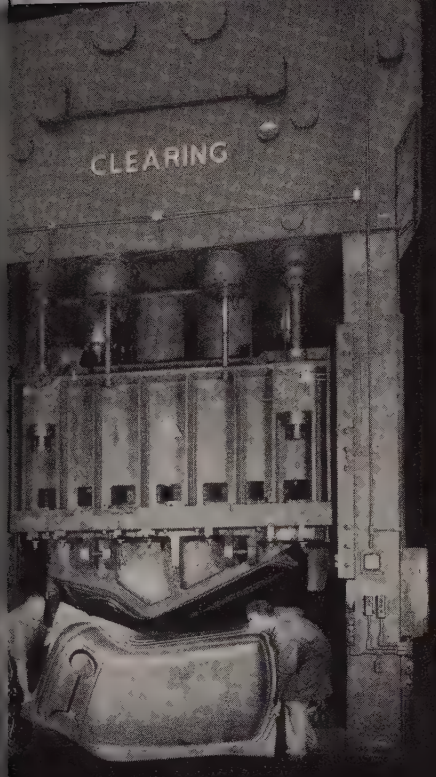
Aerovent Fan Co. Inc. opene its general office building at 70 E. Ash St., Piqua, O. It was buil on the site of the original office of the company and features man unique points of interest. The com pany manufactures industrial fan and ventilating equipment.

Mosebach Electric Buys Firm

Mosebach Electric & Supply Co Pittsburgh, merged with Alleghen Warehouse Corp., McKees Rocks Pa. In the merger, Mosebach manufacturer of equipment fo mines, mills, railroads and othe industries, is the surviving firm The move is in line with the com pany's planned expansion and d versification program. Officers are Ray Hampton, president; Ralph M Nadler, executive vice president Harold J. Evans, vice president i charge of operations; George F Baney, assistant vice president i charge of purchasing and custom er relations; Edwin L. Core, assis ant vice president and gener manager.

Barber-Greene Opens Factory

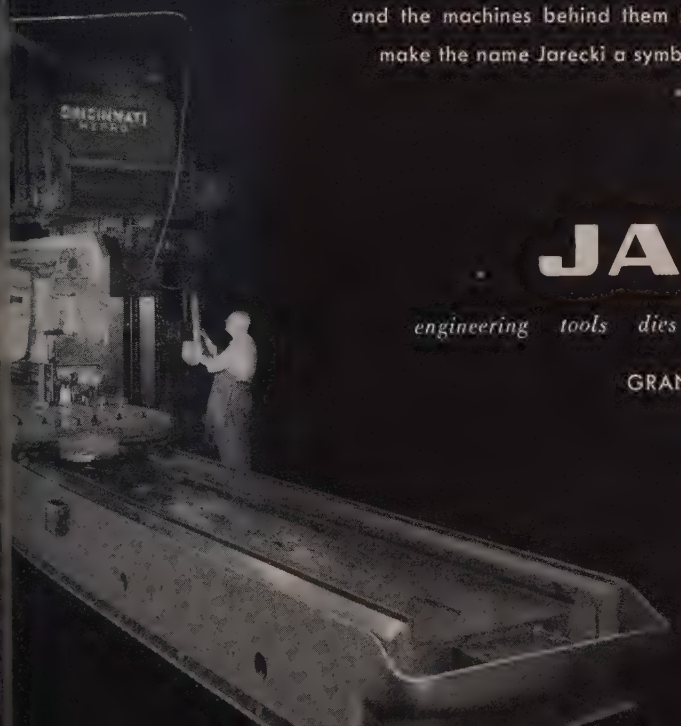
Barber-Greene Co., Aurora, Il formally opened its factory and o fice facilities near Toronto, On The plant is operated by its sub sidiary, Barber-Greene Canad Ltd., and is engaged in manufa ture of belt conveyors. Productio will be extended ultimately int other company lines, includir



a company is known by the machinery it keeps

arecki quality is built on men and machines.
men are expert craftsmen whose names
er be news, but the names on Jarecki
hinery are known around the world.
Each is the finest product in its field.

We acknowledge our indebtedness to names such as Clearing, Bliss, Danly, Cincinnati, Kearney and Trecker, Pratt and Whitney, Carlton, Mattison, and Giddings and Lewis. These names and the machines behind them have helped to make the name Jarecki a symbol of dependability.



JARECKI

engineering tools dies stampings assemblies plating painting

GRAND RAPIDS, MICHIGAN

JARECKI MACHINE AND TOOL CO.
JARECKI PRODUCTS INC.
JARECKI ENGINEERING CO.

Specially designed hopper bucket makes cupola lining more efficient. Bucket is placed on frame by use of a lift truck.

Solve Your Material Handling Problems With PENN IRON SPECIAL EQUIPMENT

In lining cupolas, Textile Machine Works foundry in Reading, Pennsylvania, had difficulty handling the clay mix used with their Bondactor equipment. After a study of the problem, Penn Iron Works, Inc., designed, engineered and manufactured this special hopper bucket for maximum handling efficiency.

Whatever the bulk-material handling problem in your plant, Penn Iron Works, Inc., will be glad to help with its solution. Our wide experience in designing and manufacturing all types of buckets and special handling equipment for foundries can help you cut costs . . . save time . . . increase efficiency.

For Further Information Write:

FOUNDRY EQUIPMENT MANUFACTURERS ASSOCIATION MEMBER FEMA

PENN IRON WORKS, INC.

READING, PENNSYLVANIA

ditch diggers, bucket loaders, po able conveyors, car unloaders, mi conveyors, asphalt mixing and pa ing equipment. Officers of t Canadian firm are: W. B. Greer chairman of the board; W. Holder, president and treasure H. A. Barber, vice president; S. Greene, secretary and sales ma ager.

Rohm & Haas Builds Warehous

A new warehouse that w double storage capacity for a monium sulphate at Rohm & Ha Co.'s manufacturing plant Bristol, Pa., is under constructi by Luria Engineering Co., Bet lehem, Pa. Rohm & Haas pr duces chemicals, resins and pla tics.

Palmer-Shile Opens Plant

Palmer-Shile Co., Detroit, man facturer of materials handli equipment, opened plant No. adding 15,000 sq ft of manufa turing floor space. This represen the third expansion in the la three years. Purchase of new equi ment to handle the increase in pr duction also was announced.

Efficient Linebacker

Workers feed steel shell cases fr an endless conveyor into a press Massillon, O., plant of Ekco Produ Co. Using mass production techniq learned in producing housewares a commercial baking pans, this pl produced its millionth 90-mm sh case recently, bringing output of sizes since outbreak of the K ean war to about 3 million ca

It's outstanding!

EVERY MANUFACTURER who tries Roebling high carbon flat spring steel discovers the same thing... that this spring steel is absolutely unexcelled for dimensional and mechanical uniformity... for speeding production and cutting down rejects.

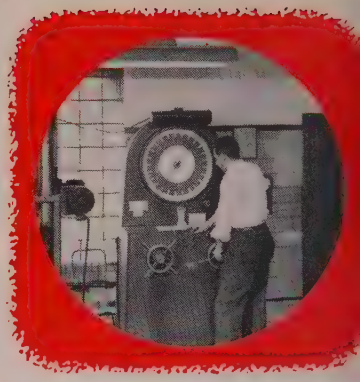
You always *pay* for the best when you buy flat spring steel... make sure you *get* it by specifying Roebling. John A. Roebling's Sons Corporation, Trenton 2, N. J.

Empire State Building, world's tallest building

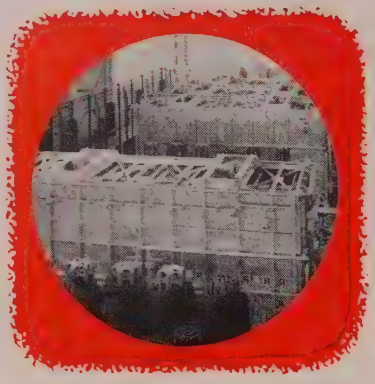
ROEBLING CF&I

A subsidiary of The Colorado Fuel and Iron Corporation

BRANCHES: ATLANTA, 934 AVON AVE. • BOSTON, 51 SLEEPER ST. • CHICAGO, 5525 W. ROOSEVELT RD. • CINCINNATI, 3253 FREDONIA AVE. • CLEVELAND, 13225 LAKEWOOD HEIGHTS BLVD. • DENVER, 4801 JACKSON ST. • DETROIT, 915 FISHER BLDG. • HOUSTON, 6216 NAVIGATION BLVD. • LOS ANGELES, 5340 E. HARBOR ST. NEW YORK, 19 RECTOR ST. • ODESSA, TEXAS, 1920 E. 2ND ST. • PHILADELPHIA, 230 VINE ST. • SAN FRANCISCO, 1740 17TH ST. • SEATTLE, 900 1ST AVE. S. • TULSA, 321 N. CHEYENNE ST. • EXPORT SALES OFFICE, TRENTON 2, N. J.



Quality — control . . . — every



step — of the — way

Reliance COLD FINISHED STEELS

Our modern plant is at your service to provide special quality steels to meet your specifications. Produced on modern equipment by experienced personnel, our cold finished steel must meet the rigid inspection set up by our metallurgical department before being released for shipment. Eaton-Reliance produces steel in rounds, squares, flats or special shape sections in wire sizes 020 x 020 to ½ to 19/36 in coils or cut to length in the following types: cold drawn, cold rolled, centerless ground, carbon, alloy, stainless, K-Monel, bronze or aluminum.

Quality control checks of the steel are made at every step of production by our chemical and metallurgical laboratory staff. Eaton-Reliance's Steel Mill produces ball and roller bearing quality key stock, cold heading quality and armor-piercing shot steel whose surface tolerance and machineability must meet specific requirements. Let us help you cut your production costs with fine quality steel.

RELIANCE DIVISION EATON MANUFACTURING COMPANY

OFFICE and PLANTS: 514 Charles Ave. MASSILLON, OHIO

Springtites & Sems · Snap & Retaining Rings · Special Steels · Spring Lock Washers · Hat-Fas-Ners

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Select The Right Materials For The Job

. . . one route to lower unit production costs in the competitive market ahead . . .

A NEW economic climate is developing in this country. Profits will depend as much on wise choice of materials and production methods as on sales. Job of materials management: Select and specify the right materials and then buy them in the most economical forms.

For many products, materials are the largest single item of cost. They account for as much as 80 to 90 per cent of the manufacturing costs in some businesses. In other plants, they equal overhead and labor combined.

There is increasing competition among materials for all kinds of applications. New metals are fighting to gain a foothold, and old standbys, such as the irons and steels, are being improved to the point that they must be reappraised in light of their better properties.

Matter of Emphasis—In the realm of metals, the connotation *new* can be misleading. What is *new* to a research man may be several years away from practical use to a materials engineer. Keeping this in mind, STEEL presents this report on new and alternate metallic materials. Most of these developments are already on the market, but their full significance has not been realized.

Great range of alternate materials—not substitutes, but materials that will do the job well enough—is being developed to meet industry's needs.

In preparing this report, STEEL canvassed many producers for information on up-to-the minute engineering materials. It was found that developments have been numerous; possibilities for application almost limitless.

One point stands out: In this era of fast moving changes in engineering materials, the need for efficient management in materials is greater than ever before.

More Strength, Less Weight

Modern low alloy high strength steels possess a combination of many useful properties. This auto trailer is being fabricated from J & L Jalten sheets

Many modern steels are metallurgically tailored to give high strength, light weight at low cost

MANUFACTURERS are constantly striving to make their products smaller, lighter and stronger. Their attention is focused on materials with better strength-weight ratios. Titanium and the light metals are in the limelight, owing to the constant demands of aircraft for metals with more strength and less weight. Steels are making gains too at several higher strength levels.

Able to handle stresses one-third to one-fourth higher than their common steel equivalents, low alloy, high strength steels are paying their way in more and more applications. Uses are growing in automotive and transportation equipment, in home, office and business appliances and in many other products. Applications are so numerous that modern steels of this type must have a combination of many useful properties.

Versatile—Present day low alloy, high strength steels possess weldability, formability, good abrasion and fatigue resistance. Often they are called upon to develop high impact strength and ductility at low temperatures. They can be fabricated by shearing, gas cutting, punching, forming, riveting and welding.

Fortunately, some of the elements that impart strength to steel also give improved corrosion resistance. This is insurance against impairment of service life or safety due to premature failure from corrosion.

Low alloy, high strength steel have a minimum yield point aver aging 50,000 psi; ultimate strengt is 70,000 psi. Yield point is abou 30,000 psi for ordinary carbo structural steel. Ratio of the yiel strength values is about 1.5 to 1.(This means that working stress i tension can be as much as 50 pe cent higher. Usually the reductio in section is two gages. Weigh saving is generally at least 25 pe cent. In some applications, it ma be more.

Rolling Stock — Auto industr has made extensive use of hig strength steels in a variety of a plications. Passenger car uses i

ade bumpers and some body rts. Steels of this type are read- cold formed. This makes them itable for light, high-strength essings.

High strength steels are used to cure greater strength or weight duction with increased service e in heavy trucks, trailers, semi- ailers, gasoline truck tanks, gar- ge and refuse trucks and buses.

On The Farm—Manufacturers of gricultural equipment are using w alloy, high strength steels in mbines, corn huskers, threshers, rtilizer spreaders and farm wag- s. They know that in equipment lled by tractors, light weight is onomy. Another bonus: Increased mospheric corrosion resistance ves longer life.

Other uses of high strength eels are found in a diversity of oducts: Lamp posts, automobile cks, cable reels, stokers, heating rnace bodies, filing cabinets and e drawer slides, cabinets, wings d lapboards of power ironers, re- able shipping containers, canal cks, gates and dams, concrete rms and welded pipe.

More Strength—To a limited ex- nt, a field for still higher strength eel began to develop during orld War II. Ordnance depart- ent was instrumental in promot- g a material to meet require- ents of 70,000 psi yield point af- r welding and stress relieving ound 1100° F. Term, "Alloy igh Strength Steel" applies to eels with higher alloy content d higher physical properties an the group known as "Low lloy, High Strength Steels."

Stress relieving is important for o reasons: 1. To prevent warp- ge or movement of the structure ring machining, subsequent to elding. 2. To improve strength d shock resistance.

Heating and slow cooling opera- ons neutralize locked in stresses e to thermal expansion and con- action in the welded zone during brication.

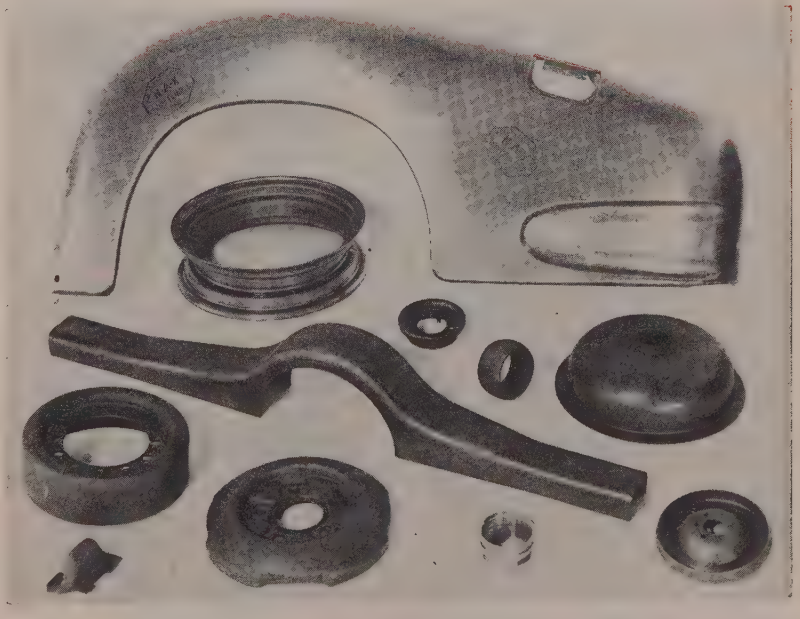
Steel Type—Typical of this grade a steel developed to meet U. S. rmy Specification No. 57-114-1A, lass C, which calls for a minimum),000 psi yield point after stress lieving for not less than 4 hours 1100° F.

Other requirements: Not more

Low Alloy, High Strength Steels

In hot rolled condition minimum mechanical properties:
Yield point—50,000 psi; ultimate strength: 70,000 psi
Usual specifications: ASTM A242; SAE 950

Name Of Steel	Producer
Aldecor	Republic Steel Corp.
Cor-Ten	U. S. Steel Corp.
	Republic Steel Corp.
	Sharon Steel Corp.
	Inland Steel Co.
Republic Double Strength	Republic Steel Corp.
Dynalloy	Alan Wood Steel Corp.
Hi-Steel	Inland Steel Co.
Hi-Man	Inland Steel Co.
Jalten #1	Jones & Laughlin Steel Corp.
Jalten #2	Jones & Laughlin Steel Corp.
Jalten #3	Jones & Laughlin Steel Corp.
Kaisaloy	Kaiser Steel Corp.
Man-Ten	U. S. Steel Corp.
Mayari-R	Bethlehem Steel Co.
N-A-X High Tensile	Great Lakes Steel Corp.
	Weirton Steel Co.
	Republic Steel Corp.
	Sharon Steel Corp.
	Granite City Steel Corp.
Tri-Ten	U. S. Steel Corp.
Tri-Ten E (Alt. for Tri-Ten)	U. S. Steel Corp.
Stelcoloy	The Steel Co. of Canada
Yoloy	Youngstown Sheet and Tube Co.



These automotive parts show deep drawing properties of N-A-X high tensile steel. Fender is 22 gage; wheel rim is 11 gage. Other parts include all gages up to ⅜-inch thick

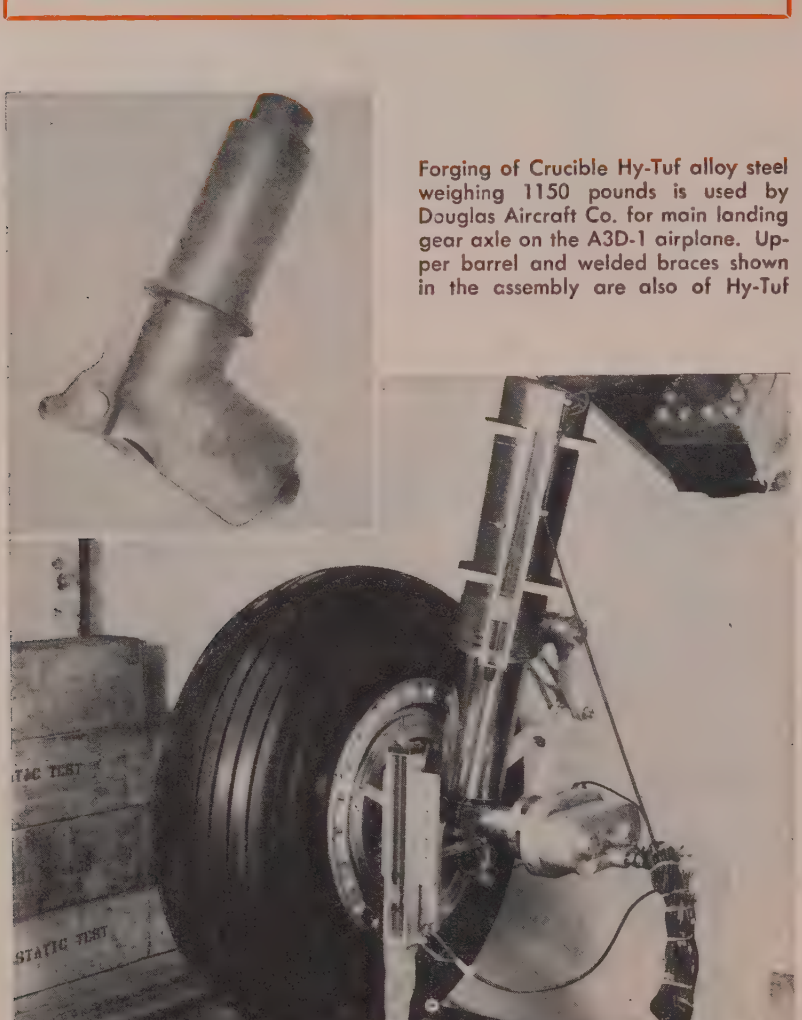
More Strength, Less Weight

Fortiweld Steel

British developed "Fortiweld", a low carbon, molybdenum boron steel is being explored by Kaiser Steel Co. Typical Analysis: C 0.08; Mn 0.39; P 0.022; S 0.033; Si 0.21; Mo 0.49; B 0.002

As Rolled Physical Properties For Sheets, Plates and Structurals

Product	Yield Point	Tensile Strength	Elongation Per Cent in 8-in.
4-in. x 4-in. x ⅜-in. Angle	64450	73900	26
3/16-in. Plate	72100	79400	32
⅜-in. Plate	59800	74680	27
0.130-in. Sheet Coiled	78935	91600	
0.505-in. (Forged 1" Rd)	69110	76230	22 (2-in.)



Forging of Crucible Hy-Tuf alloy steel weighing 1150 pounds is used by Douglas Aircraft Co. for main landing gear axle on the A3D-1 airplane. Upper barrel and welded braces shown in the assembly are also of Hy-Tuf

than 300 Vickers brinell hardne in the welded zone; and a tou gray fracture in the stress reliev condition on a notched break te when broken in a vise with a ha mer. Later specifications for hig er than 70,000 yield point mater in the heat treated condition ca for fairly high impact strength proportion to yield strength.

Steel used in these welded app cations is made using alloying e ments such as nickel, copper a molybdenum. This combinati will dissolve almost entirely in t ferrite and produce a relative tough material in proportion to strength. Stress relieving temper ture of 1100° F generally will d velop an increase in the yield poi and notch toughness above the rolled condition.

Military Pay-Off — One of t first applications was in the MI g carriage for 155-MM, 50-calib cannon. Tare weight of this g carriage was reduced from 10 to to 7 tons when redesigned on 7 000 yield point basis. Pay o Much better mobility for the gu

Non-Military—After the close the war, new applications for th type of steel came to the fro While total tonnage is rather sma these applications are significant view of results obtained either over-all engineering design or longer life obtained in service d to high strength and in some cas a higher resistance to corrosion abrasion.

Cold and hot-formed plates 65,000 psi yield point are welded subassemblies and then into t final assembly for end underfram in Budd Co.'s stainless railway p senger cars. Next step: Stress lieve and check on a plane table possible distortion. Over 1100 st welded structures have been pla in operation without a single f ure recorded.

Heavy Duty—In coal and i mines applications, plate and sh of 70,000 psi yield point steel used in mine cars, skip cars, tra fer car bodies, bottom plates loaders, cutter chain beam sect on coal cutting equipment, h skips, loading chute plates and w ous plates in coal washing eq ment.

Republic Steel recently enla e a group of furnaces in one of t

steel 1953-10-19 133 16

eat-treated, alloy-steel plates produced by U. S. Steel orp. with 90,000 psi minimum yield strength are used in the gun carriage of this Army atomic cannon

Carrying capacity of the gun carriage in proportion to its weight is example of what can be done with heat-treated, alloy-steel plates

lants increasing the melt from 200 o to 220 tons capacity. New and ronger ladle hooks were required, it piers on which the ladle rests hen tapping heat and side of the dle were so spaced that 7-inch ickness of the ladle hook could ot be increased.

With only a 7-inch wide trunnion, ress at loading point would be be-ond the safe limit for ordinary ructural steel. Problem was lved by using 70,000 psi yield oint steel, with plug weld assem-y. Design was worked out using /16-inch plate for all but two out-de plates which were ½-inch ick. Entire hook was stress re-ved after welding.

Ultra High Strength Steels—Tra-tionally, steel is not considered a ght alloy. But when heat treated provide tensile properties of 0,000 to 280,000 psi, it has a rength-weight ratio comparable the strongest aluminum or ti-nium alloys with good modulus aracteristics.

High strengths are attained by enching to a fully martensitic ndition and then tempering be-een 400 to 475° F. To obtain aximum ductility and toughness, rbon content is kept to a mini-m, consistent with the strength quirements, with a sufficient al-y content to insure complete rdenability.

Typical steel compositions are of e SAE 4340 type. New high sili-n and boron steels are also being oked at.

Used Here—Landing gears for craft are principal applications present time. Typical design operties attained are tensile ength 260,000 to 280,000 psi, yield strength-tensile strength ratio of 75 to 80 per cent, and elongation 10 per cent in 2 inches.

By raising design level to this minimum, a weight saving of 23 per cent over the conventional 200,000 psi limit can be realized.

Three specifications are used at Lockheed Aircraft Corp. for procurement of 4340 steel to be raised to the 260,000-280,000 psi level: MIL-S-5000 for bar and reforging stock; MIL-S-5000 and MIL-F-7190 for forgings; and AMS 6415 for mechanical tubing.

Watch These — Proper design, manufacturing control and inspection are critical factors involved in the successful use of steel in this high tensile range.

Austenizing is accomplished by heating to 1500° F in accordance with the following schedule: If largest section thickness is ¼-inch, up to 1-inch, heating time is ¾-hour and holding time is 1 hour; if largest section thickness is over

NES 70 alloy high strength steel was used in this 155-ton laminated welded crane hook in service at Republic Steel Corp.

Alloy High Strength Steel

Meets U. S. Army Spec. No. 57-114-1A, Class C.

Sample Heat Analysis	C-0.18; Mn-0.75; P-0.015; S-0.025; Ni-1.75; Cu-1.20; Mo-0.25.
Average Yield Point ¾-in. plate as rolled	73,000 psi
Average tensile strength ¾-in. plate as rolled	98,000 psi
Elongation (2-in.)	17 per cent

Steel for Bearings

CLEAN steels of the type produced by vacuum melting are of particular interest to manufacturers of small precision instrument bearings. Reason: Rejection of finished outer and inner races after inspection of the ball track surface is greatly reduced.

Producers of larger bearings of high quality, such as spindle bearings in high-precision grinding machines, are also interested in metal cleanliness. One such manufacturer has produced a test lot of over 300 outer races, approximately 3½ inches O.D., from a vacuum cast alloy steel, with rejection of only 3 per cent of the races because of small inclusions in the ball track area after lapping. This is lower than rejection rate from corresponding ordinary steel.

Fatigue—Tests on Ferrovac-52100 and a commercial, SAE-52100 bearing steel performed in a Krause Rotating Beam machine at National Research Corp. show a marked difference in fatigue life. For vacuum melted steel, number of cycles to rupture at low stresses is 100 times greater than that of conventional bearing steel.

At higher stress levels, the difference is greater, with 1000 times as many cycles being required for rupture. For same fatigue life, there is 50 per cent increase in permissible stress for vacuum melted material. Because of improved fatigue properties, vacuum melted steel is being evaluated for use in thrust bearings and other heavily loaded bearings.

Hot — Nickel-chromium-molybdenum, carburizing steel has been developed by Bower Roller Bearing Co. for use in bearings at high operating temperatures. Composition used permits carburizing and hardening at temperatures that can be obtained in normal production furnaces. Special furnaces and high temperature required for heat treatment of high temperature steels are avoided. Also, high carbon through hardening steels of high alloy content present problems in annealing and machining that are minimized by use of a low carbon steel that is case hardened.

This new bearing steel has been used satisfactorily where operating temperatures up to 500°F are involved. In fact, temperature limitation is one set by lubricants rather than the ability of the steel to withstand higher temperatures. Temperatures up to 900°F for 100 hours have developed no permanent change in hardness or dimensions in the steel rings.

1-inch and up to 2-inches, heatin time is 1¼-hours and holding tim is 2 hours. Temperature was s lected to keep to a minimum th retained austenite upon quenchin in oil.

Tempering is performed in rang 400 to 475° F for 4 hours per inc of cross section with a four hou minimum. Time is needed fo stable microstructure.

Finally, all parts are heated a 250° F for 24 hours to stabilize an residual austenite. This promote dimensional stability, plus freedo from residual stresses that woul accrue from possible austenite t martensite conversion in servic No subsequent reheating beyon 250° F is allowed on parts.

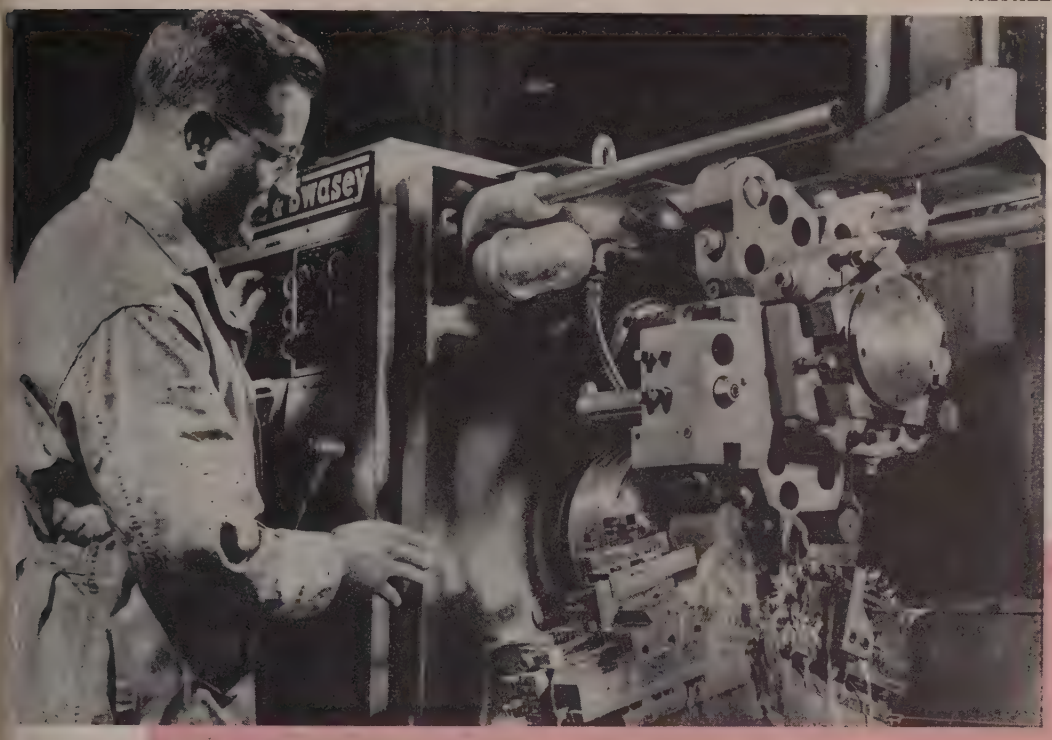
Other Grades—Ultra-high, hea treat steels also being used or co sidered for aircraft design: AIS 8740, 8745, 4330; "Hy-Tuf"; "Su per Hy-Tuf"; "Super TN-2." Ind cations are that aluminum, silico and vanadium additions to the ultr high tensile steels are effective i reducing brittleness and notch sen sitivity after tempering.

Crucible Steel Co.'s "Hy-Tuf" used by Douglas Aircraft Co. t fabricate landing gear assemblie catapult hooks, and arrestin hooks. Nominal analysis of H Tuf: Carbon—0.25 per cent; Ma ganese—1.30 per cent; Silicon 1.50 per cent; Nickel—1.80 p cent; Molybdenum—0.40 per ce

Applications for Hy-Tuf in ad tion to aircraft, suggested by Cr cible: Automotive parts; ha tools; gears; power plant equi ment; heavy construction equi ment; pneumatic tool parts; ro drill bit bodies.

Properties—Hy-Tuf can be we ed satisfactorily by using the str bead method; however, the we technique tends to cause crackin It may be readily flash welded.

Forging temperature for Hy-T is 2000 to 2200° F. It should annealed by a normalize from 16 F followed by a temper at 1200 F for 16 hours. Alternate proced Heat to range 1350-1375° F, h ing for one hour, furnace coo to 1200° F, holding 16 hours d air cooling. It is hardened by oil quenching from 1600° F. Temp ing in the range 400-600° F is co ommended for best combinatio of mechanical properties.



Machinability

New steels speed up machining operations. Especially valuable for tough grades which must have high physicals

MPORTANT advances are being ade by producers in their efforts improve the machinability of eels.

Inland Steel Co.'s Ledloy, made adding lead to any standard rade of steel, reportedly improves achinability from 25 to 60 per nt without adversely affecting echanical properties. Biggest pay f at present may be in improv- g machinability of tough, rela- vely-poor machining grades such 4140.

Copperweld Steel Co. has just gun operating a new installation for producing electric furnace carbon and alloy steel with lead under the Inland Ledloy license.

J & L is making a C-1200 series of steels in its open hearth and electric furnaces that is said to be superior to acid bessemer steels for automatic screw machine use.

United States Steel Corp. has just announced that it is producing its MX-quality, free-machining screw stock in open hearth as well as bessemer grades. This free-cutting steel of the C-12XX type is especially controlled to improve cold-drawing characteristics. It is a fast-cutting bar stock with good surface quality and performs well when finish-machined parts must be subjected to crimping or other deforming operations.

Three Counts—Addition of lead to steel results in three machinability benefits: Reduced friction; improved chip formation; and no tool edge build up.

Studies show lead aids in lubricating the tool, both where cutting edge contacts work and where chip bears against tool face. Generation of heat is reduced and minimizes power and time needed to

cut and deform the chip. Tools tend to wear rather than burn; less friction allows higher machining speeds and production of more parts per hour. Steel which normally yields long, tough chips on a heavy cut has shorter chips, which tend to fall clear of the tool quickly when lead is added.

In normal cutting of a ductile steel, high temperatures and pressures at tool edge often cause cut metal to weld to the tool. This buildup is avoided when Ledloy is handled properly. Action of lead reduces friction and minimizes heat. Dividend is improved surface of the cut.

Availability — Two qualities of lead bearing steel became available last month for shipment from warehouse stocks at Joseph T. Ryerson & Son, Inc. First: Lead bearing AISI 4140. This is the standard, AISI 4140 alloy to which 0.15 to 0.35 per cent lead is added. Based on facts known at this time, lead bearing AISI 4140 will machine up to 50 per cent faster than standard medium carbon alloy steels. Life of cutting tools is increased as much as 100 per cent.

In the annealed state, lead bearing AISI 4140 can be machined at the same speeds and feeds as recommended for C-1117, which has a machinability rating within about 15 per cent of that of B-1112 screw stock. In the heat treated condition, lead bearing AISI 4140 also machines 50 per cent faster than standard heat treated AISI 4140.

Important — Addition of lead to standard AISI 4140 does not change the heat treating characteristics or hardenability. Mechanical properties developed in lead bearing AISI 4140 through heat treatment are reported to be identical to the properties developed in AISI 4140 without lead.

In the low carbon carburizing alloy field, Ryerson has made lead bearing AISI 8620 available from stock. This quality offers same improvement in machinability as lead bearing AISI 4140 and is heat treated in the same manner as standard AISI 8620.

Substitute — Bessemer screw grades B-1111, B-1112 and B-1113 are being duplicated or surpassed by basic open hearth grades C-1211, C-1212 and C-1213. Chemical specifications for latter are:

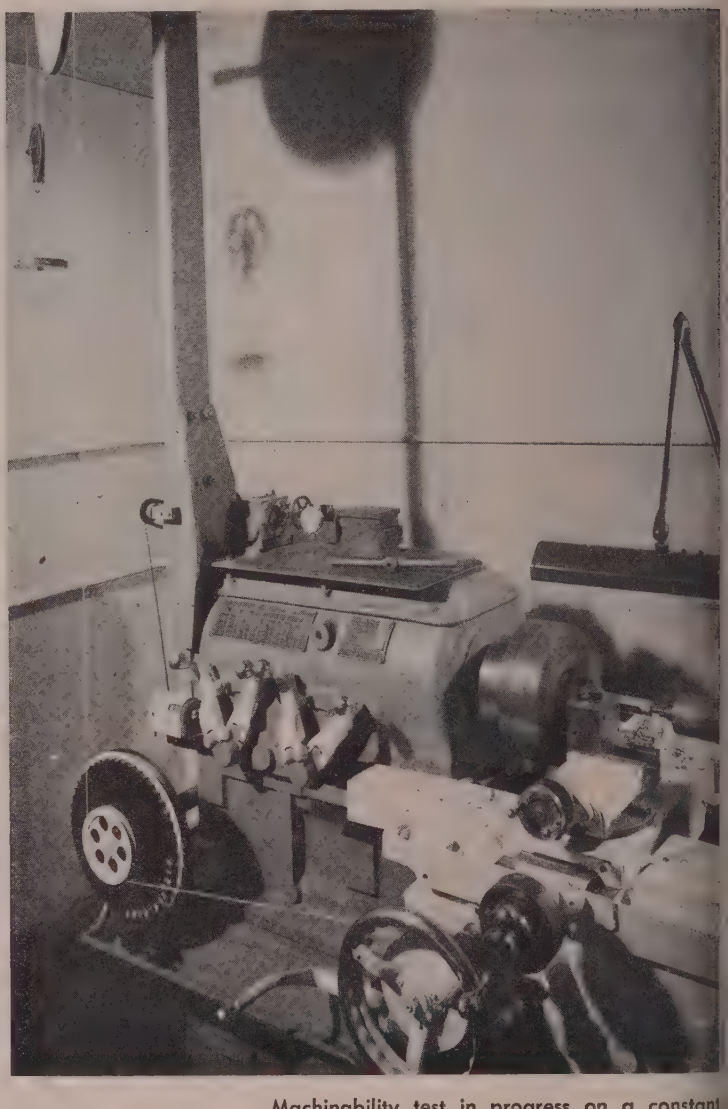
	C	Mn	P	S
C-1211	0.13 max	0.60/0.90	0.07/0.12	0.08/0.15
C-1212	0.13 max	0.70/1.00	0.07/0.12	0.16/0.23
C-1213	0.13 max	0.70/1.00	0.07/0.12	0.24/0.33

Briefly, here is the open hearth practice: Straight ferromanganese is added to meet specifications. Preferred bath temperature before this step is from 2910 to 2940° F. Heat is tapped about five minutes after addition.

Flowers of sulphur and ferrophosphorous are added to meet the specifications, and if desired, nitrogen may be added in controlled amounts in any of the several available forms. Final adjustment of analysis is made by addition of a small quantity of ferromanganese.

Steel is cast in 25-inch by 27-inch, corrugated-bottle-top ingots. Capping, if necessary, is with use of a small quantity of crushed, 90-per-cent ferrosilicon. Practice results in the production of steel that exhibits excellent uniformity within the heat and a high order of consistency from heat to heat.

It is claimed that the open hearth process affords more flexibility with respect to nitrogen and phosphorus contents than the acid bessemer. This may permit manufacture of analyses that are better suited for particular applications than the conventional grades.



Machinability test in progress on a constant pressure lathe at Battelle Memorial Institute

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U. S. Steel Research Laboratory

Hardenability

Boron steels are losing ground to standard Grades. There's a trend toward use of leaner alloys and carbon steels

EXPERIENCE gained by manufacturers and users has resolved many of the problems inherent in heat treatment of boron steels. The American Iron and Steel Institute has issued a list of new steels containing boron and tentative standard steels developed to conserve nickel and molybdenum.

Boron steels have been tested sufficiently to indicate that in many applications they can replace more highly alloyed materials. Limitations have appeared in carburizing requirements. Most important question: Influence of boron in higher carbon levels of the case of carburized parts.

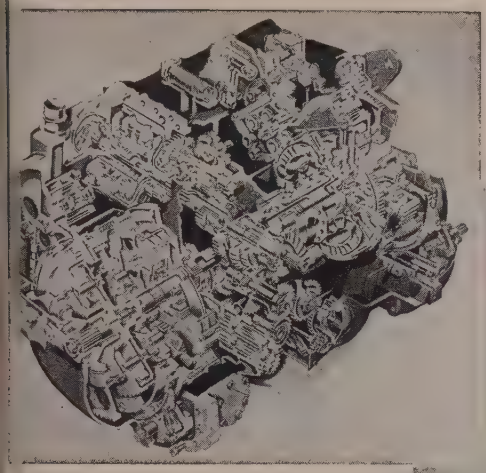
Potency of boron is great. Even when added in infinitesimal quantities it permits a substantial reduction of the standard alloying elements. For example, addition of approximately 0.001 per cent boron to a steel of about 1.3 per cent nominal total nickel-chromium-molybdenum content will give it the hardenability characteristics of a similar untreated steel of about 2.0 per cent nominal alloy content.

Need—Boron steels appear to be losing ground as more manufacturers turn to standard grades. But they all agree: It's good to know that they could use them if their backs were up against the wall in a real emergency. Higher prices, excessive core hardness resulting in distortion on quenching for low carbon types, and variations from heat to heat are some reasons for the switch to non-boron steels.

Heat Treat—Boron treated steels must be fully quenched and tempered to obtain the benefit of boron. These steels offer no advantages in the normalized or annealed condition. Effectiveness of boron diminishes as carbon increases. At about 0.90 per cent carbon, no further effect on hardenability is realized.

Difficulties have been encountered in carburizing low-alloy, boron-treated steels. While the core hardenability of a steel such as 80B20 may be entirely satisfactory for a part, case hardenability may not be up to requirements.

steel 1953-10-19 133 16



Drive gears and pinions in this 27-ton, Walker Bulldog tank are made of Superkore A steel, developed by U.S. Steel Corp. to conserve critical alloying elements. Machinability is good and cost is $25 a ton less than high nickel steel. This alternate was recently adopted as a standard steel by AISI

Practice — It's a good idea to ply carburizing and heat treating ilities to actual parts which can fully tested and approved be- re going into production.

Carburizing before direct quench- g may decrease the hardenability the core. Either delayed quench- g, based on cooling to about 50° F before quenching, or a nventional double treatment may ercome this.

Carbon vs Alloy — Closer con- lled and specialized heat treat- nt methods are being studied by tallurgists in a trend toward the e of leaner alloys and carbon els in some applications.

Example: Following more than ree years of laboratory work and ad testing, Chrysler Corp. has placed furnace-hardened, alloy- el, rear-axle drive shafts on light cks and taxi cabs with induction rdened shafts made of plain car- n steel.

Alloy steels previously used for ar axle drive shafts in this appli- tion were AISI-SAE 4063 and 60.

Grade 5160 replaced 4063 when strictions were placed on the use molybdenum early in the Korean r.

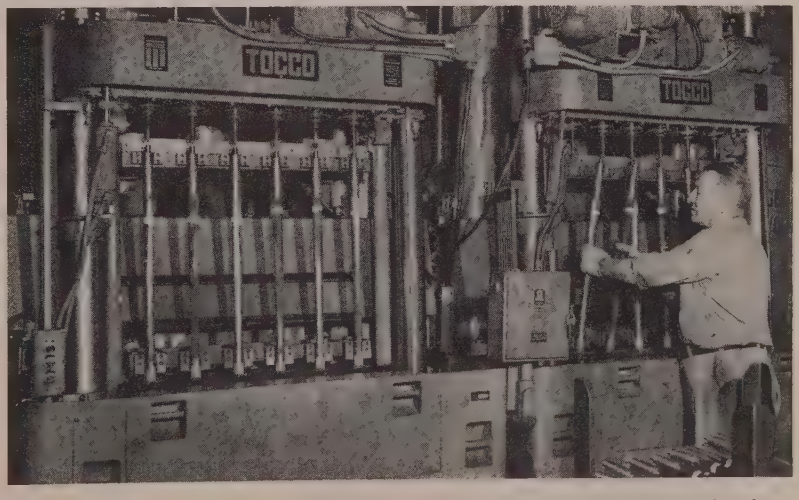
These two steels were furnace rdened, oil quenched and tem- red. The plain carbon steel ich replaces them is grade SI C-1037.

Performance — Principal reasons Chrysler's adoption of induc- n-hardened, carbon steel as a ar axle shaft material: 1. Higher sistance to bending fatigue; 2. Adequate torsional strength; and 3. Lower cost compared with alloy steel.

In laboratory tests, induction-hardened, rear axle shafts showed an increase of 60 per cent in resistance to bending fatigue over furnace-hardened shafts made of alloy steel.

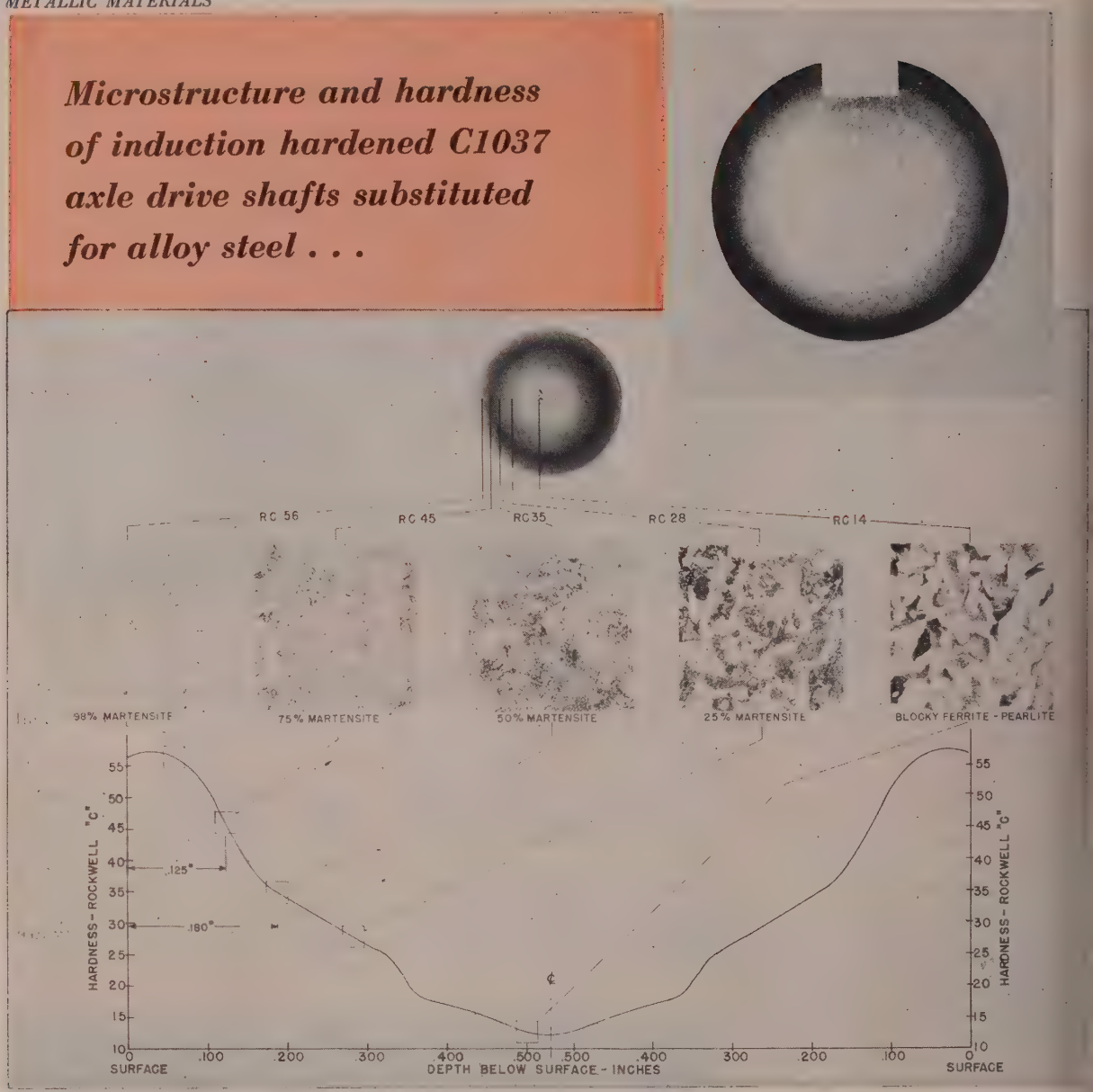
Results of 265,000 miles of road testing (18 different vehicles were operated under extremely severe overload conditions) correlated with laboratory findings. In road tests, induction hardened shafts demonstrated adequate torsional strength.

Use of carbon-steel, rear axle shafts in place of alloy steel shafts gave an appreciable saving in material cost. Processing costs have also been reduced through elimination of annealing, tempering, and shot peening operations. In addition, induction hardened shafts are more easily machined.



Induction heating units used to harden C1037 carbon steel rear axle drive shafts at Chrysler Corp. Alloy steel previously used was 4063 and 5160, furnace hardened. Each of the 125-kw, 3000-cycle units hardens six axle shafts per run. Body of shaft has hardness of 50 RC

Microstructure and hardness of induction hardened C1037 axle drive shafts substituted for alloy steel . . .



TEST RESULTS at Chrysler Corp. indicate that effective case depth on induction - hardened, AISI-C1037, axle drive shafts should be 0.180-inch minimum. Effective case depth in this instance is interpreted to mean the point at which the metallographic structure is 50 per cent martensite.

In terms of hardness, the surface and first 0.100-inch is Rockwell C 50. At depth of 0.125-inch hardness is Rockwell C 45. From this point inward, hardness will drop to Rockwell C 35 (50 per cent martensite hardness) at 0.180-inch below the surface, and will taper out, depending upon hardenability of the material, to about 0.280-inch.

Case depth is measured on samples cut from the smallest diameter of shaft. This minimum case depth and hardness gradient is required to meet the specified static torsion yield strength of 24,000 inch pounds. Above graph made from a transverse sample taken from the small diameter of an axle shaft illustrates the requirements.

Hardened depth pattern at the key way end (inset) must be such that it will be deeper than the key way. After heat treatment of shafts, keyway or tapered end of the shaft is tempered for 1 seconds, to permit cutting the key way. Keyway is 0.21867-inc deep and the structure at its bo tom contains 40 per cent ma tensite with a hardness of abo Rockwell C 25.

Case depth requirement is ne essary at this point to preve sloppiness between the key an keyway due to batter which w occur if the keyway is softer.

Here's a production idea that cuts costs...improves products... Thomas pre-coated strip

Thomas Cold Rolled Pre-coated Strip steel is more than a quality product—it's a production idea that helps reduce costs—speeds operations and makes a better finished product.

Take Thomas electro-plated copper strip for example. It serves as a die lubricant and stretches die life, protects parts in process against rust, is used as a low-cost final finish for many products and increases efficiency of tinning, soldering and brazing operations. In many instances entire operations such as raw material preparation, intermediate cleaning, buffing and final plating all may be eliminated.

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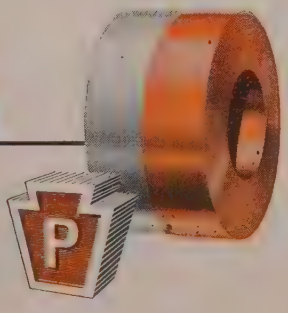

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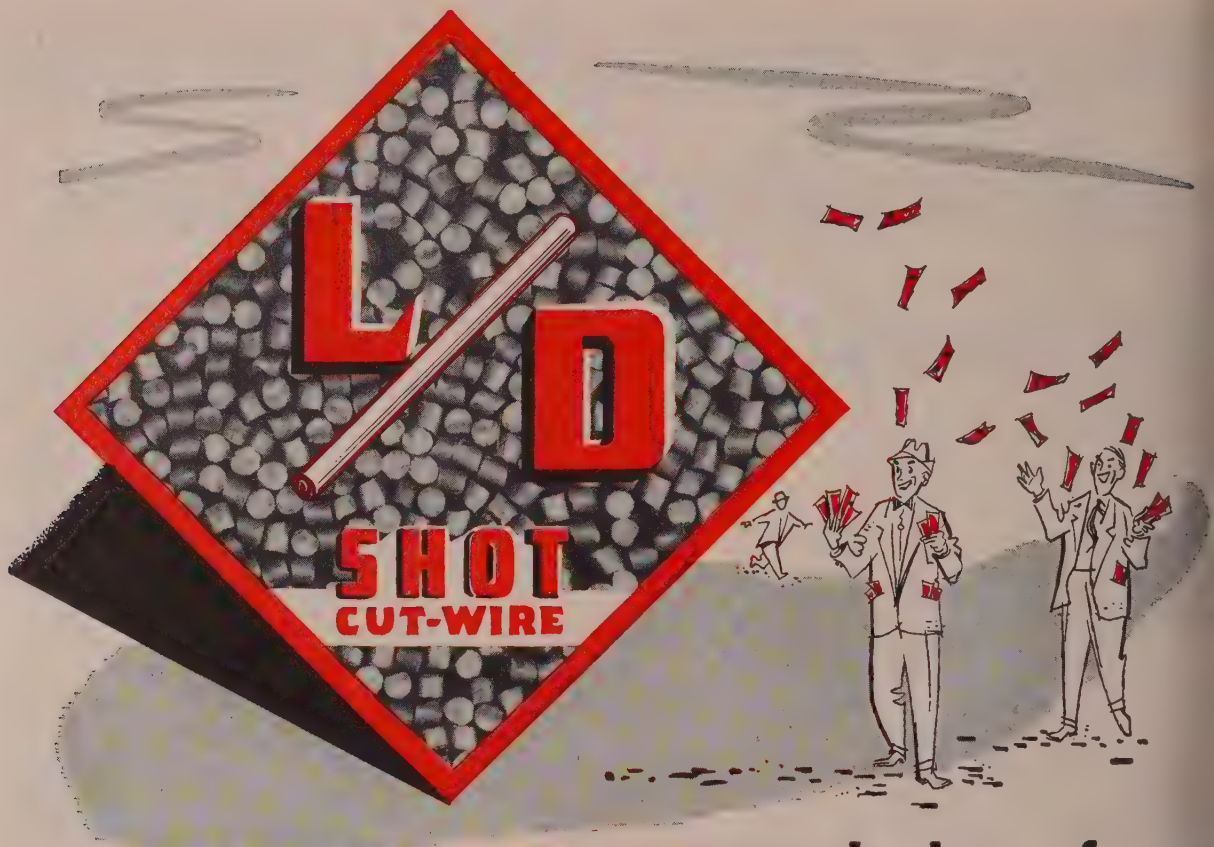

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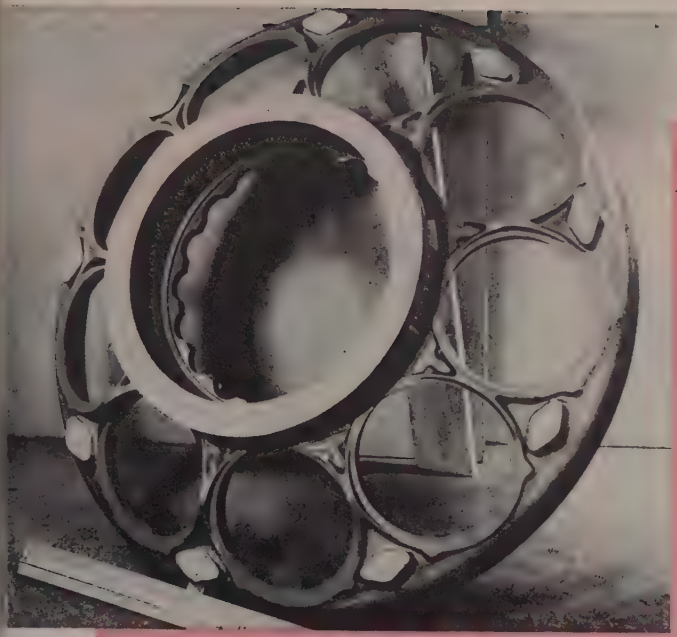
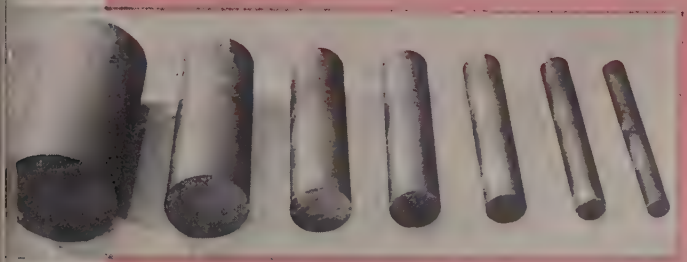


J-48 Jet engine burner support casting produced of ductile iron



Ductile iron bar stock was announced this month. Aircraft plants are machining intricate jet engine parts out of as-cast ductile iron bars

Ductile Iron

High yield point and good castability open up new applications for spheroidal graphite cast iron

HERE is a marked potential for eating new applications for undry products in ductile (nodu- r) iron—a special gray cast iron th the graphite occurring in unded spheroidal form.

For many products ductile iron mbines the process advantages cast iron and the product ad- ntages of steel. It has good idity and ability to fill intricate olds. Wear resistance of ductile on parts is equivalent to gray on, cast steel and bronze cast- gs. Fatigue resistance is in the ce with ordinary steels in both tched or unnotched condition. gh yield point gives it a fav- able strength weight ratio.

Two grades of ductile iron are arlitic and ferritic. Pearlitic is obtained in the as-cast condition. It usually requires no heat treatment, although it may be heat treated to higher strengths and hardness. Ferritic can be obtained by an annealing heat treatment of the pearlite grade.

Here are some places where ductile iron is being used: High pressure hydraulic machinery, gears, cams, bearings, blast furnace parts, annealing pots and boxes, crankshafts, clutches, brakes, dies, rolls for steel mills, diesel heads for pistons, pipes and fittings and a variety of machine parts.

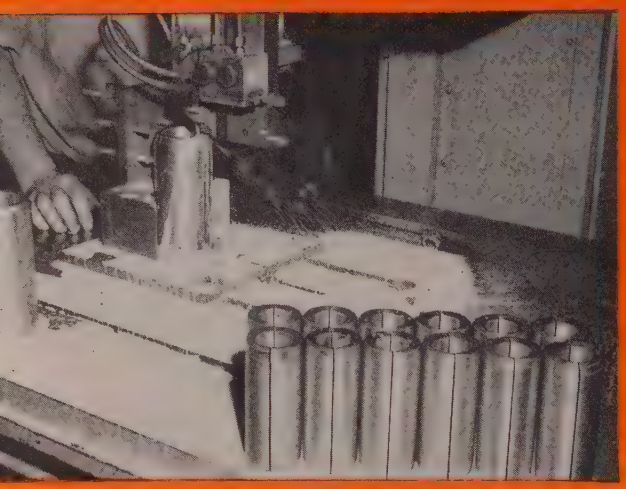
Bar Stock — Howard Foundry Co., Chicago, announced this month they are producing ductile iron bar stock. Compared with cast iron bar stock, due to the nature of ductile iron, center line shrinkage was difficult to overcome.

Howard reports their production bars are sound and will pass x-ray inspection for density. As-cast properties of the bars: Tensile strength, 100,000 psi; yield, 65,000 psi; elongation, 3½ to 4½ per cent; brinell hardness, 245. Bars can be heat treated for greater elongation and hardness.

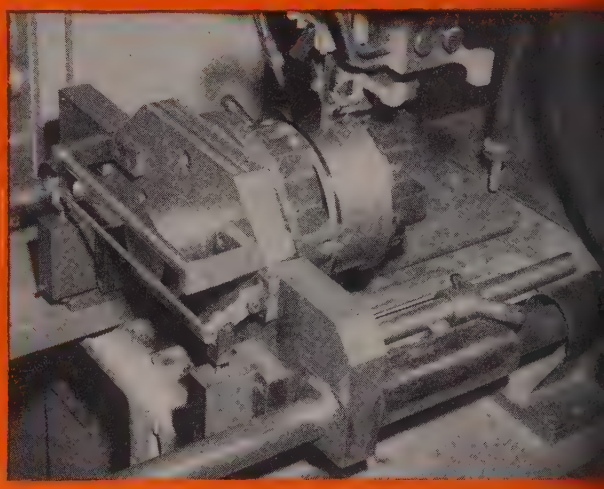
Ductile iron machines well. Bars can be used in maintenance production or specialty work in such applications as pins, bushings, shafts, bearings, seals, and valve guides. Aircraft plants are machining intricate thin oil pump bodies and covers for jet engines out of as-cast ductile iron bars.

PRODUCTION

Low Cost Answer to Many Operation



SLOTTING Slotting bushings, using fixture and special heavy gage DoALL Saw Band to produce desired slot width.



SLITTING Cutting heavy duty bearings in half. Adjustable fixture handles parts up to 11" dia. x 14" length.

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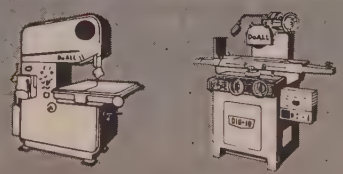
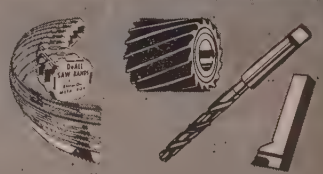
Contour-matic
...a versatile automatic production machine tool

*



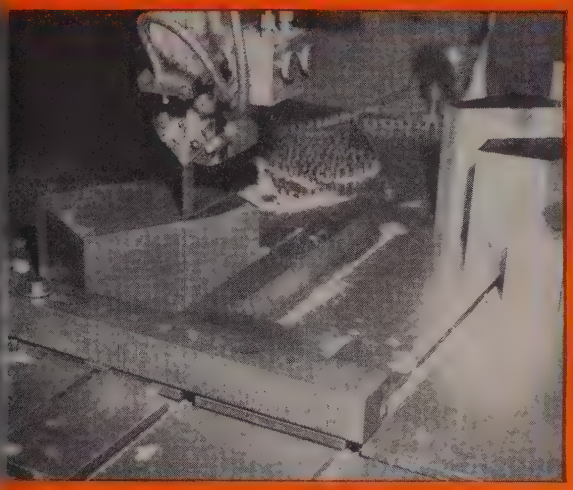
MACHINE TOOLS



CUTTING TOOLS

ANDSAWING

n Runs of Identical Parts



NGLE CUTTING Back-up bar is bolted saw table. An angle is bolted to back-up bar. lly adjustable.

STOCK REMOVAL Excess stock required to hold pinions in gear cutter being removed automatically.

se of Simple Fixtures Often Lets Bandsawing eplace More Costly Machining Methods

OW the use of simple fixtures bolted to DoALL wer feed bandsaw tables extends the usefulness the machines in mass production work can be n from the accompanying illustrations. Many os that would otherwise be performed on wer, more expensive machine tools are now ing done on DoALL machines because of the r's ingenuity in devising fixtures.

The versatility of the DoALL Contour-matic kes it the preferred machine for production ving. Variable hydraulic table feed, automatic stop, adjustable pressure coolant flow, adjustable pressure air flow to blow chips away from cut, blade speed range from 10 to 40,000 fpm, band tension control—these are a few of the features of this production machine.

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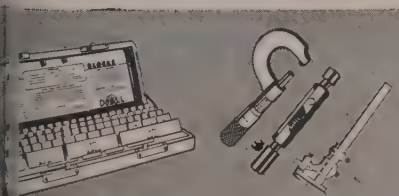


GAGING EQUIPMENT

INDUSTRIAL SUPPLIES

Sharon Steel Corp.

Nickel-stretching and special-purpose alloys brighten outlook for . . .

Stainless Steels

NICKEL bearing stainless steel, popular but hard to get, may remain in short supply for an indefinite period. Although nickel is showing signs of easing, no great spurt in supplies is anticipated.

There has been considerable pressure on government agencies to decontrol nickel by October 1953, but it now appears that this will not be accomplished in the immediate future. Office of Defense Mobilization has announced its desire to study additional data on the effects of decontrol prior to making a decision.

Nickel stainless grades consume almost half of the U. S. nickel supply. National defense demands on nickel are high and come first. Nickel, among the first metals to be placed under control, is the last to be released. This indicates that in a future emergency it would be among the first to be restricted.

Worthwhile—With the availability situation in mind, a good, long-term alternate is well worth the attention of the materials engineer. Appraisal of Type 430 ferritic, straight chromium stainless and its modifications shows in most cases these steels are the best available alternates for applications where 302 has been used, but for which the chromium-nickel type is no longer available or permitted.

Included in the 17-per-cent, straight chromium group are regular 430, free machining 430F, welding grade 430T. In other cases, where an austenitic material is imperative or where high-strength, cold-rolled strip is required, it has been necessary to replace nearly all the nickel in the 18-8 type with manganese.

Good judgment must be used in selection of any alternate to versatile 18-8 stainless. Experience over many years has pointed to manganese as the most favorable replacement for nickel in Type 302 within certain limits.

Many tons of an austenitic alloy, containing about 17 per cent chromium, 4 nickel and 7 manganese, have been produced in past years. It has good working properties both hot and cold; 17-4-7 looks like a good alternate to Type 301, especially for high-strength, cold-rolled strip.

302 Substitute—A slightly higher nickel and manganese content, such as 18 per cent chromium, 5 nickel, and 8 manganese, stands a good chance of filling the bill for an alternate to 302 in the high manganese range. Experimental work is progressing along such lines. Nickel requirements would be only about one half that required for regular 18-8; where emergency necessitates, it would permit doubling of normal chromium-nickel, stainless steel supply with no greater amount of nickel.

Producers feel that these modifications will have to be tried over a wide range of applications to establish their acceptability as alternates to 301 and 302 from the standpoint of production and fabrication as well as ultimate use.

Budd Co. has successfully used many tons of an austenitic alternate, containing 1 per cent nickel —maximum as allowed by government regulations. Known in the trade as TRC, it has approximate composition: Chromium 15.0 per cent; Carbon 0.10 max; Nickel 1.0; Manganese 16.5; Nitrogen 0.15 (See STEEL, p. 94, Mar. 1953).

Many producers are now looking at TRC as an interim product. As such, it has served a useful purpose. But producers feel a bet-

all around alternate can be de-
ped with nickel in the 4 to 5
cent range.

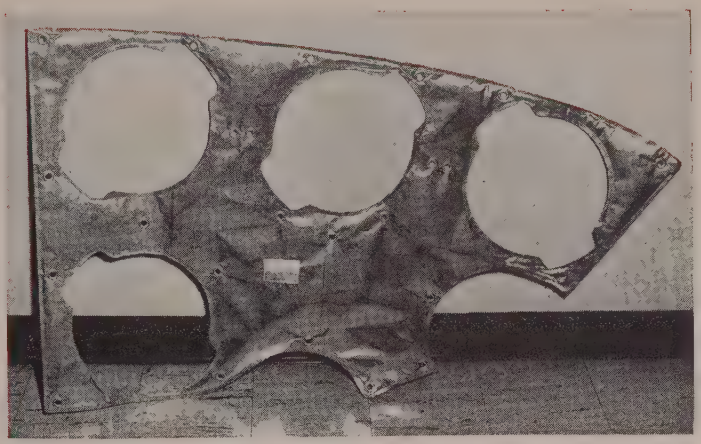
echanical Properties—Manufac-
rs accustomed to the 18-8
les will find certain differences
17-per-cent, chromium steel.
agation value of type 302 is
ost twice that of type 430. In
17-per-cent, chromium grade,
ller spread between tensile and
d strength reduces the range of
tic deformation. These differ-
s make modifications necessary
ome fabricating practices when
430 is substituted for 302.
qually important from the de-
standpoint, however, is the
that unlike type 302, type 430
its variants do not work harden
any considerable extent. This
distinct advantage if the ma-
al is to be spun, but for drawing
forming operations, certain dif-
lties arise.

emperature Effects—Type 302,
ke many metals, remains
tile at extremely low temper-
res. Type 430 and other chromi-
stainless steels do not have this
antage. At slightly below room
perature, fracture exhibited by
430 changes from a ductile
to a brittle type. It stands to
on this straight chromium
de cannot be employed for low
perature use where impact re-
ance is a factor.

erformance at high tempera-
s is much more favorable. Type
has high resistance to scaling
oxidation at high temperatures.
esists destructive scaling up to
0° F. However, type 430 and
modifications do not have the
strength at elevated tempera-
s characteristic of the 18-8
nless steels.

agnetic Properties—Unlike the
stainless steels, the 17 per cent
omium types are magnetic. De-
ding on exact analysis, annealed
neability may vary from 400 to
), compared to a 1.02 maximum
annealed type 302. Because of
magnetic properties, type 430
its modifications should not be
l where a nonmagnetic material
eeded.

elding—Type 430 stainless can
welded by any method except
e welding. However, welded
ts may be somewhat brittle at
m temperature. Annealing



Stainless steel in thicknesses of 0.002 and 0.004-inch is used for jet blankets in some aircraft. Between sheets of this near-foil thickness is packed a layer of asbestos or fiberglass. It carries the heat of the engines away from the pilot

OTHER applications for thin gage stainless: Weather stripping; store fronts; fireproof doors; architectural panels; outdoor movie screens (bonded to plywood); radar; radio and television equipment; camera components; spring fingers for oil seal enclosures; spring washers; antenna leaf; diaphragms; jewelry; automotive radiator fins; proximity fuses; and jet aircraft tail assemblies.
One producer, Washington Steel Corp. is making "Veri-Thin, MicroRold" stainless steel sheet and strip to the following specifications:

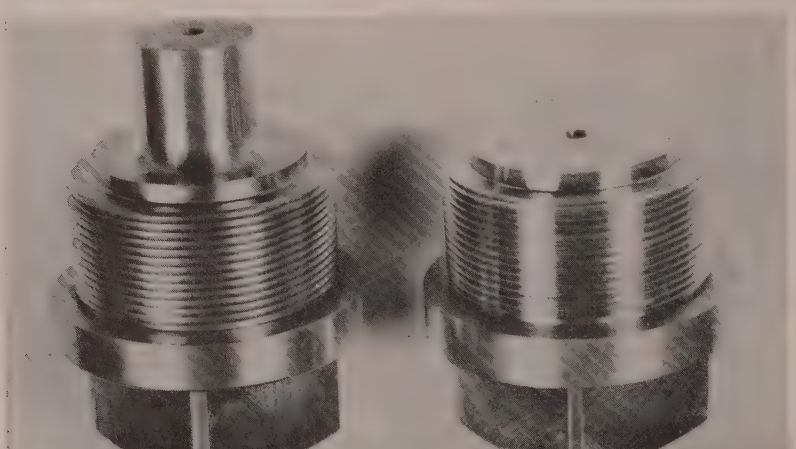
18-8 Grades

36" wide sheets	0.006 to 0.009-in. thick	2B or 2D Finish
30" wide sheets	0.004 to 0.009-in. thick	2B or 2D Finish
24" wide max.	0.002 to 0.009-in. thick	Bright Annealed

Type 430

30" & 36" widths	0.009-in. thick	2B Finish
24" max.	0.002 to 0.009-in. thick	Bright Annealed

Precision stainless steel strip produced by Wallingford Steel Co. is used by Bead Chain Mfg. Co. in making this bead chain suitable for a positive drive sprocket. It is replacing gear mechanisms on T-V tuners, air conditioning units, business machines, venetian blinds, and is used on timing units of appliances



Valve plugs made from Armco 17-4 PH stainless rod and hardened by heat treatment at 900°F for one hour. This material can be used against Type 316 stainless without galling

around 1400-1500° F helps to alleviate the brittle condition. It will not correct grain growth, and as a general rule, weld will not be restored to the full ductility of the base metal.

Use of type 430T, frequently referred to as 430Ti, gives better weld ductility. Titanium contained in this grade inhibits the formation of martensite by welding heat. Type 430T welds are fairly ductile in both the as-welded and annealed conditions.

Save Here — Straight chrome types buff and polish readily. In many cases, bright rolled finish of the 400 series is satisfactory perhaps with a superficial buffing. Since a bright rolled finish is not available in type 302, finishing operations can actually turn out to be cheaper when working with 430.

Corrosion resistance of type 430 and its modifications is good. Although it may show some tarnish or discoloration under certain conditions, it is quite satisfactory for utility.

Results of five year outside exposure tests on straight chromium and 18-8 type were recently reported by Armco Steel Corp. Conclusions drawn: "Type 430 stainless steel has good atmospheric corrosion resisting properties. It will give a good account of itself in normal outdoor service, except along the seacoast".

High-Workability, Stainless Steels—Broad application is foreseen for a new stainless steel that makes possible economical, mass production of severely cold headed and upset fasteners and other parts. Known as Carpenter No. 10, steel is a modified-austenitic, 18-8 chrome-nickel stainless that work hardens slower than any of the conventional 18-8 analyses. General type analysis is: Carbon 0.08 per cent max; Chromium 16.00; Nickel 18.00.

Uses for the steel: Fasteners, cold headed bolts, screws, upset nuts, instrument parts, etc. It is also good for blanking, forming and jobs involving severe coining, extruding and swaging.

No. 10 has another valuable property: It is useful for parts that must remain nonmagnetic after severe cold working. After a 50 per cent reduction, with a field of 200 Oersteds, permeability is approximately 1.002. After an 80 per cent reduction, permeability is about 1.018.

Hot Workability — Recent tests have brought to light new facts on the effect of rare earth oxides and misch-metal on the hot workability of austenitic stainless alloys in mill operations.

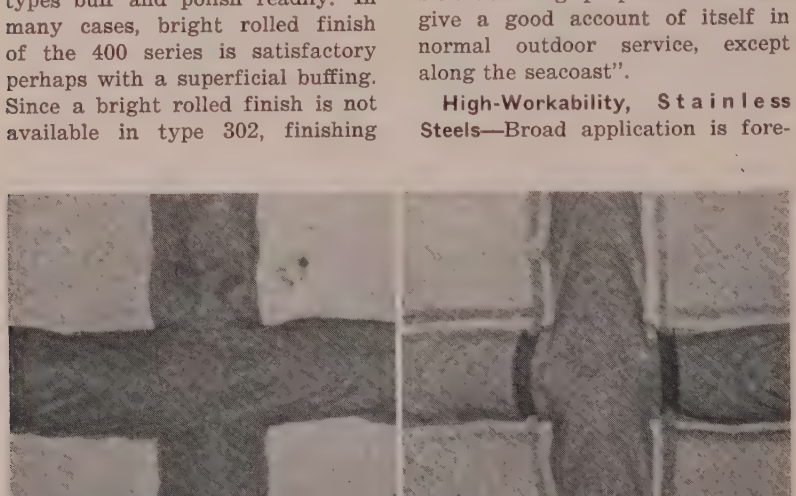
These rare earth metals and compounds are giving increased output of products from hard-to-work, high-alloy, stainless steels used in corrosion and heat resistant applications. With prospect of relaxed controls on nickel near, use of these rare earth additions promises even more benefit.

Resists Sulphuric—A sulphuric acid-resisting stainless steel, Carpenter No. 20, which has approximately the same composition as Durimet 20 castings, is now available in bars, tubing, sheet, strip, plate and wire.

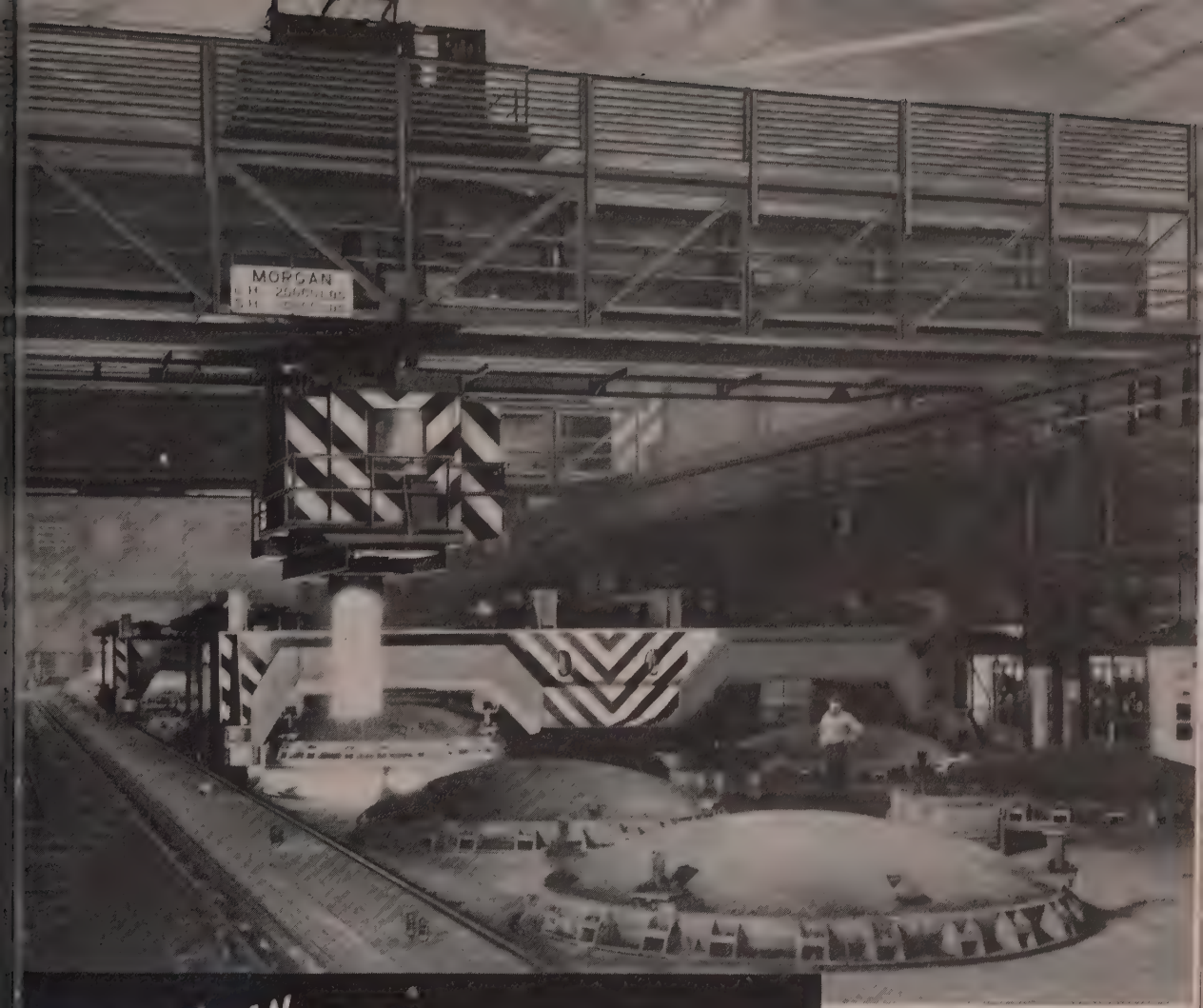
In many corrosive applications this special No. 20 gives increased equipment life, and reduces cost of fabrication as well. Typical applications: Pump shafts and rods, valve stems, bolts, nuts, washers, tie rods, pickling racks, and spray pickling equipment.

Precipitation Hardening—Development of two types of precipitation hardening stainless steels has extended the field of application for stainless steels.

Armco 17-4PH and 17-7PH stain-



Specimen (right) was made of Type 304 stainless, welded with type 308 electrode. Note corrosion alongside welds and on bead. Specimen (left) is Type 304L (extra low carbon) welded with a Type 304L electrode. There is no evidence of corrosion



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MORGAN CRANES AT PUEBLO

Illustrated is one of two Morgan 10-ton, 7-motor, 94'5" span Soaking Pit Cranes at The Colorado Fuel & Iron Corporation's Pueblo Works. These cranes have a tongs range of 15"-30". All motions on trolley are through worm reduction units. The trolley frame, bridge trucks and ram are fabricated and welded into one-piece units.

Morgan has followed very closely the development of soaking pit cranes from the first tower and rack type to the present modern low stiff leg type built with or without counter-weights. Send for Bulletin 32-A.

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less steel have the combination of good corrosion resistance, high strength and hardness, and good fabricating properties. These alloys are heat treated in range of 850 to 1400° F; this minimizes many heat treating problems.

The 17-4 PH alloy can be heat treated at 850-900° F, to a Rockwell C hardness of 40 to 45, an ultimate strength of 190,000 to 210,000 psi and a yield strength of 170,000 to 200,000 psi.

In the soft temper condition, 17-7 PH sheet, strip and plate can be deep drawn or severely formed and then hardened to high strength and hardness. When heat treated to develop maximum strength, 17-7 PH condition TH will develop: Ultimate tensile strength 185,000 psi; 0.2 per cent yield strength-165,000; Elongation, per cent in 2-in., 6; Rockwell hardness C41.

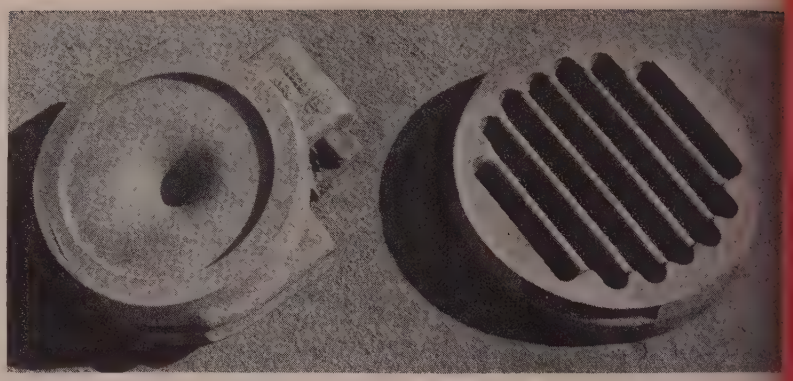
Wire—In wire form, 17-7 PH stainless offers a combination of high corrosion resistance and strength and elastic properties comparable to high carbon spring steels. Heat treated springs have a much higher set resistance than 18-8 springs.

After coiling springs, hardening is accomplished by heating one hour at 900° F, followed by air cooling. In this condition, 17-7 PH exhibits elastic properties at room temperature like those of the best music wire and alloy spring steel.

U. S. Steel Corp. has developed a precipitation hardening 18-8 stainless called Stainless W. This ferritic alloy can be heat treated in all wrought and cast forms to give a range of mechanical properties similar to that of the cold worked austenitic 18-8 steels. Variation of mechanical properties is brought about by varying either solution annealing temperature or aging temperature and time, or both. Other stainless producers have experimental work going on in the precipitation hardening field.

Extra Low Carbon—By providing lower over-all cost, compared with stabilized grades, as well as greater corrosion resistance adjacent to welds, extra low carbon grades are now widely used for welded stainless steel structures.

Even more important in periods of material shortages is the fact that these grades do not require critical columbium, or tantalum stabilizers, to prevent harmful carbide precipitation due to welding.



Valve disc (left) and compressor casting (right) produced in Cooper Alloy Foundry Co.'s new V2B stainless alloy

Long Term Prospect Is Good—A new grade of "Simplex", extra low carbon ferrochrome developed by Electrometallurgical Co., promises to make it cheaper to produce the extra low carbon grades. Vanadium Corp. of America is also getting into production with an extra low carbon grade of ferrochrome. For many applications, the low carbon grades of stainless provide a satisfactory material at lower cost.

Extra low carbon grades have a maximum carbon content of only 0.03 per cent as compared to about 0.10 per cent for regular grades. This exceptionally low carbon content prevents harmful carbide precipitation during welding and possible intergranular corrosion at weld areas.

ASME's Boiler Code committee issued a special ruling a short time ago permitting use of the extra low carbon grades of austenitic stainless steel (Types 304, 316, 317), under the applicable section of their rules for unfired pressure vessels.

New Alloy — High corrosion resistance, hardenability and machinability in the quench-annealed condition are properties of a new stainless alloy, V2B developed by Cooper Alloy Foundry Co. V2B is a hardenable 18-8 type containing copper, molybdenum, silicon, and a small amount of beryllium. Crucible Steel Co. has taken a license from Cooper to produce wrought forms of stainless V2B. (U. S. P. 2,635,044 —Apr. 1953).

In the quench annealed condition, the alloy is soft enough to be readily machined. After machining, the steel may be precipitation-hardened by a low temperature heat treatment producing no distortion. New alloy can be produced in the cast as well as the rolled condition.

High hardness and strength, together with good corrosion resistance, plus erosion resistance and nongalling characteristics, suggest applications in parts requiring corrosion resistance such as valve disks, pump impellers, gears and other wearing parts at both ordinary and elevated temperatures.

V2B does not overage at elevated temperatures with resultant loss in hardness. This points toward applications in steam accessories where temperatures may go as high as 1400° F.

Sintered Stainless — If costs for corrosion resistant mechanical parts are too high it will pay you to look into possibilities of sintered stainless steel parts. Developments in stainless powdered metallurgy are now far enough advanced to make the process feasible for many applications.

Stainless powder is used for components such as gears, levers, cams and other parts which are difficult to machine economically from bar stock. Raw material cost is higher than bar or sheet stock. However the amount of material used per part is usually less since there is negligible scrap loss and little, if any, machining.

Stainless powder metallurgy parts can be machined. Boring, turning and other operations are done on routine basis with carbide tools.

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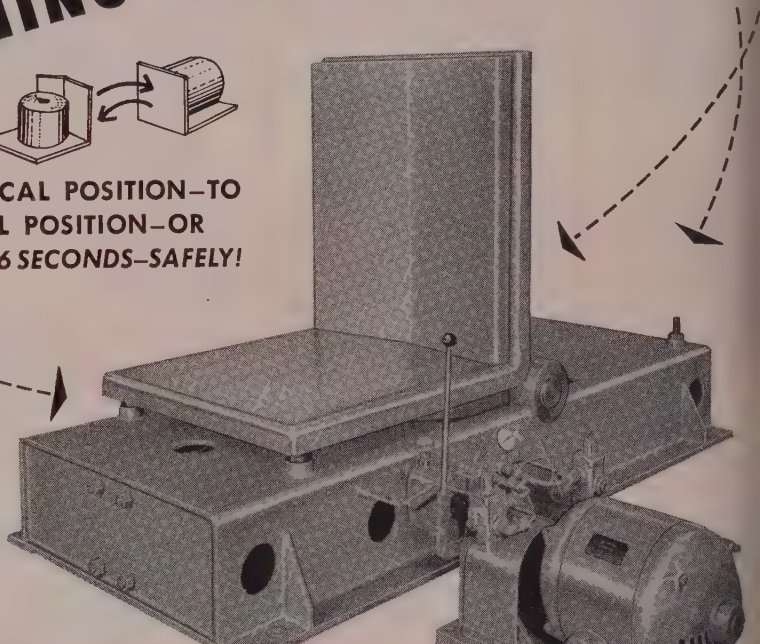

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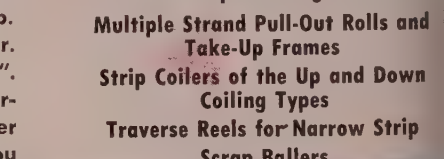

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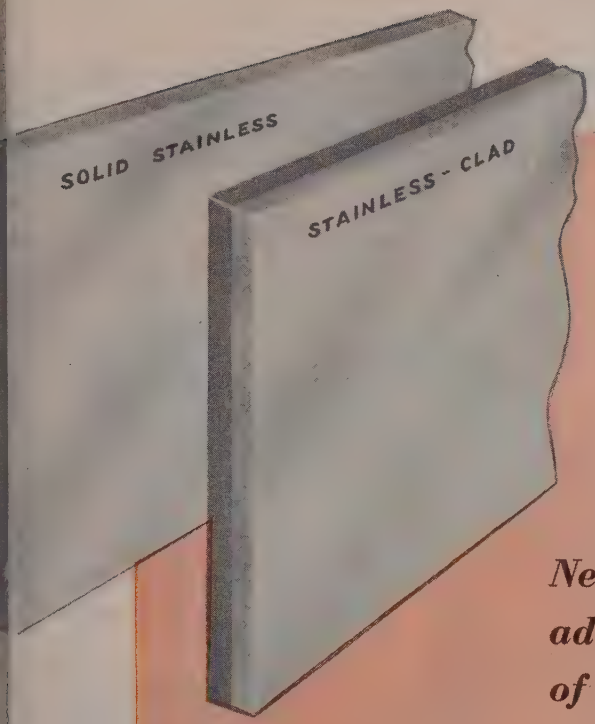

Clad Steels

New economy and complete adaptability in a variety of applications

ERE are many reasons for us- clad steels. One of the most portant: They are less expen- e and yet have the same cor- ion resistance properties as the id cladding metals.

There are some cases, however, ere clad steels cost more than solid cladding metals, but their is justified by some other de- able property.

Other factors that have influ- ed the use of clad steel plates lower cost fabrication and ease welding, increased strength and proved thermal conductivity. Of portance also: Conservation of rce metals such as nickel and romium in emergencies.

Weld Together—A clad steel— te, sheet or strip—is made by ling two or more different met- together to produce a perma- ntly-bonded, bi-metal material. e "sandwich" so produced can be t, twisted, punched, and formed e a plate of a single metal.

Relatively thin surface layer of rosion resistant material is join- to a backing plate of carbon or oy steel, giving it strength and idity with economy.

Clad steel plates are generally specified in the order of 10 or 20 per cent of the total plate thickness, but percentages from 5 to 50 per cent have been produced. Clad steel plates are now available up to 5 inches thick. Steel backing selected may have low or high temperature properties of molybdenum or nickel steels or may be a standard or high tensile material.

First—Nickel clad steel was the first clad product, pioneered by Lukens Steel Co. some 20 odd years ago. Since then, Monel, Inconel, stainless, and copper clad steels have been added and are now commercially available.

Recently, Lukens worked out a process for manufacturing aluminum clad plates; studies are being made of clad steels fabricated with scarce and high-priced metals such as tantalum, zirconium and titanium. Eventually they may join the other special metals, such as silver, that have been used in the cladding process to make scarce, high-priced material go further.

Range—Since stainless clad steels perform the same function as solid stainless, they have been widely used in many corrosive environments. Here's what one producer makes: Jessop Steel Co. turns out stainless clad in the range of 10 to 50 per cent total stainless. Included are AISI types 304, 316, 347, 321 and 310. These grades are also produced in the extra low carbon analysis. Stainless clad plates are also produced in types 405, 410, and 430 straight chromium stainless steels.

More—Superior Steel Corp. produces low carbon deep drawing strip steel, clad on one or both sides with copper, red brass, bronze, nickel or cupro-nickel. These cladding metals are bonded inseparably to the steel base in thicknesses of 10 to 15 per cent of the overall thickness.

Other Superior clad products: 430 stainless on low carbon steel, 15 per cent cladding on both sides; copper on one or both sides of 430 stainless; low carbon steel clad with 430 stainless on one side and copper or bronze on other side. Under development is low carbon steel coated on both sides with 300 stainless steel.

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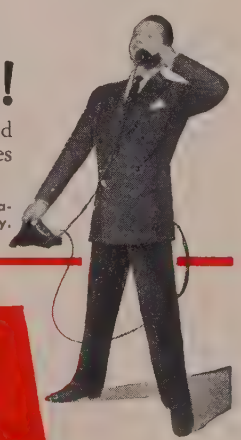

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Pittsburgh Steel Co.

Precoated Metals

New starting point for production economy in a wid range of metal combinations

MANY manufacturers first became acquainted with precoated steel strip in World War II. Since then they have found that precoated steel of one type or another is a short cut to better appearance and improved corrosion resistance on many products.

Economy and strength of steel are combined with the functional properties of nonferrous metals. A complete line of precoated strip steel is available in a variety of sizes, widths, gages, tempers and finishes (see list). Precoated metals are produced in base metals other than steel including zinc, brass, copper and aluminum.

Pays Off—Precoated strip allows manufacturers in many instances to skip preparation and plating costs and concentrate on fabricating and assembling. Material works smoothly through dies and intricate forming rolls.

Fabricator has the advantage of corrosion resistance both during processing and in the finished article. In many cases, the surface supplied by the precoating is all that is required; in other instances, the precoating makes a ready base for further plating or painting.

Precoated strip can conserve nonferrous metals. For example: Copper electroplated over cold-rolled strip can save as much as 95 per cent of the pure metal in such things as tubing and ammunition. Similar savings of nickel are being made on many electronic parts. More and more precoated strip is going into au motive parts, electrical applianc hardware, household fixtures a office equipment.

More Than You Think—Bri ant, prefinished metals in she or coils are available in rea plated form with chromium, nick copper or brass from Americ

Typical parts produced from American Nickeloid, preplated chrome steel. C ter (left to right): furnace handle, dial plate for bathroom scale, ash tray, tank cap, name plate, and two switch plates

ckeloid Co. And look at the ige of base metals: Steel, brass, oper or aluminum. Preplated tals can be had in bright and in finishes—stripes, crimps and bossed designs.

Nickeloid preplated finishes are ailable with protective coatings a paper type adhesive or plastic m to aid in fabricating and han- ng of the product. Copper and lass finishes are lacquered.

Manufacturer of deep fat fryers ade a savings of 50 per cent in e use of preplated chrome steel r the wrap-around section as mpared with the plated after ethod. Manufacturers of broil- s, rotisseries and deep fat fryers e among the most prominent ers of preplated chrome steel.

Help Here—Both hot dip and ctro methods are being used to oduce zinc coated strip that ows excellent corrosion-resisting d paint-holding characteristics.

Coated strip is available with ep drawing qualities. In fact, operties can be tailored to suit most any fabrication require- ent if complete information is ven to the supplier concerning e operations to be used. Present- y zinc-coated steel can be formed thout flaking, peeling, powdering otherwise injuring the coating.

Zinc-coated steel is ideal where ghtweight steel sections are re- ired. It resists rust and cor- sion, thus prolonging product e—especially on products of inner, lightweight construction.

Electro, lead-tin-alloy coating akes the most of the well known ility of lead and tin alloys to sist atmospheric corrosion. Al- y's tin content increases atmos- eric corrosion resistance, makes e coating harder, and improves dering and spot welding char- teristics. It withstands extreme nding and forming operations ithout cracking or peeling.

Phosphated, zinc-coated sheets ave the mill in prime condition r painting and require no special emical treatments.

Newest—One of the newest ad- tions to list of precoated steel rip is an electroplated alloy con- ining 85 per cent lead and 15 per nt tin. This is being produced y Thomas Strip Div., Pittsburgh teel Co., in gages ranging from 05 inch and widths to 2 inches.

Pre-Coated Strip Products Commercially Available . . .

Copper	A ready base for further plating. Useful for tinning, soldering and brazing. Available in several finishes, including buffed.
Electrozinc	Dense, peelproof coating which adds substantially to product life and appearance. Fabricated parts get lasting protection inside and outside. Product available with phosphate coating to improve paint adherence.
Hot Dip Zinc	Grades are available in uniform temper that can be formed without flaking, peeling, powdering or otherwise injuring the coating. High resistance to corrosion; available with phosphate finish if needed for paint adhesion.
Hot Dip Aluminum	Resists combination of heat and corrosion. Provides heat reflectivity and attractive appearance of aluminum. Will withstand 900° F without discoloration and up to 1250° F without scaling. Special alloying treatment makes it useful up to 1650° F.
Electro Nickel	Retards corrosion, tarnishing and staining. Gives resistance to oxidation at high temperatures. Functional applications in radio, television and electronic equipment. Used for decorative purposes.
Electro Nickel-Chrome	Popular for decorative and protective applications. Used by many manufacturers: Electrical appliances; housewares; stoves and heaters; lamps. Practically all producers of broilers and deep fat fryers use preplated chrome steel for wrap-around section.
Electro Brass	Popular for decorative work. Given a buffed finish can replace more expensive metals. Easily oxidized to a variety of shades, then lacquered for permanence. Some uses: Watch cases; jointures for folding rules; luggage hardware.
Hot Dip Tin and Tin Alloy	Retards corrosion and gives excellent base for soldering. Good foundation for applying more tin or babbitt. Reduces tool wear in forming and drawing operations.
Electro 85% Lead-15% Tin Alloy	Hard corrosion resistant coating with good soldering and spot welding characteristics. Easy to solder after long storage periods. Good base for paints and enamels; no priming coat is necessary.
Lacquer	Available in clear finish or in a variety of colors. Lacquer may be applied on one or both sides of plain cold-rolled or pre-coated strip. Lacquer over phosphated, zinc coated strip gives a bonus in corrosion protection. Many colors can be had for decorative use.

Note: In addition to steel, preplated finishes are available on zinc, brass, copper or aluminum base metals.

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uring Ampco metal into large, vertical centrifugal ndle, which has been set into floor for safety. t picture illustrates use of ultrasonic method

Copper Alloys

New alloys give improved formability and better physical properties. Processing methods are on the march too

SPOTLIGHT in the copper and zinc field is shared by processes and products.

On the process side of the picture, powder metallurgy and die castings are growing in popularity as an expanding area of applications. Metal powders — brass, bronze, copper and nickel silver — are being formed into a host of intricate parts. Zinc die castings are being turned out at an all time high rate. Development of new high temperature alloys for die materials promises to expand the use of brass die castings.

Among alloys being talked about are Telnic bronze, product of Chase Brass and Copper Co., and Formbrite, product of American Brass Co., both of Waterbury, Conn. Important advances are being made in use of beryllium-copper alloys.

Telnic Bronze—This material has been around for some time, but because of its nickel content, its application has been narrow. Once controls are lifted, however, it's expected to make rapid gains, particularly in the electrical industry. Alloy contains 98.15 per cent copper, 1.10 per cent nickel, 0.25 per cent phosphorus and 0.5 tellurium.

Properties combine high strength, hardness, high electrical conductivity, corrosion resistance and excellent machinability. Tellurium is responsible for the latter quality, while nickel and phosphorus add to capacity for age hardening or hardening by heat treatment. Electrical conductivity averages 50 per cent of pure copper.

Product is available in round and hex rod forms and is usually furnished in hard drawn or spring temper. Typical applications include screw machine parts and forgings.

Formbrite — Available in sheet and wire strip form, this metal has

a fine grain structure which is particularly adapted to press room products requiring extensive finishing operations. It is stronger, harder and springier than usual drawing brasses, but retains its ductility for forming and drawing and takes sharp, clean ornamental die impressions. It can be used for many drawing brass purposes where initial strength and stiffness are needed.

Currently, it's being manufactured only in brass alloys, but the procedure can be applied to many other copper-base alloys. Average physical properties for 70/30 brass made by the Formbrite method are: Yield strength (0.5 per cent extension under load), 39,000 psi; tensile strength, 63,000 psi; and elongation in 2 inches, 35 per cent. Annealed standard 70/30 brass compares: Yield strength, 22,000 psi; tensile strength, 54,000 psi; and elongation, 50 per cent.

Material is produced as wire for cold heading and upsetting. It's readily adaptable to the Phillips head, fillister head, washer head and ordinary flat, slot-headed wood screws, rivets and other cold-upset products. Supplied in only one temper, it machines well, threads easily by rolling or chasing and gives a surface that resists scratching and abrasion.

Ampco 18—Nominal composition of this alloy produced by Ampco Metal Inc. is 86 per cent copper, 10.5 per cent aluminum and 3.5 per cent iron. Properties include low magnetic permeability, high strength and long fatigue life.

Product has been used for such applications as large, nonmagnetic, inertia fly-wheels, which are driven up to 2000 rpm by Packard diesel engines. In the finished, machined condition, flywheels weigh about 4000 lbs. Physical dimensions: Outside diameter, about 49 inches; bore diameter, 20 inches; and thickness, 11⅜ inches at hub section, 9⅝ inches when measured through remainder of face.

Since wheel must be brought to dynamic balance within 2 oz inches at 300 rpm, structure had to be homogeneous and free of defects. Considerable savings in lead time and cost were realized by centrifugal casting of the product.

Ampco 18 (with heat treatment) in this application had these physical properties: Tensile strength, 90,000 psi, min; yield strength (0.5 per cent elongation), 45,000 psi, min; elongation, percentage in 2 inches, 10 per cent min; and fatigue (100 million cycles), 35,000 psi, avg.

Heat treating procedures followed conventional, high-iron- bearing, aluminum-bronze pract
Since it is possible for flaws develop during the heat treat, trasonic inspection is specifie

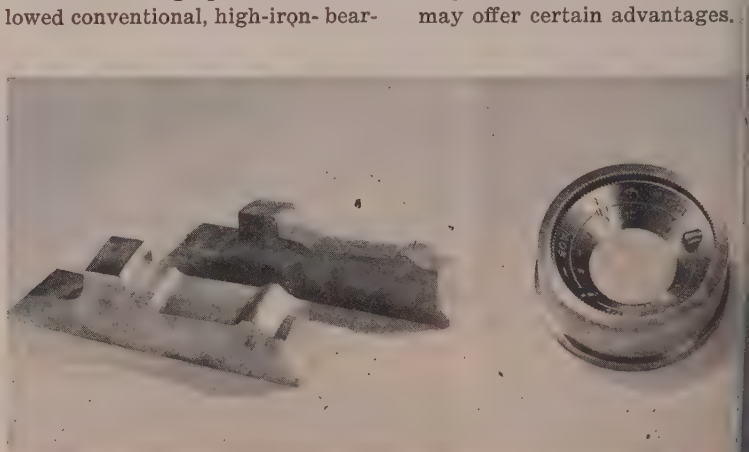
Beryllium — Marked growth taking place in pressure and vestment castings of beryllium-c per alloys. Uses include molds plastics and rubber, zinc die c ing dies and certain mechan parts requiring dense structure intricate detail without machin Investment castings are finc wide applications in instrume machinery, firearms and airc accessories.

Several new copper alloys of beryllium content are in the de opmental stage. They promis provide about same strength standard alloys with increased mability and lower cost. One alloy is being marketed as b lium copper tubing, which is extensively in bourdon tube a cations. Research also indi that ternary copper alloys beryllium substantially redu may offer certain advantages.

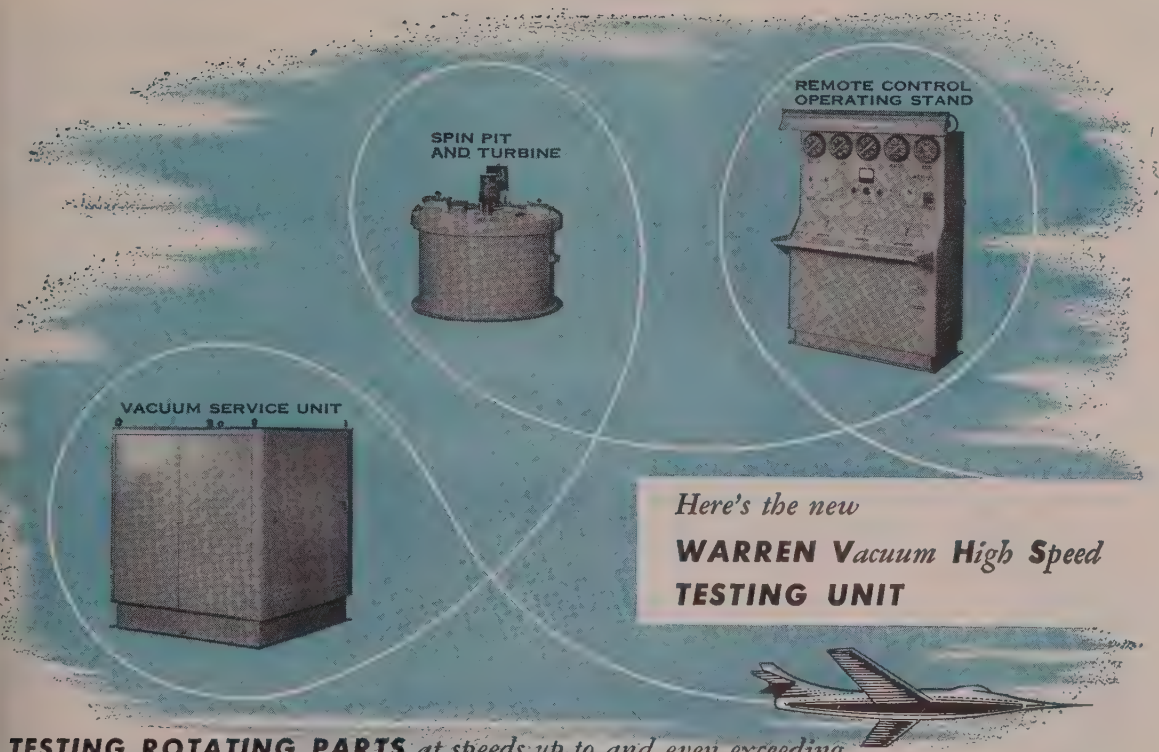
Average Properties of Telnic Bronze

Round Rod:	Temper	Tensile Strength psi	Yield Strength (½% extension under load)	Elongation in 2"	Rockwell B hardness
⅛"	Spring 75%	104,000	92,000	7	95
1"	Hard	72,000	62,000	24	84
Forgings after aging		58,000	38,000		70

Formbrite is used for this type of product. Brass alloy is available in the sheet, strip and wire forms



Beryllium copper flash rim welding dies, Hot-lobbed, beryllium copper mold for plastics



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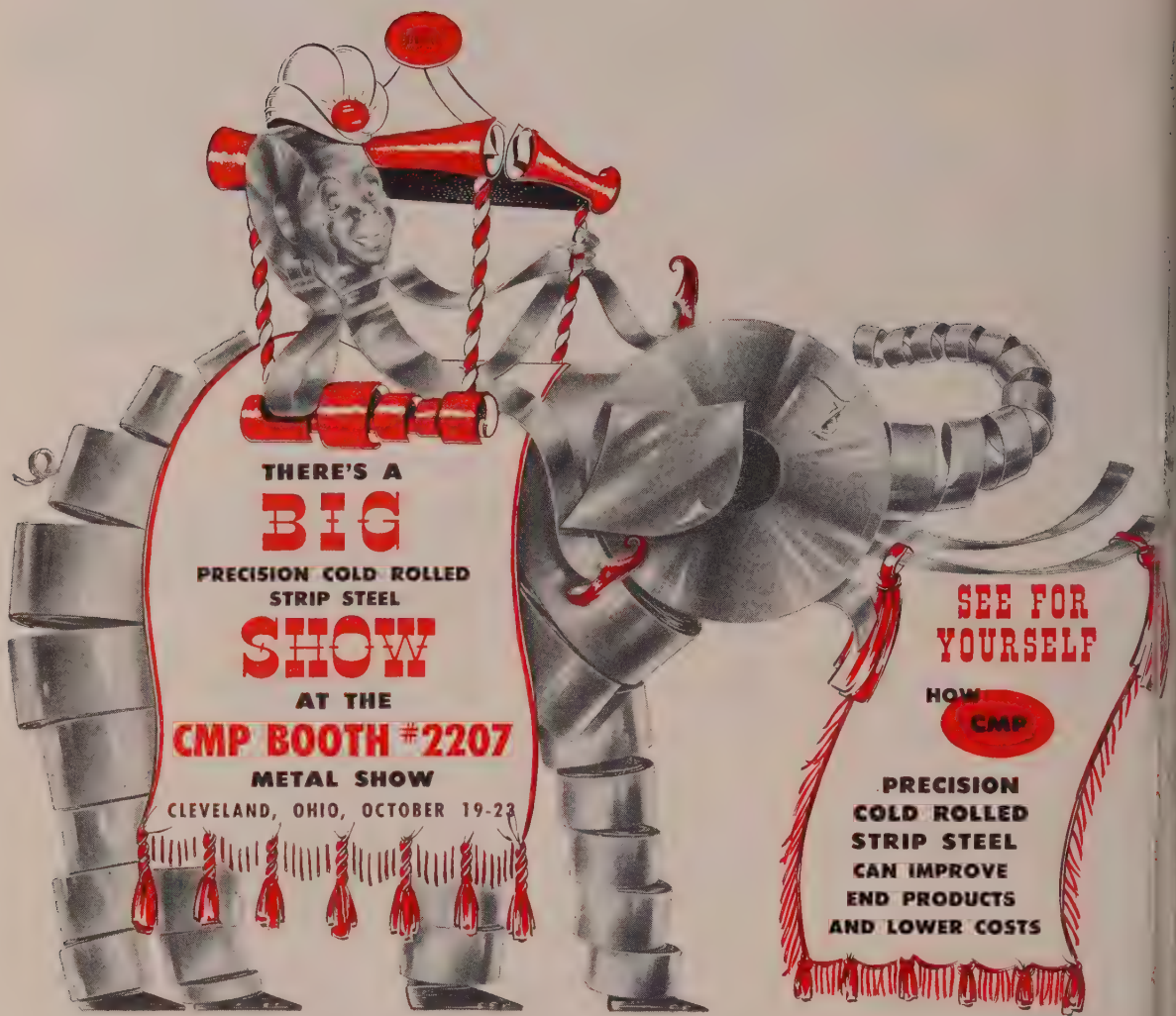

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Aluminum cold rolled strip is annealed in a nitrogen atmosphere at Scovill Mfg. Co. to minimize oxide formation and reduce finishing costs. New product will be called Truspec

Light Metals . . .

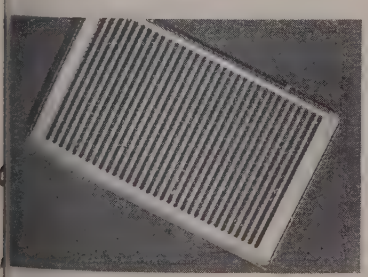
Aluminum, Magnesium, Titanium

New alloys are tailored for specific properties.

TRONGEST aluminum alloy now use is XA78S, reported by Aluminum Co. of America to be 10 er cent stronger than its strongst predecessor, 75S. XA78S has een designed into one plane now pproaching the production stage. ther major airframe manufacturrs are giving it the once over.

Two new aluminum alloys particularly designed for welded assemblies are Alcoa A54S and XC56S. Advantage: Section thickness can be approximately one half that required for other aluminum alloys used for similar purposes. Both alloys combine good weldability with high strength and good resistance to corrosion.

XC56S is an extremely strong alloy for this type of application. It is best where strengths even higher than demonstrated by A54S are desired. Here are where these alloys are being used: Welded ship superstructures and barges; pressure vessels and heat exchanger shells; liquid and bulk handling equipment.

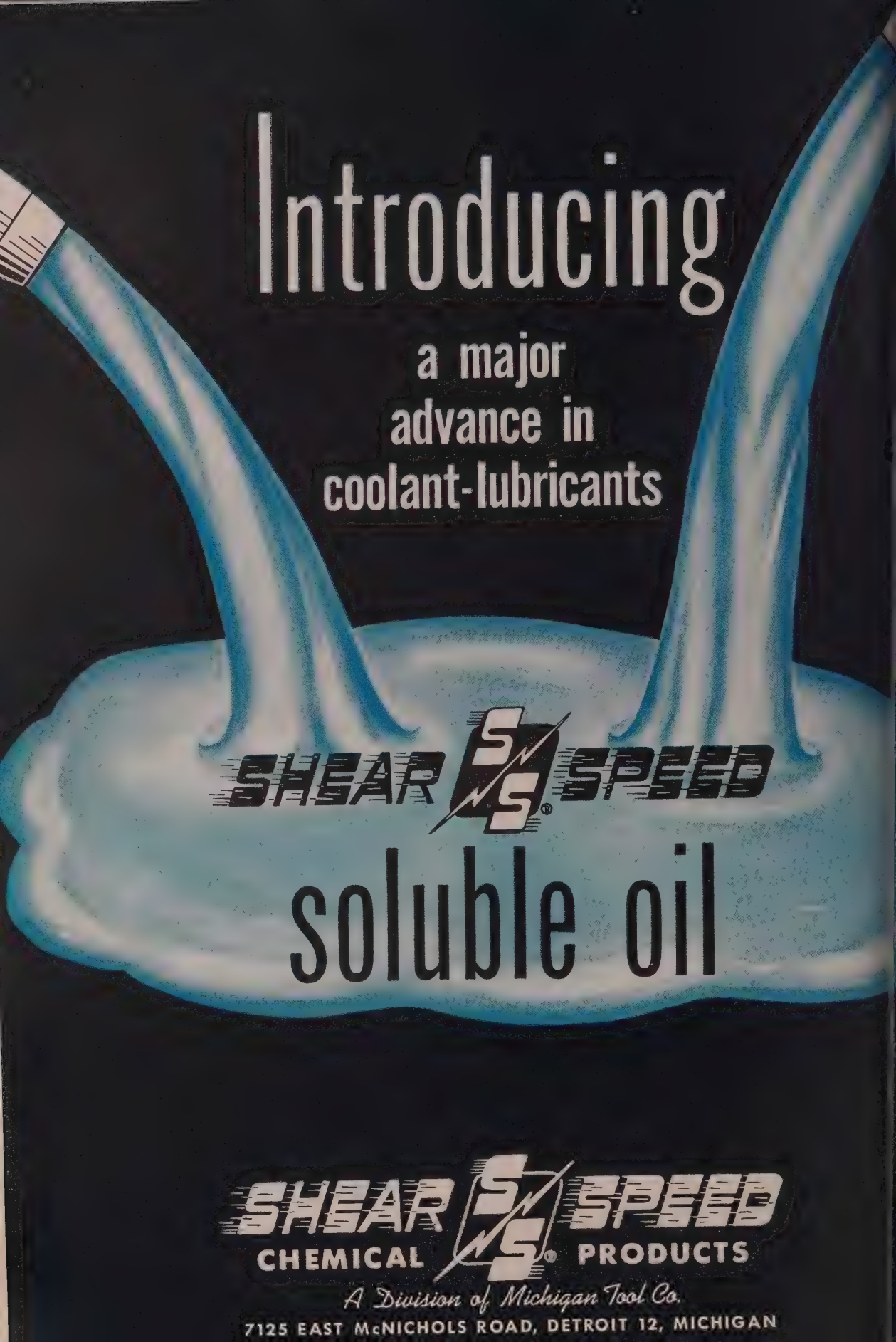


efrigerator shelf fabricated from 155 aluminum alloy sheet Kaiser Aluminum

Sheet Alloys—A new magnesium-type, aluminum sheet for general metalworking requirement is alloy K155. Developed by Kaiser Aluminum & Chemical Sales, Inc., it has same general mechanical properties as the manganese-type alloy 3S. Certain additional advantages result from its magnesium content. Uses: Production line stamping of louvered refrigerator shelves, in light reflectors, meat trays and utensils.

With a nominal magnesium content of 0.9 per cent, K155 in the as-received condition does not have the dark coloration of the high magnesium-containing alloys, such as 52S. K155 is available in plate, flat sheet, coil and circle form in all tempers in the H1 and H3 groups. The H1 temper series is used for applications requiring relatively simple forming.

Stabilized H3 series is recommended where moderate or severe forming is involved. Mechanical property limits are the same as for 3S. K155 is well suited for anodized finishes. Tendency toward structural streaking, is less; the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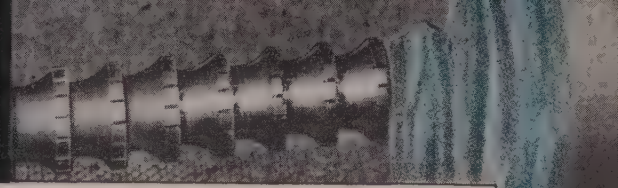

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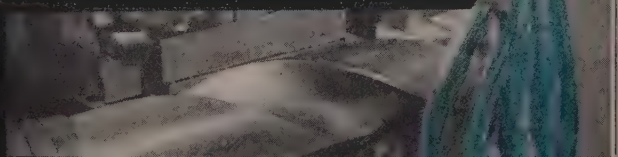

finish is clear and light colored. In architectural use, it closely matches the color of anodized 63S extrusions.

Similar Alloy—For some time the Reynolds metallurgical group has been working on the development of R305, an aluminum-magnesium alloy with properties comparable to Alcoa's A50S alloy and Kaiser's K155 alloy. Like K155, R305 has a lower magnesium content than 50S; also, many of its characteristics are similar to 3S. It is inherently fine grained, meaning it has an edge over 3S where its surface appearance is a major factor after the forming operation.

Reynolds reports that after anodizing, R305 alloy shows a clearer lighter film than either 3S or 52S. Corrosion tests show it to be as good as 3S. It may even be better than 3S in industrial atmospheres. It is now being tested for comparison with 3S for use in cooking utensils.

Help In Joining—B77S is a recently developed aluminum alloy for rivets in the large size range for use on heavy duty aluminum structures. Stronger than any previously available, B77S rivets can be hot driven with pneumatic hammers.

Advantages that make these new rivets practical for such structural applications as bridges and railroad cars: Average shear strength of 38,000 psi within two weeks after driving; wide temperature range for driving; good resistance to corrision in the recommended applications.

Brazed Shelves—Reynold's J51S alloy is being used for such applications as large brazed food shelves having strength requirements that cannot be met with common alloys. This alloy responds to heat treatment and is less susceptible to blistering due to incipient eutectic melting.

Alloy J51S is of the magnesium silicide type; it is produced only as sheet. Composition of the alloy: Silicon 0.20-0.50; iron 0.80 max; copper 0.15-0.40; magnesium 0.40-0.80; zinc 0.20 max; and others, 0.15 total.

Heating to temperatures neces sary to braze 2S or 3S removes an hardening effect as a result of col working. Such temperatures resul in solution heat treatment of J51 alloy thereby increasing th strength. Strength of the alloy ca be further increased by an art ficial age treatment. Typical m chanical properties are given b low:

Aluminum For Trim

C57S Does The Job

ALUMINUM C57S alloy was developed principally for decorative applications. It gives a good account of itself in chemical or electro-brightening. Anodized finishes are unusually bright. Formability of C57S is approximately the same as 3S and 50S alloys in equivalent tempers.

Typical uses: Refrigerator trim; gift ware; appliances; reflectors; automobile trim; and door knobs. In the automotive trim field, it is moving in to compete with chromium plating and stainless steel. In addition to its high brilliance, new decorative possibilities are due to a full range of colored Alumilite finishes.

Composition of C57S alloy: Magnesium 0.8-1.2; manganese 0.15-0.45; silicon 0.12 max.; copper 0.07 max.; iron 0.17; others 0.15 max. total.

ALUMINUM GAINS GROUND FOR DIE CASTINGS

NEW ALUMINUM die casting alloy L214 is showing up well for automotive die castings and for such applications as cable accessories and various hardware items.

Reynolds Metals Co. reports that the alloy has good corrosion resistance. It can be successfully anodized. Physical properties: 10 per cent elongation with 41,000 psi ultimate strength.

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Magnesium air-intake, jet pod de-icer domes are for B-47 bomber. Corrugated sheet is used for inner shell

Pressurized containers for airborne electronic equipment are being made of magnesium by Brooks & Perkins, Inc.

Temper	Quench	Tensile	Yield	% Elongation in 2"
T4	Water	25,000	11,000	25
T4	Air	20,000	6,500	25
T6	Water	39,000	34,000	11
T6	Air	29,000	18,000	13

Electrical Aluminum — New high-strength, low-creep, high-conductivity, aluminum alloy, "Cond-Al", has been developed by General Electric for use in steam turbine generators. Aluminum base alloy contains 0.43 per cent iron, 0.32 per cent magnesium, and 0.10 per cent silicon.

Cond-Al is used in the aged condition for turbine generator field windings. Good mechanical properties of the alloy, plus its high electrical conductivity, also make it attractive for applications such as wire cable and bus bars.

More aluminum is finding its way in variety of electrical applications. Aluminum conductor wire, covered with neoprene and polyethylene, is used for secondary distribution and service drop lines.

Kaiser Aluminum "Triplex" is a self supporting cable for distribution and service drop. Two insulated conductors are cabled around a bare neutral messenger. Economies claimed: Low cost of conductor, fewer hardware items required, faster installation and improved appearance.

Help Here—New forms of aluminum are becoming available to assist the designer. One is thin-walled welded aluminum tubing produced on the new Yoder mills. At least one vacuum cleaner manufacturer is appraising it for handles on future cleaners.

Kaiser has installed a new, 5-million-pound plate stretcher for aluminum—reported to be the world's largest. This has significance for users of heavy gages.

Higher Temperatures — Manufacturers using aluminum alloys at elevated temperatures are casting an eye toward products made from aluminum powder. Compressed into compacts resembling ingots it is being used experimentally to produce extrusions of three different compositions with different combinations of strength and ductility.

One of these compositions is also being used for experimental production of forgings and sheet. Strength and creep resistance above 600° F is higher than for any commercially available alloy.

Applications under consideration for these powder metallurgy products: Jet engine compressor blades and wheels, hot air valves, reciprocating engine pistons, and airplane structures adjacent to the hot areas of jet engines. Development in this country is still in the experimental stage.

Alcoa has developed an alloy for high temperature applications which is being tried out in the form of extrusions and forgings. This alloy made by conventional methods is superior to present alloys at 600° F, but is inferior to aluminum powder metallurgy products at temperatures above 600° F.

Yield Strength Up—Dow Chemical Co.'s new magnesium-thorium-zirconium alloy, HK31, provides maximum short time yield strength for intermediate to elevated temperatures and the best creep strength of any magnesium alloy at low to intermediate temperatures.

Other properties: Good corrosion resistance and weldability. A magnesium-thorium-zinc - zirconium alloy, HZ32, gives excellent creep resistance and fatigue strength at intermediate to elevated temperatures.

Alloys EK30A and EZ33A, a magnesium-rare-earth - zirconium alloy and a magnesium-rare-earth-zinc alloy respectively, provide better creep and short time yield strengths at low to intermediate temperatures than the HZ32 alloy but are somewhat lower than the HK31 alloy. However, these alloys are a lower cost series.

Die Castings—Low cost magnesium alloy, AZ91B, is now being produced for the die casting trade. Die castings of magnesium are being used in automotive parts, power saws, levels and household appliances. Magnesium's lack of affinity for iron and the low specific gravity of the metal are conducive to automatic metal handling in die casting operations.

Dow Chemical's Madison Division will operate the first coil mill for rolling wide magnesium sheet. New modern extrusion plant will provide extrusions for a wide variety of markets. Magnesium plate up to 72-inches wide and weighing up to 1800 pounds will soon be available.

Brooks and Perkins, Inc., Detroit, is producing about 100,000 pounds of magnesium plate and sheet per month at its new Livonia rolling mill. Nominal compositi

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Typical example of 1-piece stamping from ⅛" thick by 7¾" diameter brass blank.

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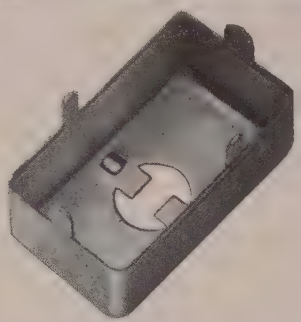
Typical intricate one-piece stamp.

Notice the reduction in this 4⅛" long by ½" O.D. tube with 1⅛" flange.



Difficult switch part for automotive industry.

Bulb base for photo flash lap and seam produced by high-speed process.

Intricate vibration mount parts for industry.

Spring tempered phosphor bronze switch contact — note flat fold-back feature.

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of alloy AZ31 is 3.0 per cent aluminum, 1.0 per cent zinc and balance magnesium. Typical physical properties for hot rolled plate 0.188-inch thick or more:

Ultimate tensile strength	35,000 psi
Tensile yield strength	20,000 psi
Elongation in 2-in.	16 per cent

Tread Plate — Magnesium alloy floor plate is available in the Alan Wood pattern. Weight per square foot is slightly greater than for corresponding flat magnesium sheet and plate because thickness is measured on the base plate between raised patterns. This product is available in alloy AZ31.

Titanium — Titanium is a most important new metal. It combines high strength and light weight with good resistance to both heat and corrosion. Today, only limited quantities of titanium are available for other than priority military applications. Sponge production and mill facilities are expanding rapidly; within a year over-all production will increase appreciably.

Titanium is 40 per cent lighter than stainless steel but just as strong. It retains useful strength at temperatures up to 800-1000° F. That is the reason it is being used for an expanding list of priority aircraft and ordnance applications: Turbine discs, compressor blades, and other forgings for jet engines; fire walls, bulkheads, shrouds, cowling, ducting bolts, and structural members of airplanes.

Titanium will resist a 2000° F flame so well that it has been approved for firewalls in aircraft.

Corrosion Resistance—Titanium is the only structural metal which is completely unattacked by sea water or marine atmospheres. It is also impervious to many chemicals, such as concentrated nitric acid and strong alkalies. Its use in condensers, evaporators, autoclaves, tubing, valves, fittings, and similar equipment can prevent costly replacements and down time.

Titanium is not corroded by most nitric acid solutions, wet chlorine and chlorine water, mixed sulphuric and nitric acids, ferrous chloride, cuprous chloride and most alkali salts. It is not recommended for service in mineral acids unless oxidizing agents are present, nor in formic acid or dry chlorine.

Mechanical Properties—Annealed Titanium and Titanium Alloys

(Compositions and properties given are nominal unless otherwise indicated)

Material	Producer	Composition	Tensile Strength Psi	Yield Strength Psi	% Elong. in 2-in.	Hardness
RS-40	Republic Steel Corp.	99 + % Ti; 0.20 C Max	50,000 (Min)	40,000 (Min)	20 (Min)	Rb 85-Nom.
RS-55	Republic Steel Corp.	99 + % Ti; 0.20 C Max	65,000 (Min)	55,000 (Min)	20 (Min)	Rb 90
RC-55	Rem-Cru Titanium, Inc.	99 + % Ti; 0.20 C	75,000	65,000	25	RA 52-56
Ti-75A	Titanium Metals Corp.	99 + % Ti; 0.20 Fe; 0.10 N; Trace O	90,000	80,000	25	Rb 85-95
RS-70	Republic Steel Corp.	99 + % Ti; 0.20 C	80,000 (Min)	70,000 (Min)	25	Rb 95
MST Grade III Arc Melted	Mallory-Sharon Titanium Corp.	99 + % Ti; 0.1 C Max	80,000	65,000	25	RA 59
RC-70	Rem-Cru Titanium, Inc.	99 + % Ti; 0.20 C	90,000	80,000	13	Rc 30
Ti-100A	Titanium Metals Corp.	99 + % Ti; 0.07 C Max; 0.30 Fe	110,000	100,000	18	.....
RS-70A	Republic Steel Corp.	98 + % Ti; 0.20 C Max; 1.00 Mn Max	80,000 (Min)	70,000 (Min)	13 (Min)	Rb 95
RS-110	Republic Steel Corp.	91 + % Ti; 7.0 Mn	120,000 (Min)	110,000 (Min)	12 (Min)	RC 30
RS-120	Republic Steel Corp.	91 + % Ti; 7.0 Mn	130,000 (Min)	120,000 (Min)	10 (Min)	RC 32
RC-130A	Rem-Cru Titanium, Inc.	91 + % Ti; 8.0 Mn	130,000	115,000	15	.....
Ti-140A	Titanium Metals Corp.	93 + % Ti; 2.0 Fe; 2.0 Cr; 2.0 Mo; 0.07 C; 0.10 N; 0.20 O	140,000	125,000	12	300-340 Bhn
Ti-150A	Titanium Metals Corp.	95 + % Ti; 0.07 C; 1.5 Fe; 0.10 N; 0.25 O; 2.7 Cr	150,000	130,000	20	.....
RC-130B	Rem-Cru Titanium, Inc.	91 + % Ti; 4.0 Mn; 4.0 Al	140,000	125,000	15	311-364 Bhn
MST Grade 2.5% Fe-2.5% V (Expt.)	Mallory-Sharon Titanium Corp.	94 + % Ti; 2.5 Fe; 2.5 V	140,000	130,000	12	RA 65
MST Grade 2% Al-2% Fe (Expt.)	Mallory-Sharon Titanium Corp.	95 + % Ti; 2.0 Al; 2.0 Fe	145,000	135,000	12	RA 66
MST Grade 3% Al-5% Cr Forging Alloy (Primarily Rolled)	Mallory-Sharon Titanium Corp.	91 + % Ti; 3.0 Al; 5.0 Cr	150,000	140,000	14	RA 66
MST Grade 8% Mn	Mallory-Sharon Titanium Corp.	92% Ti; 8 Mn	130,000	115,000	15	.....

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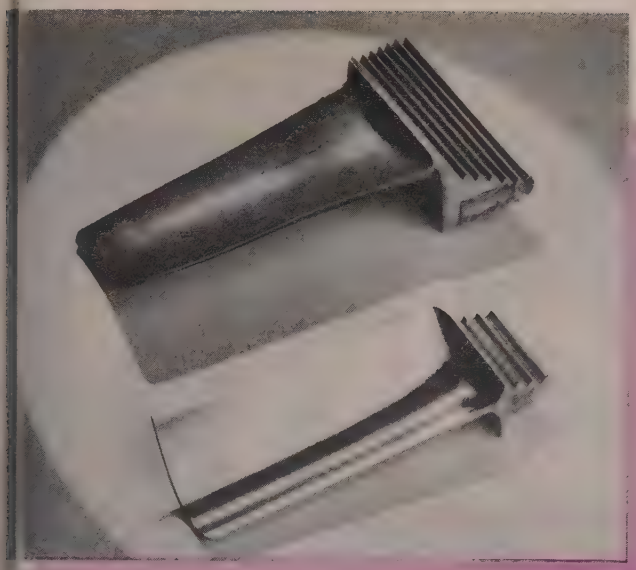


Aircraft turbine blades forged from vacuum-cast high temperature alloy. Top: after extended service; Bottom: Prior to use

Heat and Corrosion Resistant Materials

Careful selection can take advantage of the best materials for extreme service conditions

FOR virtually all materials, high-temperature resistance is becoming a paramount goal. Along with higher temperatures, materials must also withstand higher operating pressures and more severe service stresses. Requirements for corrosion resistance must also be counted in.

There is in progress a concentrated effort to develop materials capable of standing highly stressed operating conditions at temperatures above 1800° F. High temperature requirements of jet engines, gas turbines, long range rockets, guided missiles and atomic power plants have led metallurgists to face the fact that improvements in conventional metal systems may not solve the many new problems that have arisen.

For these super high temperature requirements, research is headed in two directions: 1. New refractory alloy systems and 2. Metal bonded refractory compounds, called cermets.

High Melting Point—Refractory metals, so called because their melting points are above 3000° F, include a group of elements which were formerly used mainly as steel alloying elements. Of this group, molybdenum and its alloys seem to have the inside track for applications involving super high temperature service.

Alloys have already been developed which show good stress rupture properties at 1900° F. There's promise of alloys for use at even higher temperatures.

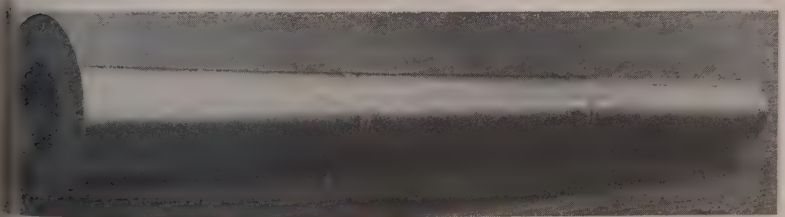
In the temperature range 1600 to 2000° F, even pure molybdenum shows better load carrying ability than the best cobalt, nickel, or chromium-nickel-iron base alloys. One big hurdle remains to be overcome before molybdenum can be used for high temperature service: It scales rapidly in oxygen containing atmospheres at high temperatures. So far, no alloy has shown any significant improvement in oxidation resistance.

Progress—One method of protection uses cladding with a metal or alloy of better oxidation resistance than molybdenum. Nickel, 18-8 stainless and Inconel have been tried.

Looking Up Too—Chromium is another metal with a higher melting point than iron, cobalt or nickel. Chromium base alloys are being examined from several angles; some feel that they may be the next step up on the temperature scale.

Several million pounds of high purity chromium will be available yearly when production starts this fall at new facilities being constructed by Electrometallurgical Co., Marietta, O. For the first time, high-purity, electrolytic chromium will be available commercially.

Alternate for 16-25-6 Alloy—Among the most widely used of the superalloys is Timken's 16-25-6 alloy. Principal applications: turbine wheels for turbosuperchargers and jet engines. Since it was introduced some 10 years ago, more



Fansteel Metallurgical Corp.

Molybdenum tube for high temperature service. Inert arc gas welding process was used in fabrication

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all from one reliable source—Pennsalt

applied in a balanced cycle...

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to help pre-sell your quality finish
to wholesalers, dealers, and consumers

At Pennsalt's famous Whitemarsh Research Laboratories, where Fosbond was developed, there are unusually fine testing facilities at the disposal of manufacturers using the Process.

Process

for trouble-free processing . . . for a better, longer-lasting finish

Now Pennsalt, long a pioneer in the metal processing field, offers everything you need for uniform, trouble-free phosphating of steel and zinc!

Products and processing have been engineered to (1) provide an excellent pre-paint corrosion resistant surface, (2) offer simplified operation through the entire balanced cycle, (3) be usable with standard equipment, and be compatible with standard organic finishes.

Every product and technique now offered has been fully field-tested for two years or more. Experienced Pennsalt specialists are ready to come into your plant to show you how to get the most from this advanced system. Furthermore, once the cycle has been introduced in your plant, these men will continue to help you maintain a trouble-free system.

There is no fee for the Process. Reasonably priced chemical products are your only expense.

How's this for proof?

To prove what we say about the Fosbond Process, we offer this service: tell us (1) type of metal to be coated, (2) kind of phosphate coating now used, (3) method of application to be used, (4) kind of organic finish to be employed, and (5) conditions which finish must meet. In turn, we will supply either panels coated by means of the Fosbond Process, or Fosbond chemicals for your use in preparing panels. Then, subject these panels to whatever tests you wish . . . and *you* be the judge.

Which of your products and operations can benefit from the Fosbond Process? Give us details on these items; we'll be able to answer your questions more specifically. Write to Metal Processing Department, 424 Widener Building, Philadelphia 7, Pa.

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The Fosbond Process has received the famous *Good Housekeeping Guaranty Seal.* Manufacturers who qualify may affix to their products the colorful Fosbond emblem which incorporates the Good Housekeeping seal. To help Fosbond users get full advantage from this merchandising "plus", the Fosbond story is told in *The Saturday Evening Post, Good Housekeeping, U.S. News & World Report, Business Week, Electrical Merchandising, Department Store Economist, Implement & Tractor,* and *Office Appliances.*

Wrought High Temperature Alloys

	Composition (per cent)										Maximum
	C	Cr	Ni	Co	Mo	W	Cb	Ti	Others	Fe	Uses	Service Temp
S-816	0.37	20	20	42	4.0	4.0	4.0	..	...	5.0 max	Jet blades	1500° F
S-590	0.43	20	20	20	4.0	4.0	4.0	..	...	Bal	Turbine blades	1400° F
V-36	0.30	25	20	42	4.0	2.0	2.0	..	...	5.0 max	Hi temp sheet	1800° F
A-286	0.05	15	25.5	..	1.3	..	..	2.0	0.35 AL max 0.30 V	Bal	Turbine wheels, buckets: bolts & jet hardware	1300° F
M-252[1]	0.15	20	53	10	10	..	..	2.5	0.90 AL	5.0 max	Jet blades	1500° F
Waspaloy[2]	0.08	20	58	14	3.5	..	..	2.5	1.25 AL	2.0 max	Jet blades	1500° F
Discaloy	0.05	13.5	26	..	3.0	..	..	1.7	0.35 AL max	Bal	Turbine wheels, bolts & jet hardware	1300° F
N-155	0.15	21	20	20	3.0	2	1	..	0.15 N	Bal	Hi temp sheet	1400° F
16-25-6	0.10	16	25	..	6	..	..	..	0.15 N	Bal	Turbine wheels & rims	1250° F
									0.15 N	Bal		
19-9 DL	0.30	19	9	..	1.4	1.4	0.45	0.25	...	Bal	Hi temp sheet	1250° F

[1]A GE alloy produced only for their use
[2]Pratt & Whitney alloy produced only for their use

Allegheny Ludlum Steel Corp

than 35 million pounds of 16-25-6 billet stock have been shipped by Timken.

Short time ago Timken researchers launched a program to develop a material with lower alloy content without sacrificing the desirable properties of the 16-25-6 alloy.

The 16-15-6 Alloy—Reviewing the basis which led to the development of the 16-15-6 alloy, it looked as if a chromium content of about 16 per cent was needed to keep the necessary oxidation and corrosion resistance. Addition of 6 per cent molybdenum offered the best approach for desired high temperature strength. Low carbon was needed to insure good forging and welding characteristics. And to be fully austenitic, alloy required 25 per cent nickel to balance the chromium and molybdenum.

Nickel was the key. Most logical substitute was manganese.

By reducing the nickel content of 16-25-6, it was possible to increase the amount of nitrogen that could be introduced into the alloy; high nickel reduces the solubility of nitrogen in steel, while manganese enhances it. Nitrogen has a beneficial effect on creep strength and is a stabilizer for austenite during primary crystallization.

Here It Is—Chemical specification for the new high temperature 16-15-6 alloy is: Carbon, 0.08 per cent max; manganese, 2.0 max; silicon, 1.0 max; chromium, 15.0-17.5; nickel, 14.0-17.0; molybdenum, 5.5-7.0; nitrogen, 0.15-0.25.

Compared with the previous 16-25-6 alloy, manganese, silicon, chromium, molybdenum are the same; also, for 16-25-6, nickel is in range 24.0-27.0; carbon is higher at 0.12 max, and nitrogen is lower, the range being 0.10-0.20.

New 16-15-6 alloy is fully austenitic; its microstructure and room temperature physical properties compare closely to those of the standard 16-25-6 alloy. At elevated temperatures, the excellent ductility values to fracture are a distinguishing mark of the new alloy.

Bonus—High ductility values at elevated temperatures indicate that the 16-15-6 alloy is notch-ductile. This was confirmed not only on bar stock but also on an actual turbine wheel rim forging from which notch-rupture tests were obtained.

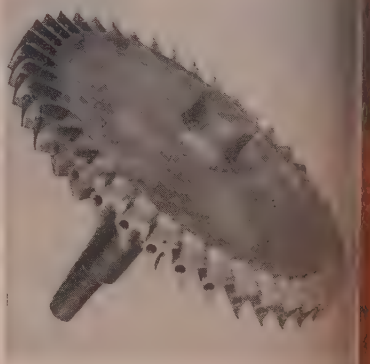
Heat Treated—Certain high-temperature, wrought alloys are heat treated to achieve optimum properties. Generally these are chromium-nickel-iron alloys, or in some cases, cobalt-base alloys. For strengthening they have additions of tungsten, columbium, molybdenum, titanium and aluminum. Precipitated phases of carbides or intermetallic compounds resulting from heat treatment are important in giving the needed properties.

Cast, cobalt-base alloys are another type of high-temperature materials used for nozzle guide vanes and rotating blades in jet engines. Typical: Haynes Stellite 21 and 31 alloys.

Nickel-base alloys are making progress high temperature-wise. Two improvements are Waspaloy developed by Pratt and Whitney and M-252 by General Electric. These nickel base alloys have cobalt additions of 10 to 15 per cent, molybdenum of 3.5 to 10 per cent and strengthening amounts of titanium and aluminum.

Zirconium—Main reason for industrial interest in zirconium is its extreme resistance to corrosion. Even hot, 20-per-cent hydrochloric acid does not attack it appreciably; it can be used as an acceptable substitute for expensive tantalum. Its resistance to strong alkalies is superior to tantalum.

Zirconium ingots can be forged or rolled in air like other metals without serious scaling. In the form of hot rolled bars, metal has a tensile strength of 97,000 to 113,000 psi with an elongation of 9 to 14 per cent. Zirconium tubing, both seamless and welded is expected to be available shortly.



Kentanium impulse turbine wheel f operation at 2000 to 2200° F

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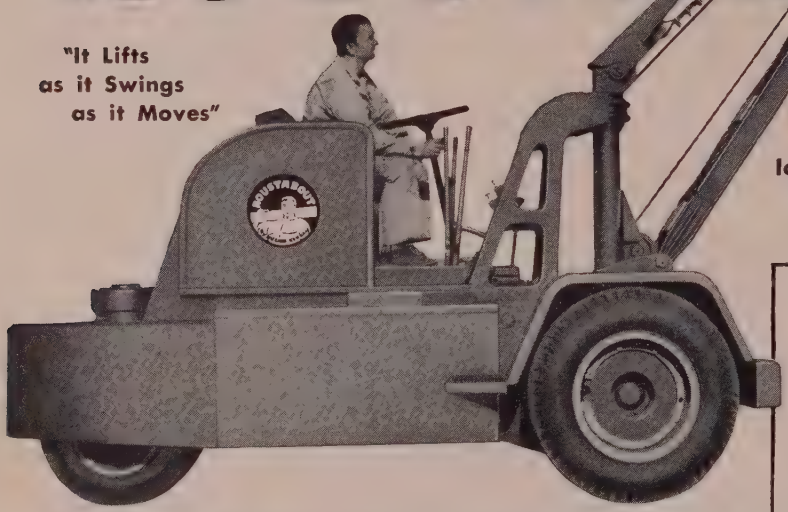

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Heat and Corrosion Resistant Alloys of Hastelloy Type

Nominal Composition, Per cent	Available Forms	Special Properties	Corrosion Resistance
Hastelloy B Cr—1 max. C—0.12 max. Mo—26–30 Si—1 max. Mn—1 max. Fe—4–7 Ni—balance	Conventional and precision investment castings; hot-rolled sheet, plate and bar stock; drawn wire; drawn and welded tubing; welding rod; coated electrodes; pipe and pipe fittings.	Strong at high temperatures. Can be softened by heating to a high temperature and quenching in water or cooling in air. Cold-working materially hardens the alloy, raises its yield point and ultimate strength.	Particularly well suited for equipment handling boiling hydrochloric acid and wet hydrogen chloride gas. Resists sulphuric acid and has good resistance to phosphoric acid.
Hastelloy C Cr—15.5–17.5 C—0.15 max. Mo—16–18 Si—1 max. Mn—1 max. Fe—4.5–7.0 W—3.75–5.25 Ni—balance	Conventional and precision investment castings; hot-rolled sheet, plate, and bar stock; drawn wire; drawn and welded tubing; welding rod; coated electrodes; pipe and pipe fittings.	Very strong at high temperatures. Resists oxidizing or reducing atmospheres up to 2100 deg. F. Resists thermal shock resulting from repeated quenching from temperatures of 1600 to 1800 deg. F.	Most universally corrosion-resistant alloy available today. Withstands strong oxidizing agents. Also highly resistant to sulphuric, phosphoric, acetic, formic, and sulphurous acids.
Hastelloy D Cr—1 max. C—0.12 max. Si—8.5–10.0 Mn—0.80–1.25 Fe—1 max. Cu—2.0–4.0 Ni—balance	Conventional castings; cast welding rod; pipe and pipe fittings.	Used extensively to resist wear, abrasion and galling, where corrosion may or may not be a problem. A slight modification in analysis, with improved toughness is available.	Exceptionally resistant to sulphuric acid of all concentrations, even up to the boiling point. Fair resistance to hydrochloric acid at moderate temperatures.
Hastelloy F Cr—21 to 23 C—0.08 max. Ni—44 to 47 Mo—5.5 to 7.5 Cb + Ta—1.75 to 2.5 Ta—0.50 min. Co—2.50 max. Fe—balance	Sheet, plate, bar stock, drawn wire, drawn and welded tubing.	Has good high temperature properties. Is stronger and about as tough as austenitic stainless steels. Ductile enough for intricate cold-forming operations. Can be welded by metal-arc, inert gas shielded arc and resistance welding methods.	Withstands the corrosive effects of oxidizing and reducing acids. Handles both acid and alkaline solutions. Good resistance to sea water.
Hastelloy X Cr—22 C—0.15 max. Ni—45 Mo—9.0 Fe—balance	Sheet, plate, bar stock, wire and precision investment castings.	Has good creep-rupture properties. Excellent forming characteristics. High resistance to oxidation.	Excellent resistance to oxidation in furnace atmospheres at temperatures up to 2300 deg. F.
Haynes No. 25 Cr—19.0–21.0 C—0.15 max. Ni—9.0–11.0 W—14.0–16.0 Si—1.0 max. Mn—1.0–2.0 Fe—3.0 max. Co—balance	Hot-rolled sheet, plate, and bar stock; drawn wire; drawn and welded tubing; welding rod; coated electrodes.	Exceptional mechanical properties at temperatures up to 1800 deg. F. in the fully annealed condition without subsequent aging. Easy to fabricate. Ideal for highly stressed parts that must operate at elevated temperatures.	Resists corrosion caused by oxidation and exhaust fuel gases at elevated temperatures.
Multimet Cr—20.0–22.5 C—0.20 max. Ni—19.0–21.0 Mo—2.5–3.5 Cb + Ta—0.75–1.25 W—2.0–3.0 Co—18.5–21.0 Fe—balance	Conventional and precision investment castings; hot-rolled sheet, plate and bar stock; drawn wire, drawn and welded tubing; welding rod; coated electrodes.	Has inherently satisfactory high-temperature properties without age-hardening treatments. Expansion characteristics are similar to those of 18-8 steels. Resists oxidation at temperatures as high as 2000 deg. F.	Resists corrosion caused by oxidation at temperatures as high as 2000 deg. F. and also withstands action of exhaust fuel gases.

Metal-Ceramic—Kentanium is a
met having titanium carbide as
chief ingredient with nickel or
er metals as the primary bond-
metal. Some compositions con-
n a small percentage of colum-
m carbide which improves re-
tance to oxidation. Where this
perty is required columbium
bide is added.

Amount of bonding metal used
luences thermal conductivity,
dency toward plastic flow and
ength. Lower its content, lower
tendency for plastic flow at
y given temperature; at the
ne time, thermal conductivity
l strength are reduced so that
istance to thermal and mechan-
l shock is lowered.

Intensive tests are being made
h Kentanium for such parts as:
rbine blades and buckets; ex-haust valves for reciprocating engines; wastegate valve shafts; turbine nozzle vanes; and afterburner segments which present a severe test at 2000 to 2500° F.

Same combination of properties that make cermets attractive for high temperature and gas turbine use suggests other industrial uses: Thermocouple protection tubes; high temperature and pressure research vessels; hot extrusion die inserts; sealing rings for engines; bearings in atomic equipment; and reciprocating engine exhaust valves.

Chrome Carbide—A new member of the group of cemented carbide materials, chromium carbide, was recently announced by Carboloy. The metal referred to as grade 608 is already making its mark in some quarters. Here's why: Good corrosion and high temperature resistance, abrasion and erosion resistance, relatively light weight and nonmagnetic qualities.

Uses for this cemented carbide are envisioned for such items as valve trim, nozzles, pump seal rings, orifices for hot gases. Today, bearings for specialized applications are being tested where resistance to corrosion and wear is necessary and where nonmagnetic materials are needed, such as in electronic and magnetic equipment.

Vanadium Carbide—In the cutting tool field, Firth Sterling has developed a tool steel based on vanadium carbide embedded in a tough low alloy matrix. Hardness is equivalent to Rockwell C 84. New tool, known as Firth VC, is credited with high shock resistance, toughness, cutting ability.

SHORT CUTS FOR SHOW

TRANSPORTATION'S EASY

Rail and air travel to Cleveland is excellent.

Seven major roads run passenger service from all sections of the country. They're the Pennsylvania, New York Central, Erie, Baltimore & Ohio, Chesapeake & Ohio, Nickel Plate and the B'g Four.

If flying is more convenient, try American, United, Capital, Eastern, Lake Central, Northwest, Trans-Canada and TWA. They all run convenient, frequent flights into Hopkins Municipal Airport.

Executive and private planes can land at Cleveland's lakefront airport which is within sight of the exposition hall.

NOT TOO MANY years ago, Metal Shows were concerned mainly with heat treating, steels and a sprinkling of the lighter metals. The pace was friendly and liesurely with exhibitors greeting booth visitors by their first names. Those days are gone forever!

Keeping in step with the amazing expansion of the metals industry has brought about a 35-year string of Metals Shows, each bigger than the one before it. Not to be outdone, the 1953 show brings together some 450 exhibitors and an estimated 70,000 people.

What It Means—If you're the average show-goer, the thought of more exhibits, more technical sessions and more people than attended last year's extravaganza in Philadelphia is a little bit staggering. You might be interested to know that it leaves the show's sponsor, American Society for Metals, somewhat aghast too.

Their lusty child has gradually outgrown just about every existing exhibition space in the country. Only three are big enough—Cleveland, Chicago and Philadelphia—and these cities will have to take turns playing host until any larger accommodations are built. But that's their problem; yours is to get the most out of the show.

Some Tips — Mindful of the enormity of the layout and the diversity of interesting technical papers and exhibits, show sponsors offer the following suggestions:

1. Register in advance or as soon as you arrive in Cleveland. It's a painless task, but a time-waster if you have to wait in line.

GISTRATION & PROGRAMS

If you haven't registered in dvance, desks will be provided r that purpose at two points of try to the auditorium. There ll be a large battery of ma- ines typing out badges so the ore should be pa nless.

Official programs are avail- le at the registration desks r all show-goers. They'll be mplete in every detail of eetings and exhibits.

EXPOSITION HOURS

For the first three days of the ow, exhibition halls w ll open 12 noon and continue until 0:30 pm. On Thursday and iday, hours will be 10 am to pm.

t. 19 Monday . . noon to 10:30 pm
t. 20 Tuesday . . noon to 10:30 pm
t. 21 Wednesday noon to 10:30 pm
t. 22 Thursday . . . 10 am to 6 pm
t.23 Friday . . . . . 10 am to 6 pm

OERS

2. On your program, check off the technical papers you intend to hear and the exhibits of prime interest. Locate the latter on the expo floor plan and trace a projected travel route. Sounds unnecessary, but you'll save a lot of mileage in the bunion derby.
3. Stick to the original plan of attack. This is tougher than it sounds; there'll be a lot of appealing exhibits vying for your time. Check them off and come back later.
4. Budget a day for "just browsing" through the exhibit halls. You'll be amazed at the number of ideas you can pick up in fields that may be on the fringe of your activities.
5. Get all the facts. Biggest complaint among booth attendants every year is that too many visitors ask too few questions. Exhibitors are primed with all the answers, so blast away.

Society Headquarters—Each of the four participating societies has its headquarters in a separate downtown hotel. American Society for Metals takes over the Hotel Statler at E. 12th and Euclid Ave.; American Welding Society is housed at Hotel Cleveland on the Public Square; American Institute of Mining and Metallurgical Engineers, Metals Division, convenes at the Allerton Hotel, E. 13th and Chester Ave.; and Society for Nondestructive Testing holds forth at the Hollenden Hotel, E. 6th and Superior Ave.

Unless otherwise announced, all technical sessions of the respective societies will be held in meeting rooms at the headquarters hotel. All four hotels are within walking distance or a short cab hop of Public Auditorium.

Head Start — To give STEEL's readers plenty of time to plan their activities in advance, succeeding pages carry the full technical program for the week, floor plans of all exhibit space with booths identified, and an alphabetical list of exhibitors and what they're showing.

Only thing left unsaid is: SEE YOU AT THE SHOW!

EATING AND ENTERTAINMENT

Being a convention city, Cleveland has many fine restaurants and taverns to choose from. Most of the medium-priced spots are located on or near Euclid Ave., as are the first-run theatres, department stores and better shops. Specialty restaurants, usually a bit more expensive, are located off the beaten paths; some are even located in the suburbs to the east and west. Night life, for the most part, centers around the hotels and downtown clubs, most of which are off the main streets.

All hotels carry copies of weekly pamphlets telling what's going on in Cleveland. If your entertainment questions aren't answered there, the Public Relations office in the exhibition hall will be staffed with people who know Cleveland by day and night.

CLEVELAND—METALWORKING HUB

Advertised as the "Best Location in the Nation", Cleveland is at the center of a 500-mile radius which contains 57.5 per cent of the nation's population.

Nearly 300,000 people work in Cleveland's 3258 manufacturing establishments. Although the metropolitan area accounts for only 0.9 per cent of the U.S. population, it produces 2.06 per cent of the country's manufactured goods.

Here's how production breaks down on a per cent-of-U.S.-total basis:

Blast furnace output	4%	Stampings	4-1/3
Finished steel	3	Metal fasteners	17½
Rolled strip	8	Machine tools	9
Wire drawing	7-8	(Turret lathes	50)
Malleable iron castings	9	Drive components	11
Forgings	7¾	Conveyors	7-2/3
Gray iron castings	5½		

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The modern Udylite Laboratory at Detroit, Michigan

A set of rusty piano wires is responsible for the fast, economical modern Cadmium Process you use today.

In 1919, young Marvin Udy became intrigued by a problem that had never been solved—how to rustproof piano wire without changing the tone. He knew that lead, copper and nickel had been tried without success.

After many experiments, Udy tried a little-known waste metal called Cadmium which he had recovered from flues of a western smelting company. After many failures, he finally succeeded in coating piano wire with the then unknown metal.

His new Cadmium Process worked . . . and an industry was born.

The infant Udylite Company, starting in a stockholder's basement, improved methods and techniques in applying the Cadmium. Through the years, the Udylite Corporation has continued to pioneer Cadmium. It developed the Ball Anode, Ba Anode Containers, the Brighteners . . . and has led every step of the way to the bette rust prevention offered today in the newest Udylite Bry-Cad Process.

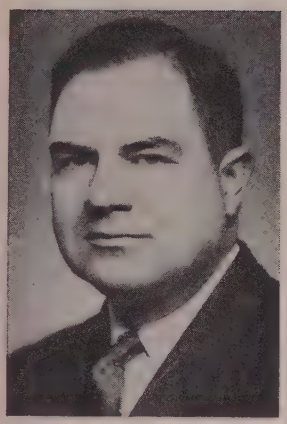
Udylite has shared these technical improvements with you and the entire industr . . . just as it has shared every improvement in Plating Equipment and Processe through the years.

This Udylite Cadmium Process is just *one* of *many* ways Udylite has pioneered i the electroplating field.

PIONEER OF A BETTER WAY IN PLATING...

THE Udylite CORPORATION
DETROIT 11, MICHIGAN

STEEL



J. B. AUSTIN
President, American Society for Metals, 1953-54

PROGRAM

35th National Metal Congress and Exposition

CLEVELAND, OHIO—OCTOBER 17-23, 1953

ASM SEMINAR ON

Relation of Properties to Microstructures

All Sessions in Ballroom, Hotel Statler

Morning Session, Oct. 17, 1953

):30 a.m.—Structure and Structure-Sensitive Properties—J. H. Hollomon, manager, metallurgy research department, General Electric Laboratory, Schenectady, N. Y.

):10 a.m.—Discussion

):20 a.m.—Effect of Grain Boundaries on Mechanical Properties—M. Gensamer, professor of metallurgical engineering, School of Mines, Columbia University, New York.

.:00 a.m.—Discussion

.:10 a.m.—Intermission

.:20 a.m.—Principles of Solution Hardening—E. R. Parker, professor of metallurgy, University of California, Berkeley, Calif. and T. Hazlett, University of California.

? Noon—Discussion

Afternoon Session, Oct. 17, 1953

2:00 p.m.—Effect of Dispersion on Mechanical Properties—J. E. Dorn, professor, physical metallurgy and C. D. Starr, University of California, Berkeley, Calif.

2:40 p.m.—Discussion

2:50 p.m.—Theory of Dispersion Hardening—E. W. Hart, research associate, General Electric Research Laboratory, Schenectady, N. Y.

3:30 p.m.—Discussion

3:40 p.m.—Intermission

3:50 p.m.—Structure and Alloy Design—A. D. Schwope, research supervisor, metallurgical engineering, Battelle Memorial Institute, Columbus, O.

4:30 p.m.—Discussion

Evening Lecture, Oct. 17, 1953

8:00 p.m.—Interaction of Dislocations with Solute Atoms—A. H. Cottrell, professor of physical metallurgy, The University, Birmingham, Eng.

9:00 p.m.—Discussion

Morning Session, Oct. 18, 1953

9:30 a.m.—Relation of Fracture to Microstructure—J. R. Low, research associate, General Electric Research Laboratory, Schenectady, N. Y.

10:10 a.m.—Discussion

10:20 a.m.—Strength of Glass Reinforced Structures—G. Slayter, vice president, research and development, Owens-Corning Fiberglas Corp., Newark, O.

11:00 a.m.—Discussion

11:10 a.m.—Intermission

11:20 a.m.—Relation of Corrosion to Microstructure—H. H. Uhlig, professor of metallurgy, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, Mass.

12 Noon—Discussion

Afternoon Session, Oct. 18, 1953

2:00 p.m.—Theory of the Relation of Magnetic Properties to Microstructure—L. J. Dijkstra, research laboratories, Westinghouse Electric Corp., Pittsburgh, Pa.

2:40 p.m.—Discussion

2:50 p.m.—Structure and Coercivity—J. Libsch, associate professor of metallurgy, Lehigh University, Bethlehem, Pa. and G. Conrad, assistant director of magnetic materials laboratory, Lehigh University, Bethlehem, Pa.

3:30 p.m.—Discussion

Educational Lectures

All Sessions in Ballroom—Public Auditorium

Monday, Oct. 19, 4:30 p.m.

Surface Protection Against Wear

Technique Selection—Howard S. Avery, research metallurgist, American Brake Shoe Co., Mahwah, N. J.

Electroplates and Anodizing—J. M. Hosdowich, United Chromium Inc., New York.

Case Hardening, Diffusion Coatings and Selective Heat Treatment—Michael B. Bever, department of metallurgy, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, Mass.

Metal Spraying—Howard Vanderpool, sales engineering manager, Metallizing Engineering Co. Inc., New York.

Monday, Oct. 19, 8 p.m.

Surface Protection Against Wear

Hard Facing and Abrasion-Resistant Alloys—Howard S. Avery, research metallurgist, American Brake Shoe Co., Mahwah, N. J.

Practical Examples of Surface Protection—Theodore Gaynor, superintendent of inside shops, Bethlehem Steel Co., Bethlehem, Pa.

Summary and Discussion—Howard S. Avery

Tuesday, Oct. 20, 4:30 p.m.

Surface Protection Against Corrosion

Economic Factors of Atmospheric Corrosion versus Protection—Clarence C. Harvey, Ethyl Corp., Baton Rouge, La.

Surface Preparation and Pretreatment of Metals Prior to Painting—A. J. Liebman, assistant director, research & development department, Dravo Corp., Neville Island, Pittsburgh

Organic Coatings for Normal Service—Arnold J. Eickhoff, National Lead Co., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Organic Coatings for Severe Service—Kenneth Tator, Kenneth Tator Associates, Coraopolis, Pa.

Tuesday, Oct. 20, 8 p.m.

Surface Protection Against Corrosion

Specifications for the Painting of Metals—Joseph Bigos, director of research, Steel Structures Painting Council, Pittsburgh.

Cathodic Protection and Galvanizing—H. A. Robinson, chief, chemical section, Dow Chemical Co., Midland, Mich.

Metallizing—H. S. Ingham, Metallizing Engineering Co. Inc., Long Island City, N. Y.

Electrodeposited Coatings—Field Ogburn, chemist, National Bureau of Standards, Washington.

Wednesday, Oct. 21, 4:30 p.m.

Fatigue

Basic Concepts of Fatigue Damage in Metals—T. J. Dolan, research professor of theoretical & applied mechanics, University of Illinois, Urbana, Ill.

Fatigue Failure Under Resonant Vibration Conditions—B. J. Lazan, director of engineering experiment station, University of Minnesota, Minneapolis.

Wednesday, Oct. 21, 8 p.m.

Fatigue

Fatigue Characteristics of Large Sections—O. J. Horger, chief engineer, railway division, Timken Roller Bearing Co., Canton, O.

Technical Papers

Monday, Oct. 19—9:30 a.m.

Ballroom, Hotel Statler

Titanium and Molybdenum

Determination of Oxygen in Titanium and Zirconium by the Isotopic Method—A. D. Kirshenbaum, R. A. Mossman and A. V. Grosse, research institute, Temple University, Philadelphia.

Vacuum-Fusion Analysis of Molybdenum—M. W. Mallett, assistant supervisor, thermal chemistry group, and C. B. Griffith, Battelle Memorial Institute, Columbus, O.

Nitriding of Titanium with Ammonia—J. L. Wyatt, assistant to technical manager, Horizons Inc., Cleveland, and N. J. Grant, associate professor of metallurgy, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, Mass.

Heat Treatment of High-Strength, Titanium-Base Alloys—W. M. Parris, engineer, P. D. Frost, assistant supervisor, and J. H. Jackson, supervisor, Battelle Memorial Institute, Columbus, O.

Monday, Oct. 19—2 p.m.

Ballroom, Public Auditorium

Titanium

Transformation Kinetics and Mechanical Properties of Titanium-Aluminum-Molybdenum Alloys—H. D. Kessler, supervisor, nonferrous metals research, and M. Hansen, chairman, metals research, Armour Research Foundation, Chicago.

Isothermal Transformation of Titanium-Manganese Alloys—P. D. Frost, assistant supervisor, W. M. Parris and L. L. Hirsch, research engineers, nonferrous metallurgy; J. R. Doig, research engineer and C. M. Schwartz, supervisor, physics division, Battelle Memorial Institute, Columbus, O.

Correlation Between Heat Treatment, Microstructure and Mechanical Properties of Titanium-Molybdenum Alloys—D. J. DeLazaro, assistant metallurgist, and W. Bostoker, senior metallurgist, metals research department, Armour Research Foundation, Chicago

Tuesday, Oct. 20—9:30 a.m.

Ballroom, Hotel Statler

Mechanical

Transverse Mechanical Properties of Slack-Quenched and Tempered Wrought Steel—John Vajda and Paul T. Busby, Carnegie Institute of Technology, Pittsburg

A Time-Temperature Relationship for Recrystallization and Grain Growth—F. R. Larson and J. Salma, physical metallurgists, Watertown Arsenal Laboratory, Watertown, Mass.

Effect of Nonmartensite Decomposition Products on Properties of Quenched and Tempered Steels—E. S. Bailey, metallurgist, Naval Research Laboratory, Washington.

Effect of Inclusions on Fatigue Strength of SAE-4340 Steels—J. T. Ransom, research project engineer, E. I. duPont deNemours & Co., Wilmington, Del.

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Tuesday, Oct. 20—9:30 a.m.

Ohio Room, Hotel Statler

Nonferrous

The System Zirconium-Aluminum—D. J. McPherson, supervisor, physical metals research, and M. Hansen, chairman, metals research department, Armour Research Foundation, Chicago.

Special Libraries Association

(Metals Division and Metals Section of Science-Technology Division)

Fall Meeting

October 21-23, 1953—Cleveland, Ohio

Wednesday, Oct. 21

Field trip to Battelle Memorial Institute, Columbus, O., to inspect library and research facilities of the Institute.

Thursday, Oct. 22

South Hall A—Public Auditorium

9:30 a.m.—Metal Fabrication—Methods and Literature

Modern Methods for Joining Metals—Dr. P. T. Stroup, chief of the process metallurgy division, Aluminum Research Laboratories

Abstracting and Indexing Sources for Literature on Metals and Metal Fabrication—Ellis Mount, research associate, research information service, John Crerar Library

Services Available from Large Libraries—Prof. Esther M. Schlundt, head, readers division, Purdue University

2:00 p.m.—Fundamentals of the Newer Metals

Materials for Use at Elevated Temperatures—Dr. W. J. Harris Jr., executive secretary, Minerals & Metals Advisory Board, National Academy of Sciences

Metallic Materials for Nuclear Reactors—Frank G. Foote, director, metallurgical division, Argonne National Laboratory

6:30 p.m.—Dinner with Cleveland Chapter, S.L.A., Mather Room, Hotel Allerton

8:15 p.m.—Methods for Improvement of Reading Speed and Efficiency, as Developed at Case Institute of Technology—Harold Johnson, director, reading improvement laboratory, Case Institute of Technology.

Friday, Oct. 23

10:00 a.m.—Technical Session, Thomlinson Hall, Case Institute of Technology

Operations Research as a Metallurgical Tool—C. West Churchman, Case Institute of Technology

Techniques in Report Writing—Robert L. Shurter, professor and director, humanistic social division, Case Institute of Technology

12:30 p.m.—Luncheon, Crosby's Restaurant, 10505 Carnegie Ave.

2:00 p.m.—Visit to Warner & Swasey Co. Taking the Mystery out of Machine Tools (An informal discussion—Warner Seely, vice-president of public relations; followed by inspection trip of library and plant

Observations on the Behavior of Hydrogen in Zirconium—C. M. Schwartz and M. W. Mallett, Battelle Memorial Institute, Columbus, O.

Recrystallization Applied to Control of the Mechanical Properties of Molybdenum—J. H. Bechtold, Westinghouse Electric Corp., E. Pittsburgh, Pa.

Tuesday, Oct. 20—2 p.m.

Ballroom, Public Auditorium

Physical Metallurgy

Supercooling and Dendritic Freezing in Alloys—W. C. Winegard and B. Chalmers, University of Toronto, Toronto.

Another Look at Quenchants, Cooling Rates and Hardenability—D. J. Carney, United States Steel Corp., South Works, Chicago.

Effect of Pearlite Spacing on Transition Temperature of Steel at Four Carbon Levels—J. A. Rinebolt, metallurgist, Naval Research Laboratory, Washington.

Elevation of Critical Temperatures in Steel by High Heating Rates—W. J. Feuerstein, metallurgist, and W. K. Smith, head, metallurgy section of materials evaluation branch, U. S. Naval Ordnance Test Station, China Lake, Calif.

Wednesday, Oct. 21—9 a.m.

Ballroom, Hotel Statler

ASM Annual Meeting

Campbell Memorial Lecture—Donald S. Clark, California Institute of Technology

Wednesday, Oct. 21—2 p.m.

Ballroom, Public Auditorium

Boron

A Hypothesis for the Boron Hardenability Mechanism—J. W. Spretnak and Rudolph Speiser, associate professors, department of metallurgy, Ohio State University, Columbus, O.

Effect of Boron on Notch Toughness and Temper Embrittlement—A. E. Powers and R. G. Carlson, turbine division, General Electric Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

A Study of the Fe-Fe2B System—C. C. McBridge, Savannah River Plant, E. I. duPont deNemours & Co., Augusta, Ga., and J. W. Spretnak and Rudolph Speiser, associate professors, department of metallurgy, Ohio State University, Columbus, O.

Carbonitriding of Boron Steels—G. W. Powell, M. B. Bever and C. F. Floe, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, Mass.

Thursday, Oct. 22—9:30 a.m.

Ballroom, Public Auditorium

Tempering

Effect of Silicon on Kinetics of Tempering—W. S. Owen, University of Liverpool, Liverpool, Eng.

Microstructural Changes on Tempering Iron-Carbon Alloys—B. S. Lement, B. L. Averbach and M. Cohen, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, department of metallurgy, Cambridge, Mass.

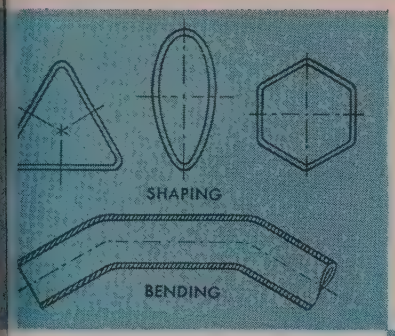
Effect of Chemical Composition on Susceptibility of Steels to Temper Brittleness—Ralph Hultgren, professor of metallurgy and John Chuan Chang, University of California, Berkeley, Calif.

Thursday, Oct. 22—9:30 a.m.

Club Room B, Public Auditorium

Constitution

Equilibrium Structures in Fe-Cr-Mo Alloys—J. G. Mullin, S. F. Reiter and D. G. Ebeling, research laboratory, General Electric Co., Schenectady, N.



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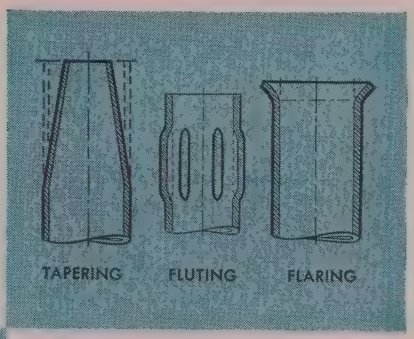

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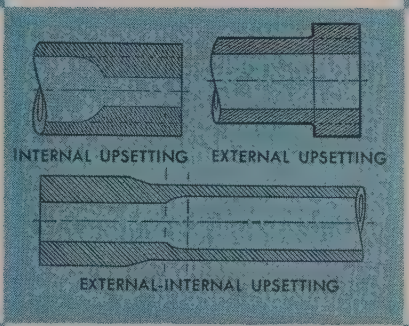

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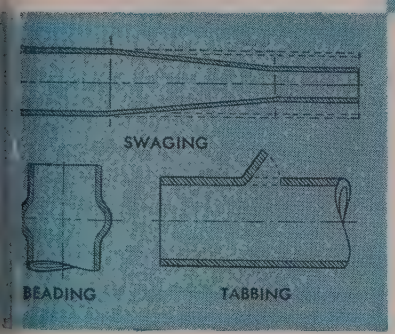
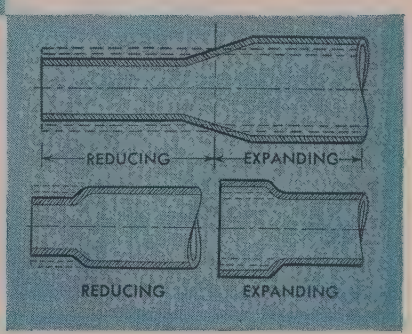
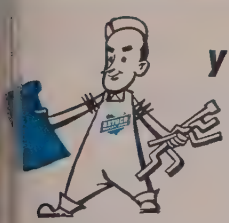


OSTUCO TUBING is versatile!





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HILAND GARFIELD BATCHELLER
Recipient, ASM Medal for Advancement of Research

WILLIAM T. ENNOR
Recipient, ASM Albert Sauveur Achievement Award

A Survey of Vanadium Binary Systems—W. Rostoker, senior metallurgist and A. Yamamoto, associate metallurgist, Armour Research Foundation, Chicago.

Gamma Loop Studies in the Iron-Vanadium and Iron-Vanadium-Titanium Systems—W. R. Lucas, graduate student and W. P. Fishel, professor of metallurgy, Vanderbilt University, Nashville, Tenn.

Thursday, Oct. 22—2 p.m.

Ballroom, Public Auditorium

Stainless and High-Speed Steel

High Temperature Transformations in Ferritic Stainless Steels Containing 17 to 25 per cent Chromium—A. E. Nehrenberg, supervisor, research laboratory, and Peter Lillys, research metallurgist, Crucible Steel Co. of America, Harrison, N. J.

Intergranular Corrosion of Ferritic Stainless Steels—R. A. Lula, A. J. Lena and G. C. Kiefer, Allegheny Ludlum Steel Corp., Brackenridge, Pa.

Grain Growth in High Speed Steel—Eric Kula and Morris Cohen, department of metallurgy, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, Mass.

Discontinuous Grain Growth in High Speed Steel—A. H. Grobe, research metallurgist, G. A. Roberts, chief metallurgist, and D. S. Chambers, Vanadium-Alloys Steel Co., Latrobe, Pa.

Friday, Oct. 23—9:30 a.m.

Ballroom, Public Auditorium

Mechanical

Strain Aging Behavior of Rheotropically Embrittled Steel—E. J. Ripling, assistant professor, Department of Metallurgy, Case Institute of Technology, Cleveland.

Flow and Fracture of Single Crystals of High Purity Ferrite—R. P. Steijn, assistant professor, Rice Institute, Houston, and R. M. Brick, professor of metallurgy, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia.

Notched Bar Tensile Properties of Various Materials and Their Relation to the Unnotch Flow Curve and Notch Sharpness—Harry Schwartzbart, research metallurgist, Armour Research Foundation, Chicago, and W. F. Brown Jr., research metallurgist, National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, Cleveland.

AMERICAN WELDING SOCIETY

PROGRAM

All Sessions at Hotel Cleveland

Monday Morning, Oct. 19

A-Prize Awards and Adams Lecture (Ballroom)

Chairman—F. L. Plummer, president, AWS
Co-chairman—H. C. Boardman, chairman, National Program Committ

Aspects of Welding Research in British Merchant Shipbuilding—R. B. Shepheard, Shipbuilding Conferenc

Monday Afternoon, Oct. 19

Two Simultaneous Sessions

1. Gouging and Cutting (Ballroom)

Chairman—Richard L. Delly, Air Reduction Sales Co.
Co-chairman—R. S. Babcock, Linde Air Products Co.

The Arcair Process—Myron D. Stepath, Arcair Co.

Shielded Metal-Arc Cutting and Grooving—Helm Thielsch and J. Quaas, Eutectic Welding Alloys Co

Advanced Automatic Flame Cutting for Machinery We ments—Howard B. Cary, Marion Power Shovel Co

2. Resistance Welding (Red Room)

Chairman—R. E. Powell, Western Electric Co.
Co-chairman—John Diebold, Diebold Engineering Sales Co.

Radiography of Spot Welds—Robert C. McMaster, B telle Memorial Institute.

Resistance Welding in Jet Engine Manufacturing—Fre J. Wallace, Pratt & Whitney, Whitney Aircraft vision, United Aircraft Corp.

A Study of the Cooling Rates in Flash Welds in Ste Ernest F. Nippes, Warren F. Savage and Gor Grotke, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute.

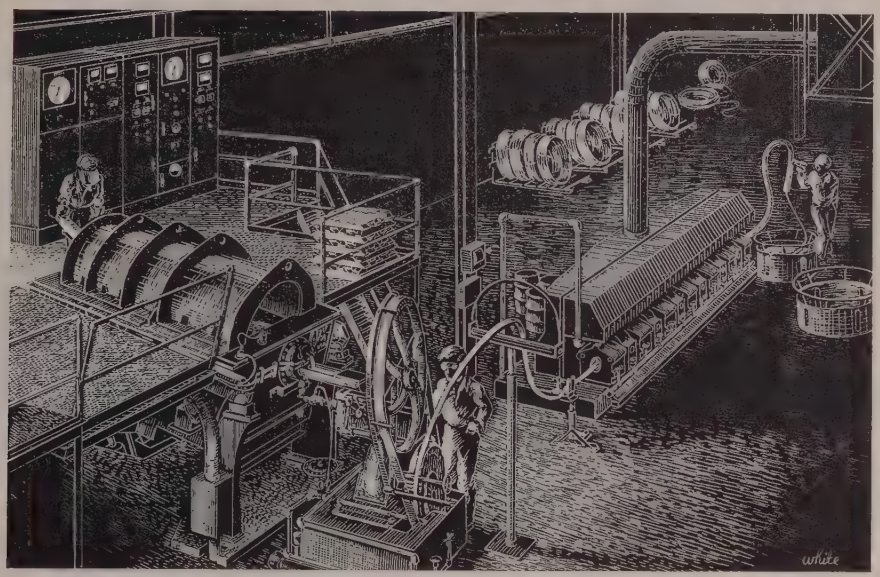
Some Applications of High-Speed Motion Picture I tography to Resistance Welding — I. S. Goodn Westinghouse Electric Corp.

Monday Evening, Oct. 19

President's Reception (Ball Room)

National Officers Dinner

From Molten Aluminum to 3/8" Diameter Rod in 1½ Minutes!



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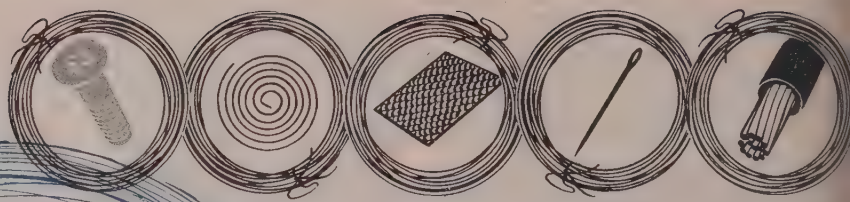
AJAX ELECTRIC FURNACE CORP., Ajax Wyatt Induction Furnaces for Melting



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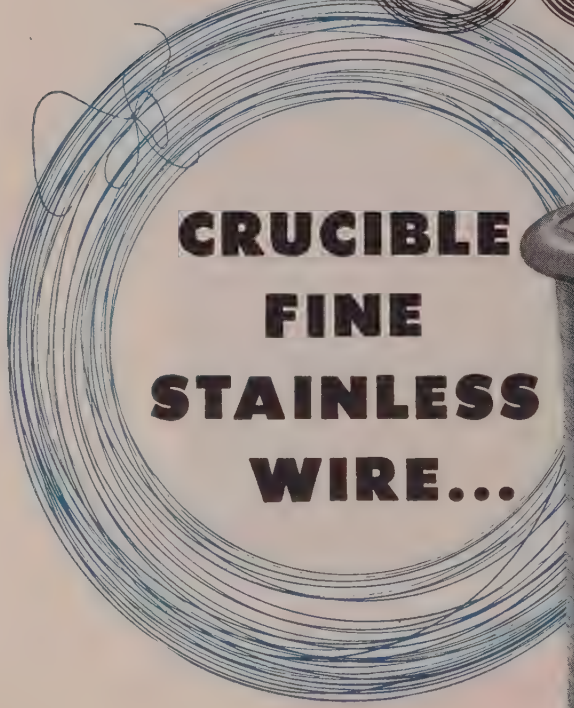

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Tuesday Morning, Oct. 20

Three Simultaneous Sessions

1. Stainless Steel (Ballroom)

Chairman—F. W. Davis, U. S. Atomic Energy Commission
Co-chairman—V. N. Krivorbok, International Nickel Co. Inc.

Effects of Various Heat Treatments on Modified 347 Weld Deposits—R. D. Thomas Jr. and Lorin K. Poole, Arcos Corp.

Silver Brazing Alloys for Corrosion-Resistant Joints in Stainless Steels—George H. Sistare, Handy & Harman, L. H. Grenell, General Motors Corp. and John J. Halbig, Armco Steel Co.

Submerged Arc Welding of Chromium-Bearing Steels—Clarence E. Jackson and Arthur E. Shrubsall, Union Carbide & Carbon Laboratories.

2. Titanium (Empire Room)

Chairman—F. R. Hensel, P. R. Mallory & Co.
Co-chairman—G. Grable, Battelle Memorial Institute

Torsion, Shear and Impact Strengths of Spot-Welded Titanium Joints—M. L. Begeman, E. H. Block Jr. and Frank W. McBee Jr., University of Texas.

Fusion Welding Commercially Pure Titanium—Francis H. Stevenson, Aerojet General Corp.

Alloy Filler Metals in Commercially Pure Titanium—Carl E. Hartbower, Watertown Arsenal Laboratory.

3. Structural (Red Room)

Chairman—Bruce G. Johnston, University of Michigan
Co-chairman—Ross Yarrow, Consolidated Iron & Steel Co.

Residual Stress and Inelastic Bending of WF Columns—Robert L. Ketter, Lynn S. Beddle, Lehigh University, and E. L. Kaminsky, David Taylor Model Basin.

Weldability of Structural Steel Discussed from the Viewpoint of Federal Agencies—E. L. Erickson, chief, bridge branch, Bureau of Public Roads.

Development of Welded Bridge Construction—N. W. Morgan, principal highway bridge engineer, Bureau of Public Roads.

Recent Applications of Welded Design to Industrial Building Framings.

Tuesday Afternoon, Oct. 20

Two Simultaneous Sessions

1. Aluminum and Aircraft (Ballroom)

Chairman—R. S. Green, Ohio State University
Co-chairman—Charles Bruno, Reynolds Metals Co.

Soldering of Aluminum—James D. Dowd, Aluminum Co. of America.

Fatigue Strength of Welded Butt Joints in ⅜-inch Thick Aluminum Alloy Plates—E. C. Hartmann, Marshall Holt and I. D. Eaton, Aluminum Co. of America.

Some Considerations on Weldability of Aluminum Alloys—J. Koziarske, Piasecki Helicopter Corp.

2. Weldability (Red Room)

Chairman—R. E. Somers, Bethlehem Steel Co.
Co-chairman—J. Robert Henry, Cleveland Diesel Division, General Motors Corp.

Cracking in High-Temperature Alloys as Related to Microstructure—W. R. Apblett and W. S. Pellini, Naval Research Laboratory.

Notch Ductility Transition Characteristics of Weld Metal—Earl Eschbacher and W. S. Pellini, Naval Research Laboratory.

Further Studies on Weld-Metal Microcracking in Mild Steel—A. E. Flanigan, University of California.

Wednesday Morning, Oct. 21

Three Simultaneous Sessions

1. Weldability (Ballroom)

Chairman—L. C. Bibber, United States Steel Co.
Co-chairman—G. E. Claussen, Union Carbide & Carbon Research Laboratories Inc.

Navy First-Pass Groove Weld Crack Susceptibility Test—Z. J. Fabrykowski, S. Goodman and B. A. Schevo, Detroit Arsenal.

Sub-Temperature Bend-Test Properties of Bead-on-Plate Welds—L. S. Harris, R. B. Matthiesen and N. M. Newmark, University of Illinois.

Fatigue Properties of Weld Metal—L. S. Harris, R. B. Matthiesen and N. M. Newmark, University of Illinois.

2. Titanium (Empire Room)

Chairman—Col. B. S. Mesick, Ordnance Corps, Watertown Arsenal
Co-chairman—W. L. Warner, Watertown Arsenal

A Study of the Weld Heat-Affected Zones in Titanium Alloys — Ernest F. Nippes, John M. Gerken and Bernard W. Schaaf, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute.

Welding Characteristics of Titanium and Titanium Alloys—Mario L. Ochieano, Lockheed Aircraft Corp.

Study of the Effects of Alloying Elements on Weldability of Titanium Sheet—Dr. Max Hansen, Armour Research Foundation.

3. Controls and Inspection (Red Room)

Chairman—Gilbert S. Schaller, University of Washington
Co-chairman—R. J. Kriz, James B. Herron Co.

Inspection Techniques for Quality Welding Production—Lew Gilbert, *Industry and Welding,* and William B. Bunn, M. W. Kellogg Co.

Nondestructive Testing as an Aid to Increased Use of Welding for Steel Structures—Lloyd J. Oye, Magnaflux Corp.

Tolerances on Fillet Welds—John Mikulak, and Merle B. Dillman, Worthington Corp.

Wednesday Afternoon, Oct. 21

Three Simultaneous Sessions

1. Pipe (Ballroom)

Chairman—A. J. Erlacher, United Engineers & Constructors Inc.
Co-chairman—N. C. Jessen, Babcock & Wilcox Co.

Further Studies of Arc Welding of Low-Chromium Molybdenum Steel Pipe—J. Bland, Standard Oil Co. of Indiana.

Superheaters for 1100° to 1500° F Test Installation—Bela Ronay and W. E. Clautice, U. S. Naval Engineering Experiment Station.

Carbide Segregation and Decarburization at Welded Joints—I. A. Rohrig, Detroit Edison Co. and H. S. Blumberg, M. W. Kellogg Co.

2. Research (Red Room)

Chairman—G. E. Doan, Koppers Co. Inc.
Co-chairman—Frank Flocke, Thornton Co.

Welding Metallurgy of Nodular Cast Iron—Edward E. Hucke and Prof. H. Udin, Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

Effect of Low-Temperature Stress Relieving on Stress-Corrosion Cracking of Mild Steel—C. R. McKinsey, Union Carbide & Carbon Research Laboratories Inc.

Transformation of Cr-Mo Steels During Welding—W. R. Apblett Jr., R. P. Dumphy and W. S. Pellini, Naval Research Laboratory.

Multiple Contact Resistance—W. B. Kouwenhoven and Donald R. Hagner, Johns Hopkins University.

3. Education (Empire Room)

Chairman—Dean A. Potter, Purdue University
Co-chairman—Prof. M. L. Begeman, University of Texas

Teaching Engineering Fundamentals—Dean S. C. Hollister, Cornell University.

Discussion: Dean W. B. Kouwenhoven, Johns Hopkins University and Prof. R. S. Green, Ohio State University.

Teaching Welding Design—Dr. J. P. Vidosic.

Wednesday Evening, Oct. 21

Section Officers Dinner

WRC University Dinner and Conference

Thursday Morning, Oct. 22

Three Simultaneous Sessions

1. Pressure Vessels and Research (Ballroom)

Chairman—T. N. Armstrong, International Nickel Co. Inc.
Co-chairman—L. J. Larson, Allis-Chalmers Mfg. Co.

Plastic Fatigue Strength of Pressure Vessel Steels—Robert D. Stout, John H. Gross and D. E. Gucer, Lehigh University.

A Qualitative Study of Residual Stresses in Welds by Photo-elasticity—Dr. Melvin Mark, Raytheon Mfg. Co.

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Kaiser Chemicals

Basic Refractory Brick and Ramming Materials

Effect of Nitrogen and Carbon Dioxide Atmospheres on Arc Welding—Professors Sowa, Truckenmiller and Wagner, University of Michigan.

Biaxial Fatigue Properties of Pressure-Vessel Steels—T. J. Dolan and C. E. Bowman, University of Illinois.

2. Inert Arc Welding (Red Room)

Chairman—C. I. MacGuffie, General Electric Co.
Co-chairman—H. E. Rockefeller, Linde Air Products Co.

Inert-Gas-Shielded Metal-Arc Welding of Low-Carbon Steels—George C. Christopher and R. C. Becker, International Harvester Co.

Characteristics of Consumable-Electrode Inert Arcs—R. W. Tuthill, General Electric Co.

Effect of Power Supply Characteristics on Sigma Welding—W. H. Helmbrecht and R. L. Hackman, Linde Air Products Co.

Weld Properties of a Carbon-Steel Electrode for Use with Inert Gas Shields—Harry C. Cook and Gilbert R. Rothschild, Air Reduction Research Laboratories.

3. Automatic Arc (Empire Room)

Chairman—C. C. Peck, Cecil C. Peck Co.
Co-chairman—L. S. McPhee, Whiting Corp.

New Developments in Fluxes for Automatic Welding and Hard Surfacing—L. K. Stringham, Lincoln Electric Co.

Multiple Electrode Welding by the Unionmelt Process—D. E. Knight, Linde Air Products Co.

Multiple-Arc Submerged Arc Welding—Theodore Ashton, Lincoln Electric Co.

Thursday Afternoon, Oct. 22

(Ballroom)

Board of Directors Meeting

Annual Business Meeting

Thursday Evening, Oct. 22

Annual Dinner (Ballroom)

Friday Morning, Oct. 23

Three Simultaneous Sessions

1. Applications (Ballroom)

Chairman—C. B. Herrick, C. B. Herrick Co.

New Welding Shop Facilities, Methods and Equipment at the Whiting Refinery—Ray M. Kolb and R. C. Wheeler, Standard Oil Co. of Indiana.

Silver and Gold for Brazing Electronic Components—A. W. Swift and R. J. Metzler, Handy & Harman.

New Results in Tool and Die Welding—Robert H. Groman, Eutectic Welding Alloys Corp.

Austenitic Manganese Steel Welding Electrodes—Howard S. Avery and Henry J. Chapin, American Brake Shoe Co.

2. Inert Arc Welding (Red Room)

Chairman—R. M. Wilson, International Nickel Co.
Co-chairman—A. R. Lytle, Electro Metallurgical Co.

A New Method to Prevent Rectification of Current and High-Frequency Interference in Inert-Gas Arc Welding—John Murray, Lincoln Electric Co.

New Developments in Sigma Welding of Carbon Steel—T. McElrath Jr., and R. T. Telford, Linde Air Products Co.

Porosity in Welding Carbon Steel—Glenn W. Oyler and Robert D. Stout, Lehigh University.

3. Field-Erected Structures (Empire Room)

Chairman—E. MacCutcheon, Bureau of Ships, U. S. Navy
Co-chairman—L. C. McNutt, United Engineers & Constructors Inc.

Scale Effects in Notch Brittleness—Yoshio Akita, Transportation Technical Research Institute.

Effect of Subcritical Heat Treatment on Transition Temperature of a Ship Plate Steel—E. B. Evans and L. J. Klingler, Case Institute of Technology.

Welded Mexican Bridge—Thomas C. Kavanagh, New York University.

INSTITUTE OF METALS DIVISION

PROGRAM

All Sessions at Hotel Allerton

Monday, Oct. 19, 9 a.m.

Two Simultaneous Sessions

Plastic Deformation Session

(Ballroom)

Plasticity of Columbium Single Crystals—R. Maddin and N. K. Chen, Johns Hopkins University.

Plastic Deformation of Iron Between 300° and 77.2°K—Donald F. Gibbons, Royal Military College of Canada.

Deformation of Ferrite Single Crystals—F. L. Vogel Jr. and R. M. Brick, University of Pennsylvania.

Plastic Stress-Strain Relations for 14S-T6 Subjected to Combined Tension and Torsion—Joseph Marin and A. B. Wiseman, Pennsylvania State College.

Metallography Session

(Mather Room)

Revealing the Subgrain Structure of Aluminum—M. S. Hunter and D. L. Robinson, Aluminum Co. of America.

Grain Boundary Attack on Aluminum in Hydrochloric Acid and Sodium Hydroxide—E. C. W. Perryman, Aluminum Laboratories Ltd.

Microscopical Examination of Tin Bronzes in the Alpha Range—E. C. W. Perryman, Aluminum Laboratories Ltd.

Identification of the Precipitate Accompanying 885° Embrittlement in Chromium Steels—R. M. Fish, E. J. Dulis and K. G. Carroll, United States Steel Corp.

Measurement of Particle Sizes in Opaque Bodies—R. Fullman, General Electric Co. Journal of Metals, March 1953.

Measurement of Approximately Cylindrical Particles in Opaque Samples—R. L. Fullman, General Electric Co. Journal of Metals, September 1953.

Monday, Oct. 19, 2 p.m.

Three Simultaneous Sessions

Plastic Deformation Session

(Ballroom)

Plastic Deformation of Single Crystals of Copper—J. Becker, General Electric Research Laboratory, and J. N. Hobstetter, Bell Telephone Laboratories.

Orientation Relationships in the Recrystallization of Deformed Copper Single Crystals—J. J. Becker, General Electric Research Laboratory and J. N. Hobstetter, Bell Telephone Laboratories. Journal of Metals, September 1953.

Plastic Deformation of Rectangular Zinc Monocrystals—John J. Gilman, Columbia University. Journal of Metals, September 1953.

Variation of Plastic Properties with Annealing Procedure in Zinc Single Crystals—Choh Hsien Li, Jack Washburn and Earl R. Parker, University of California. Journal of Metals, September 1953.

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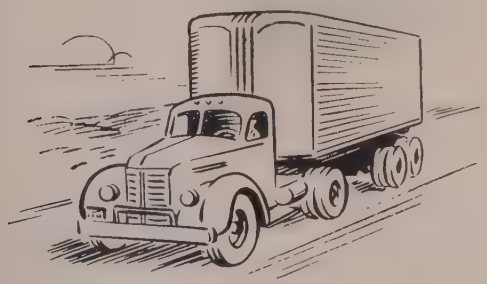

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Recovery in Single Crystals of Zinc—R. Drouard, Paris, Jack Washburn and Earl R. Parker, University of California. Journal of Metals, September 1953.

Some Observations on the Work Hardening of Metals—E. H. Edwards, Jack Washburn and E. R. Parker, University of California. Journal of Metals.

Thermodynamics

(Mather Room)

Some Applications of the Thermodynamic Theory of Irreversible Processes to Physical Metallurgy—E. S. Machlin, Columbia University.

Vapor Pressure of Silver Over Silver-Gold Solid Solutions—C. L. McCabe, H. M. Schadel Jr. and C. E. Birchenall, Carnegie Institute of Technology.

Vapor Pressure of Silver—C. L. McCabe and C. E. Birchenall, Carnegie Institute of Technology.

High Pressure Oxidation Rate of Metals — William McKewan, New Jersey Zinc Co. of Pennsylvania and W. Martin Fassell Jr., University of Utah.

Self-Diffusion of Iron in Iron Oxides and the Wagner Theory of Oxidation—L. Himmel and R. F. Mehl, Carnegie Institute of Technology and C. E. Birchenall, Princeton University.

Decay of Lattice Defects Frozen into an Alloy by Quenching—A. E. Roswell and A. S. Nowick, Yale University.

Constitutional Diagrams Session

(Chester Room)

Ternary System Ti-Ta-C—John G. McMullin, General Electric Research Laboratories, and John T. Norton, Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

Titanium-Rich Corners of the Ti-C-N, Ti-C-O and Ti-N-O Phase Diagrams—L. Stone and H. Margolin, New York University.

System Titanium-Chromium-Iron—R. J. Van Thyne, H. D. Kessler and Dr. Max Hansen, Armour Research Foundation, Illinois Institute of Technology.

Molybdenum Boron System—P. W. Gilles and B. D. Pollock, University of Kansas.

Vanadium-Uranium Constitutional Diagram—H. A. Saller and F. A. Rough, Battelle Memorial Institute.

Order-Disorder Transformation in Cu-Au Alloys Near the Composition CuAu—J. B. Newkirk, General Electric Co.

Analysis of Molten Zone Refining—N. W. Lord, Raytheon Mfg. Co.

Monday, Oct. 19, 7:45 p.m.

Panel Discussion of Recrystallization

(Ballroom)

B. L. Averbach, Moderator

Paul A. Beck—"Do Metals Recrystallize?"
Cyril Stanley Smith—"Interfacial Energy and Recrystallization"
B. L. Averbach—"Recovery"
E. E. Stansbury—"Stored Energy and Recrystallization"
D. Turnbull—"Significance of Activation Energies"
J. E. Burke—"Recrystallization as a Nucleation and Growth Process"
Robert Maddin—"Textures and Recrystallization"

Tuesday, Oct. 20, 9 a.m.

Two Simultaneous Sessions

Transformation Session

(Chester Room)

Silver-Cadmium Eutectoid—G. R. Speich, Westinghouse Electric Corp. and D. J. Mack, University of Wisconsin.

Diffusionless Phase Change in the Indium Thallium System—M. W. Burkart and T. A. Read, Columbia University.

On the Theory of Formation of Martensite—M. S. Wechsler, D. S. Lieberman and T. A. Read, Columbia University.

Rate of Propagation of Martensite—R. F. Bunshah and R. F. Mehl, Carnegie Institute of Technology.

Rate of Formation of Isothermal Martensite in Fe-Ni-M Alloy—R. E. Cech and J. H. Hollomon, General Electric Co.

Calculation of Mertensite Nucleus Energy Using the Reaction-Path Model—J. C. Fisher and D. Turnbull General Electric Co.

Martensite Nucleation in Substitutional Iron Alloys—John C. Fisher, General Electric Co.

Stabilization of Austenite-Martensite Reaction in a Hig Chromium Steel—S. C. Das Gupta and B. S. Lemen Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

Symposium on Physical Metallurgy of Titanium and Its Alloys

(Ballroom)

M. A. Hunter and H. A. Jackson, chairmen

Hardening and Embrittlement of Beta Stabilized Titaniu Alloys—W. M. Parris, M. Young, A. J. Griest and P. D. Frost, Battelle Memorial Institute.

Titanium Base Alloys for Elevated Temperatures—Har Kessler, Armour Research Foundation.

Development of Titanium Alloys—Schuyler Heries, Tita ium Metals Corp. of America.

Heat Treatment, Structure and Mechanical Properties Titanium-Manganese Alloys—F. C. Holden, H. Ogden and R. I. Jaffee, Battelle Memorial Institu

Heat Treatment and Alloying of Titanium—L. D. Jaf Watertown Arsenal Laboratory.

Tuesday, Oct. 20, 2 p.m.

Research in Progress Session

(Mather Room)

Heat Treatment of Titanium Alloys Generalized in Te of 'B'—Leonard D. Jaffee, Watertown Arsenal.

Solid State Bonding of Aluminum and Nickel—S. Sto heim, J. L. Zambrow and H. H. Hausner, Sylv Electric Products Inc.

Grain Boundary Creep—F. N. Rhines, Carnegie Institu Technology.

Spread in Orientations Among Microregions in Cast Deformed Crystals—W. C. Ellis, Bell Telep Laboratories Inc.

Growth Structures Formed During Solidification of Crystals—C. Elbaum and B. Chalmers, Harvard versity.

Curie Temperatures of Certain Ternary Sigma All M. V. Nevitt and P. A. Beck, University of Ill

Effect of Grain Size on Ultrasonic Transmissibil Nicholas Grossman, Sylvania Electric Product

Mechanism of Plastic Flow in Titanium at Low and Temperatures—F. D. Rosi and F. C. Perkins, vania Electric Products Inc.

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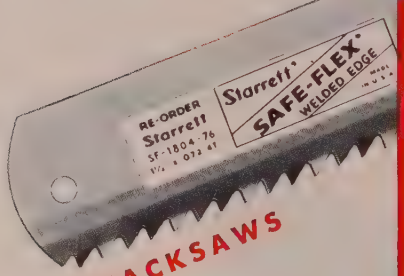

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Creep Session
(Chester Room)

mogeneity in Creep Deformation of Coarse Grained High Purity Aluminum—H. C. Chang and N. J. Grant, Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

rain Formation in High-Purity Aluminum During Creep at High Temperatures—Andre M. Gervais, Societe Commentry-Fouchambault et Decazeville, John T. Norton and Nicholas J. Grant, Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

llographic Observations of the Deformation of High-Purity Magnesium in Creep at 500°F—A. R. Chaudhuri, N. J. Grant and J. T. Norton, Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

p Behavior of Extruded Electrolytic Magnesium—C. S. Roberts, Dow Chemical Co.

her Progress in the Development of Mg-Zr Alloys to Give Good Creep and Fatigue Properties Between 500° and 650°F—C. J. P. Ball, A. C. Jessup, P. A. Fisher, D. J. Whitehead and J. B. Wilson, Magnesium Elektron Ltd.

erties of Sand Cast Magnesium-Thorium Zinc-Zirconium Alloys—K. E. Nelson, Dow Chemical Co.

tionalizaton of Measured High Temperature Properties of Fe-Cr-Co-Ni Alloys—J. D. Nisbet and W. R. Hibbard Jr., General Electric Co.

Wednesday, Oct. 21, 2 p.m.
Two Simultaneous Sessions

lastic Deformation of Titanium, Molybdenum and

Zirconium Session
(Ballroom)

rmation Mechanisms in Alpha Titanium—E. A. Anderson, D. C. Jillson and S. R. Dunbar, New Jersey Zinc Co. of Pennsylvania.

Rolled Texture of Titanium—D. N. Williams and D. S. Eppelsheimer, University of Missouri.

fts of Solid Solution Alloying on the Cold-Rolled Texture of Titanium— Carl J. McHargue, University of Kentucky, Sam E. Adair Jr., Linde Air Products, and Joseph P. Hammond, University of Kentucky.

ures of Rolled and Annealed Iodide Zirconium—J. H. Keeler, W. R. Hibbard Jr. and B. F. Decker, General Electric Co.

Physical Metallurgy Session
(Chester Room)

fts of Macrostructure on Performance of Alnico Permanent Magnets—Dolph G. Ebling, General Electric Co. and Arthur A. Burr, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute.

ification and Kinetics of Grain Growth During Sintering of Chromium Carbide—H. J. Hamjian, Utica Drop Forge and Tool Corp. and W. G. Lidman, Sylvania Electric Products Inc.

fence of Aluminum and Silicon Deoxidation on Strain Aging of Low-Carbon Steels—W. C. Leslie and R. L. Rickett, U. S. Steel Corp.

Softening of Beta Brass—Harry Green, Horizons Inc. and Norman Brown, University of Pennsylvania.

astic Behavior of Pure Gold Wire—Donald R. Mash and Lewis D. Hall, Stanford University.

Properties of Columbium Containing Nitrogen—Choh-Yi Ang and Charles Wert. University of Illinois.

rical Resistivity of Liquid Metals and of Dilute Liquid Metallic Solutions—E. Scala, Chase Brass & Copper Co. and W. D. Robertson, Yale University.

SOCIETY FOR NONDESTRUCTIVE TESTING

SNT

SOCIETY FOR NONDESTRUCTIVE TESTING

Educational Lectures

Suite 316—Hotel Hollenden

Monday, Oct. 19, 1953

General Chairman: S. A. Wenk, Battelle Memorial Institute

9:00 a.m.—Orientation Lecture Covering the Broad Purposes and Benefits of Nondestructive Testing—S. A. Wenk, Battelle Memorial Institute.

9:45 a.m.—Sources of Defects Located by Nondestructive Testing—C. E. Betz, Magnaflux Corp.

10:30 a.m.—Radiography—R. G. Tobey, Eastman Kodak Co.

11:15 a.m.—Magnetic Particle Inspection—W. E. Thomas, Magnaflux Corp.

2:15 p.m.—Testing with Ultrasonics—J. C. Smack, Sperry Products Inc.

3:00 p.m.—Inter-Relation of Various Testing Methods—A. Cota, A. O. Smith Corp.

3:45 p.m.—Evaluation of Indications of Discontinuities—J. H. Bly, X-Ray Inc.

4:30 p.m.—Question Period.

Technical Papers

All Sessions in Ballroom—Hotel Hollenden

Monday, Oct. 19, 9 a.m.

Call to Order—Gerold H. Tenney, Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory, General Chairman.

Opening Address—Robert C. McMaster, Battelle Memorial Institute, National President.

Welcome—Honorable Thomas A. Burke, Mayor of Cleveland.

Welcome—L. S. Ameron, Thompson Products Inc., Chairman of the Cleveland Section, Society for Nondestructive Testing.

Ten years Co-operation Between American Society for Metals and Society for Nondestructive Testing—Samuel L. Hoyt, Battelle Memorial Institute, representative of ASM.

Ten Years Co-operation Between Society for Nondestructive Testing and American Society for Metals—Carlton G. Lutts, Boston Naval Shipyard, first president of SNT.

Monday, Oct. 19, 2 p.m.

Radiography

Chairman—Roal G. Tobey, Eastman Kodak Co.
Co-chairman—Robert E. Reynolds, Lockheed Aircraft Corp.
Monitors—Don R. Wells, Cleveland Graphite Bronze Co., D. F. Hauptman, Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory.

X-ray Focal Spot Measurement—D. T. O'Connor and D. Polansky, Naval Ordnance Laboratory.

A Preliminary Investigation on the Radiographic Visualization of Cracks— J. W. Dutli and G. H. Tenney, Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory.

Some Unusual Radiographic Problems—Michael D. Phillips, Merle L. Rhoten and Clara Kimmel, Battelle Memorial Institute.

An Investigation of Xeroradiography of Uranium with High-Energy Sources—R. E. Cofield, Carbide & Carbon Chemical Co.

Tuesday, Oct. 20, 9 a.m.

Betatron Radiography

Chairman—Richard F. Holste, General Electric Co.
Co-chairman—Carlton H. Hastings, Watertown Arsenal.
Monitors—James M. Robertson, Wellman Bronze & Aluminum Co.
Grover M. Taylor, Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory.

Characteristics of High Energy X-rays—A. L. Pace, X-ray department, General Electric Co.

Industrial Application of the 22 MEV Betatron—H. B. Norris, inspection department, Allis-Chalmers Mfg. Co.

Some Experimental Findings and Operating Practices in Betatron Radiography at Los Alamos—Norman C. Miller and John D. Steely, Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory.

Magnescanning (Betatron Magnification and Scanning Techniques)—A. N. Haig, Betatron Engineering, Allis-Chalmers Mfg. Co.

Further Investigations on the Industrial Use of 31 MEV Betatron—R. W. Wideroe, Brown Boveri & Co.

Tuesday, Oct. 20, 2 p.m.

Presentation of Awards

Chairman—Robert C. McMaster, National President
de Forest Award—Magnaflux Corp.
Collidge Award—General Electric Co., X-ray department.

Lester Honor Lecture—Adair Morrison, Arthur D. Little & Co.

Field Application of Radiography

Business Meeting.

Wednesday, Oct. 21, 7:30 a.m.

Breakfast Meeting—Hotel Hollenden

Wednesday, Oct. 21, 9 a.m.

Isotopes and Problems of Nondestructive Testing Here and Abroad

Chairman—William K. Lonsdale, James H. Herron Co.
Co-chairman—George T. Taylor, Radium Chemical Co. Inc.
Monitors—C. B. Williams, Massillon Steel Casting Co.
James E. Dodson, Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory.

Radioisotopes in Nondestructive Testing—Paul C. Aeberold, director, Isotope Division, Atomic Energy Commission.

Application of Cesium-137 to Industrial Radiography—Grover M. Taylor, Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory.

Quality Control Through Radiography as Offered by the Independent Commercial Laboratory—Alan S. Kollock, president, Industrial X-Ray Inc.

Nondestructive Testing in Great Britain—Robert Benti
Ferranti Ltd., Eng.

Nondestructive Testing and the Society for Nondestr
tive Inspection in Japan—Vichi Hashimoto, prof
sor, Tokyo University.

Gamma-Rays Machine (by Title Only)—Paul R. Oak
vice-president and general manager, Gamma Ind
tries Inc.

Use of Iridium-192 and Cobalt-60 in Industrial Radi
raphy (by Title Only)—W. A. McCarthy, Trac
lab Inc.

Wednesday, Oct. 21, 2 p.m.

Ultrasonics

Chairman—William C. Hitt, Douglas Aircraft Co.
Co-chairman—John C. Smack, Sperry Products Inc.
Monitors—L. B. Haughwout, American Brake Shoe Co.
John D. Steely, Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory.

Calibration Problems in Ultrasonics Testing— H. E. V
Valkenburg, research engineer, Sperry Products I

Inspection of Metals with Ultrasonics Surface Waves
Willard C. Minton, application engineer, Sper
Products Inc.

Immersed Ultrasonics Inspection with Automatic Reco
ing or Warning Signal—John C. Smack, staff en
neer, Sperry Products Inc.

High Resolving Power Ultrasonic Flaw Plotting Throu
Use of Frequency-Modulated Ultrasound—Don E
man, president, Electro Circuits Inc.

Bi-Plexing Applications of the Improved Mark Eig
2-Ray Machine, A Dual Zonal Co-ordinating Sc
Computor—H. H. Staats, manager, Magnaflux Co

Thursday, Oct. 22, 9 a.m.

Magnetic Particle and Penetrant Inspection

Chairman—Hamilton Migel, Magnaflux Corp.
Co-chairman—C. M. Tucker, Aluminum Co. of America.
Monitors—Robert W. Devine Jr., Timken Roller Bearing Co.
A. D. Van Vassem, Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory.

Recent Developments in Penetrant Inspection—A. Ro
son, General Electric Co.

Factors in Use of Black Lights for Fluorescent Ins
tion—J. E. Clarke, research director, Magna
Corp.

Application of Magnetic Particle Inspection in Refineri
T. C. Wilson, assistant chief inspector of refine
Sinclair Refining Co.

Role of Nondestructive Testing in Ford's Quality Co
Program—D. C. Hart, quality control, Ford En
and Foundry Division, Ford Motor Co.

Thursday, Oct. 22, 1:30 p.m.

Eddy Current and Related Subjects

Chairman—H. N. Staats, Magnaflux Corp.
Co-chairman—Cecil Farrow, Republic Steel Corp.
Monitors—Charles W. Briggs, Steel Founders' Society.
James W. Dutli, Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory.

Electronic Thickness Gage for Measuring the Thic
of Metallic Coatings—Abner Brenner, Chief,
trodeposition section, National Bureau of Stan
(to be delivered by Jean Garcia-Rivera).

Nondestructive Testing by Eddy Current Methods—
ard Hochschild, physicist, Hanford Operations C
USAEC.

Practical Nondestructive Testing with Conductivity-
liam A. Cannon Jr., engineer, Magnaflux Cor

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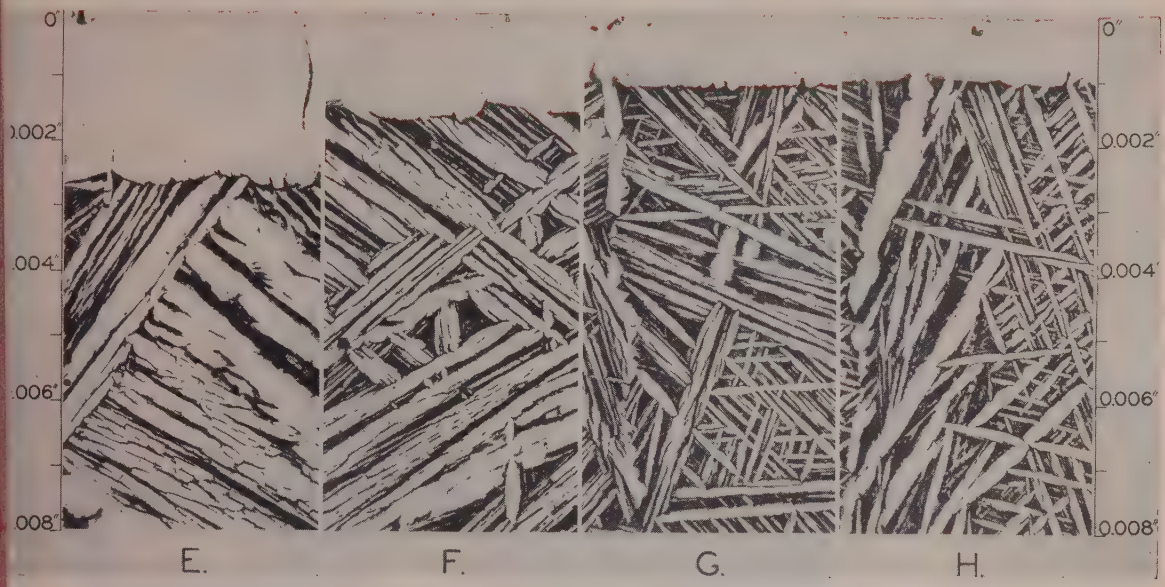

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Prevue of Technical Papers

ormative program covers ch subjects as titanium, olybdenum, boron, stainless d high-speed steels, nonfer- us metals, tempering and ysical metallurgy

CHNICAL men planning to at- d ASM sessions at the 35th Na- nal Metal Exposition can look ward to a timely and diversified gram.

apers to be presented fall into se general categories: 1. Titan- n and molybdenum; 2. Titanium; Mechanical; 4. Nonferrous; 5. ysical metallurgy; 6. Boron; 7. npering; 8. Constitution; 9. inless and high-speed steel.

chedule lists sessions running m Monday, Oct. 19, to Friday, . 23. All morning meetings l convene at 9:30 while after- n sessions will start at 2. Final up of papers will be read on Friday morning program. Statler hotel and the public auditorium will be the meeting places.

Titanium and Molybdenum—At the opening morning session on Monday, A. D. Kirshenbaum, R. A. Mossman and A. V. Grosse' paper on the determination of oxygen in titanium and zirconium by the isotopic method will be read. Using 0^{18} as a tracer, authors report quantitative separation or recovery of oxygen is not necessary. Oxygen values for titanium and zirconium were obtained in the 0.3 to 26 per cent range.

Other papers at this session will cover vacuum-fusion analysis of molybdenum, nitriding of titanium with ammonia and heat treatment of high-strength, titanium-base alloys.

Titanium—Research on a series of Ti-Al-Mo alloys with aluminum contents to 6 per cent and molybdenum contents to 10 per cent will be discussed in a paper by H. D. Kessler and M. Hansen at the Monday afternoon meeting. Among their conclusions: Results indicate 4 per cent or more aluminum does not greatly improve strength and markedly reduces ductility at moderate temperatures. Heat treating response of the alloys is chiefly a function of molybdenum content.

Other topics scheduled for the session include transformation kinetics and mechanical properties of Ti-Al-Cr alloys, correlation between heat treatment, microstructure and mechanical properties of Ti-Mo alloys and isothermal transformation of Ti-Mn alloys.

Mechanical—These meetings will be held on Tuesday and Friday mornings. Among the Tuesday papers, J. T. Ransom will describe the effect of inclusions on the fatigue strength of SAE 4340 steels. In forgings made from two commercial heats, he found that fatigue cracks initiated at elongated, nonmetallic inclusions, both in bending fatigue specimens taken transverse to the forging direction and in torsion fatigue specimens taken in any direction in the forgings.

Strain aging behavior of rheo-

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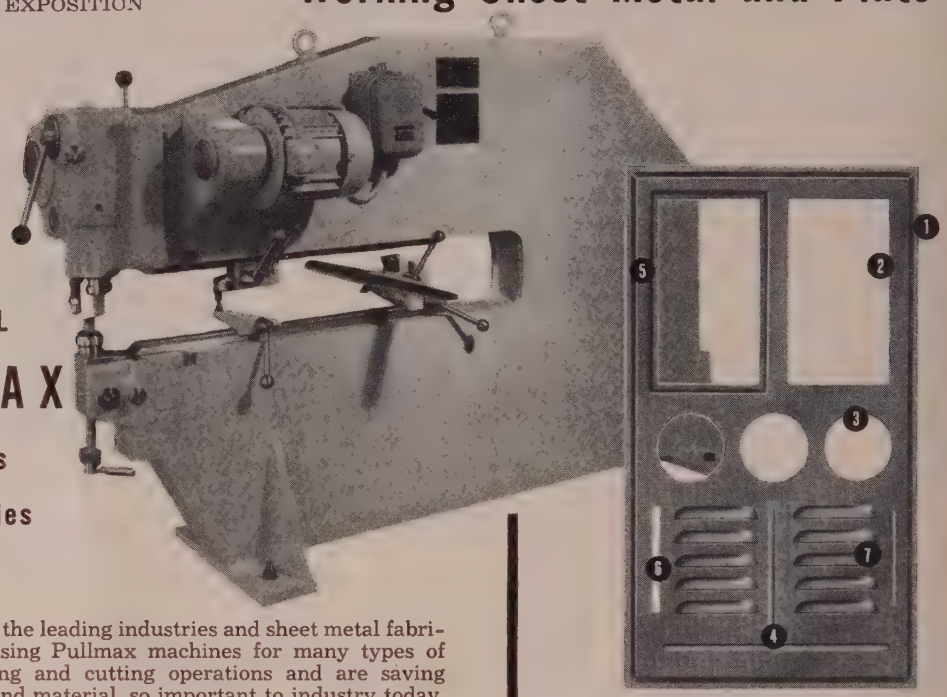

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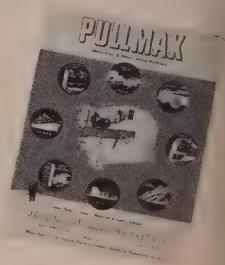

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ally embrittled steel will be
ned by E. J. Ripling at the
y session. He reports rheo-
recovery produced in a steel
treated to a high hardness
persists through a second
ring (or aging) treatment
temperatures at least as
as the initial tempering tem-
ure.

nferrous—Behavior of hydro-
n zirconium, as reported by
Schwartz and M. W. Mallett,
e one of three papers given
is subject Tuesday morning.
rs conclude "second phase"
minally pure zirconium is hy-
ZrH. Microscopical exam-
n reveals phase varies direct-
h hydrogen content. Amount
se is reduced by vacuum an-
g.

paper concerning recrystal-
n to control mechanical
ties of molybdenum, one of
nclusions is that an increase
in size from 1700 grains per
millimeter to 100 grains
quare millimeter raises duc-
-brittle transition tempera-
bout 212°F.

plete phase diagram of the
n Zr-Al is discussed in the
paper. Nine intermediate
s are noted: Zr_3Al (8.9 per
Al); Zr_2Al (12.88 per cent
); Zr_5Al_3 (15.07 per cent Al);
(16.46 per cent Al); Zr_4Al_3
per cent Al); ZrAl (22.82
ent Al); Zr_2Al_3 (tentative,
per cent Al); $ZrAl_2$ (37.16
ent Al) and $ZrAl_3$ (47 per
Al).

sical Metallurgy—Session on
ay afternoon will include
s on the effect of pearlite
g on transition temperature
el at four carbon levels, ele-
of critical temperatures in
by high heating rates and
cooling and dendritic freez-
alloys.

C. Winegard and B. Chalm-
thors of the paper on super-
g and dendritic freezing, pro-
hat dendrites in ingot struc-
re produced as a result of
utional supercooling, and
e dendritic equiaxed zone in
nter of ingots is the result
leation in a large, constitu-
y-supercooled region.

on—Following a paper in-
g the behavior of metal under dynamic loading in the morning, the Wednesday afternoon meeting will cover the boron hardenability mechanism, effect of boron on notch toughness and temper embrittlement, study of the Fe-Fe_2B system and carbonitriding boron steels.

Concerning carbonitriding, G. W. Powell, M. B. Bever and C. F. Floe set out several conclusions. Among them: Hardenability of AISI94B17 and 80B20, carbonitrided at 1600° F, is lower than that of the same steels carburized at 1700°F. They say this may be explained by interference of nitrogen with the action of carbon.

Another point proposed is that hardenability of carbonitrided cases of AISI94B17 and 80B20 is lower than that of carbonitrided cases of AISI 1020. Authors say this difference is probably due to the precipitation in the former of alloy nitrides that nucleate the pearlitic reaction.

Tempering—Three possible ways of eliminating embrittlement of alloy steel at high strength levels will be suggested by L. J. Klingler, W. J. Barnett, R. P. Frohmberg and A. R. Troiano at one of the two Thursday morning meetings.

Authors outline these approaches: 1. Development of special analyses with retarded martensite tempering characteristics. 2. Development of faster tempering steels so that overaging will occur and 3. Development of steels in which high strength bainite can be produced.

In another paper, Walter S. Owen will describe the effect of silicon on the kinetics of tempering. Among his conclusions: In the presence of silicon, much higher tempering temperatures are necessary before any appreciable third-stage decomposition can be detected. Carbon diffusion, he reports, controls the kinetics of the second and third stages in plain carbon steels, but when the silicon content is sufficient, this control is no longer operative in the third stage. Reaction is controlled by diffusion of silicon away from the interface.

Constitution — Second morning session on Thursday will be devoted to these topics: Equilibrium structures in Fe-Cr-Mo alloys, survey of vanadium binary systems and gamma loop studies in the iron-vanadium and iron-vanadium-titanium systems.

Summary of 21 vanadium binary systems by W. Rostoker and A. Yamamoto will include terminal solubility limits, identities of intermediate phases and reactions between intermediate phases and terminal solid solutions. Information was obtained through review of the literature and experimental studies on more than 150 alloys prepared by arc melting. One of their conclusions: Vanadium appears to enjoy wide solid solubility limits for a large number of alloy additions.

Stainless, High Speed Steel—On Thursday afternoon, papers will be concerned with high temperature transformations in ferritic stainless steels containing 17 to 25 per cent chromium, intergranular corrosion of ferritic stainless steels, grain growth in high speed steel and discontinuous grain growth in high speed steel.

Eric Jula and Morris Cohen report that the well-known, fish-scale fracture in high speed steel is a phenomenon of discontinuous grain growth that occurs during the reaustenitizing of previously hardened steels.

During the second heating, they state, the proeutectoid carbides dissolve by the first austenitizing treatment precipitate in a fine dispersion and impede grain growth. However, as the second austenitizing temperature approaches the first, these carbides dissolve and coalesce sufficiently to release some grains while others are still inhibited, thus leading to discontinuous coarsening. In this way, the coarsening temperature and resulting grain size are directly related to prequenching temperature.

Work on intergranular corrosion of ferritic stainless steels was by R. A. Lula, A. J. Lena and G. C. Kiefer. According to them, ferritic stainless steels with 16 to 28 per cent chromium are susceptible to intergranular attack in Krupp solution, 65 per cent boiling nitric acid and nitric-hydrofluoric acid mixtures when rapidly cooled from temperatures above 1700°F.

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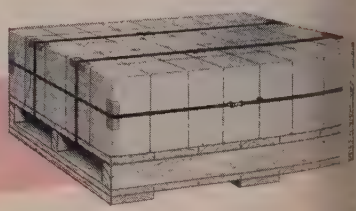

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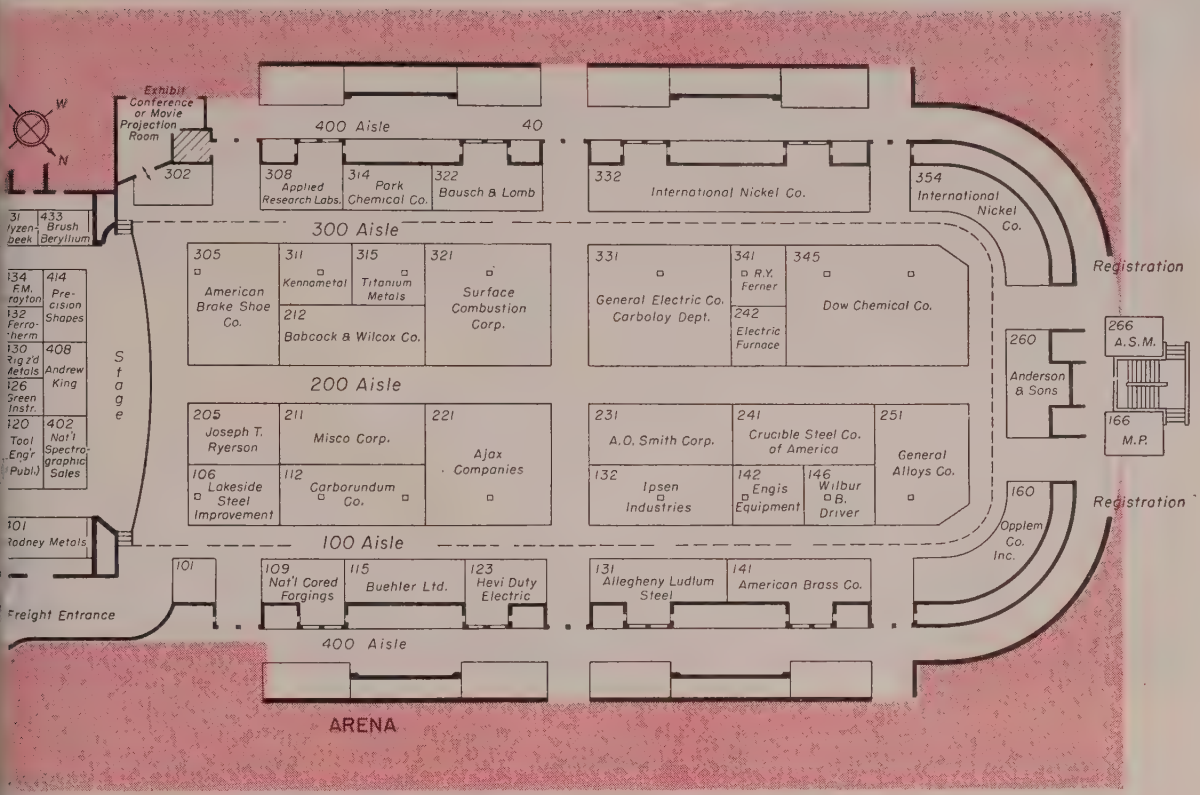

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s Angeles 2619
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gen Gas Co., Detroit 1108
ame cutting tips, adaptors and uipment

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Steel Co., Chicago 2323
nveyor strapping units, metal chers

Tool Co., New York 726
nding, polishing, buffing and de-rring machines, automatic weld-positioners, stoker presses

ias Carbide Corp.
arrison, N. J. 2550
ngsten carbide tools, tool tips, s, wear parts, stoke presses

Electric Co. Inc.
iladelphia 221
t bath brazing, heat treating

Electrothermic Corp.
renton, N. J. 221
ctric induction furnaces for lting, forging, heating

Engineering Corp.
renton, N. J. 221
ctric induction melting furnaces

o Equipment Co.
oledo, O. 2471
justable chairs, stools

Aldridge Industrial Oils Inc.
Cleveland 702
Industrial oils

Allegheny Ludlum Steel Corp.
Pittsburgh 131
Stainless, tool, electrical steels, carbide products, forgings, cast-to-shape products

Allied Chemical & Dye Corp.
New York 2567
Chemicals

Allis Chalmers Mfg. Co.
Milwaukee 2621
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Allison Co., Bridgeport, Conn. .. 2561
Abrasive cut-off machines

Alloy Engineer & Casting Co.
Champaign, Ill. 2661
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Alloy Metal Wire Co. Inc.
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Alpha Metals Inc.
Jersey City, N. J. 643
Solder and products, rollcast and extruded parts, molybdenum disulphide as lubricant

Alvey-Ferguson Co., Cincinnati 2509
Parts, washing machines, conveyor systems

American Brake Shoe Co.
New York 305
Resistant alloy castings, brass and bronze bearings, castings

American Brass Co.
Waterbury, Conn. 141
Formbrite drawing brass, copper and copper alloy welding rods, wire, forgings, sheet, tube, specialty items

American Cast Iron Pipe Co.
Birmingham 2233
Iron and steel castings

American Chain & Cable Co. Inc.
Bridgeport, Conn. 1716
Testers, castings, cutting machines

American Chemical Paint Co.
Ambler, Pa. 1104
Protective coating for aluminum

American Cyanamid Co.
New York 2311
Borescopes, diameters and carburizing salts

American Cystoscope Makers Inc.
New York 1730
Borescopes

American Gas Association
New York 2645
Industrial gas applications

American Gas Furnace Co.
Elizabethtown, N. J. 2749
Gas furnaces and burners

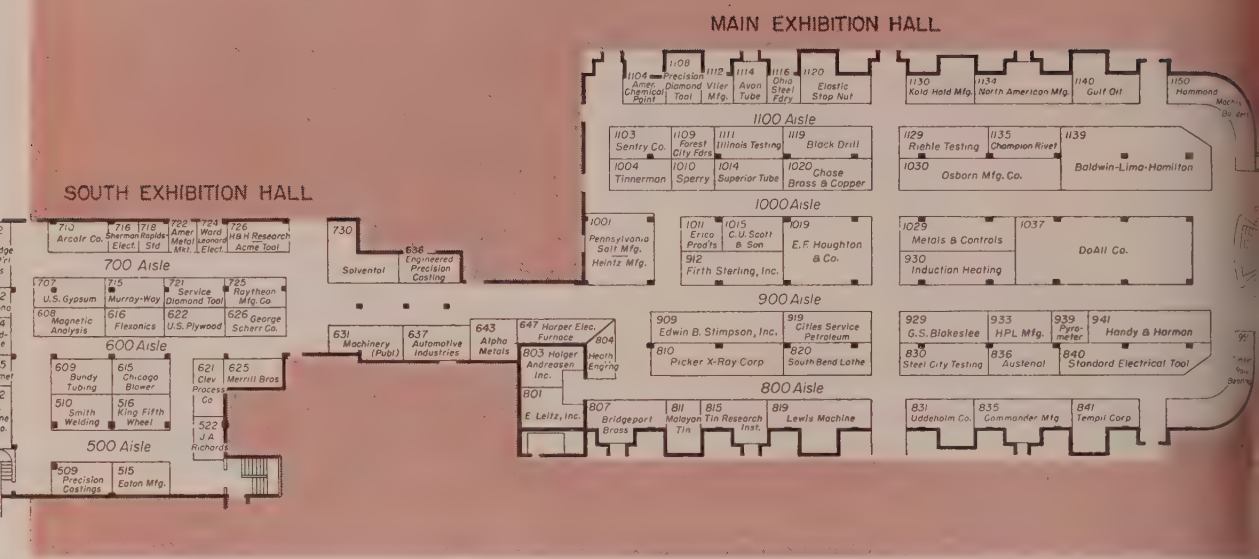
American Manganese Steel Division, American Brake Shoe Co.
Chicago Heights, Ill. 305

American Marietta Co.
Cleveland 2754

American Metal Market
New York 722

American Nickeloid Co.
Peru, Ill. 2721
Preplated metals, end products

EXHIBITORS



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American Society for Metals
Cleveland 166
Technical books, magazines, educational services

American Society of Tool Engineers
Detroit 420

American Wheelabrator & Equipment Corp., Mishawaka, Ind. 2629
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Ampco Metal Inc., Milwaukee.. 2521
Castings, arc and resistance welders, electrodes, hand tools

Amplex Division, Chrysler Corp.
Detroit 2212
O.lite finished machine parts, industrial oil

Anchor Drawn Steel Co.
Latrobe, Pa. 1401

Anderson & Sons Inc.
Westfield, Mass. 260
Photo identification badge equipment

Anderson Oil Co., F. E.
Middletown, Conn. 2034
Metalworking solution

Applied Research Laboratories
Glendale, Calif. 308
Multichannel x-ray quantometer and respectra calculator

Arcair Co., Bremerton, Wash... 710
Torch and electrodes for gouging, cutting all metals

Aronson Machine Co.
Arcade, N. Y. 2435
Welding positioners, turning rolls

Arwood Precision Casting Corp.
Brooklyn, N. Y. 1428
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Worcester, Mass. 2015
Metal conveyor belts

Atlas Press Co.
Kalamazoo, Mich. 2457
Drill presses, lathes, shapers

Austenal Laboratories Inc.
New York 836
Precision investment castings

Automotive Industries
Philadelphia 637

Avon Tube Division, Higbie Mfg. Co., Rochester, Mich. 1114
Tube fabricating, bending, welded steel tubing

Babcock & Wilcox Co.
Beaver Falls, Pa. 212
Carbon and steel tubing

Baird Associates Inc.
Cambridge, Mass 2012
Spectrometers, densitometers

Baker & Co. Inc.
Newark, N. J. 1842
Industrial and laboratory furnaces, laboratory ware

Baldwin-Lima-Hamilton Corp.
Philadelphia 1139
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Barber-Colman Co.
Rockford, Ill. 2473
Capacilogs

Basco Mfg. Co., Stamford, Conn. 2338
Magnetic sheet steel separators

Bath Co., Cyril, Cleveland 1603
Forming sheet metal

Bausch & Lomb Optical Co.
Rochester, N. Y. 322
Photomicrographic cameras, microscope, other metallographic equipment

Bean & Co., Morris
Yellow Springs, O. 2722
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Chicago 20
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Cleveland 12
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Cleveland 1
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New York 2
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Buck Tool Co.
Kalamazoo, Mich. 2
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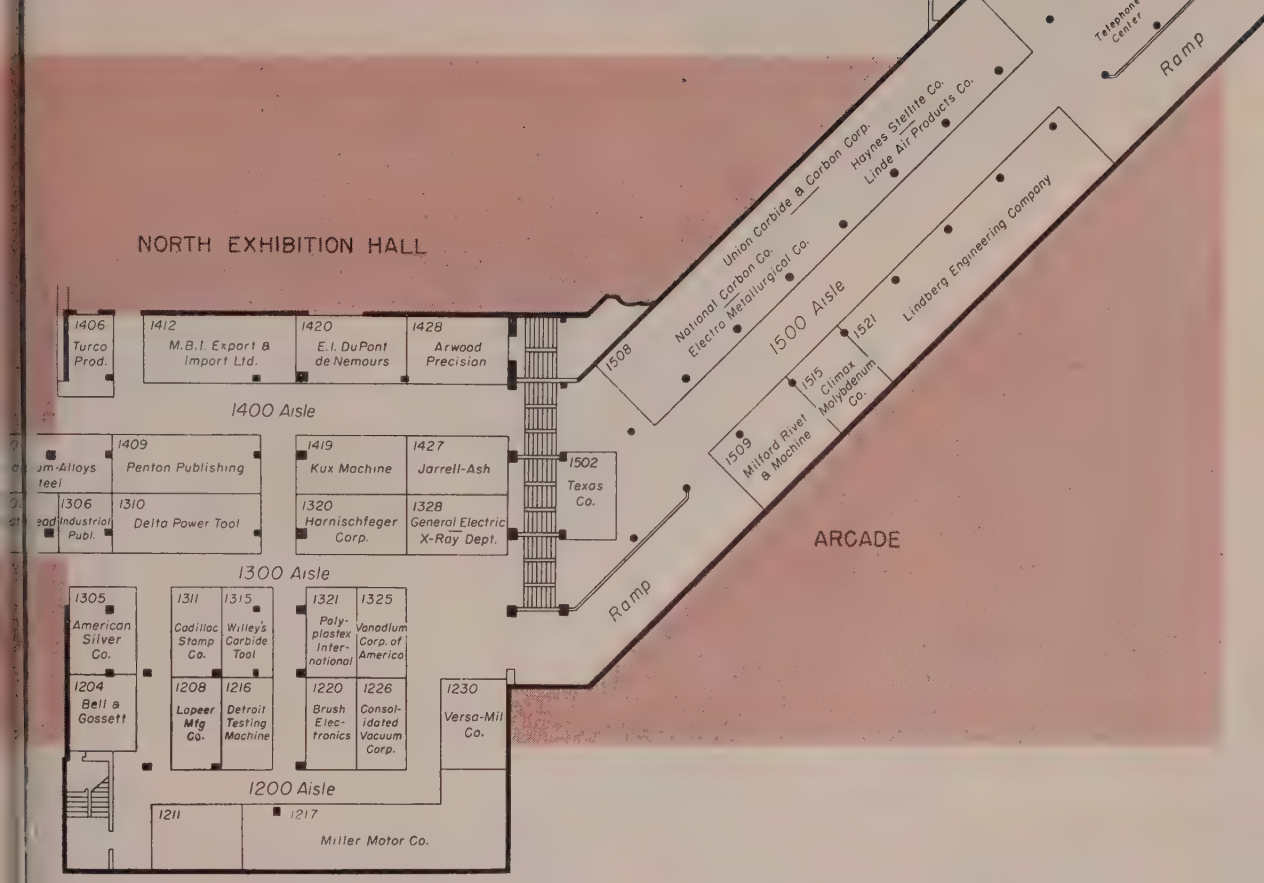

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X-ray Department Milwaukee 1328
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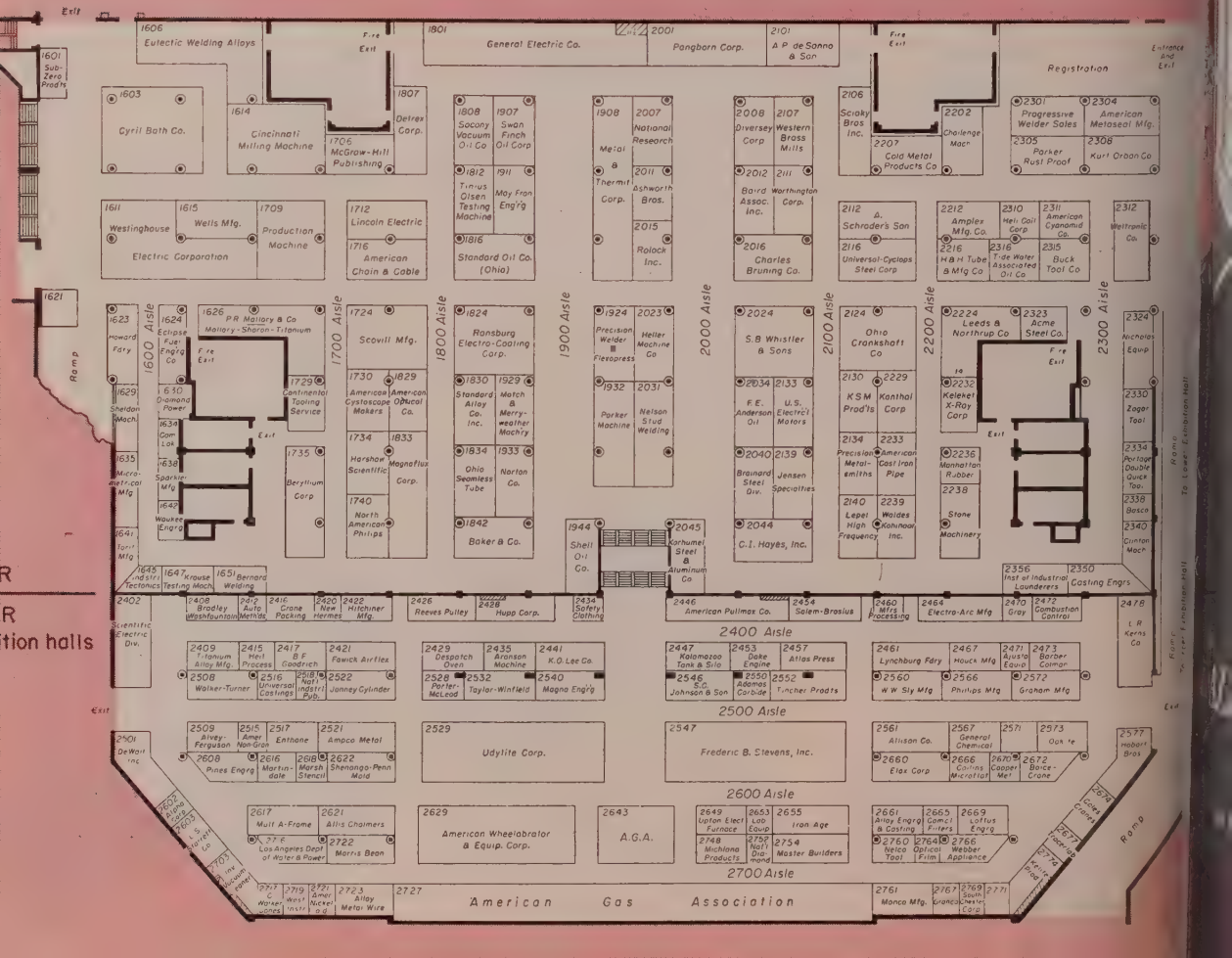

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New York 2752
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Pittsburgh 2518

National Lead Co., New York . . 2409

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Ransburg Electro-Coating Corp.
Indianapolis 18
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Ransohoff Inc., N. Hamilton, O. 23
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Rapids-Standard Co. Inc.
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Passaic, N. J. 22

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Waltham, Mass. 7
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E. Moline, Ill. 11
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Rolock Inc., Fairfield, Conn. . . 2
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Schnell Tool & Die Corp.
Salem, O. 1
Tools, dies, equipment

Schrader's Son, A.
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Pneumatic controls

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Scott & Son Inc., C. U.
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Detroit 730
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South Bend, Ind. 820
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Special Libraries Association, Metals Section, ASM, Philadelphia 431

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Cleveland 1816
Oil, greases, sprays

Starrett Co., L. S., Atohl, Mass. 2603
Measuring tools, instruments, dial indicators

STEEL Magazine, Cleveland 1409

Steel City Testing Machines Inc.
Detroit 830
Brinell hardness testing machines

Stevens Inc., Frederic B.
Detroit 2547
Shell molding machine, automatic barrel-plating machine, roto-finish machine

Stimpson Co. Inc., Edwin B.
Brooklyn, N. Y. 909
Small metal articles

Stone Machinery Co. Inc.
Syracuse, N. Y. 2238
Cutoff machines

Sub-Zero Products Co.
Cincinnati 1601
Industrial chilling machine

Superior Tube Co.
Norristown, Pa. 1014
Small diameter precision metal tubing

Surface Combustion Corp.
Toledo, O. 321
Furnaces

Taylor-Winfield Corp.
Warren, O. 2532
Welding equipment

Technical Operations Inc.
Arlington, Mass. 2771
Gamma ray inspection equipment

Tempil Corp., New York 841
Temperature-indicating materials

Texas Co., New York 1502
Cutting, quenching oils

Tide Water Associated Oil Co.
New York 2316
Lubricating oils

Timken Roller Bearing Co.
Canton, O. 951
Roller bearings

Tin Research Institute Inc.
Columbus, O. 815
Tin applications to industry

Tincher Products Co.
Sycamore, Ill. 2552
Leak-o-meter

Tinnerman Products Inc.
Cleveland 1004
Fasteners

Titanium Alloy Mfg. Division, National Lead Co., New York 2409
Zirconium metals

Titanium Metals Corp. of America
New York 315
Titanium metal and uses

Topper Equipment Co.
Rahway, N. J. 2774

Torit Mfg. Co., St. Paul 1641
Dust collectors

Tracerlab Inc., Covington, Ky. 2677
Shielding, handling equipment, instruments

Tranter Mfg. Inc., Lansing, Mich. 1130
Various types of plate coils

Triplett & Barton Inc.
Burbank, Calif. 101
X-ray equipment

Trent Tube Co., E. Troy, Wis. 241

Tubular Micrometer Co.
St. James, Minn. 1621
Measuring instruments

Turco Products Inc.
Los Angeles 1406
Dye method of checking for flaws

Uddeholm Co. of America Inc.
New York 831
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Udylite Corp., Detroit 2529
Plating machinery

Union Carbide & Carbon Corp.
New York 1508
Oxweld automatic tracer

United Chromium Inc.
New York 1908

U. S. Electrical Motors Inc.
Los Angeles 2133
Electrical motors, power drives

U. S. Gypsum Co., Chicago 707
Die sinking patterns, materials, precision castings

U. S. Plywood Corp., New York 622
Plywood-faced metals

Universal Castings Corp.
Chicago 2516
Precision plaster mold castings

Universal-Cyclops Steel Corp.
Bridgeville, Pa. 2116
Steel plates, sheets, bars

Upton Electric Furnace Co.
Detroit 2649
Electric salt bath furnaces

Vacuum Metals Corp.
Cambridge, Mass. 2007

Vanadium-Alloys Steel Co.
Latrobe, Pa. 1401
Tool steel

Vanadium Corp. of America
New York 1325
Vanadium metals, alloys, chemicals

Versa-Mil Co., New York 1230
Milling, grinding, drilling machines, key seater

Vlier Mfg. Co., Los Angeles 1112
Tooling items

Wagner Bros. Inc., Detroit 2301
Plating, metal finishing equipment, supplies

Waldes Kohinoor Inc.
Long Island, N. Y. 2239
Retaining rings, grooving tools, E-ring dispensers

Walker-Turner Division, Kearney & Trecker Corp.
Plainfield, N. J. 2508
Machine tools

Ward Leonard Electric Co.
Mt. Vernon, N. Y. 724
Chrome plating equipment

Waukee Engineering Co.
Milwaukee 1642
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Weatherhead Co., Cleveland 1302
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Webber Appliance Co. Inc.
Indianapolis 2766
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Weldwire Co. Inc., Philadelphia 604
Welding wire, equipment

Wells Mfg. Co.
Three Rivers, Mich. 1615
Horizontal metal cutting band saws

Weltronic Co., Detroit 2312
Timers, controls

West Instrument Corp., Chicago 2719
Temperature controllers, indicators

Western Brass Mills, Metals Division Olin Industries Inc.
E. Olin, Ill. 210?
Metals, gilded metals, alloys, fabricated products

Westinghouse Electric Corp.
Pittsburgh 161
Welders, hearth furnaces, induction heating, h-f, electronic generators, fluoroscopes, gearing

Wheelco Instruments Division, Barber-Coleman Co.,
Rockford, Ill. 247
Temperature measuring, recording, control instruments

Whistler & Sons Inc., S. B.
Buffalo 20?
Adjustable and magnetic perforating dies

Willey's Carbide Tool Co.
Detroit 13
Tools, hand grinders

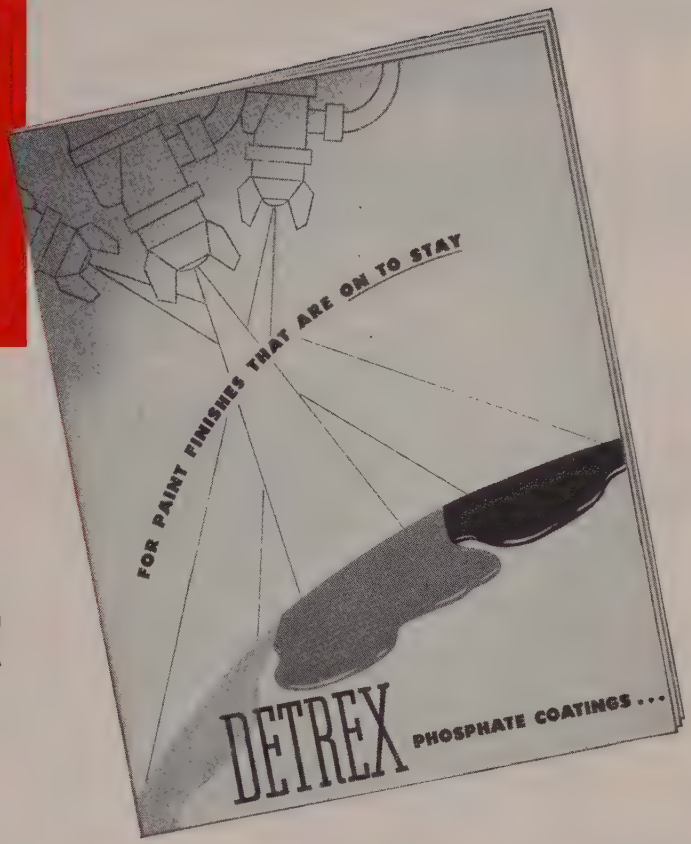
Wilson Mechanical Instruments Division, American Chain & Cable C
Bridgeport, Conn. 17

Worthington Corp.
Dunellen, N. J. 21
Welding and assembly position equipment

Yale & Towne Mfg. Co., Powdered Metals Division,
Melrose Park, Ill. ?
Powdered metals

Zagar Tool Inc., Cleveland 2?
Drills and equipment

DETREX
PHOSPHATE COATINGS



IF YOU PAINT YOUR PRODUCT...

you need this free booklet!

. . . because it tells how Detrex can help you obtain greater sales appeal for your painted metal products through better paint finish and longer paint life.

This new booklet describes PaintBond, a zinc phosphate coating for metal surfaces prior to painting. This fine-grained crystalline coating is applied by spray or immersion means, to provide millions of microscopic crevices into which the paint flows. Your paint is *locked on to stay* for a beautiful, durable finish.

Insoluble in water, PaintBond seals off the metal from moisture and other causes of corrosion. Even if the paint finish is marred or scratched, rust is confined to the exposed area. The surrounding paint remains locked securely to the metal.

PaintBond is economical to use and meets government specifications for phosphate coated surfaces.

Applications and equipment recommendations are fully described in this new booklet which also tells about the laboratory, manufacturing, engineering, and field service facilities of Detrex—a company long experienced in serving industry with both the equipment and the chemicals for all cleaning and phosphate coating requirements.

For your free copy, fill out and mail the coupon below.

F-2

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CALI & EMULSION CLEANERS • DRYCLEANING EQUIPMENT
PHOSPHATE COATING PROCESSES

DETREX CORPORATION
Box 501, Detroit 32, Michigan

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Name_____ Title_____

Company_____

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MACLEOD

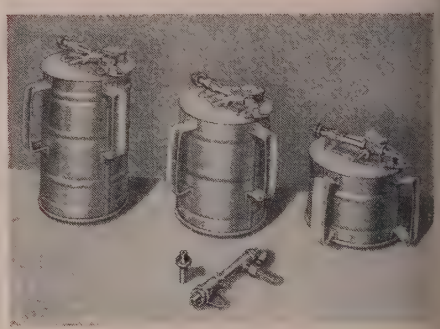
DUST ARRESTERS
BLAST EQUIPMENT
FOUNDRY SUPPLIES

EST. 1897

Filter tube tops are fitted with suspension caps with eye hooks that fasten to shaker grid and springs. Bottoms are held by clasps, over steel tube collars.

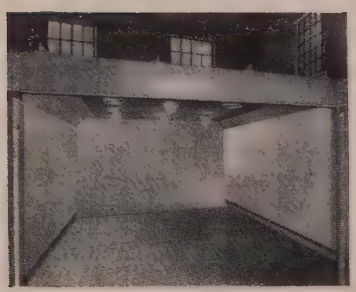
MACLEOD
DUST ARRESTORS
FILTER TUBE TYPE

A modern, efficient dust collector preferred by modern foundries. Cloth tube type—easy to replace. Available with manual or automatic tube shakers. Equipped with standard hopper valves but can be furnished with rotary valves if desired. Screen types also available—with manual or automatic positive screen rapping mechanism.



MACLEOD BLACKING SWAB SPRAYERS

Especially designed for foundry use. Work on the suction principle and require compressed air to operate. Sprays liquid facing on dry sand molds or oil on dry sand cores. Made in steel, brass, and copper and in four sizes—1 to 5 quart capacities.



MACLEOD BLAST ROOMS

Available in standard sizes or in special sizes to meet individual requirements. Designed for use with Macleod automatic or semi-automatic or manual blast cleaning machines.

Write for additional information or send specifications for estimate.

The MACLEOD Company

BOX 452 SHARONVILLE, OHIO, U.S.A. ESTABLISHED 1897

A few of the many forms of Disston Hot Rolled Shapes now being used in industry.

HOT ROLLED TO SHAPE, GIVE YOU A PRODUCTION HEAD-START

It may be money-saving news to you that Disston can relieve you of much of the overhead in machining by delivering Disston Hot Rolled Steel Shapes to meet or closely approximate your specifications. These steel- and labor-saving shapes can be rolled in a variety of forms that should easily offer production short-cuts to you. Tolerances are close, and finishes are exceptionally fine. Disston Shapes can be made in either alloy or carbon steels, both electric and open hearth grades. Disston engineers and metallurgists are ready to work with you today. Write us, giving your needs.

HENRY DISSTON & SONS, INC.

1026 Tacony, Philadelphia 35, Pa., U.S.A.

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Permanent METAL FILTERS

Oilite PERMANENT FILTERS Provide:

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- Broad Range of Permeability, or Pore Size
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- Made of the Metal the job requires
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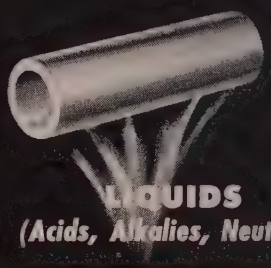
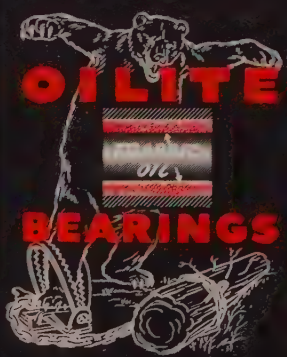
- Low Part Cost





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Amplex Division, Dept. A
DETROIT 31, MICHIGAN

FIELD ENGINEERS, DEPOTS AND DEALERS THROUGHOUT UNITED STATES AND CANADA

Oilite Products Include: Bearings, Finished Machine Parts, Cored and Solid Bars, Permanent Filters and Special Units

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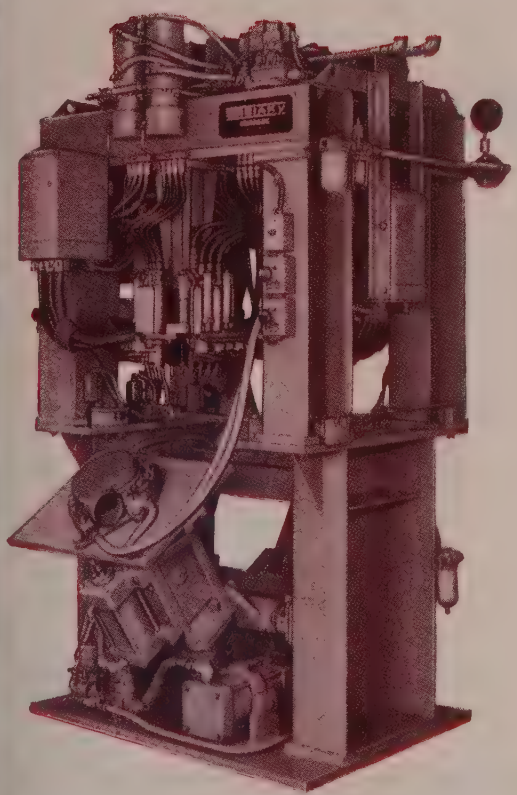
NEW

IGH PRODUCTION WELDER

READILY ADAPTABLE TO

PRODUCTION CHANGES



The Sciaky Standard SX Electric Resistance Welder equipped as a 36 Gun Unit for welding blower housings at the rate of 500 per 50 minute hour.

New Sciaky Standard Multiple Gun Welder Designed for Wide Variety of Production Applications

High production, multiple gun applications no longer require uneconomical C-frame type electric resistance welding machines with special tooling, or complex, specially designed, one-job machines.

Now, Sciaky, pioneers and inventors of electric resistance welding machines, offers a standard multiple gun welder that can be readily adapted for production changes within the capacity of the machine.

The Sciaky SX Welder, a dual platen unit, mounts simple superstructure providing for different arrangements of standard transformer, booster, and welding electrode units.

With approved J. I. C. controls, and featuring either independent or simultaneous dual platen operation, the Sciaky SX Welder offers all the advantages of high production, precision welding, *plus* the tremendous economies of adaptability to production changes.

For complete information, write for Bulletin 313-12.

Preview new Sciaky welders at Booth 2106 National Metals Show, Cleveland, Oct. 19-23.

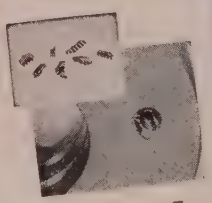
Largest Manufacturers of Electric Resistance Welding Machines in the World

SCIAKY

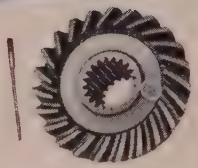
Plants: Chicago • London • Paris Sales Offices: Chicago, Ill. • Buffalo, N. Y. • Cleveland, Ohio • Dayton, nio • Detroit, Mich. • Ft. Worth, Texas • Hollywood, Calif. • New York, N.Y. • Philadelphia, Pa. • Washington, D.C.

METAL DISINTEGRATION

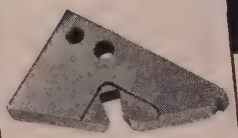
and what it can do for you . . .



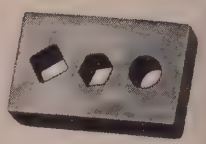
Remove Broken Taps fast without distortion



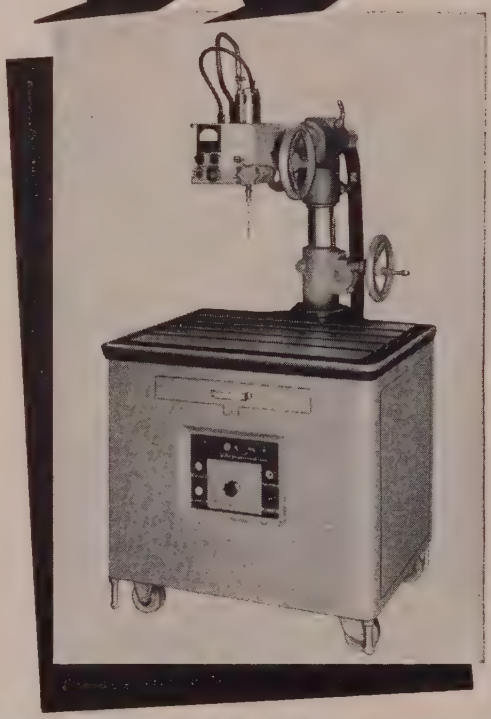
Cut oil holes in hardened gears without annealing



Cut dovetails in hardened dies



Cut any shape hole in cemented carbides



Literally hundreds of thousands of dollars are saved annually by corporations that are using Metalmasters in just tool and die repair alone.

There's a technical engineer in your area to give you an on-the-spot demonstration in your own plant at your convenience. (NOTE: It is not uncommon to pay for a Metalmaster with just one short demonstration thru savings on workpieces.)

SEE US AT THE CLEVELAND SHOW: BOOTH NO. **2340**

For information as to the Metalmasters' uses and benefits merely write today on your company letterhead to:

Metalmaster

DIVISION OF CLINTON MACHINE COMPANY

CLINTON, MICHIGAN

One-Stop shopping

for brass rod and bar

You can get rod or drawn bar of Chase Free-Cutting Brass, Copper or a wide variety of other copper alloys at one stop — *the Chase Warehouse nearest you!*

When you want free-cutting materials, it pays to buy Chase — for Chase rod and drawn bar yield the shorter chips that make for *easier machining, longer tool life.* They produce smooth, clean-surfaced products — less expensive to buff or polish before lacquering, enameling or plating.

And when it comes to re-ordering, remember that Chase alloys are uniform — repeat orders of the same alloy always have the same cutting characteristics.

Chase® **BRASS & COPPER**

WATERBURY 20, CONNECTICUT • SUBSIDIARY OF KENNECOTT COPPER CORPORATION

The Nation's Headquarters for Brass & Copper

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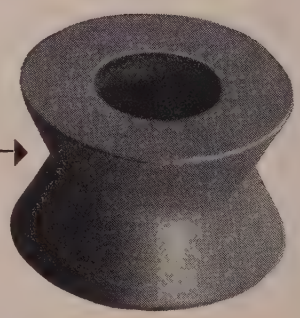
Now They Are Mass Produced

by HAYNES Investment Casting
Trade-Mark

IMPROVED DESIGN AND MATERIAL—tiny needle-sharp points covering this plate resist severe abrasion. Machined points used wear out frequently because they were pyram in shape and highly susceptible to eros HAYNES investment casting made it possibl cast the points in a more stable conical sh from a hard, wear-resistant alloy. Life has b increased by 5 to 12 times.

EXCELLENT SURFACE QUALITY—For sanitary reasons, not even the smallest crevice can be tolerated on this cream separator part. Because of the high quality of HAYNES investment castings, it was found that the intricate part could be manufactured on a production basis with a minimum of imperfections showing up during the final polishing operations. This eliminated a great deal of wasted time, work, and metal.



NO MORE MACHINING—HAYNES investment casting eliminated the job of machining these rollers. Service conditions require that the rollers be made of a special alloy which is difficult to machine. They must resist rusting and the cutting action of wire passing over them under tension. The rollers give excellent service life and there are no more machining problems.

HAYNES *investment castings can solve some of your own production and design problems. For more information, contact the nearest Haynes Stellite Company office listed below.*

"Haynes" is a registered trade-mark of Union Carbide and Carbon Corporation.

HAYNES INVESTMENT CASTINGS
Trade-Mark

Sound, dense, high-strength parts available in cobalt-base alloys, nickel-base alloys, iron-base alloys, stainless steels, and alloy and carbon steels.

Haynes Stellite Company
A Division of
Union Carbide and Carbon Corporation
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When the Going's Rough!

Designed and Built for Steel Industry Application

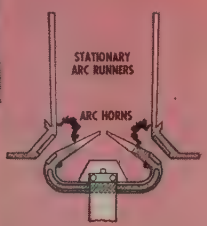
ALLIS-CHALMERS
Type H Starters
FOR 2300 TO 5000 VOLT MOTORS

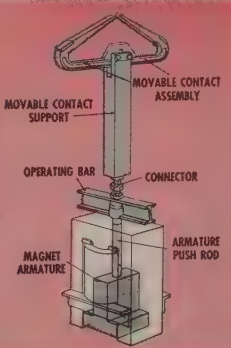
ERE IS A STARTER that is as rugged as the steel industry elf. All the starter's components . . . contactors, meters, erload relays, current limiting fuses, auxiliary switches . . . are gineered and coordinated to meet heavy duty steel mill deands — to provide high capacity interruption and complete otection for man, motor and machine.

Exemplifying the ruggedness of the Type H starter is the 6 air-break contactor. Frequent starting, inching, reversing dynamic braking are taken in stride by this dependable erformer. Contactor operations can be numbered in the illions with only routine servicing.

In many steel mill applications demanding high repetie duty, the Type H starter can be used in place of circuit breaks . . . affording substantial savings in initial cost *and* upkeep. nd out how the Type H starter fits into your control picture. ll your nearby A-C representative or write Allis-Chalmers, ilwaukee 1, Wis. Ask for bulletins 14B6410B and 14B7303.

A-4102





Type 256 Air-Break Contactor

Double-break contacts, vertical action and dual blowouts provide long, trouble-free life. No turning shafts, shaft bearings or flexible leads to cause maintenance headaches.

ALLIS-CHALMERS

DO YOU KNOW WHAT HEAT TREATING COSTS
When You Do Your Own?

If you now do your own heat treating—or are contemplating the installation of a heat treating department—have you carefully considered all of the costs involved? Each of the following factors must be given careful consideration:

LABOR

Trained operators require years of experience, without them you cannot expect satisfactory heat treating. Can you afford men of this caliber for the amount of heat treating you require?

SUPPLIES

Gas, electricity, chemicals—an endless variety of materials are needed continually. Are you wasting money due to insufficient work to keep all equipment going? Closing down and re-heating furnaces is an expensive waste.

PLANT SPACE

Does your present department have enough space to work efficiently? If planning a new department, will it require an addition to your plant?

MAINTENANCE

Equipment must be kept in constant repair to prevent rapid deterioration. What does it cost you or what will it cost you?

TESTING EQUIPMENT

A constant check on heat treating operations and results is required to maintain quality and uniformity. Add this to the cost of your equipment along with skilled operators.

INSURANCE

What has the installation of a heat treating department done to your insurance rates? What can you expect if you are planning a new department?

EQUIPMENT

Can you economically install sufficient equipment to handle all of your requirements for hardening, annealing, carburizing, nitriding, etc., or can your present equipment handle all these operations with successful results? Is your capacity flexible enough to handle peak loads?

These are the major items to be figured into the cost of your own heat treating department—there are others which arise in special cases.

The problems listed here have been faced and overcome by commercial heat treaters. They know the answers because heat treating is their business—just as the manufacture of your products consists of solving numerous problems in your business.

There's a Heat Treating Specialist Near Your Plant

Ace Heat Treating Company
Elizabeth, New Jersey
Anderson Steel Treating Co.
Detroit, Michigan
Benedict-Miller, Inc.
Lyndhurst, New Jersey
California-Doran Heat Treating Co.
Los Angeles 23, California
Commercial Metal Treating, Inc.
Bridgeport, Conn.
Commercial Steel Treating Corp.
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Oakland 8, California

MTI
MASTER CRAFTSMEN
METAL TREATING INSTITUTE

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The Lakeside Steel Improvement Co.
Cleveland 14, Ohio
Metal Treating, Inc.
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Metallurgical Control Labs.
Minneapolis 7, Minnesota
Metallurgical, Inc.
Kansas City 8, Missouri
Metlab Company
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This advertisement sponsored by these Companies which are members of the Metal Treating Institute

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Detroit, Michigan
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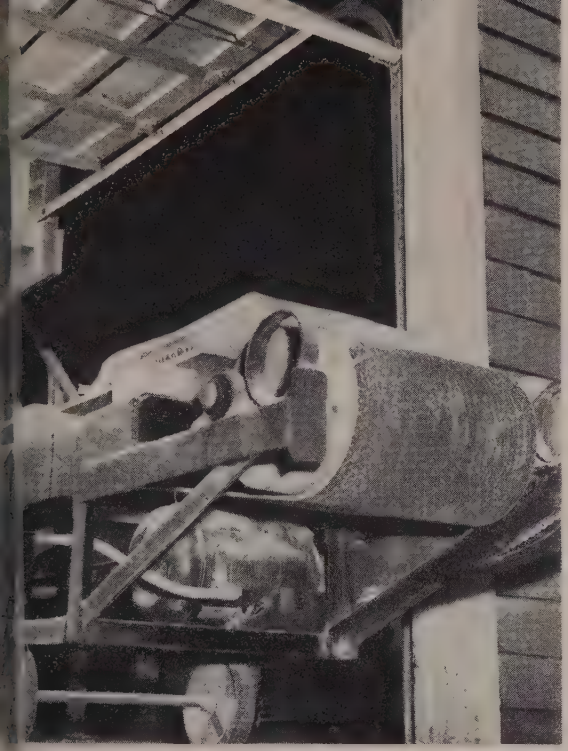
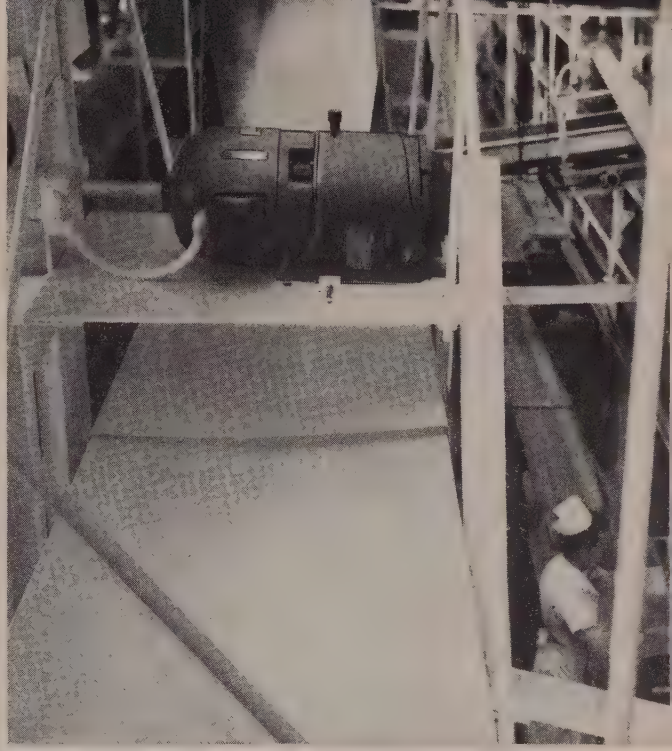


E DRIVEN MACHINE. Compact, single-unit G-E Tri-Clad* r-otors—available in all three AGMA gear classes—are easily d on machines such as the conveyor in this chemical plant.



UP OUT OF THE WAY is where this eastern bakery installed a G-E Gear-motor on its cooling conveyor. Gear-motor operates 56 hours per week—no maintenance has been required since installation.

u can install G-E Gear-motors anywhere

or under the floor, on the ceiling, the wall, or even rs in the weather. Installation is no problem with i-Clad Gear-motors . . . there are no bulky external gs, chains, or belts between the motor and the speed- on unit. G-E Tri-Clad Gear-motors are packaged, nits . . . complete in themselves . . . as easily and kly installed as any constant-speed motor of the ating.

EAR-MOTORS SAVE YOU SPACE. Their compact, lanced design frees valuable floor space for productive es.

AR-MOTORS ARE ECONOMICAL. Initial costs are wer than either a low-speed motor or the combination mal speed motor and a separate speed reducer. High cy up to 98.5% minimizes operating expenses.

your application of the most compact and econom- v-speed drive . . . one which can be installed any- Order your G-E Tri-Clad Gear-motor through your G-E Apparatus Sales Office or your Authorized G-E or Distributor. For more information write to Sec- 5-13, General Electric Co., Schenectady 5, N. Y. r free copy of Bulletin GEA-1437H.

*Reg. Trademark of General Electric Company.

You can put your confidence in—

ENERAL ELECTRIC

OUTDOORS IN THE WEATHER. This 5-hp totally enclosed G-E Tri-Clad Gear-motor—exposed to all weather conditions—drives a sand screening operation in a carbon and graphite products plant.

Starting Point For Better Melting

AJAX-NORTHRUP CONVERTER-TYPE FURNACES

20 KW. CONVERTER

STEEL

BRASS

These compact, efficient furnaces are used in all leading metallurgical laboratories, and by the major producers of precision castings.

"Almost every new alloy since 1916 started in an Ajax-Northrup furnace."

The 20 Kw. converter will melt 17 pounds of steel in 40 minutes. Maximum capacity is 30 pounds of steel, or 60 pounds of bronze. The larger 40 Kw. unit melts faster, will handle up to 50 pounds of steel. The 6 Kw. unit melts a pound of steel in 8 minutes.

All units may be used for heat-treating, forging, sintering or other applications—no problem to change from one to the other.

Ajax-Northrup converters are completely self-contained. They can be placed anywhere in your plant where water and power are available, require no special foundation or wiring — and they're certified to meet F.C.C. regulations.

Many of today's "blue chip" industries started with a 20 Kw. Ajax-Northrup converter.

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Ajax Park, Trenton 5, New Jersey

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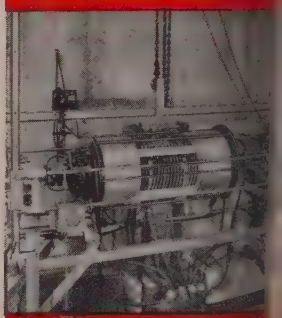
RESEARCH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AJAX NORTHRUP
INDUCTION HEATING AND MELTING

Since 1916

151

Here's the NEWEST ADDITION to Worthington's welding positioner line

's the new, heavy-duty precision welding positioner with the 7 features you've always wanted in one unit

1. PRECISION GEAR AND PINION DRIVE for accurate adjustment and minimum backlash. Self-locking worm reducer provides safety factor in case of power failure. All gears are machine-cut.

2. SPECIALLY-DESIGNED VARIABLE SPEED DRIVE provides stepless speed change from zero to predetermined top speed.

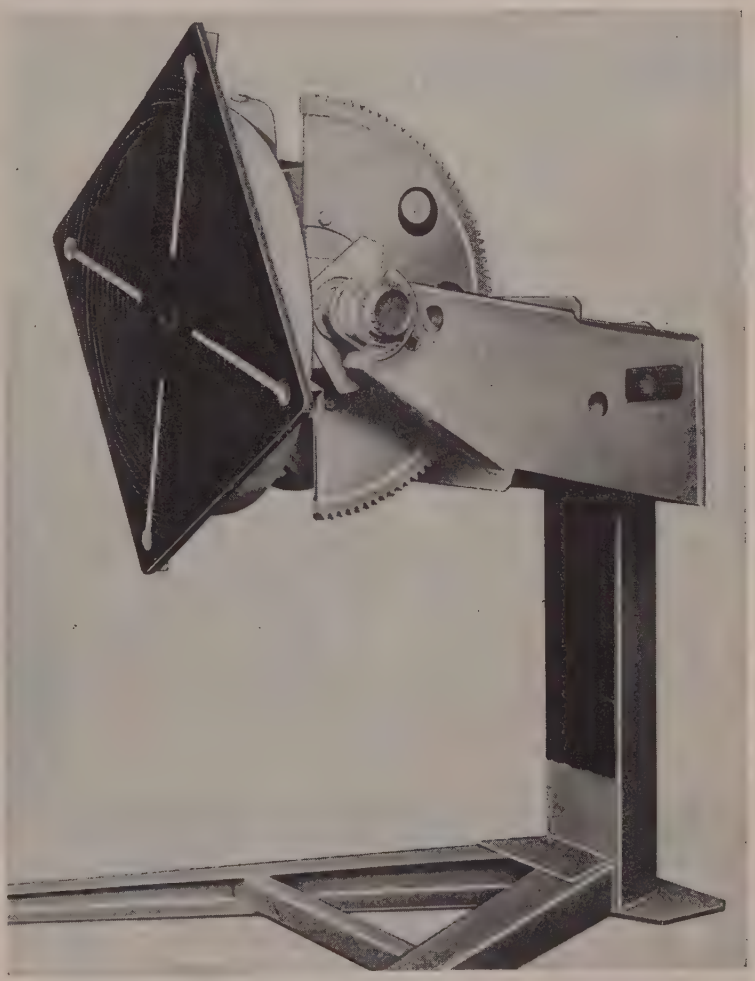
3. FAST-MOVING TILT TABLE with tilt indicator for accurate location of work at the best welding angle.

4. BUILT-IN HIGH-CAPACITY GROUND giving resistance-free return of welding current results in more uniform welds.

5. SPHERICAL SELF-ALIGNING YOKE BEARINGS eliminate misalignment.

6. HEAVY-DUTY FABRICATED STEEL POST, machined on front surface for easier raising and lowering of positioner. Positioner can be mounted on your column or wall by removing standard post.

7. MAGNETIC REVERSING STARTERS and push button controls provide for both rotation and tilt drives.



See these at the National Metal Exposition, 2111 Upper Exhibition Hall, Cleveland Public Auditorium, Cleveland, Ohio.

Y.3.4

The new Worthington positioners come in 2500, 3000, and 6000 lb. capacity sizes. Get more facts by sending the coupon to Worthington Corporation, Section Y.3.4, Plainfield, New Jersey.

WORTHINGTON

WORTHINGTON CORPORATION

Section Y.3.4 **Plainfield, New Jersey**

I'd like to know more about your new welding positioner.

☐ Please send me one of your bulletins.

☐ Have one of your sales engineers call on me.

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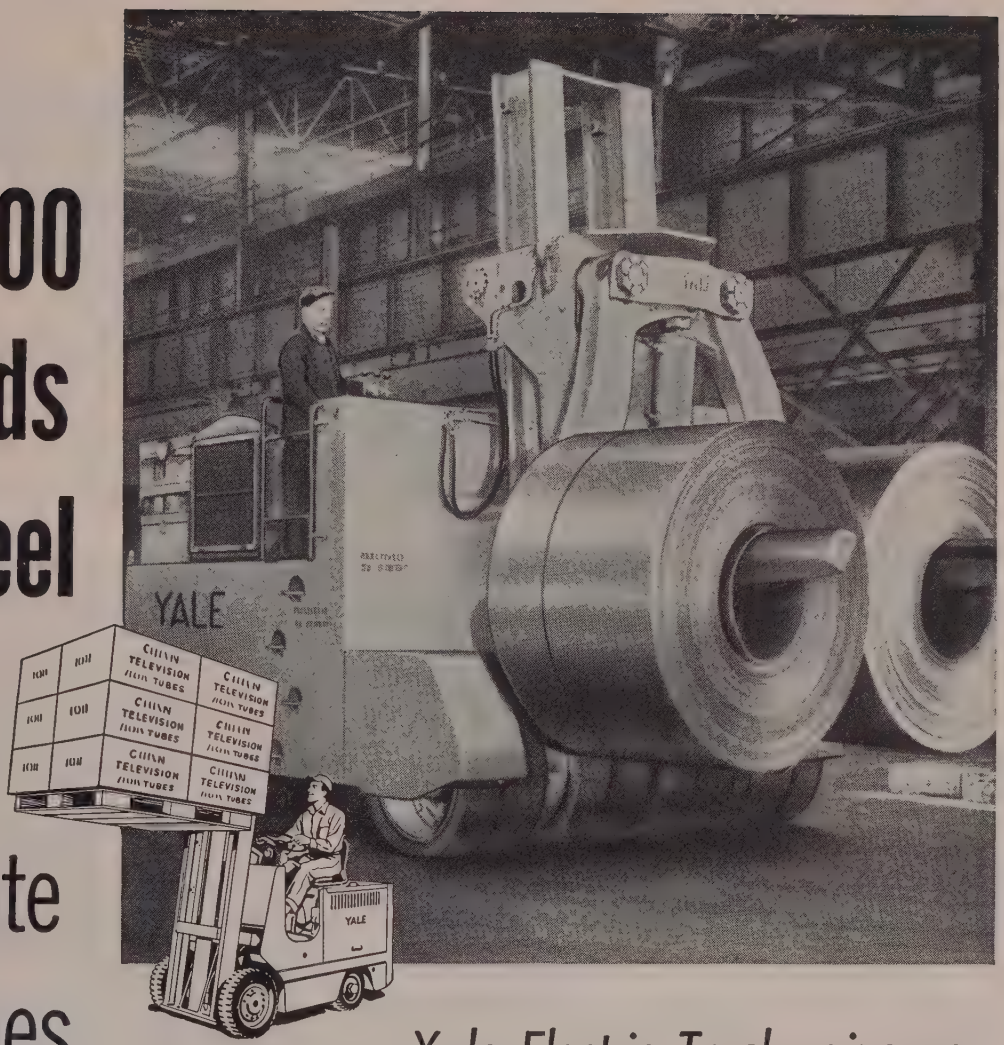
00,000 pounds f steel or delicate V tubes . . . . . .



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No matter what your handling problems may be, you can solve them with YALE Electric Trucks. Industries of every kind...companies of every size...are cutting handling costs as much as 75% with YALE equipment and methods... saving time, work and manpower, too. Get one of the wide range of standard models in the capacity you need to become your plant's most versatile tool...or get specialized trucks or attachments for your specialized handling jobs. One or both... a single truck or a fleet...you'll get more maintenance-free, 'round-the-clock service with safer YALE TRUCKS.

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Electric, Diesel Lift Trucks • *Worksavers* • Hand Trucks • Hand and Electric Hoists • Pul-lifts

Acme Steel Strapping Insures S.A. *(Safe Arrival)*

Increases protection, and speeds packaging rate 100%

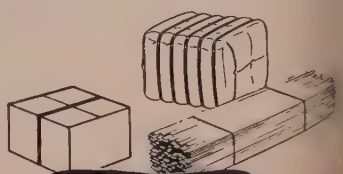
SUCCESSFUL SOLUTION to a difficult packing problem proved to be Acme Steel Strapping, here at the Orangeburg Mfg. Co., Orangeburg, N. Y.

Outstanding feature of sewer pipe made by Orangeburg Mfg. Co. is the material it's made of: fibers, impregnated with coal-tar pitch —non-corrosive, watertight, acid-resistant—but tricky to package.

Three different methods of binding the pipes together were tried without success. The materials either did an unsatisfactory job or proved to be too expensive.

But Acme Steel Strapping did it, doubled the packing rate, doubled the number of pipes per package. It was easy, fast, economical. And it insured Safe Arrival.

This is a typical example of how Acme Steel Strapping helped one manufacturer. Very likely it can help you. Maybe it can solve problems you scarcely know you have—but which cost you money just the same. Write to Acme Steel Products Division, Dept. 103.



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Acme Steel Products Division **ACME STEEL COMPANY** 2840 Archer Avenue, Chicago 8, Ill.

HOW TO SOLVE HOT SPOTS

(UP TO 2200° F)

in products and processes

If improvement of your product or process depends upon use of extremely high temperature, while minimizing its destructive effects, use Kentanium at the critical points.

WHAT is Kentanium?

A titanium carbide base composition. Uses neither tungsten nor cobalt. Hardness: Up to 93 R A. Weight: ⅔ that of steel.

WHAT can it do?

Resist thermal shock, withstand oxidation and abrasion, retain great strength at high temperatures (1800°F and above).

WHERE is it in use?

Successful applications include: Valves, valve seats, reduction crucibles, anvils for spot welding, hot extrusion die inserts, bushings, flame tubes, balls for hot hardness testing, scarfing tip wear rings, hot flash trimming, hot spinning, and many others.

WHAT forms are made?

Tubes, rods, bars, flats by extrusion process. More complex parts by machining from pressed slugs before sintering; extremely accurate parts by grinding to required tolerance after furnace sintering.

HOW can you use it?

This remarkable new metal, available in many "grades" to meet specific combinations of imposed conditions, can best be adapted to your high temperature problem by cooperative effort. Our engineers will be glad to discuss how you can get best results from Kentanium.

SEE Kentanium demonstration

NATIONAL METAL EXPOSITION
SPACE 311
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HEAT-RESISTANT, HIGH-STRENGTH, LIGHTWEIGHT
CEMENTED TITANIUM CARBIDE

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Half mile of HELIARC TRADE MARK welds OK'D by rigid X-ray tests

A midwest manufacturer was faced with the problem of gettin X-ray quality welds in aluminum vessels. These welds were subjec to pressure and had to be entirely free from porosity and oxid inclusions. After thoroughly investigating customer specification LINDE's service engineers recommended HELIARC inert gas shielde welding for the job.

Since then, about a half mile of these HELIARC welds have bee OK'd by 100% X-ray inspections. According to company officials HELIARC welding was "perfect for the job" and meant real savings b getting X-ray quality welds the first time without expensive rejection or repairs.

Whether you weld aluminum or other hard-to-weld metals, you too, will find that fast, clean, HELIARC welding will save you time an production costs. HELIARC welding takes place under a shield of iner argon gas which eliminates the need for flux. As a result, HELIAR welds are free from porosity and oxide inclusions. This means fewe rejects and lower finishing costs. In fact, spatter-free HELIARC weld in many cases can be left "as welded."

You owe it to yourself and to your Company to find out more abou the cost saving benefits of HELIARC welding. Call your local LIND representative today. He will be glad to furnish you with detailed information on HELIARC welding.

LEFT Welding heavy aluminum sections with HELIARC *HW-10 torch These welds were strong, dense, and re quired little finishing. BELOW Th 300 amp.* HELIARC *torch has all-interna water-cooling of both torch head an power cable for cool, long-lasting ope ation. The HW-10 also features quic electrode adjustment.*

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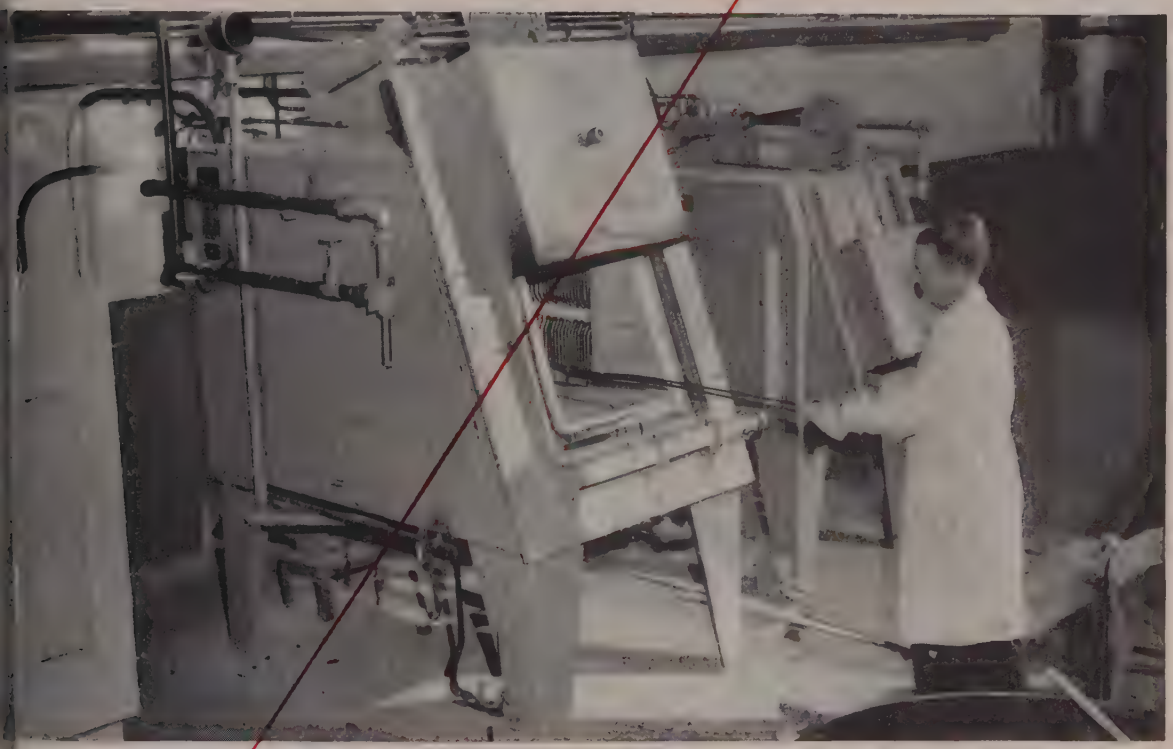
HEAT TREAT ORENDA TURBOJET ENGINE PARTS



In Canada, too . . . when production depends on precise heat treating, production men depend on Lindberg Furnaces

Proof of this is the fact that A. V. Roe (Canada) Ltd., in their new multi-million dollar aircraft plant, use Lindberg furnaces to heat treat parts for the world famous Orenda Turbojet engines.

Lindberg toolroom pre-heat and high speed Hydryzing furnaces... plus a toolroom Cyclone tempering furnace harden and temper stub shafts for the Orenda engine.

And a large box type production Hydryzer heat treats ten-stage rotor discs.

Lindberg Furnaces can solve your heat treating problem, too, from the touchiest tool and die job . . . to huge production jobs involving the hardening or tempering of tons of work daily. For descriptive literature contact your nearest Lindberg office.

Bulletin *96hs* covers the type of furnaces used in the A. V. Roe plant

LINDBERG FURNACES

ıdberg Engineering Company, 2441 West Hubbard Street, Chicago 12, Illinois

new application . . .

Vancoram Grainal

cuts conditioning costs, reduces rejects, steps up production of stainless steels

Stainless steels—particularly the higher alloy grades—are prone to develop cracks and other surface defects during rolling or forging.

Removal of these defects by chipping, scarfing, grinding or trimming means loss of valuable steel and higher unit costs.

A growing number of steelmakers are finding the answer to this problem in Vancoram GRAINAL Alloys, the same multiple-element alloys widely used in the making of boron steels. Field reports indicate that the addition of GRAINAL appreciably improves the steel's hot-working characteristics, resulting in lower conditioning costs and increased production.

Your nearest Vanadium Corporation office will welcome the opportunity to give you additional details on this new application for GRAINAL Alloys.

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...Capillary Action ... abrasive is specially treated to ... capillarity, so that each grain ... flow easily and thoroughly. As ... each grain is held as firmly as ...

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"How can I get a faster quench?"

"What will step up my production on these grinders?"

"I need 15% more machining speed, with enough cooling"

"What will give me less rejects on these castings?"

"How can I prevent rust on these machined surfaces?"

"I need a drawing lubricant that will reduce press downtime"

Here is where to yell for help!

When you are being pressed because top brass is pushing for lower unit costs—or when you're determined to improve the efficiency of some operation—remember this Houghton Man's ear, and pour your troubles into it.

You'll get help you can *see* go to work—shaving nickels off single operations, chopping folding money from department production.

Here's why we, manufacturers of metal processing compounds, can promise this: Since our beginning we've been more than just suppliers. We have been *researchers*—digging into the whys and hows of such items as heat treating, casting, press forming, machining, cleaning, rust prevention. In each of these we have developed products *plus* the application methods that enable them to do a top job in their field.

We've been doing this for more than 80 years, and from our enormous backlog of experience, the odds are that we can find a cost-cutting answer.

In addition to the Houghton Man's own experience, he has a direct pipeline to the feedbox . . . quick access to all the Houghton information gathered over the years. Phone him now, or remember to see him the next time he is in your plant. You'll be glad you did! E. F. Houghton & Co., 303 W. Lehigh Ave., Philadelphia 33, Pa.

Need Money-Saving Production Ideas?

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For gears, spindles, hydraulics, moulds, high temperatures and general plant use.

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Cutting Oils and Bases • Drawing Compounds • Metal Cleaners • Rust Preventives • Foundry Core Binders • Salt Bath Materials • Quenching Oils • Surface Conditioners

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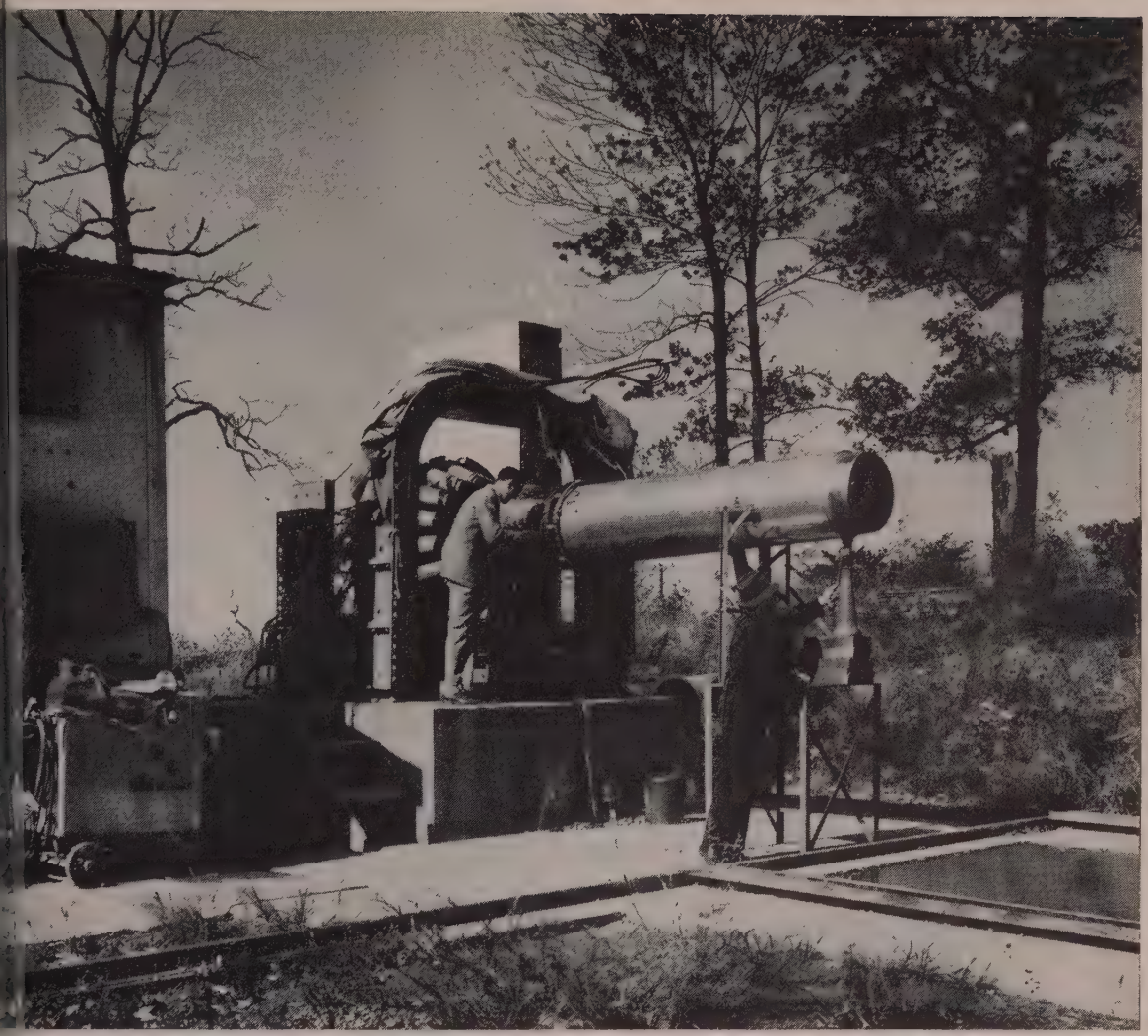

It's the Test by Fire for High Alloy Steel

A jet engine on a test stand represents the kind of metal-killing service that no steel could stand until A-L pioneered in suitable high-temperature alloys. Then, *and only then*, came aircraft superchargers, jet and rocket engines, gas turbines, etc. ● You may have a problem of corrosion or heat resistance—of strength with light weight—or of special electrical requirements. The right special alloy steel can solve it, and we're the people to see. ***Allegheny Ludlum Steel Corporation, Oliver Building, Pittsburgh 22, Pa.***

PIONEERING on the Horizons of Steel

Allegheny Ludlum

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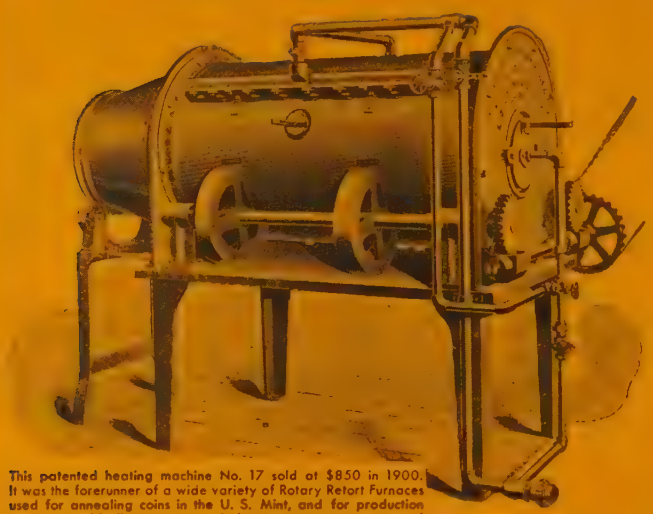
LEADING PRODUCER
HIGH-ALLOY STEELS

PIONEERS THEN!



This patented heating machine No. 17 sold at $850 in 1900. It was the forerunner of a wide variety of Rotary Retort Furnaces used for annealing coins in the U. S. Mint, and for production hardening of balls, screws, nuts, bolts, rings, pins, gun parts and many other items.

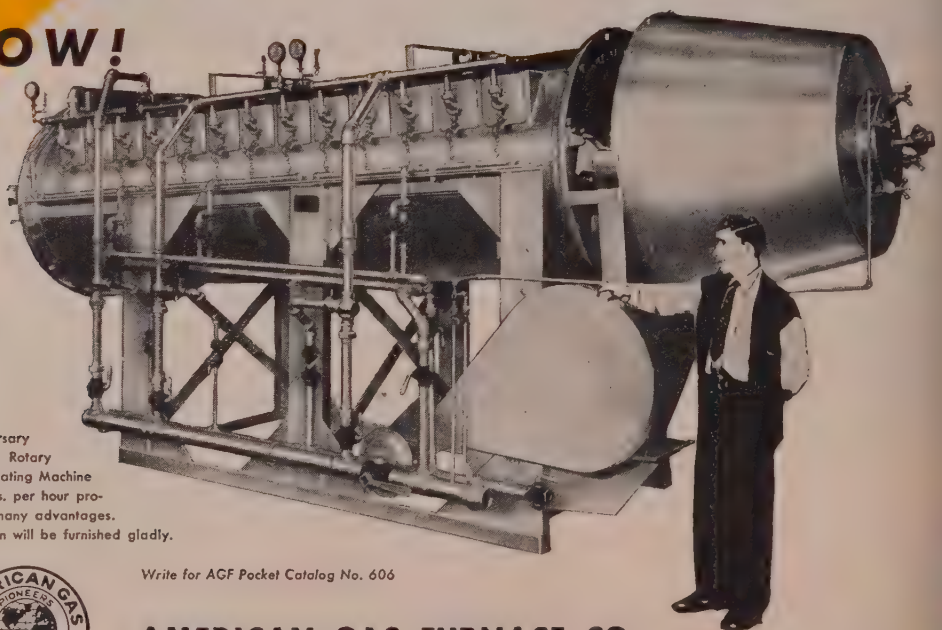
At the turn of the century AGF inventors and metallurgists had been developing and building industrial gas furnaces and equipment for twenty-two years.

On its 75th Anniversary, American Gas Furnace Co. proudly salutes those other PIONEERS of industry who used AGF Furnaces. To you—our customers—goes the credit for Seventy-five years of AGF Industrial Gas Furnace progress.

SOME AGF FIRSTS!

1st Chain Conveyor Heating Machine 1899
1st Roller Hearth Heating Machine 1899
1st Continuous Rotary Retort Furnace 1902
1st Automatic Temperature Control 1910
1st Vertical Retort Gas Carburizers
1st Rotary Carburizing Furnace
Originated Gas Carburizing
Originated use of Ammonia in Heat Treatment (Nitriding and the Nicarb process)

PIONEERS NOW!



The 75th Anniversary Model No. 139MD Rotary Retort Continuous Heating Machine is a 500 to 1000 lbs. per hour production furnace of many advantages. Complete information will be furnished gladly.

Write for AGF Pocket Catalog No. 606

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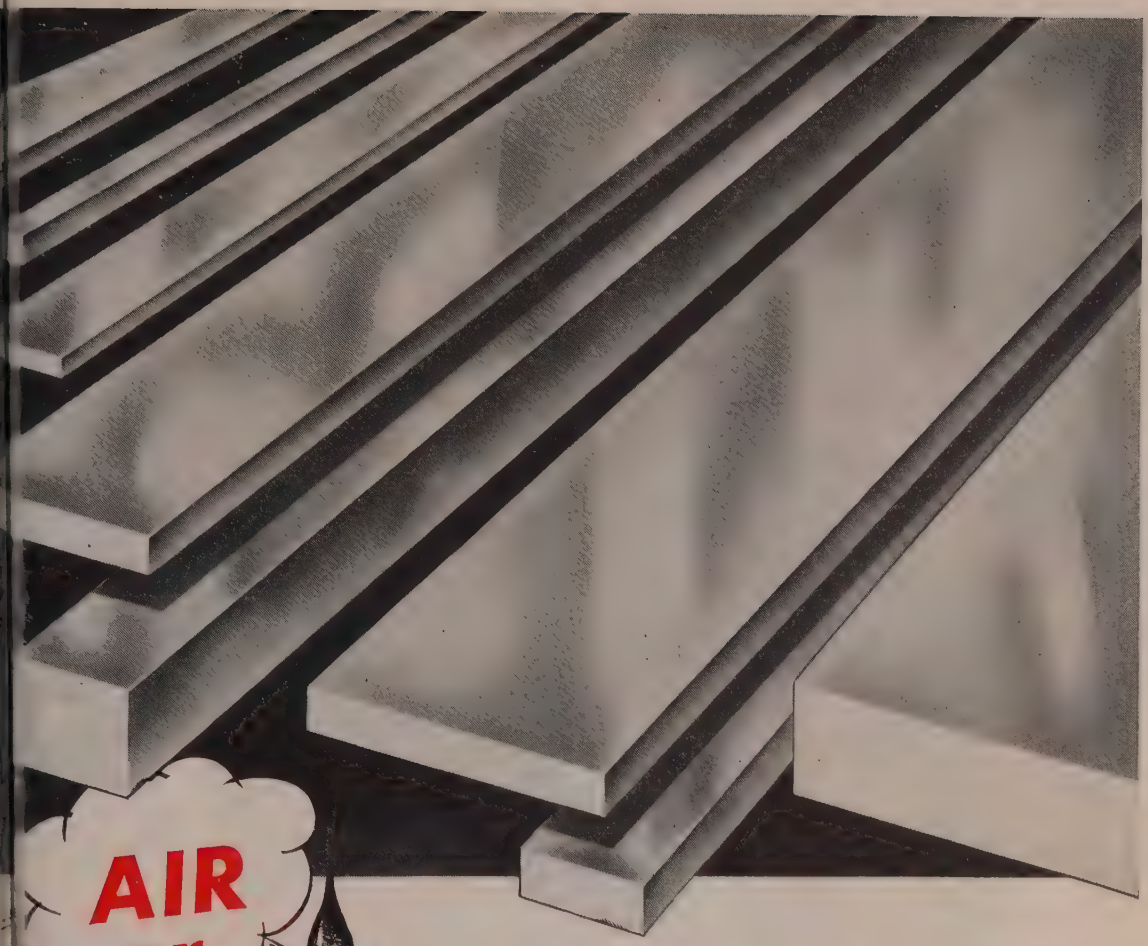
Visit AGF at the METAL SHOW BOOTH No. [illegible]



AIR or OIL HARDENING?...

Which DIE STEEL is best for you?

For punches and dies that produce up to 50% more pieces per sharpening — use *Simonds Air Hardening Die Steel.* 5% chrome content makes this non-deforming steel more wear-resistant. Better for punching or cutting silicon or stainless steels, Monel metal, or other abrasive metal. Spheroidize annealed for good machinability, it also has a wide hardening range (1700° to 1800°F). Stock sizes from ½″ to 2″ thick, and 2″ to 10″ wide in 36″ lengths.

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Your Simonds Distributor stocks many sizes of both types . . . individually packaged with simple heat treating instructions. Call him for complete details.

SIMONDS SAW AND STEEL CO.

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In Los Angeles his name may be Joe, in Cleveland it may be Harvey. Like his "brothers" in principal cities throughout the country, he is *your* key to more helpful information and *complete assistance* in the use of tool, alloy, or stainless steel. He's the fellow on the telephone order desk at your nearest Carpenter MILL-BRANCH WAREHOUSE.

The first time you call him, you'll discover you're getting something *more* than "just steel service". For he is backed by a MILL-BRANCH WAREHOUSE organization. It embraces "trouble-shooting service" right in your own plant. It is backed by trained delivery crews and modern equipment to process orders, fast.

Most important—it is *part and parcel* of the specialty Mill in Reading. Every time you call your Carpenter MILL-BRANCH WAREHOUSE you benefit from Mill Laboratory and Metallurgical Help, Mill Quality Controls—*comprehensive Mill Service.*

Truly, it's almost like having *specialty* steel Mill right next to you receiving dock!

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...with TYCOL lubricants on hand!

Cutting Oil with a "Delicate" Touch! Screw threading to fine tolerances is the acid test of any cutting oil . . . one reason why we ask: can your present oil measure up to Tycol Angrove 40? The customer who was threading ⅜" standard threads on 303 Stainless . . . with thread extending to the head . . . and the overall job calling for an extremely fine finish. The best of the competitive oils used yielded only 600 pieces before serration and burring appeared, necessitating regrinding the chaser. Tycol Angrove 40 produced some 4,500 pieces with no defects apparent under magnification . . . and with no regrinding of the chaser throughout the entire run! If you can't top this – contact your local Tide Water Associated office for further information!

Over 300 Tycol industrial lubricants are at your disposal . . . engineered to fit the job!

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MODEL **BH-30**
Hydraulically operated die casting machine for production of zinc castings weighing up to 10 pounds.

THE TEXAN

Boys hate to be called, "sissy". To prove they're not, they go to great lengths to be rough and tough. That means their toys, too, have to be rough and tough. Hubley Manufacturing Company, by using KUX die casting machines in the manufacture of its "Texan" Repeater Pistol, gets that extra ruggedness necessary in producing toys that last.

WHAT ABOUT YOUR PRODUCT? Does it stand up to the treatment it has to take? KUX die casting machines can tremendously improve its quality and saleability. Call KUX now! Let us show you how!

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Wire rope?
What's that got to do with us?

WICKWIRE ROPE
A CF&I PRODUCT

lot more than you might think, folks. Consider, for ample, the heating in your home . . . the warmth it keeps *her* snug and comfortable through a wintry ht. Whether you use coal, oil or gas—wire rope is indispensable part of the equipment that probes earth's depths to bring this comfort to you. ances are, it may be Wickwire Rope. Because for over half a century Wickwire Rope has been an outstanding favorite with men in the mining and petroleum industries. Like users in numerous other lines of business, these men know that for unfailing performance, longer life and more economical service—there's nothing to match the quality and care that go into the making of WICKWIRE ROPE.

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CF&I PRODUCT OF WICKWIRE SPENCER STEEL DIVISION
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1792

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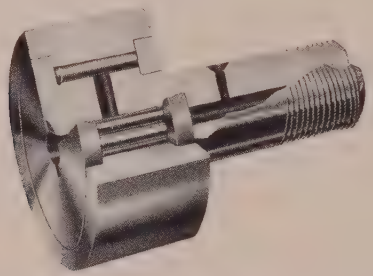
CAM ACTION IMPROVED with MULTIROL® BEARINGS

under heavier loads • with shock resistance • and space economy

Modern demands for faster, more automatic machines necessitate a new approach to cam action efficiency. Improvised bolt and roller units are no longer adequate for this mass production machine age.

Machinery manufacturers are finding that even at slow speed, it is difficult to carry the usual heavy radial and intermittent shock loads of cam application efficiently on plain bearings or standard antifriction ball and roller bearings. With increasing speeds, and lubrication limited by the desire for simplified design, the plain bearing wears excessively and fails early. Ordinary ball or radial roller bearings used on a shaft as cam followers have a



tendency to split in the outer race because of the excessive strain on the thin and superhard race sections.

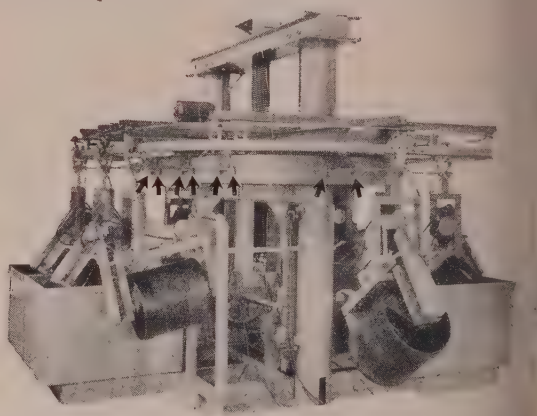
One bearing that has proven particularly successful in cam follower applications is the Multirol CF series full type roller bearing. This bearing is built especially for the repeated shock loads of typical cam action operations. The outer race section is not only heavy radially but is also martempered to combine maximum toughness with adequate surface hardness for withstanding the punishment of cam applications. The outer ring operates on a full complement of small diameter rollers so the load is evenly distributed over a greater bearing surface. The inner race and flange are made in a single piece with the stud, preventing any possibility of disassembly in operation. Greater accuracy is maintained throughout longer bearing life and, compared with plain bearings, both starting and rolling friction are reduced to a minimum. As a result internal wear is diminished and power requirements of Multirol bearing equipped machines are appreciably lessened.

Load Capacity Comparison

To illustrate the increased capacity of the Multirol CF, here is a comparison between a Multirol CF-1 bearing and a corresponding friction type roller, making use of the maximum permissable bearing pressures in pounds per square inch of projected area. The CF-1 bearing will have a maximum of 2240# while the equivalent friction type roller would have a capacity of less than 400#.

What This Means in Terms of Performance

The James Hunter Machine Co., of North Adams, Massachusetts replaced units consisting of a standard roller bearing and hardened roller with Multirol CF bearings on eccentric cams that actuate rake teeth in their wool washers. The changeover reduced their original and replacement costs over 10% and reduced maintenance to occasional lubrication. Where previously rollers only lasted a maximum of several months, no replacements have been required with the Multirol bearings. As a result the Multirol Bearings solved a trouble spot that brought in many customer complaints.



Crown Rheostat and Supply Company of Chicago uses up 200 Multirol Cam Followers as guide and support rollers in th travel and transfer mechanism of their cleaning, plating, and dr ing machines. Formerly trolleys were suspended from rails b the cam follower units proved to be a more precision means friction reduction and added stability to the supporting arms.

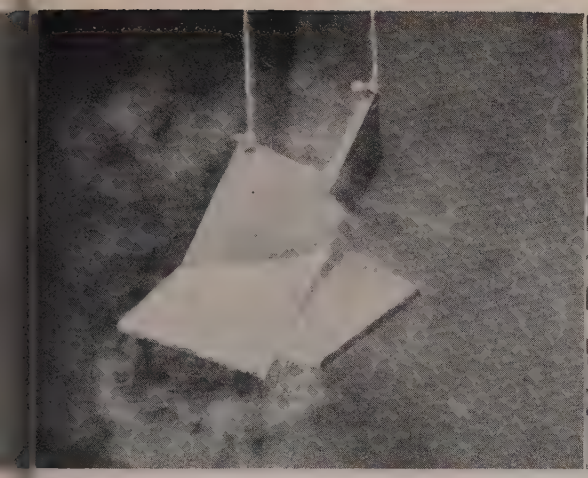
Other McGILL® Bearings

MULTIROL CYR / MULTIROL SE GUIDEROL C

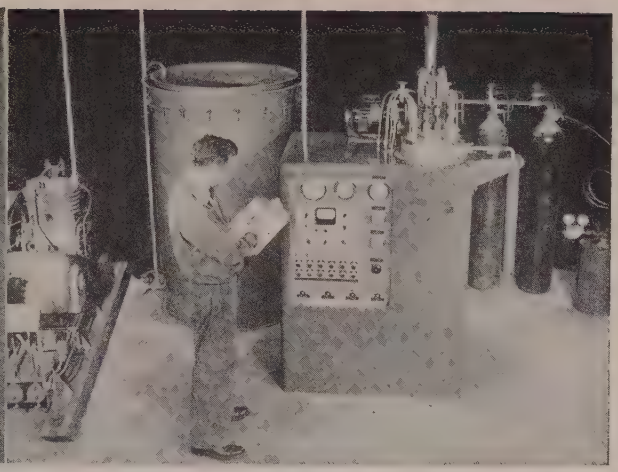
A new 140-page Bearing Reference Guide comple with 30 pages of vital engineering data has just be released by the McGill Manufacturing Company. has the full story on the advantages of Multirol (Bearings as well as information on the Multirol CY Multirol SE and Guiderol Bearings. Send now f your copy of McGill Catalog No. 52.

McGILL® — Precision Bearings

McGILL MANUFACTURING COMPANY, IN
301 N. Lafayette Street, Valparaiso, India



l plate shatters like a pane of glass at low tem- tures. Liquid helium is used as the cooling medium



Typical installation includes compressor, gas holder, cryostat, helium gas cylinders and a charcoal cap

Materials at Low Temperatures

Research offers new insight into such matters as behavior of metals at high temperatures. General rule is that strength tends to increase as temperatures fall

OGENIC research in the area 460° F (absolute zero) is open- p new frontiers in metallurgy. owing emphasis on more rful refrigeration and the faction, transportation and ge of gases, for example, the engineer turning to the llurgist for the right metal to given low-temperature appli- n.

tallurgists, in turn, are dis- cing that low-temperature offers new insight into such ers as the fundamental be- or of metals at high temper- es.

w Light—Martensitic trans- ation, for instance, has been troversial subject. Consensus s to be that the reaction in- s a nucleation process, which ires activation; and that acti- l nuclei develop into marten- plates with tremendous speed. ble is that several theories are t to describe the nature of the us and the mechanism by h it propagates.

astic deformation and straight ng experiments (using commercial steel specimens at near absolute zero) indicate the steel hardening process involves a co-operative, shearlike sliding of many atoms that move in unison.

Research shows that large amounts of this transformation could occur even at liquid helium temperatures — point at which it was previously assumed that all such processes had come to a complete stop. In fact, some steel that has little martensite at room temperature exhibits nearly 100 per cent at low temperatures. In others, hardening does not begin until −240° F is reached.

Strength—General observation is that strength of metals increases as their temperatures are lowered. At low temperatures, they resist deformation, while at high temperatures, they undergo flow when stressed.

Another generality is that metals become less ductile as their strength is increased. This appears to be true whether increase in strength is brought about by altering composition, changing microstructure through heat treatment or by reducing temperatures. However, relative loss of ductility brought about by the three methods is not necessarily of the same order.

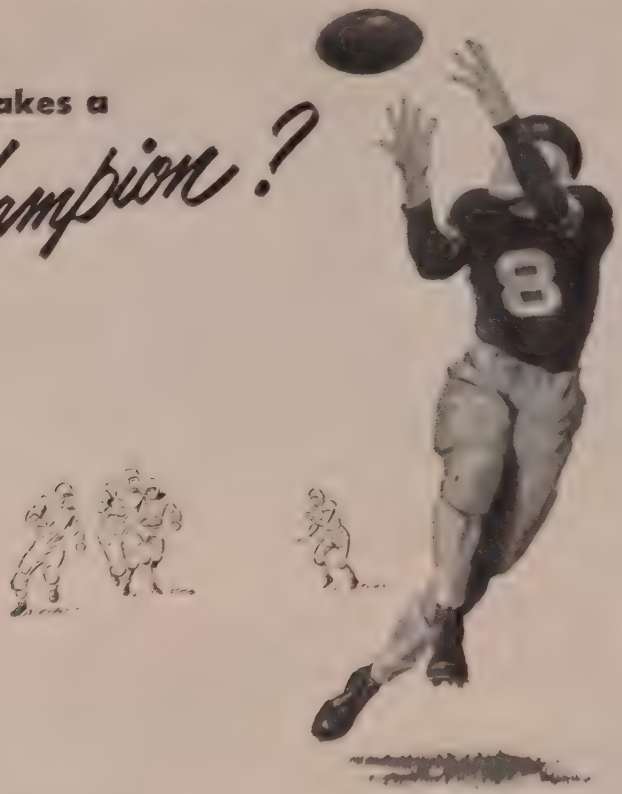
Problem—Engineers would find low-temperature applications relatively simple if strength were their only concern. Copper, for instance, has a tensile strength of 32,500 psi at room temperature. At −300° F, it exhibits tensile strength of 50,500 psi. Iron that tested out at 46,000 psi at room temperature had a tensile strength of 112,000 psi at −300° F.

Number one problem facing the engineer is embrittlement, and while the tension test gives him figures in terms of unit stress, there is no test that offers corresponding values for brittle failures resulting from stress concentration or sudden (though temporary) overloading.

To get some evaluation of relative resistance of materials to brittle behavior, impact tests are used. Charpy, simple-beam method is generally preferred because it is quicker and easier to place

what makes a

Champion?



SHREWD COACHING, strategic planning, resourcefulness, teamwork, and the will to win are prime requisites for any championship football eleven.

The requirements are much the same in our game.

When you select an industrial contractor, you want a responsible organization coached by keen, aggressive executives and manned by an experienced staff which displays ingenuity, as well as skill and teamwork.

The Commercial Contracting Corporation team is proud of its qualifications and accomplishments—of its reputation for doing quality work quickly and economically.

Whether a project is large or small, every aspect of the work is carefully planned in advance. Every operation is supervised by experts, expedited by top management.

Just as any good football squad welcomes a chance to compete, so this seasoned industrial team welcomes the opportunity to bid on any project involving one or more of the many CCC services.

CCC services, provided individually or under one PACKAGE contract, include:

• General Construction • Building Alterations • Demolition • • Foundations • Press Erecting • Machinery Moving • • Crane and Conveyor Installing • Equipment Warehousing • • Steel Fabricating • Export Packaging •

COMMERCIAL CONTRACTING CORPORATION • General Contractors

Zirconium Resists Corrosio

Good substitute for tantalu it has proved itself in wo with acids, alkalies

CORROSION resistance is t main reason for industrial in est in zirconium. Hot, 20-per hydrochloric acid does not it appreciably and it can be as an acceptable substitute fo pensive tantalum. In fact, sistance to strong alkalies perior to that of tantalum

Zirconium ingots can be or rolled in air like other without serious scaling. form of hot rolled bars, it has sile strength of 97,000 to 113 psi with an elongation of 9 to per cent.

Properties — Annealed have the following range of p erties based on tests conducte Titanium Alloy Mfg. Div. of tional Lead Co.:

Yield strength, 0.2 per cent 56,000 to 72,000 psi

Tensile strength—76,000 to psi

Elongation in 2 inches—13 to per cent

Minimum pin diameter in bend —3.75 to 7.5 times thickne

Rockwell A Hardness—50 to 5

Tubing—Zirconium tubin seamless and welded, is expe to be available shortly. Satisfac production methods are bein worked out. Even though specific gravity of zirconium somewhat lower than that of steel, its ratio of strength to weight not as favorable as the ratio of titanium to steel.

Zirconium of high purity hafnium removed, has a wide field of application in atomic reactors where its corrosion resist and lack of neutron absorption make it valuable.

Allegheny Ludlum Steel Co rolling a special grade of high purity zirconium (with hafnium removed) for atomic energy applications. AEC's Oak Ridge National Laboratory developed the method for removing hafnium from the zirconium. U. S. Bureau of Mines has been producing high purity zirconium and melting it into ingot form. Allegheny Ludlum is hot and cold rolling to produce sheet

space-ship shapes

we haven't made any shapes for a rocket ship to the moon. However, we'll wager . Saturn-ring against an asteroid that some design engineer, somewhere, has a few out-of-this-world transportation ideas that will someday need the kind of metal shapes we can and do produce.

In the meantime, designers of things that move by wing, wheel or water will continue to benefit by applying the economic and functional possibilities of Van Huffel metal shapes and tubing

Van Huffel

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[illegible] take shape [illegible]

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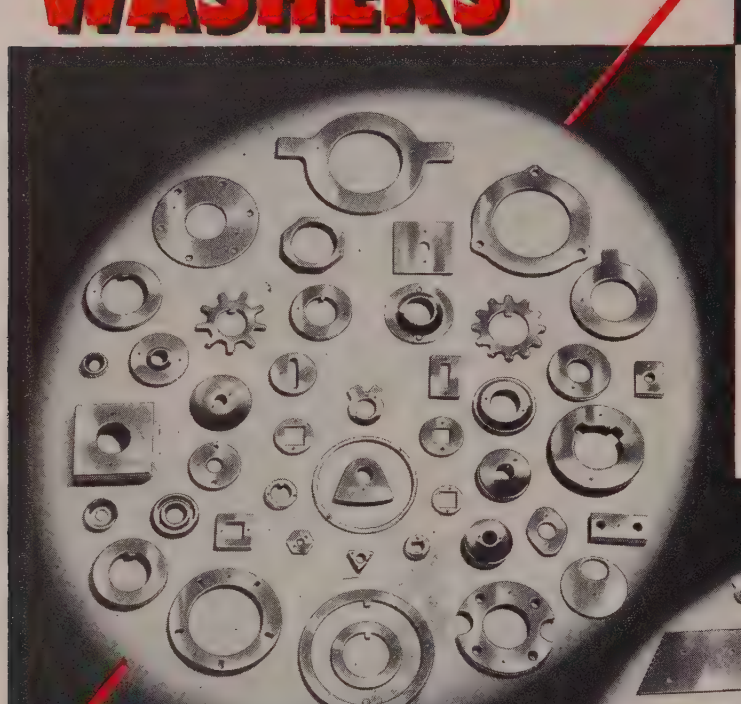
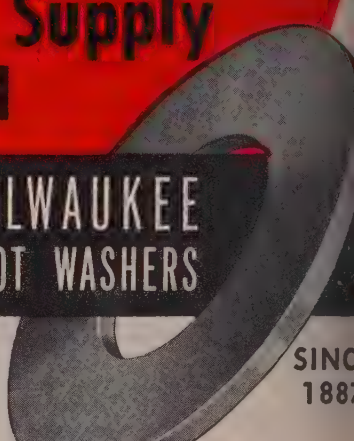
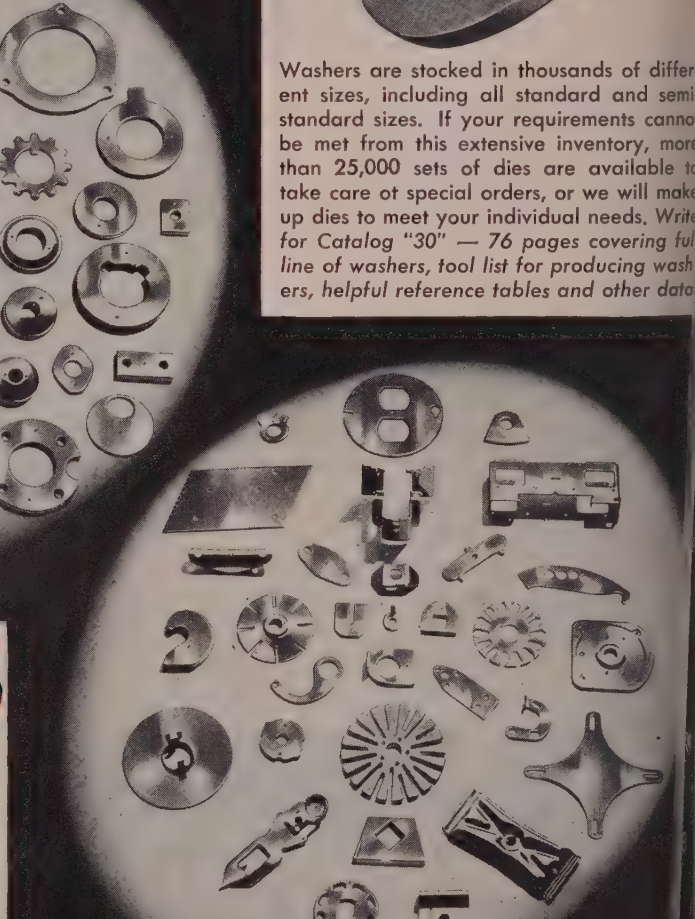


MILWAUKEE WROT WASHERS



SINC
188

Washers are stocked in thousands of different sizes, including all standard and semi-standard sizes. If your requirements cannot be met from this extensive inventory, more than 25,000 sets of dies are available to take care ot special orders, or we will make up dies to meet your individual needs. *Write for Catalog "30" — 76 pages covering full line of washers, tool list for producing washers, helpful reference tables and other data.*



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Large scale production facilities enable us to effect worthwhile savings, in many instances producing stampings more economically than possible in our customers' own plants. Our own tool and die-making shop enables us to make up dies necessary for producing new stampings, working directly from your blueprints.

Let us quote on your requirements . . . covering fabrication in any material and in any finish. Furnished machined, heat-treated or surface ground, as may be specified.

WROUGHT WASHER MFG. CO.

THE WORLD'S LARGEST PRODUCER OF WASHERS

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Foote Mineral Co.

onium bars, sheet and group of ducts. Powders also are made

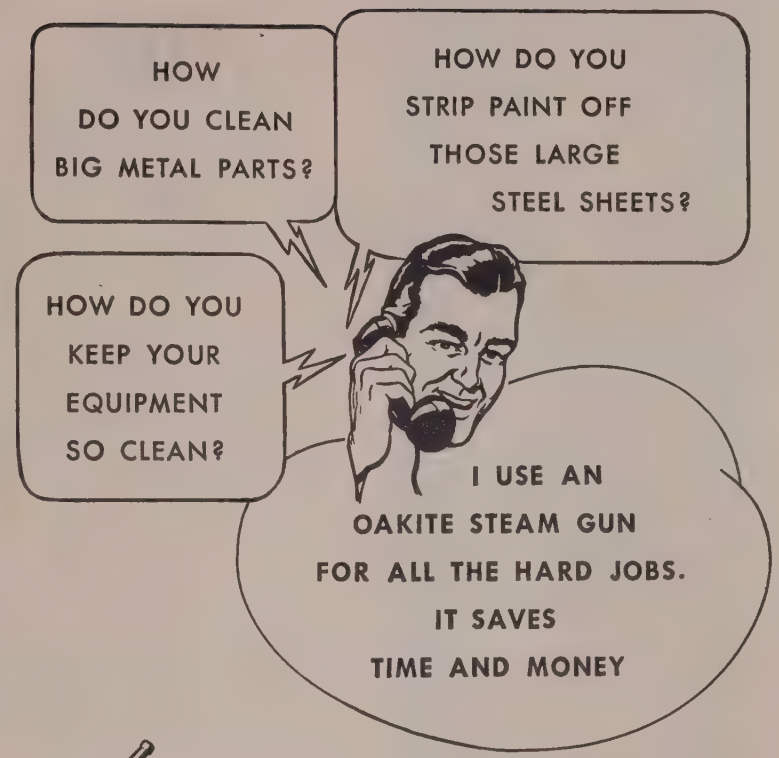
onium. Unique furnaces have a installed to handle the double ting procedure involved in this ration.

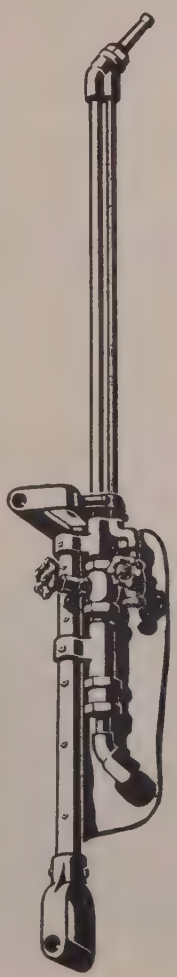
r Powder—Metallic zinc pow- is being used for absorbing a traces of gas in vacuum tubes for hastening combustion of powders and explosives. Ap- ations are based on the metal's eme reactivity with oxygen nitrogen in the high tempera- ranges.

itanium Alloy Mfg. Div. of Na- al Lead Co. has developed thods for quantity production a grade EE powder that is ially free from volatile met- s such as calcium and magnesi- It's desirable for use as a ter" or stabilizer of gases in interior of vacuum tubes.

echanism—Grade EE powder enerally coated on a part in- the tube that reaches a suf- iently high temperature for the onium to become reactive and stable solid compounds with en or nitrogen in the tube.

ade F recently was developed particles having irregular es but uniform fine size. This rial, less expensive than purer e EE, is used for such pur- s as primers and flash pow- In this instance, extremely l rate of combustion in air is ed.


HOW DO YOU CLEAN BIG METAL PARTS?
HOW DO YOU STRIP PAINT OFF THOSE LARGE STEEL SHEETS?
HOW DO YOU KEEP YOUR EQUIPMENT SO CLEAN?
I USE AN OAKITE STEAM GUN FOR ALL THE HARD JOBS. IT SAVES TIME AND MONEY



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- brass reduction machines
- millers and grinders
- buffing machines
- forge hammer parts
- drill presses
- stamping machines
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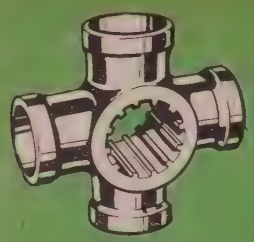
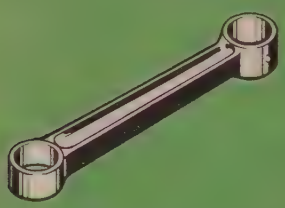


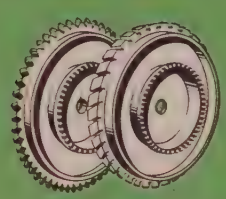
DETROIT BROACH TOOLS PROPELLER HUBS

Detroit Broach tooling for aircraft engine parts began with reciprocal engine designs. A typical example was the Detroit Broach tooling to produce the spline inside propeller hubs. In one pass, broaching produced a complete spline with consistent accuracy. This led to more accurate spline broaching in many other fields, too.



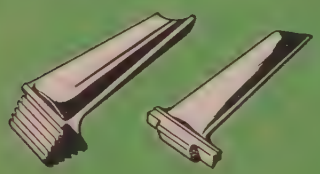
DETROIT BROACH TOOLS ARTICULATING RODS

As radial engines came to the forefront, new challenges in precision tooling were met by Detroit Broach ingenuity. Typical of reciprocal engine parts broached were articulating rods. Detroit Broach tooling produced a better finish and greater accuracy on the machined surfaces of these parts.



DETROIT BROACH TOOLS TURBINE AND COMPRESSOR WHEELS

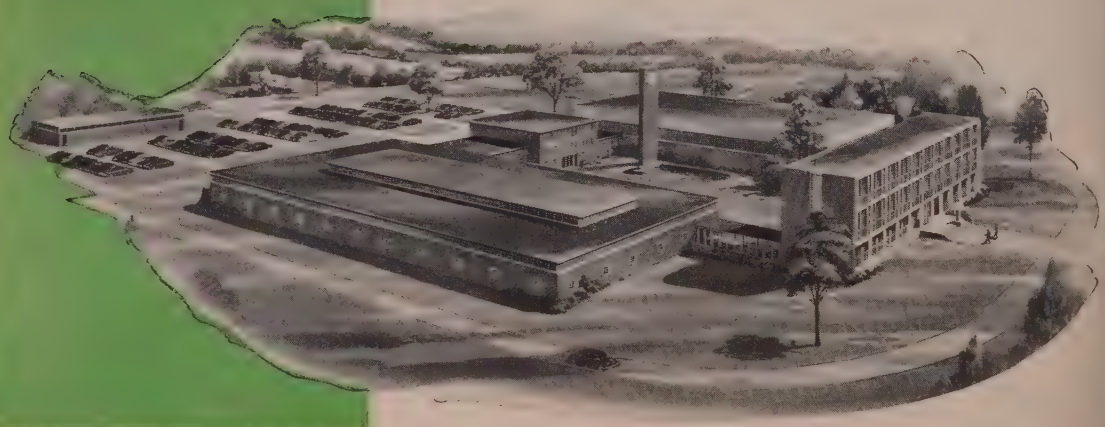
With the advent of jet engines, the need for close-tolerance repetitive accuracy was even more acute. In addition came the problem of working with high-alloy, heat-resistant, tough-machining metals. Compressor and turbine wheels are typical of the parts for which Detroit Broach tooling is meeting all requirements with flying colors. Varied forms of slots are produced in these wheels, square, at helix and at conical angles to the axis.



DETROIT BROACH TOOLS TURBINE AND COMPRESSOR BLADES

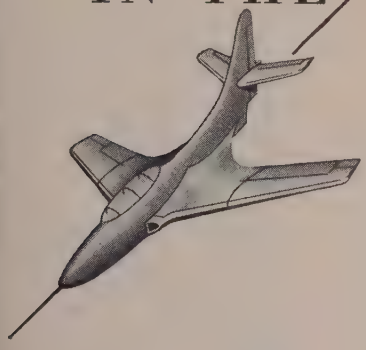
Mating parts to compressor and turbine wheels, the compressor and turbine blades are two more parts on which Detroit Broach tooling turned the trick. Intricate "Christmas Tree" forms, dovetail and "Ball Root" forms are easily produced with accuracy. At the same time, production costs are rock-bottom and surface finishes generally need no further machining.

This is a view of the new, ultra-modern Detroit Broach plant and offices located in Rochester, Michigan—just outside Detroit. Designed by Sture Frolen, eminent Swedish architect, it embodies many important advancements that contribute to employee morale and manufacturing efficiency. Another example of the unusual facilities of Detroit Broach Company.



Broaching Pioneers

IN THE AIRCRAFT INDUSTRY



Since the price of poor fits on engine parts may be paid in human lives, the aircraft industry was quick to recognize and adopt the inherent accuracies of broaching.

It was quick, too, to recognize the ability of Detroit Broach to engineer and produce tooling that met the need for concise repetitive accuracy . . . tooling with important production economies as shown on the opposite page.

in YOUR industry, too you will find many examples of Detroit Broach tooling that is producing repetitive accuracy, part after part after part. Just as important, it is tooling that consistently makes good common sense in terms of efficient operation and rock-bottom cost-per-piece broached.

These benefits that accrue Detroit Broach customers are not achieved by magic or by gift. They are the result of years of specialization in one important field . . . broaching. Every person, every machine, even plant facilities at Detroit Broach are geared to that single purpose.

In broaching it will pay you, too, to have a talk with Detroit Broach Company . . . pioneers in broaching yesterday, today, and tomorrow.

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We can be there in a hurry with SPECIAL BOLTS

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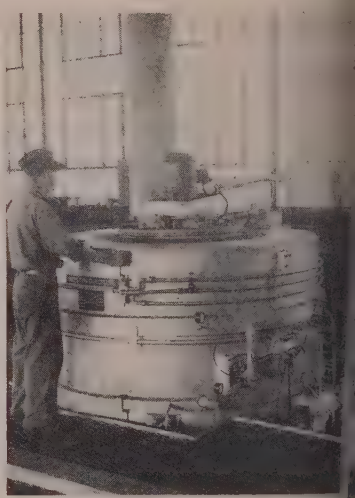
Gas Fired, Pit Furnace

New Westinghouse unit has r moveable retort. Thus, conti uous operation is possible

A GAS-FIRED, pit furnace for c cle annealing of small hand too is now available from the Wes inghouse Electric Corp. The fu nace can also be used for carburi ing, hardening and nitriding.

Removable retort makes contin ous operation possible since one r tort can be discharged and r charged while the other is in th furnace. Maximum operating tem perature is 1600° F. Hydraulicall operated furnace cover is suspen



AUTOMATIC GAS-FIRED ANNEAL . . . *carburizing and nitriding, t*

ed from a pivoted arm so it can easily pushed to either side w raised.

Automatic—Firing of this nace is completely automatic a combustion blower system is tained for purging and cooling poses.

In addition, the instruments turning off the gas supply in event of flame failure and for ting off the gas in case of pressure are provided.

The furnace is available in sizes ranging from a charge of 14 inches in diameter b inches deep with an approx production rate of 120 pound hour net to 30 inches diamet 72 inches deep with an approx production rate of 2100 poun hour net.

Enough dust to stop 102 ordinary motors

Let just a pinch of these gritty particles inside a motor bearing and the result is always the same . . . bearing failure. The motor stops . . . production ceases.

Dust is busy ruining the bearings of ordinary motors all the time. Almost every time an ordinary motor is greased on the job, little powdery, abrasive specks are pumped into the bearing along with the grease.

Life-Line* motors lick this problem with sealed, pre-lubricated bearings. These bearings are packed with grease in dust-free rooms at the bearing manufacturer's plant. Then the bearing is completely sealed (not just shielded). The lubricant stays in . . . gritty dust stays out because you never have to grease a Life-Line motor.

Life-Line

The pre-lubricated bearing is one of the many features that make Life-Line motors the answer to lower operating and maintenance costs.

REMEMBER: The way to grease a *modern* motor is DON'T!

*Trade-Mark

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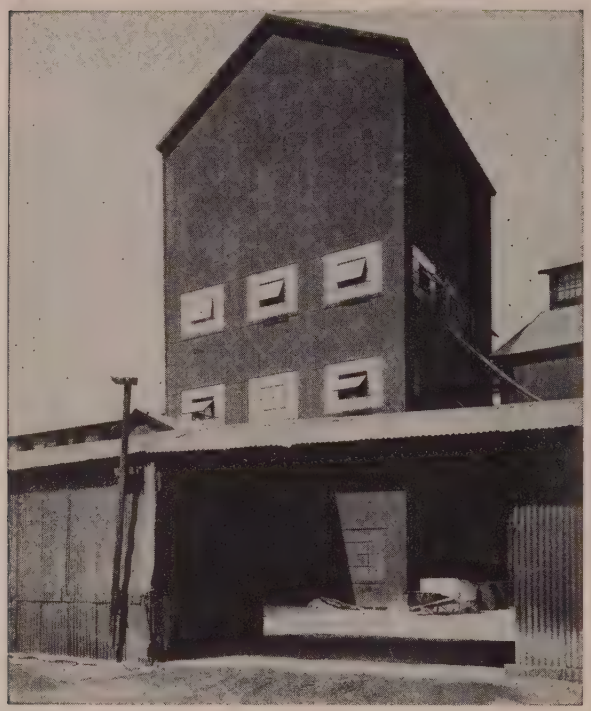
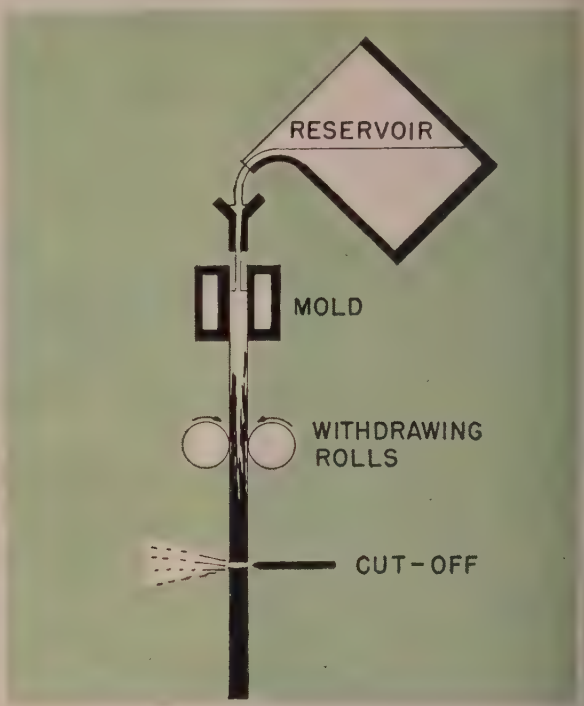
YOU CAN BE SURE...IF IT'S

Westinghouse

PHOTOMICROGRAPH OF INDUSTRIAL DUST. MAGNIFIED 100X. COURTESY CASE INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY





Status Report On Continuous Casting

After four years of experience, Allegheny Ludlum takes stock of its progress. With most of the kinks ironed out, they are convinced the process has a healthy future

By W. B. PIERCE
Vice president and technical director
Allegheny Ludlum Steel Corp.
Pittsburgh

CONTINUOUS casting of metals is not new, and the patent literature is vast and fascinating. The nonferrous industry uses continuous casting extensively, and we draw from that industry much of our inspiration for further effort when we see what they have accomplished and the effect it has had on the nonferrous mill processing equipment.

With steel or iron base alloys, difficulties are of a greater magnitude due to the higher temperatures involved and lower heat conductivity of steel which is only one tenth that of the common nonferrous materials. For these fundamental reasons, continuous casting of steel is still in the developmental phase.

Commercial machines are being readied for production, so in 1954 continuous casting of steel and steel alloys should be on a commercial basis.

Early Interest—The Allegheny Ludlum Steel Corp. has long been interested in continuous casting for their alloy steel processing. In the mid 1930's, we operated in our Brackenridge Plant a Merle machine which was later abandoned. Alloy steel produced by Mr. E. R. Williams, when he operated his continuous casting plant at Latrobe, Pa., was rolled at the Brackenridge Plant, and in our Dunkirk mill tool steel was produced on a Hopkins machine which is in a sense a continuous casting device.

Our latest and most extensive venture in the field of continuous casting was inspired by our observation of the Rossi-Junghans machine operating on brass. An excellent example of this machine is the one operated by Scovill Mfg Co. It was installed in 1937, and this process has been practiced by Scovill since that time.

Another Try—Allegheny Ludlum decided to again experiment in the field of continuous casting and in April of 1949 we installed in our Watervliet, N. Y., plant a Rossi-Junghans machine of a design similar to that used in the brass industry. As initially installed, the machine was equipped with a 15 3-inch rectangular mold and was designed for a top speed of 40 ipm.

First purpose was to determine the technical feasibility of alloy steel casting. When that was established affirmatively, we then

considered that the operation of a pilot plant had the multiple purpose of:

1. Developing casting data over a range of sizes and grades.

2. Throwing some light on economic factors involved.

3. Developing data useful for the design of a production tonnage machine.

Traveling Mold — Outstanding feature of the Rossi-Junghans machine is the Junghans' principle of the oscillating mold. We have found it successful and simple. Mold travels downward at a rate synchronized with the withdrawing rolls. After a downward movement of about ¾ inch, the mold snaps back to the initial position through a cam and spring arrangement giving a stripping action, and this cycle is constantly repeated.

In the beginning, (April 1949), we did not immediately get satisfactory operation or good castings. After four years, we have arrived at a point where we can cast numerous steel base alloys in a variety of shapes, consistently good in quality. We make a run practically every day, with the material so produced being further processed against production orders.

Plant Tour—Tower in which the pilot machine is housed is 56 feet high. There are three levels—the pouring platform which contains the metal reservoir, the tundish, and the mold. The next floor contains the pinch rolls and water spray devices, and on the lower floor is the cutoff and conveyor equipment.

From the height of the machine, it is obvious that the casting is in the vertical position, as are most present continuous casting models. Of special interest is the relatively small amount of floor area occupied and the necessity for adequate height.

The elements shown in Figure 2 are common to most casting machines. These elements are the hot metal reservoir, tundish, mold, withdrawing rolls, and cutoff device.

Easy Timing — Synchronization of the rolls with the oscillation of the mold (Figure 3) is a relatively simple mechanical arrangement. Power is obtained from a single drive motor through a stepless speed changer with a take-off of power to the cams transmitted to the mold through the walking beams to obtain an exact correspondence of the circumferential speed of the rolls with the mold motion. The speed regulation of the entire unit is accomplished by electrical control of the primary speed changer.

A 5,000-pound Ajax induction furnace (Figure 4) is used as a molten metal reservoir. In the pilot type of operation, we consider this furnace a very useful method of obtaining molten metal in that the steel can be melted at the pilot plant instead of transferred to it from the melt shop. Further, we can pour with the heat on and by varying the current can study the allowable casting range and the effect of temperature.

Lip Poured—With this furnace, the metal is lip poured and the stream enters the tundish. The second appearance of a stream is the entry into the mold. Rate of pour is controlled by the operator of the furnace who receives his instructions from the operator positioned at the mold.

In the tundish and in the mold, we protect the metal with an inert atmosphere. Oil lubrication is also introduced directly into the top of the mold and is extremely effective in giving us smooth removal of the casting. Our mold is swivel mounted to adapt itself to any distortion of the casting after it leaves the mold.

Mold Design—Sectional views of the water cooled copper mold which we regularly use are seen in Figures 5 and 6. The horizontal cross section shows a mold for a rectangular billet with eight risers, the water entering at the lower part of the mold and exiting at the top. The flow rate is up to 150 gpm with a temperature rise not exceeding 25°F.

Molds vary widely in design; but we have found the principle of the rigid mold good; and we use it on rounds, rectangles, and slabs. Mold length has been varied from 18 to 36 inches, and at present, our molds are approximately 24 inches long. To reduce wear, the copper is chromium plated on those surfaces in contact with hot metal.

Water Cooling—Area immediately below the mold (Figure 7) shows where the spray rings are directing water and air on the casting to solidify the metal. We introduce up

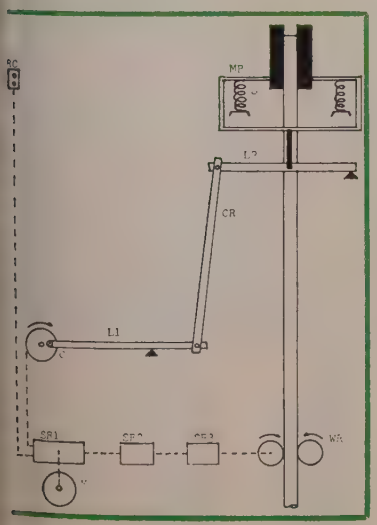


Fig. 3—To synchronize rolls with oscillating mold, arrangement at left of walking beam, cams and speed changer has been successfully worked out

Fig. 4—This 5000-pound Ajax induction furnace is used as a molten metal reservoir at top of pouring tower

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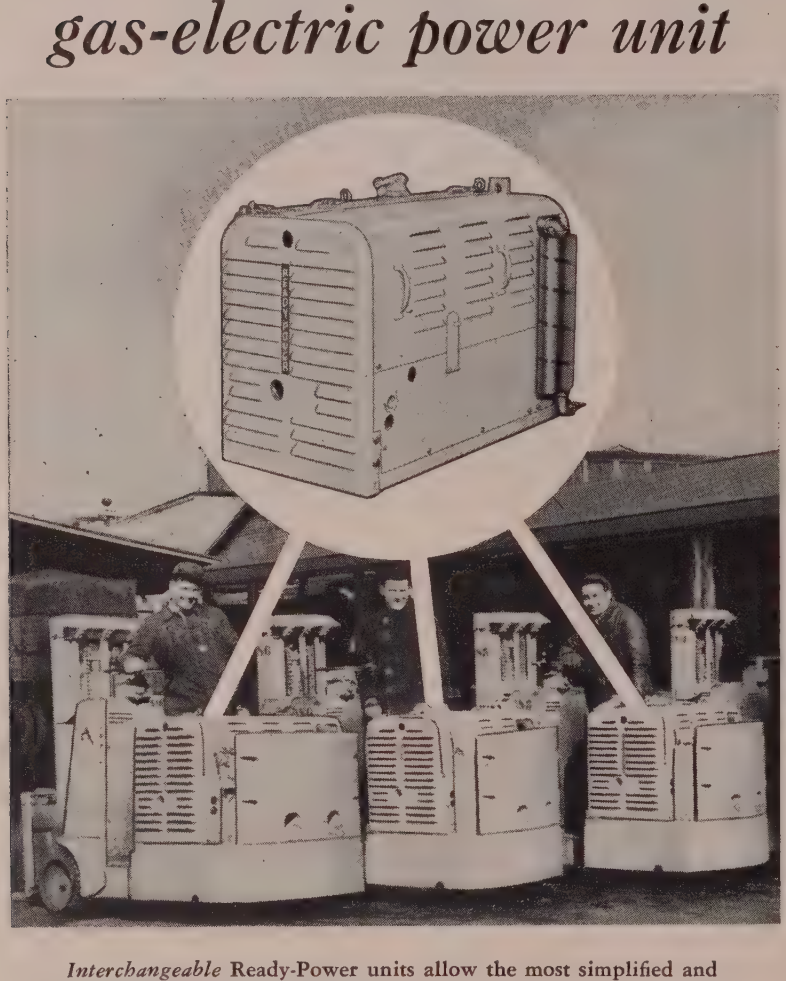

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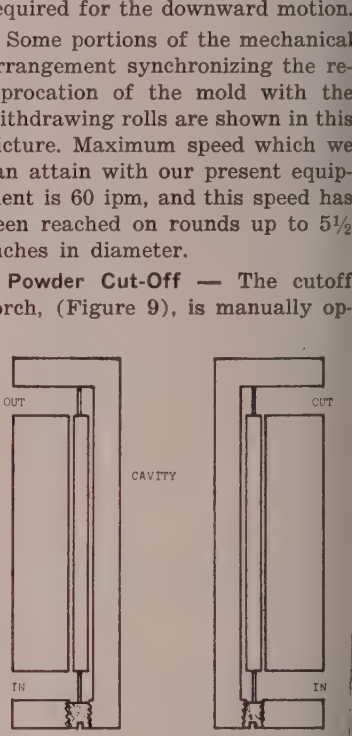
to 200 gpm through the spray rings. Water is stripped from the casting and diverted from the machine by the device shown above the pinch rolls.

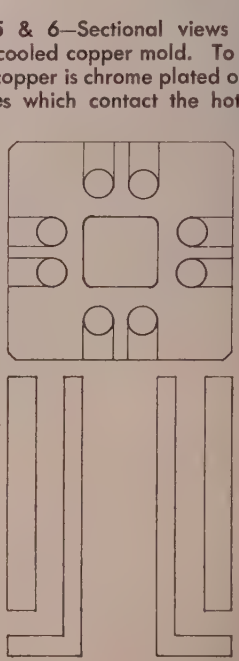
The casting enters the pinch rolls immediately below the tank which catches the spray water (Figure 8). Power on these rolls is not great, for with our machine they function primarily to steady the casting with very little power required for the downward motion.

Some portions of the mechanical arrangement synchronizing the reciprocation of the mold with the withdrawing rolls are shown in this picture. Maximum speed which we can attain with our present equipment is 60 ipm, and this speed has been reached on rounds up to 5½ inches in diameter.

Powder Cut-Off — The cutoff torch, (Figure 9), is manually op-



Figs. 5 & 6—Sectional views of the water-cooled copper mold. To reduce wear, copper is chrome plated on those surfaces which contact the hot metal



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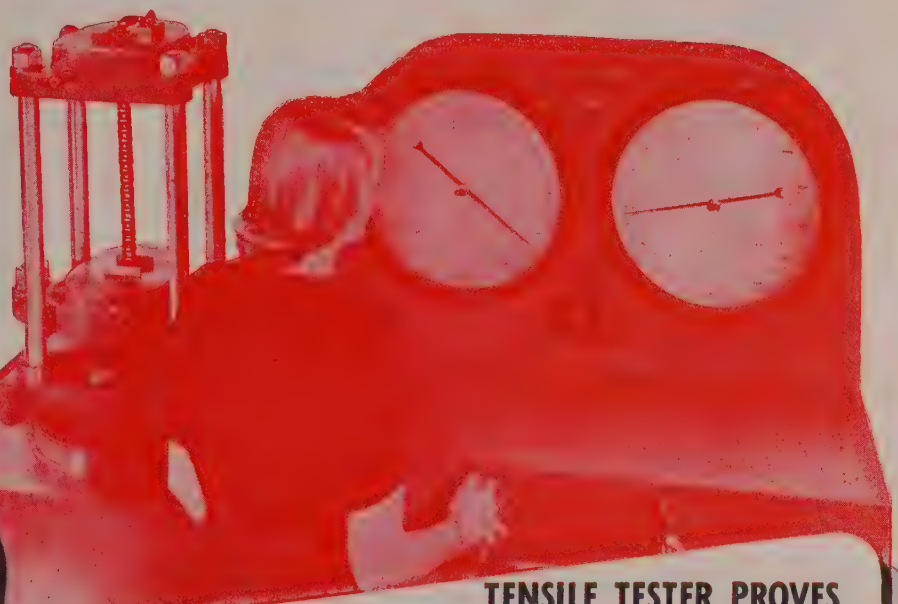

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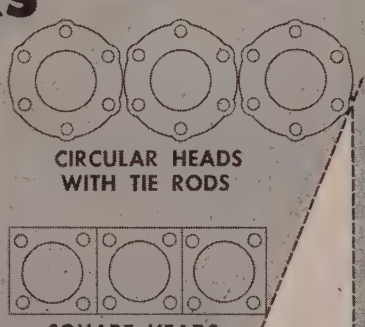

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Fig. 7—Immediately below the mold, spray rings direct water and air on casting to solidify the metal. Up to 200 gpm is sprayed through the rings

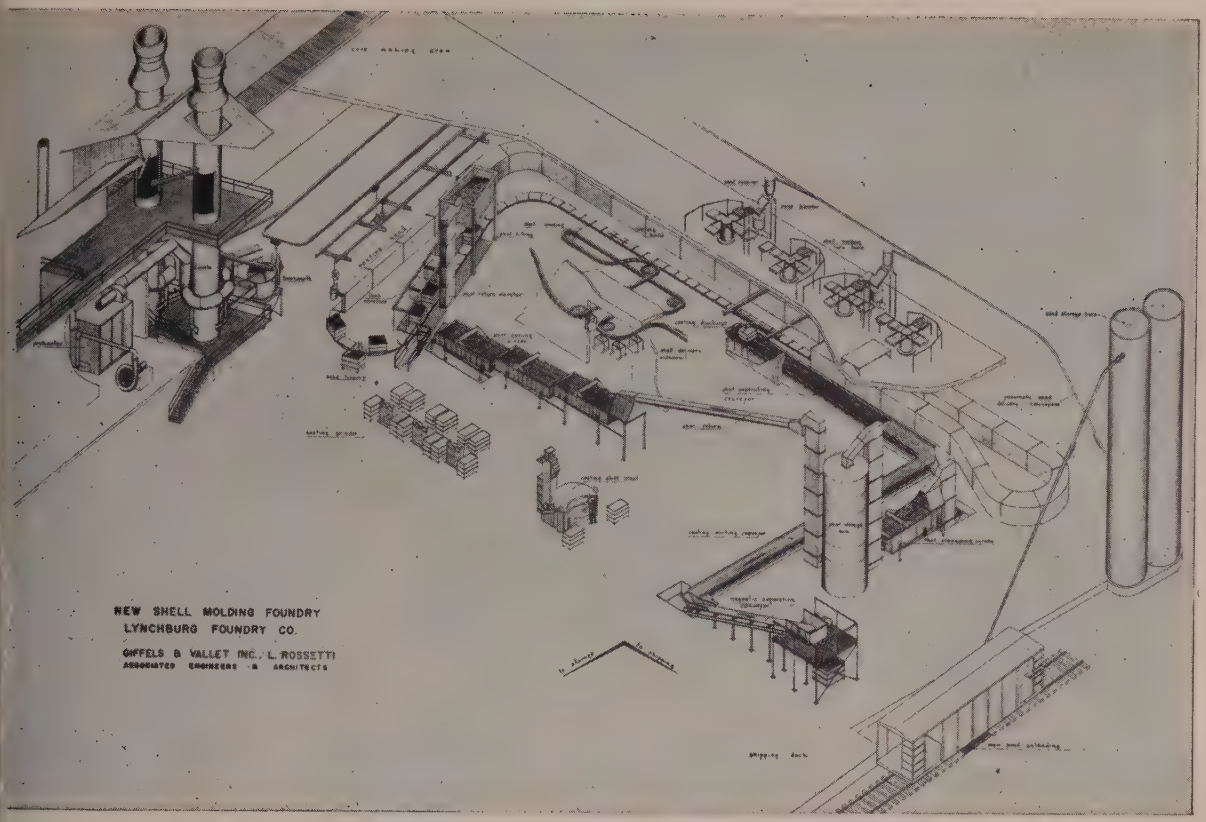
erated and supported on the casting by a bracket. A Linde powder torch is used for cutting off stainless steel, and the time involved is quite adequate at the rates at which we are casting.

Figure 10 is taken from the conveyor position as approximately six feet of cast rectangle is about to drop onto the conveyor. It is not necessary to handle the material gently for the free drop here is several feet.

Grades Cast—The table in Figure 11 summarizes the grades which we have cast. For the most part, the material has been produced in 3¾-inch square and 5½-inch round sections. A 9-inch round, 15 x 3-inch slab, and 4½-inch round molds have also been tried. Most of our investigational work has been on the stainless steel grades.

All sections have a typical cast structure illustrated by these round and square castings (Figures 12 and 13) in 18 per cent chromium 8 per cent nickel. The fine grained exterior surrounds a dendritic structure extending to the center. The distortion due to shrinkage pulls the circular cross section out of round as it attempts to stabilize in three triangular sections.

In a rectangle this shrinkage is less severe and results more in side and corner angle distortion



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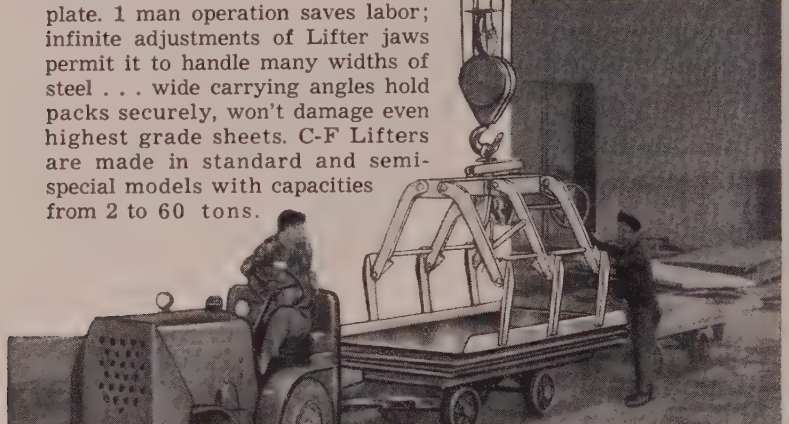

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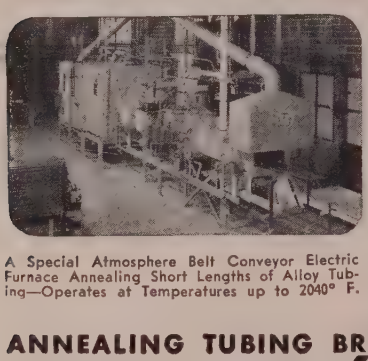

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which can be compensated for in the mold. For instance, our rectangular mold is designed with 100-degree corner angles. In rolling the material to salable size, we have not encountered much difficulty with pipe. The piping that occurs is intermittent and generally heals when rolled.

4 to 1 Reduction—It has been our experience that a four to one reduction in section is necessary to break up the cast structure and to obtain final physical properties comparable to the conventional product. Although the grain structure of the continuous casting is somewhat finer, it still follows the same principles of regular ingot reduction for proper grain size.

Surface is comparatively good. Conditioning is done after an initial hot rolling, and it is about the same as on our regular bar billets. With slab sections designed for strip production, our experience has not been extensive, and surface quality equal to that of our slabs rolled from heavy ingots has not been obtained.

Operating Techniques

In running the continuous casting pilot machine so far described we have accumulated valuable experience and data and have formed some definite opinions regarding the proper operation of this equipment.

The induction furnace is used

Fig. 8—Casting enters pinch rolls immediately below tank that catches spray water. There is little pressure on these rolls. They serve primarily to steady casting during movement

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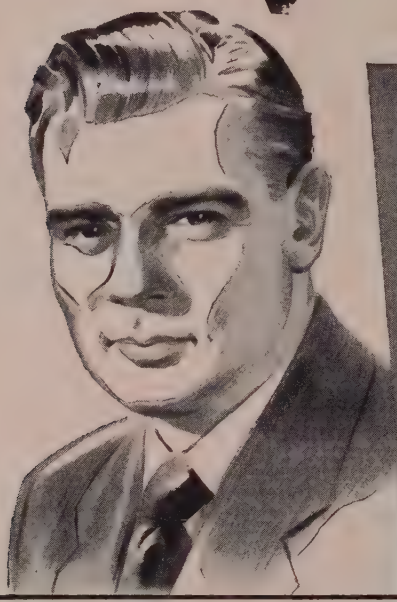
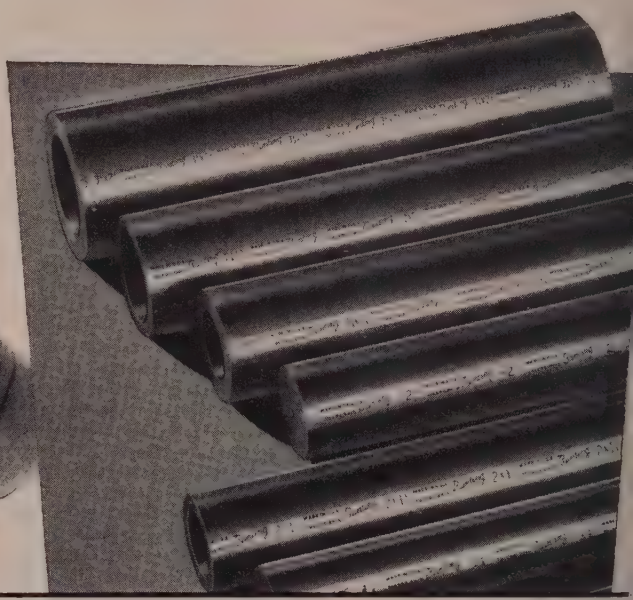
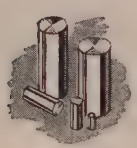




Bunting Precision Bronze Bars



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. 9—Cutoff torch is manually op- ated and supported on the casting a bracket. Powder is cutting agent

cause it gives accurate control er a range of temperature to per- t exploration of the permissible sting temperature range. Al- ugh this is ideal for pilot plant rk, we can handle only about enty heats before extensive re- r is necessary, so we would pre- for production use a metal res- oir which is less fragile.

Our experiments with heated les are not complete, but they icate that a large quantity of lten metal can be held at a uni- m temperature in an insulated le with a burner directed from top.

Unheated Tundish—In our early eriments we used an induction ted tundish. Later we simplified nd are now using an iron box d with a rammed refractory a zirconia nozzle in the bottom. apply no heat with the excep- of the initial flame to bring unit up to temperature.

onsiderable design and patent k have been done on the tun- for this is one of the points which we attempt to obtain matic flow control. Our experi- ts on this phase of the work been wide and fruitful for y methods of flow control are lable.

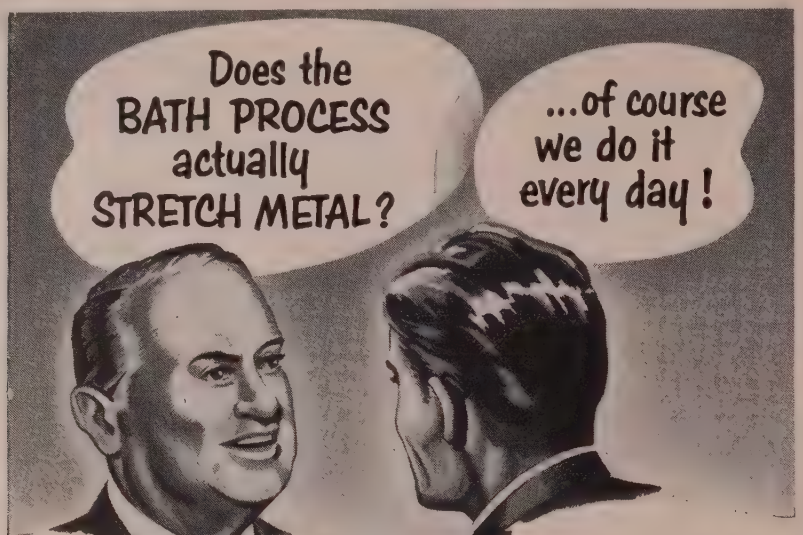
agnetic flow control is entirely ible, and the use of special re- ory stoppers and nozzles has encouraging. Generally, in our operation, the casting rate is that we dispense with auto- c flow control and rely upon xperience and co-operation of trained operators.

Refractory Success — The out- ling refractory which we have d is a high temperature stabil- zirconia produced by the Nor- ton Co. At first we tried this material in the form of long down spouts from the tundish to the mold and even attempted to place these down spouts and distributors under the molten metal level.

In this we were not successful; and as we continued to simplify the machine, it was found that the down spout could be eliminated as a smooth pouring stream caused no undue turbulence in the mold.

Propane Atmosphere — In the tundish, as well as in the mold, we protect the metal with a controlled atmosphere. Argon was tried as well as city gas. These methods were found inadequate and led to the use of propane which is now burned in the mold and tundish to reduce oxidation.

Having achieved a steady flow of metal of closely controlled temperature from the tundish into the mold, we made studies on mold design, lubrication, mounting, and casting speed. For the most part, we have preferred and used the rigid mold machined from a solid block of copper and chromium



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plated on the interior surfaces is swivel mounted so that it adapt itself to any distortion of casting after it leaves the mol

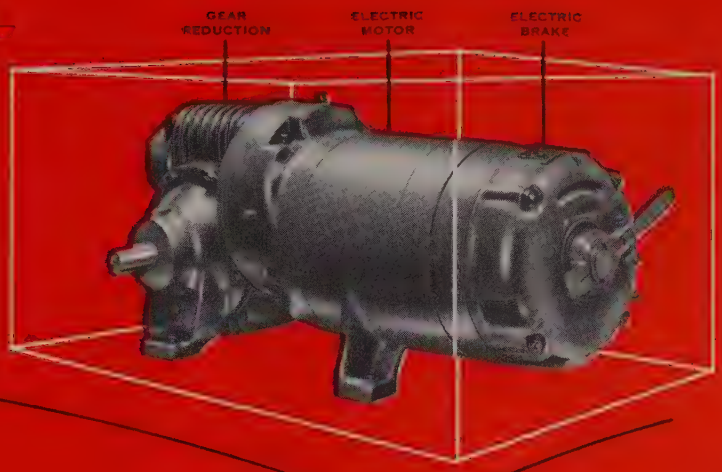
No Metal Sticking—Lubrica is introduced in substantial qu tity into the top of the mold, we find this very effective in proving casting surface and venting any tendency of the m to stick to the mold.

Water flow into the mold is high, generally being about gpm, and the temperature of cooling water seldom incre over 20° F.

Reason for this limited coo effect is that in the mold only outer skin freezes on the cast and we depend upon the area tween the bottom of the mold the pinch roll for the insertio the water and air sprays to c plete the cooling.

Mold Advantages—Our experie is limited to the oscillating m and we think very highly of it. of the initial advantages clai for this invention of Mr. Jungh was that it presented an changing surface to the mo metal thus enhancing cooling. is probably so, but we have served at Watervliet that on the main advantages is to decr the sliding friction between mold wall and the casting the avoiding hanger cracks.

Fig. 10—Six foot section of about to drop onto the convey ingot has a free drop of seve



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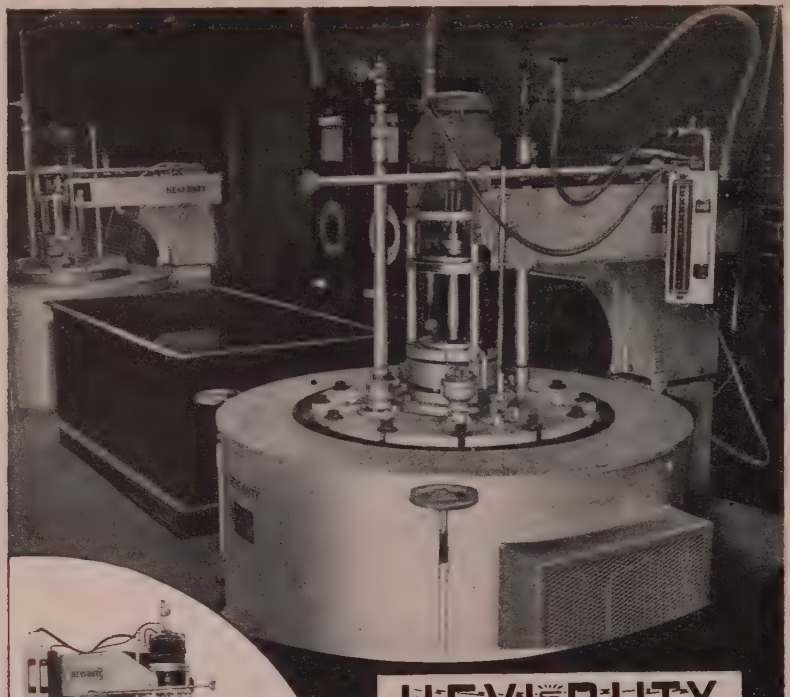

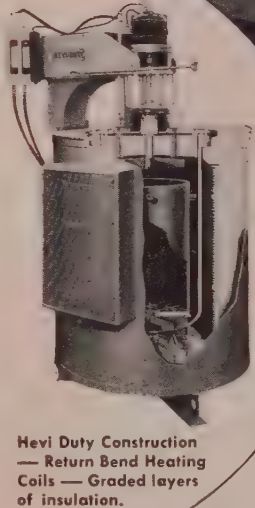

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442	.17	.35	.35	20.						
302	.10	1.50	.50	18.	10.					
304	.06	1.50	.50	18.5	10.					
321	.06	1.50	.50	18.	9.					
EB	.80	.40	2.20	20.	1.30					
S816	.38	1.50	.60	20.	20.	4.	4.	4.	4.	
DBL2	.83	.30	.30	4.			5.	6.		2.

Fig. 11—Grades that have been co by A-L. Most of the material was eith 3¾-inch squares or 5½-inch roun

Since the critical portion of mold is in the upper few inch where the molten metal is actual in contact, we find that the magn tude of the oscillation is entire adequate to allow effective lubr cation near the molten metal lev A few inches below the metal lev in the mold the skin has solidifi and the casting pulls away fro the mold wall. The air space th created prevents further rap cooling.

Flexible Cooling—Below the mo our spray ring area is design for a flexible operation in rega to the volume of water, its velo ity, and the positioning of t spray rings. This is the criti coloing area, for the molten core the material at a proper cast speed extends to the pinch ro Often the material enters the pi rolls with a molten center, but course it must be entirely solid fore it reaches the cutoff stat

Distance between the bottom o the mold and the cutoff statio critical in the design of a con uous casting machine. To cut o a molten area will allow the s tem to drain from the tundish d and, although this is an excel metallurgical adventure, it is z ardous. In the operation of ir machine, this has actually o curred. It has allowed us to in an excellent picture of the ma er of solidification.

Casting Rates Critical—On of the major assignments in this o plant operation is to determin ha proper casting rate for each g de in each size. We agree with ie investigators that the casting ite on rounds varies directly wit he diameter; however, we fu her find that the type of steel an he nature of the section have a ry great influence on the casting ate

does careful manipulation of the er spray in the cooling area. Maximum speed on our machine 60 ipm, and we have obtained s speed on 5½-inch diameter tions. We believe that much her speeds can be obtained on ions smaller than this, but we e not been able to try them due the mechanical limits of the chine. Our casting rates have

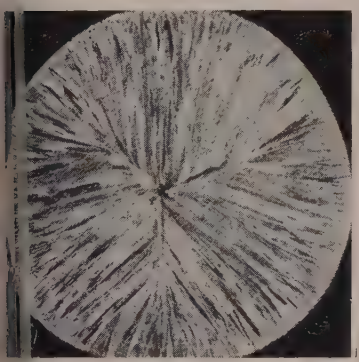
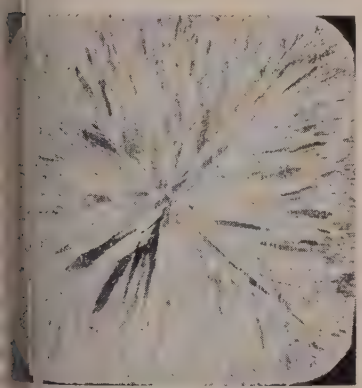


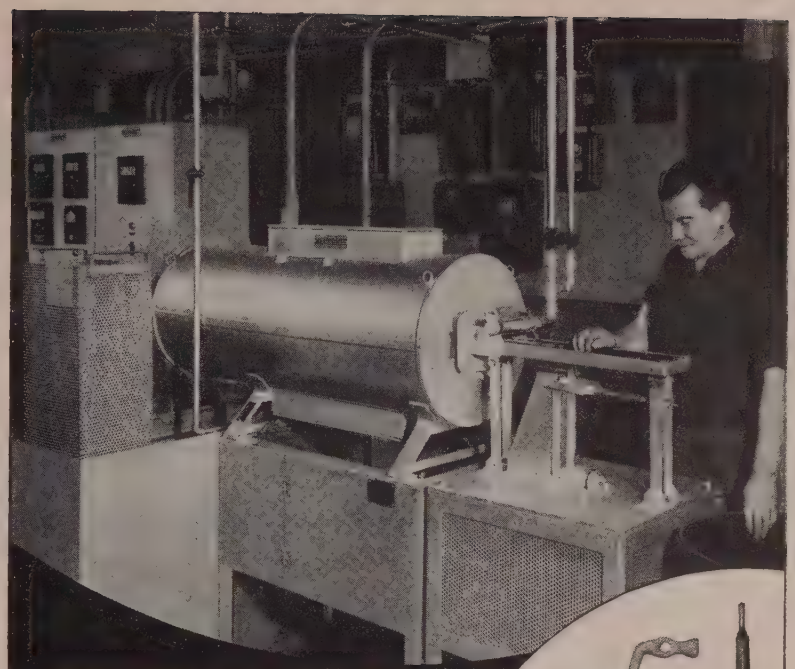
Fig 12 & 13—Typical cast structure is illustrated here. Both are 18-8 stainless samples. Fine grained exterior surrounds a dendritic structure at the center. The distortion due to shrinkage pulls circular cross section out of round attempting to stabilize



l from a few tons per hour up proximately 16 tons per hour ingle section.

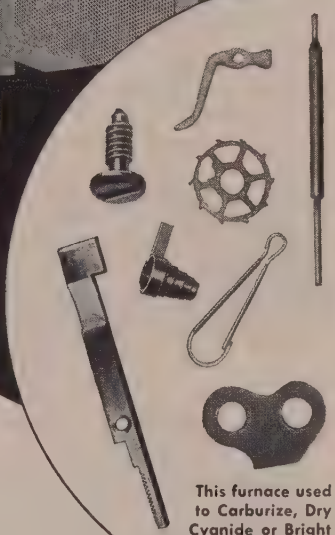
ting rates are closely studied se of their effect on the econ- s of the operation, but it l be borne in mind that it is bly practical with this type uipment to cast more than section simultaneously and the capacity, based upon a section, can be multiplied.

t Cutoff — A fast operat- itoff device is essential. We ered many and finally decid-



H-E-V-I DUTY®

Shaker Hearth FURNACES



This furnace used to Carburize, Dry Cyanide or Bright Harden these parts.

Save Time . . .

Money . . . Material!

Check these operations:

✔ Hardening small lock spring formerly took two days, now only 75 minutes. Rejects were 30%, now less than 1%.

✔ $12,000 saved the first year at a large electric appliance manufacturer; almost three times the original cost of the furnace.

✔ Cleaning and pickling eliminated because of "Bright" case hardening at a business machine manufacturer.

✔ Heat treating costs cut in half at a chain manufacturer due to the ease of operation.

✔ Stainless steel springs "Bright" hardened without distortion because the parts are individually heated in a protective atmosphere and then are dropped directly into the oil quench.

Learn more about this modern production tool and the way it can help you. Write for Bulletin HD 850.

SEE IT AT THE METAL SHOW
BOOTH 123

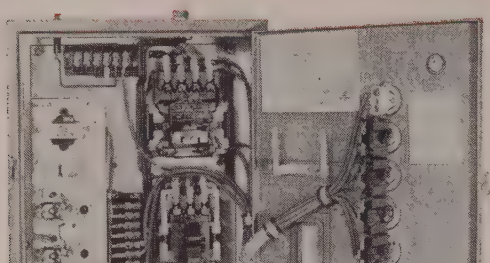
HEVI DUTY ELECTRIC COMPANY

MILWAUKEE 1, WISCONSIN

Heat Treating Furnaces . . . Electric Exclusively

Dry Type Transformers *Constant Current Regulators*

WHEN YOU HAVE A CONTROL PROBLEM



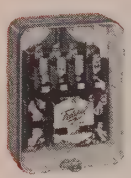
Federal Noark control unit for a New Jersey Machine Corporation's labelling machine that eliminated costly switch and relay chattering. Above is opened unit showing electronic brain, Federal Noark manual and magnetic motor starters and oil-tight push-button switches.

FEDERAL NOARK®
CAN SOLVE IT

CUSTOM DESIGN and the manufacture of complete control panels is a very important part of Federal Noark business. It has proved the perfect solution for hundreds of control problems, and always incorporates standard Federal Noark Motor Controls that are outstanding for their simplicity of design, efficiency of operation, and easy, low-cost maintenance.

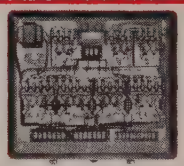
Whenever you have a control problem, submit it to us. Federal engineers will find the solution, and Federal Noark will build the control units required for top service and economy.

FULL LINE OF MOTOR STARTERS UP TO 400 H.P., 600 VOLTS, A.C.



BULLETIN 504

Across-the-line Magnetic Motor Starters in sizes 0, 1, 2, and 3 . . . the heart of today's most elaborate controls. Only one moving unit . . . coils changed in seconds.

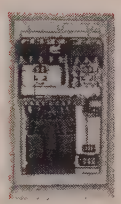


BULLETIN 534R

Magnetic Multi-Speed Starters with full selective control up to 4-speed. Overload protection.

BULLETIN 514

Combination Non-Reversing Motor Starters with front-operated motor circuit disconnect switch, permitting close ganging. Thermal overload protection. **BULLETIN 515** Combination Non-Reversing Motor Starters with air circuit breaker.



BULLETIN 554

Reduced Voltage Magnetic Compensator Starters with adjustable pneumatic timer and overload protection.

BULLETIN 950

Solenoid Type Relays in any combination of normally open and closed circuits, up to 12 circuits. 0 to 600 volts.

PUSHBUTTON STATIONS

A complete line of standard and heavy duty stations in watertight enclosures as well as for hazardous locations. Surface and flush mounting.

OTHER NOARK STARTERS

BULLETIN 424

Reversing Manual Motor Starters.

BULLETIN 4345

Two-Speed Manual Motor Starters.

BULLETIN 454

Manual Reduced Voltage Starter.

BULLETIN 502

Magnetic Contactors with auxiliary contact for 3-wire control.

BULLETIN 522

Reversing Contactors.

BULLETIN 524

Reversing Starters with thermal overload protection.

BULLETIN 528

Combination Reversing Starters with motor circuit disconnect switch.

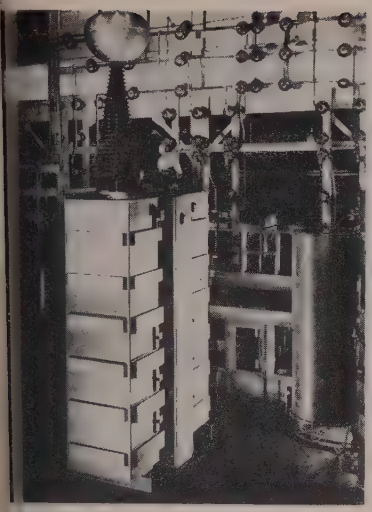
BULLETIN 529

Combination Reversing Starters with air circuit breaker.

For complete specifications write to Federal Electric Products Co., Industria Control Division, 1429 Park Street Hartford 1, Conn.

Federal Noark products: Stab-lok Circuit Breakers, Motor Controls, Safety Switches, Service Equipment, Industrial Circuit Breakers, Panelboards, Switchboards, Control Centers, Bus Duct — **Pacific Electric Manufacturing Company products:** High voltage circuit breakers and power switches ★ Sales offices in principal cities.

FEDERAL NOARK®



perience gained in building and cessfully testing this 600-kv, sin- phase power transformer is be- put to use by Allis-Chalmers in structing six 345-kv, 200,000-kva o transformers for Bonneville Pow- Administration. A-C engineers pre- "big apple" corona shields will come familiar sights in the future

---

upon the Linde torch of the e originally designed for cut- heavy sections of stainless l. It has been entirely adequate our present casting rate cutting ough any of the sections which have cast in about 12 seconds. lthough the term continuous ing is generally applied to this cedure, we have found that our hine is easy to start and stop. always start on a dummy bar ch is a close fit with the mold extends to the pinch rolls. If ation is interrupted, we can out the casting, replace the my bar, and start again in a tively short time; thus, metal ly need not be continuous.

Economic Considerations

peration of this pilot unit has closely observed by our ac- ting department and although studies are quite interesting, economics of a continuous cast- machine are dependent upon al obvious principles.

has been determined by ac- experience that the yield from en metal to finished stainless bar can be increased at least er cent when continuous cast- s used in the place of casting gular hot topped ingot molds.

Wrap Out Rust

with NOX-RUST Vapor-Wrapper

New Chemically Active Paper

Gives Fast, Clean Rust-Proofing—at far lower cost!

VAPOR-WRAPPER — easy to use as wrapping paper—rust-proofs machine parts and delicate instruments at lowest cost . . . delivers them to your customers "factory-fresh."

Like many other major manufacturers, Lufkin Rule Co. uses Vapor-Wrapper to protect its delicate precision instruments from damaging rust.

Vapor-Wrapper protects *all* metal products—from cotter pins to printing presses. It economically blocks rust formation on products being shipped or stored.

The chemical *within* Vapor-Wrapper—an exclusive development of NOX-RUST laboratories—makes moisture-laden air non-corrosive . . . *without the need for an air-tight package . . . without deposits forming on the metal.* You can cut costs and improve service with Vapor-Wrapper!

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We also know that the operation of a continuous casting machine is more expensive than the cost of teeming in our regular molds.

First Cost—The machine should cost from one half million to a million dollars. It will require from four to six men to operate it, and the actual casting rate will be less than the teeming rate. From this estimate of initial cost and labor involved, estimates of the cost of continuous casting can be made.

This increased cost can be measured against the desirability of increase in yield. In the stainless steel business, considerable effort is taken to increase yields one or two per cent, and it is an inspiring goal to realize that we can make at least a 10 per cent increase in yield with this machine.

Viewpoint Varies—The view on the first cost of a machine will vary considerably by companies. To a company that possesses excellent, modern blooming equipment and everything that goes with the teeming phase of steelmaking, continuous casting would mean an additional capital investment; if plans are made for a new s mill or a mill not integrated w the normal casting facilities without a large blooming mill, capital investment for a continu casting machine to deliver bi size material is comparatively l

Based upon these simple obse ations of economics, it is tempt to make some predictions rega ing the future of continuous ca ing. We think well enough of that we are now designing, w the help of the patent owners, C tinuous Metalcast Co. Inc., a with the Freyn Engineering Di sion of Koppers Co., a new prod tion machine.

Output Multiplied—We are c sidering equipment that will ha 150 sq in of capacity, and we wa about 120 ipm casting speed. W would expect a wide range of cap ity depending upon sizes a grades, but certainly it should p duce up to 20 tons an hour as single strand caster, and we belie it entirely logical to double t rate with a two section machi

It is too soon for us to say wh the eventual effect of continu casting will be upon steel mill sign, but if you could watch t pilot unit and see its smooth simple operation and the quality the product that it regularly tu out, you would realize that continuous casting process is which will concern us all in future and should not be sold sh

MEANS BETTER COLD-ROLL FORMING

▶ TUBING ROLLS

▶ FORMING ROLLS

▶ *To your specification or ARDCOR design —for all makes of roll forming machines*

Made of ARDCORLOY—a special alloy steel.

Maximum production speeds—better products. Any desired profile up to 36 inches in diameter.

Also, manufacturers of Straightening, Pinch and Leveller Rolls to customer's specifications.

American ROLLER DIE CORPORATION

29520 Clayton • Cleveland (Wickliffe), Ohio

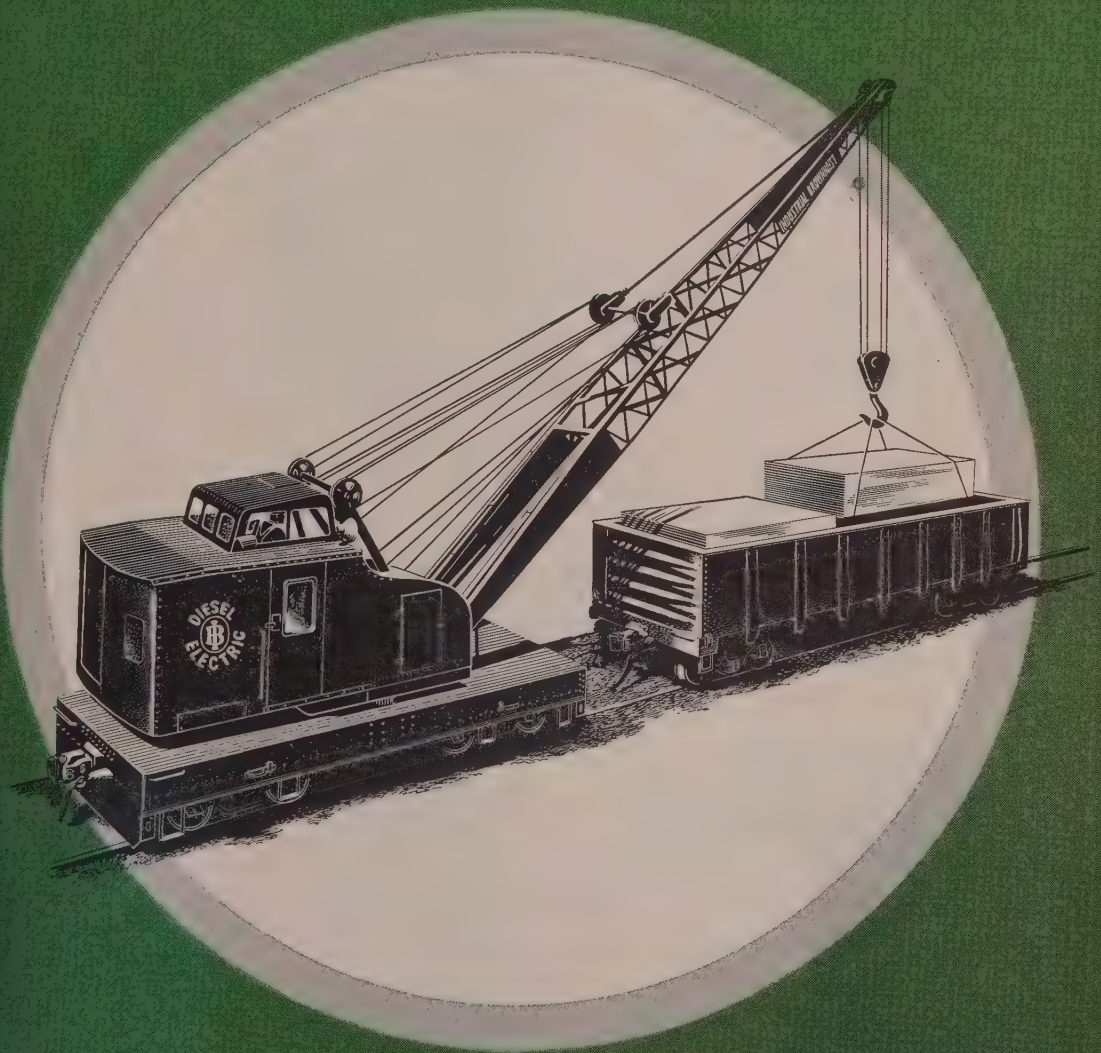
Drying Time 20 Seconds

NEW TECHNIQUE for rapid ing of protective and decor coatings of inks, paints, and nishes has been developed Armour Research Founda Illinois Institute of Technolog a project sponsored by Meye Co.

The process, called Chem shortens the drying time on c products from 24 hours to 2 to 20 seconds. The metho unveiled recently in a pilot preview at the foundation's istry and chemical engine building in Chicago.

Combining quality with re costs for metal decorating an coating, the process hardens ings of drying oils and resin few seconds without the heat.

BROWNHOIST Diesel Electric Cranes save time, save labor, save money



Men who know cranes are quick to recognize the fact that Industrial Brownhoist Diesel Electric Locomotive-Cranes provide savings in man-hours, production time and money. Brownhoist Cranes, powerful, efficient units with high tractive power and rapid acceleration, give top performance as a switch engine or as a crane operating magnet, hook or bucket. The patented Monitor-Type Cab and Clear-Vision Boom permit unlimited 360° visibility that helps the operator safely turn out a greater volume of work. The simplified design and accessibility of the moving parts make Brownhoist Cranes easy to maintain and repair. Brownhoist builds Locomotive-Cranes in capacities from 25 to 80 tons.

Write today for complete information.

155

CLAMSHELL BUCKET 250 TON WRECKING CRANE COAL-ORE BRIDGE CAR DUMPER

BROWNHOIST builds better cranes

DUSTRIAL BROWNHOIST CORPORATION, BAY CITY, MICHIGAN • DISTRICT OFFICES: New York, Philadelphia, Cleveland, Francisco, Chicago, Canadian Brownhoist, Ltd., Montreal, Quebec • AGENCIES: Detroit, Birmingham, Houston, Los Angeles

TOUGH JOBS made easy

At American Steel Foundries' plant in Newark, New Jersey, inspection of heavy steel castings is made easy by Westinghouse Industrial X-ray equipment. Reason: extreme *flexibility*.

1 Thick *or* thin materials take less time to radiograph. Westinghouse *Constant Potential* high voltage generator produces more X-rays per KV and does it over the 30-250 KV range.

2 Less time required for positioning. Jib crane tubestand carries tubehead 6′ vertically above a minimum 33″ target-floor distance and 10′ horizontally while moving approximately 270° around vertical column. Additional angulation built in.

Westinghouse assures you the finest, most flexible X-ray tools for your inspection jobs *plus* a coast-to-coast staff of technical experts. Call your Westinghouse X-ray representative or write Westinghouse Electric Corporation, 2519 Wilkens Avenue, Baltimore 3, Maryland.

WESTINGHOUSE 250 KV JIB CRANE UNIT

J-08264

YOU CAN BE SURE...IF IT'S

Westinghouse

Salt Bath Furnaces Gain

Average kw capacity of f naces doubles in past ten yea Number of applications grov

MORE THAN 4000 manufactur of metal products have instal modern electric salt bath furna to perform heat-treating proces previously impossible or relativ inefficient, according to L. B. R seau, vice-president, Ajax Elect Co. Inc., Philadelphia, who rece ly presented an illustrated talk this subject at the Cincinnati Ch ter of the American Society Metals.

Among the salt bath furnace a plications which have become co mon in the last ten years, acco ing to Mr. Rosseau, are:

1. Neutral hardening of steels without oxidation or scaling, a without adding to or subtracti from the carbon content.

2. Hardening of high-speed to where temperatures as high 2400° F are needed but where su faces must remain clean and fr of imperfections.

3. Cyaniding to impart a sh low, file-hard case in a relative short time.

4. Carburizing to add carbon u formly to the steel's surface.

5. Interrupted quenching—au tempering, martempering and c clic annealing.

6. Solution heat-treating of no ferrous metals, particularly alur num and copper.

7. Descaling and desanding w a minimum loss of the metal tre ed—well below ½ of 1 per ce compared to losses up to 4 cent in older processes.

Top Quality—"In most insta tions, quality control is the pa mount consideration," Mr. Ross said. "Spoiling a single day's p duction of high-speed tool s by faulty heat-treating would volve a loss greater than the t tal cost of a modern salt bath nace installation."

He said that the average bath furnace in 1952 had a nected load capacity of about kw, compared to 50 kw in 1 Salt bath furnaces range in up to 40 feet in length, 20 fe depth and 8 feet in width, and descaling and desanding unit a capacity of 300,000 pound salt.

SCREWS, BOLTS AND NUTS in over 10,000 standard sizes, types, head styles and finishes. Special cold headed fasteners and other products.

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standard special

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WHY IT PAYS TO BUY STEEL FROM WAREHOUSE

You don't need to invest in expensive cutting equipment !

WHEN YOU BUY STEEL FROM WAREHOUSE YOU GET:

- LOWER INVENTORY COSTS
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- LOWER TIME COSTS
- LOWER CAPITAL INVESTMENT
- FASTER PRODUCTION
- FEWER INVENTORY LOSSES

TYING up money in large, expensive steel-cutting machinery is something you can avoid, if you wish. Yet you can have your cutting done on the most modern equipment available. When you order your steel from U.S. Steel Supply, specify just how you want it cut. We will meet these specifications exactly. For example, our flame cutting equipment will follow the most complicated patterns without error and turn out finished shapes precisely as you want them. Your U.S. Steel Supply salesman will give you complete information about our cutting services.

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UNITED STATES STEEL

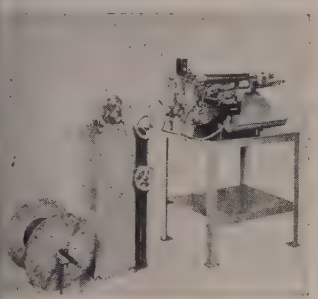
NEW PRODUCTS and equipment

Reply card on page 279 will bring you more information on any new products and equipment in this issue

tomatic Wire Prefeeder

. . . means even cut lengths

Users of large or heavy reels in re measuring, cutting and strip- g machine operations will find lication for this automatic wire feeder. When large or heavy



s are used, pull of the wire dur- feeding stroke sometimes re- s in uneven cutting lengths, aged insulation and excessive r on machine. The prefeeder ates at a speed synchronized the setting of the machine f.

is equipped with a scale for ing to the same reading as the e on the stripping machine. s Engineering Co., Dept. ST, S. 28th St., Milwaukee 46,

MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 1

hanical Comparator

. . . for assembly line checking

oducto-Chek lightweight me- ical comparator makes it eco- ical to apply advantageous arator method to assembly checking operations. Size set- can be made rapidly because ree adjustments. A lead screw ne column provides coarse ad- nent and facilitates rapid h positioning of the head. e are two fine adjustments: One, a thumb screw type, moves the gaging head slightly up or down; the other is a lever by which the dial scale is moved from left to

right for minute zeroing movements.

Gaging head features double reed amplifying system that obviates use of gear trains, levers, racks and pinions. DoAll Co., Dept. ST, 254 N. Laurel Ave., Des Plaines, Ill.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 2

Low Temperature Alloy Sprayers

. . . close texture control

Two low-temperature alloy sprayers, designed for close temperature and spray texture con-

trol, are electrically heated, self contained units. They have nickel-chrome heating elements and sensitive temperature controls. Air requirements are 3½ cfm at 35 to 75 pounds pressure.

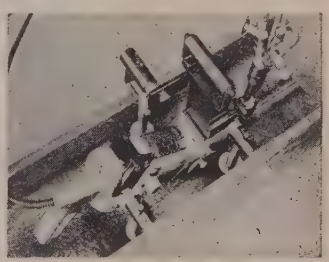
Both units can be used for intermittent or production spraying and incorporate crucible construction that insures closest balance of thermal relationships between thermostat, heating elements and heated mass. All parts are interchangeable. Alloys in billet, wire, rod or powder form can be handled. Forrester Co., Dept. ST, 895 29th Ave., San Francisco 14, Calif.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 3

Flame Cutting Machine

. . . straight cuts in I-beams

Model HP Cadet flame cutting machine is designed for making clean, accurate longitudinal cuts



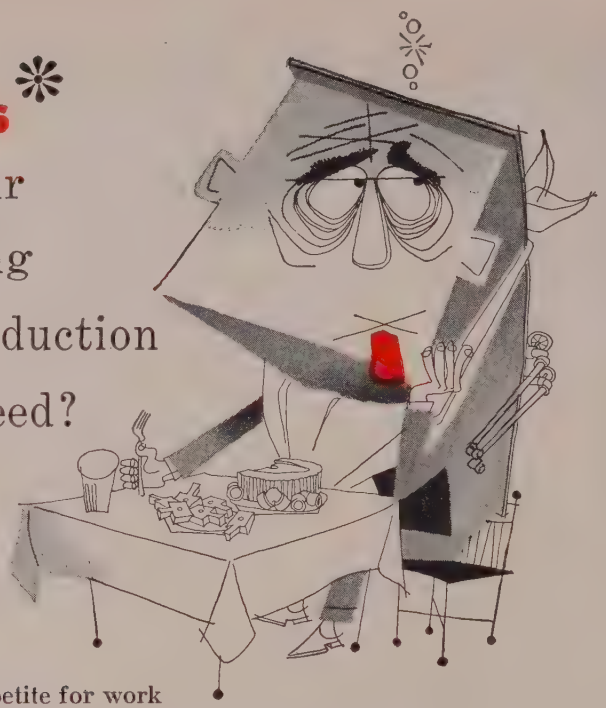
through webs of I-beams and wide flange beams. Guided by three lateral adjustable rollers, it makes straight longitudinal cuts from 5½ to 11¾ inches.

It can also be used for straight cuts or for cutting limited irregular shapes from plates. The machine is guided automatically by two fixed rollers running along a 1½ to 2½-inch steel strip or angle iron previously fastened to the plate. Speed of travel and gas flow to the torch are controlled by fingertip adjustments on the handle. Machine is adaptable for use with acetylene, propane or hy-

does

coil-itis

have your processing tank production off its feed?



When the appetite for work of your heating and cooling processes diminishes, the trouble may well be coil-itis. For, downtime due to pipe failures and limitations can seriously delay your production flow. Switch to Platecoils, the new tonic for production, as revolutionary as the new wonder drugs. Platecoils take 50% less tank space leaving more room for greater payload. They heat or cool 50% faster. They simplify maintenance and save hours of downtime. Equally important, Platecoils cost as much as 50% less in the first place. Platecoils cure production troubles involving heat transfer and give production a shot in the arm.

Write for Bulletin P72 today!

PLATECOILS SAVE 50% IN HEAT TRANSFER COSTS

PLATECOILS ELIMINATE A 6-TO-8 HOUR-A-DAY CHIPPING JOB

At Sealed Power Corp., installation of Platecoils has completely eliminated a 6-to-8 hour-a-day chipping job. Three Platecoils now heat a tank that previously took 4 pipe coils. Ask about other case histories.

PLATECOIL

REPLACES PIPE COILS

Coil-itis — Diagnosed as tank heating and cooling problems. Platecoils — the prescription for solving pipe coil problems.

PLATECOIL DIVISION, TRANTER MANUFACTURING, inc., LANSING 4, MICHIGAN

NEW PRODUCTS and equipment

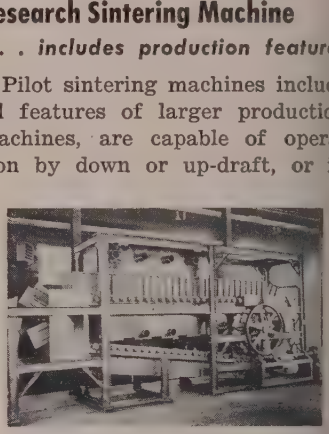
drogen gases. Weight of the en tire machine, including guide rol ers, is only 29 pounds for eas portability. American Pullma Co. Inc., Dept. ST, 2455 N. She field Ave., Chicago 14, Ill.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 4

Research Sintering Machine

. . . includes production feature

Pilot sintering machines includ all features of larger productio machines, are capable of opera tion by down or up-draft, or i



combination. Gases can be recir culated either by pressure or suc tion for full heat recuperation o gas enrichment. Admission of fre air can be controlled to meet proc ess requirements.

Pallet sides are removable an can be furnished in varyin heights to enable investigatio under operating conditions invol ing several bed depths. Machin is designed for intermittent continuous operation with equ output efficiency. Sintering M chinery Corp., Dept. ST, 316 Si ter Ave., Netcong, N. J.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 5

Multiple Clamping Device

. . . takes ten parts at once

This device clamps up to t parts at once by compensating tomatically for size differences. t provides a definite mechanical l for parts that are hard or s regular or irregular in contour. compensaing equalizers can

USE A REPLY CARD

Just circle the corresponding number of any item in this section for more information.

NFORMATION

AVAILABLE FOR THE ASKING

Air Motors

ngersoll-Rand—"Air Motors Solve gh Control and Drive Problems" itle of 12-page illustrated brochure 2. It contains design and appli- on data on series of multi-vane piston type air motors. Speci- ions are given for motors with to 24 hp and 21,000 to 19 rpm. ous accessories are shown.

Maintaining Floors

ulti-Clean Products, Inc.—Proce- es for cleaning asphalt, concrete, azo, rubber, wood and linoleum ing and operating information various Multi-Clean floor ma- es are detailed in 40-page illus- d handbook No. 1000.

Rolling Mill Equipment

rgan Engineering Co.—36-page tin 16A contains illustrations of ous pieces of rolling mill equip- t, including blooming and rough- mills, tables and manipulators, ing, plate and universal mills, ut tables, three-high stands, ver- roll edger, etc.

Heavy Duty Cranes

rthern Engineering Works — truction features of Northern r-Cranes are to be found in 8- illustrated bulletin SE-108. ous types of end trucks are n, along with Super Trolleys. vision cabs are featured.

Coolant Compound

ke Brothers Refining Co. — c Compound is a paste which, properly dissolved in water, to cool, lubricate, impart a finish to the product and length- ool life. As described in data F5-252, it is suitable for use illing, drilling, grinding, lathe g, boring, broaching, threading ther operations.

Drill Pipe & Tool Joints

ional Supply Co., Spang-Chal- Div.—Spangweld and Spang seal shrink thread drill pipe and tool joints are subjects of 24-page bulletin No. 385. Well illustrated, it outlines problems of drill pipe use, steps for their solution and 17 rules for use and care of drill pipe. Four pages of tables give specs for available types and sizes.

76. Presses

Cleveland Crane & Engineering Co. —Bending, braking, punching, blanking, drawing and corrugating can be performed on Steelweld presses, subject of illustrated form 2010-F of 8 pages. Various models, construction features, specifications and bed, ram and die data are presented.

77. Soot Blowers

Continental Foundry & Machine Co., Copes-Vulcan Div.—Fifteen central station installations of Vulcan automatic sequential soot blower systems are discussed in 32-page illustrated bulletin 1004. Power and reheat boilers with capacities to 1,370,000 lb per hour and pressures to 1925 psi are included.

78. Work Gloves

C. Walker Jones Co.—Work gloves, gauntlets and work glove protectors are featured in 12-page illustrated catalog No. 25. Heat and abrasion resistant and other specialized cloths are shown by application photographs, as are the available styles and sizes for both men and women.

79. Shovel Cranes

Link-Belt Speeder Corp.—Crawler, truck and wheel-mounted shovel cranes of ½-yard capacities are described in illustrated bulletin No. 2428 In addition to showing construction features of various models, working photographs are given and the fully hydraulic control system explained.

10-12-53

STEEL
Penton Building, Cleveland 13, Ohio

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80. Gear Speed Reducers

D. O. James Gear Mfg. Co. — 88 pages of engineering data and prices in catalog No. 47-B will assist in selection of proper gear reducer for specific power transmission problems. Subdivisions cover motorized gear speed reducers, motor reducers and gear speed reducers. Units come in 35 sizes in ranges from ¾ to 75 hp with ratios of 1.2:1 to 1200:1.

81. Friction Saws

Kling Bros. Engineering Works—Cutting capacities in cold steel and specification of high speed friction saws are featured in 4-page bulletin 9200. Standard equipment is described as well as such accessories as a centrifugal water pump and blade dressing machine. Blades range in diameter from 24½ to 60 in.

82. Punch Presses

L & J Press Corp.—Plain flywheel and back geared open back inclinable punch presses are subject of illustrated form L-10. Identified as series 7, they have 80-ton capacities. Complete specifications, construction features and optional equipment are all detailed.

83. Broaching Machines

Lapointe Machine Tool Co.—Series HP horizontal broaching machines are subject of 6-page illustrated folder. Eight models have strokes ranging from 30 to 78 in. Dimensional drawings and complete specs are given, and such features as special hydraulic circuit and push-button control system briefly described.

84. Conveyor Systems

Allied Steel & Conveyors, Inc.—Some evidence of the diversity of Allied conveyors and materials handling systems is provided by 8-page catalog 953. Installations shown and described include combinations of various types of conveyors, multiple transferring operations and fully automatic complete materials handling systems.

85. Vacuum Cleaning

Lamson Corp., Billmyre Blower Div.—Diagrams and photographs help bulletin D-5 describe the Exidust central vacuum cleaning system for industry. Equipment consists of exhauster attached to permanently i stalled piping system which has co nection where required for attachi conventional vacuum cleaning too Dusts are separated in multiple f ters, and can be retained if desir

86. Inserted Cutters

Ingersoll Milling Machine Co. 72-page illustrated catalog No. 6 deals with inserted blade milling a boring cutters and includes data carbide milling of steel, tool selectio cutting methods and cutter grin Ordering information is given on full range of standard cutters.

EDITORIA ARTICLES

Available in Limited Quantiti

87. Type 430 Stainless

With nickel-bearing steel still the defense list, type 430 stainless passing outdoor corrosion tests wi flying colors. One exception is seve marine atmospheres. Further data 430's corrosion resistance is present in STEEL article "430 Stainless Hardy Civilian" by A. H. Thom Chief Chemist, Armco Research La oratories.

88. Batch Heat Treating

Job-lot heat treatment of differ small parts and changing designs mand product and process flexibil This can be realized by use of bat type furnaces. Read STEEL art "Batch Heat Treating Is Versat by F. Crahen, Jack & Heintz me lurgical engineer.

89. Carbon Steel Bars

Part III of STEEL article "G for Selection of Carbon Steel B by G. P. Witteman, Bethlehem S Co. metallurgical engineer, tells grade and type of bar required be determined by product speci tions. Based on use requirements, can be reduced to 12 general pro groups. These are given in three sheets.

90. Gear Deburring

Yale & Towne Mfg. Co. has d oped brush deburring of gears i mass production method that more than 1000 hours a year parts alone. Setup employs bru machine made by Osborn Mfg which is adapted to 129 diff parts. Read STEEL article "Gea burring . . . Brush Setup Ma Production Pace," by W. J. M Yale & Towne tool engineer.

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Penton Building, Cleveland 13, Ohio

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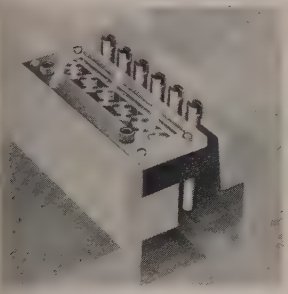
NEW PRODUCTS and equipment

ed to all types of vises for ng, grinding, etc., and used as onents of jigs and fixtures. parate sliding jaws—one per piece in multiple machining



r backed up by a chamber of ng vertical rollers. These roll- hift position to exert equal ure on each jaw. Jaws are in the unit by a common key permits sufficient movement ch for automatic individual p. Design Aids Co., Dept. ST, h St., Newark 7, N. J.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 6

Nonshrink Laminating Resins

100% solids content

o nonshrink laminating resins odified epoxy resins that have er cent solids content and will ettle. Tests indicate both are

rosive. Neither is brittle and re easy to handle, apply and t room temperature. ial facilities and equipment ot required. The resins are rimarily with glass cloth re-

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Just circle the corresponding number of any item in this section for more information.

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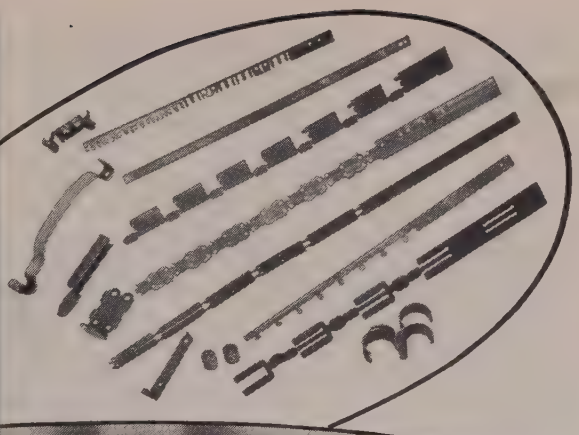
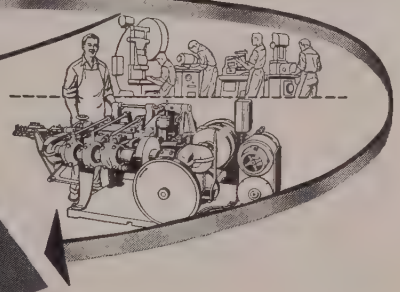
Save Labor



NILSON FOUR-SLIDE



Wire and Ribbon Metal FORMING MACHINES

Mounting production costs are driving firms out of the competitive picture. Too much scrap metal! Too many single operation machines! Too many operators! This whole picture can be changed to a highly profitable operation. Install a NILSON combination press and 4-Slide forming machine. This machine takes wire or ribbon metal directly from the coil, straightens, feeds, pierces, blanks, swages, stamps, or coins, cuts off and forms . . . automatically in one quick precise operation. See the new picture? . . . Increased production! Minimum scrap metal! One machine for all operations! One operator!

For specific recommendations . . . send details of your operation.

THERE'S NOTHING LIKE A NILSON

NILSON has been specializing in Forming Equipment for over 50 years.

THE A. H. NILSON MACHINE COMPANY

1512 Railroad Avenue • Bridgeport 5, Connecticut

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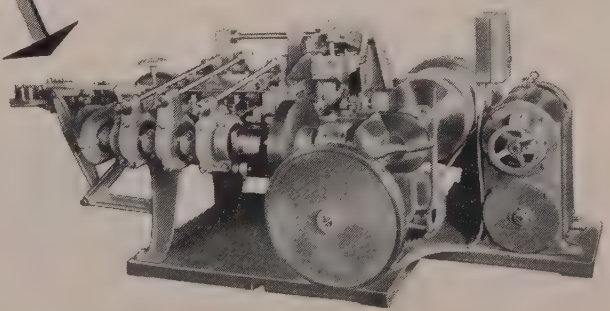


PRECISION

TO LESS THAN .0005 INCH

on H & S worms and worm gears

• Checking an H & S Worm & Gear on a precision inspection fixture for accuracy to less than .0005″ on both indexing and lead...an accuracy that insures perfect thread contour and balance. These exceedingly close limits are obtained by the company's use of its own exclusively designed grinding machines. It's precision in manufacturing that insures higher efficiency, longer life and quieter operation. Yet this extreme precision is only one of seven outstanding features that are your guarantee of the finest worms and gears possible.

THE HORSBURGH & SCOTT CO.

GEARS AND SPEED REDUCERS

5112 HAMILTON AVE. • CLEVELAND 14, OHIO, U. S. A.

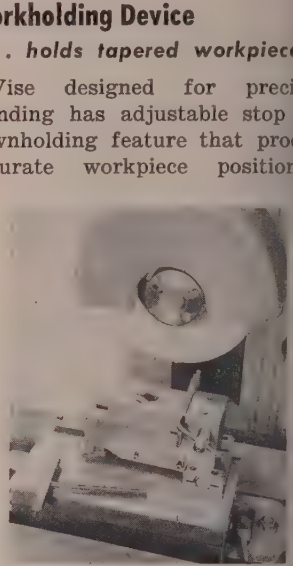
Send note on Company Letterhead for 488-Page Catalog 49

inforcing in such tooling appli
tions as fabrication of jigs and
tures, models, prototypes and
masters. Rezoline Inc., 5736
96th St., Los Angeles 45, Calif
FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO.

Workholding Device

. . . holds tapered workpieces

Vise designed for precis
grinding has adjustable stop
downholding feature that prod
accurate workpiece positioni



Clamping jaw swivels to al
holding of tapered and odd-sha
workpieces. It holds round s
from 1/16 inch to 2½ inches
ameter in v-block fashion.

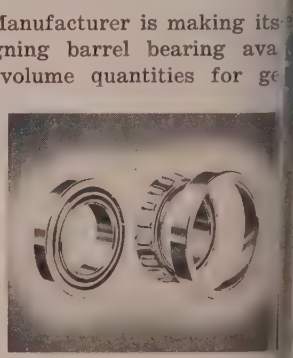
Jaw is attachable to angle pl
v-block and sine angle plates
0.100-inch recess for small an
Range of jaw opening is 0
inches. J & S Tool Co. Inc.,
ST, 644 W. Mt. Pleasant Ave.,
ingston, N. J.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO

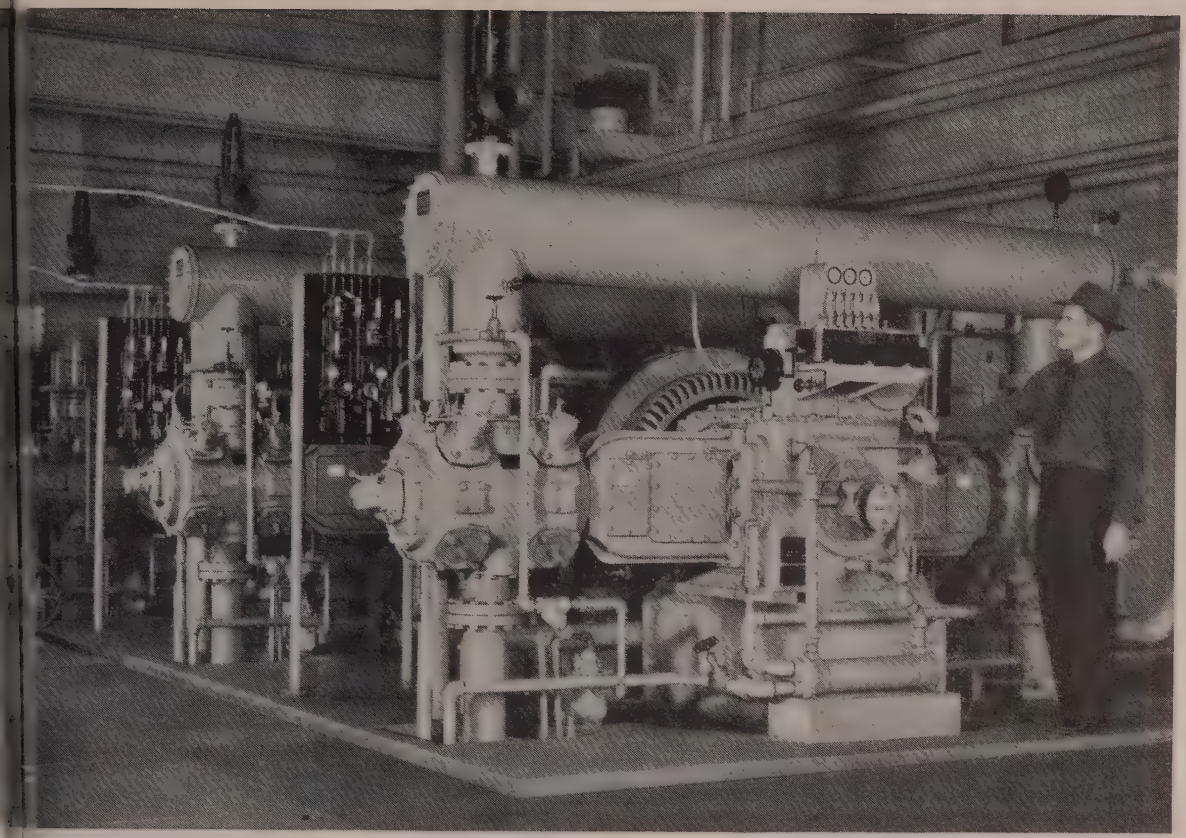
Barrel Bearing

. . . takes radial, thrust load

Manufacturer is making its
aligning barrel bearing ava
in volume quantities for g



industrial application. Accu
ground barrel-shaped rollers
bined with precise race co



Compact, totally enclosed Clark Compressors cut space and building costs in Packard's Jet Engine Power Plant

Compressed air for all manufacturing operations in Packard Motor Company's new jet engine plant, Utica, Michigan, is furnished by three Clark 200 hp Balanced/Opposed Motor Driven Compressors.

Because of their totally enclosed, dust-proof design, Packard was able to install the units directly behind the boilers, with no partition wall between. Floor-space requirements and building costs were thus reduced.

By selecting the compact Clark CMA-2, Packard was able to provide the flexibility of a three-unit installation, within an exceptionally small space, to meet varying plant air demands.

For *any* industrial air compressor applications in the 150-4500 hp range — compact, vibrationless Clark Balanced/Opposed Compressors are your most practical answer. Complete information is in Bulletin 118, available on request!

CLARK BROS. CO. • OLEAN, N. Y.

Division of Dresser Operations, Inc.

Sales Offices In Principal Cities Throughout the World

CISION BY THE TON **CLARK** balanced/opposed compressors

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STEEL

British Columbia's signpost has shown industrialists the way to remarkable rewards in the fields of forestry, mining, fisheries, agriculture and manufacturing. Now the time is **right**, and this fastest-growing Province in Canada is **ready**, to point out the path of progress and profit to the makers of STEEL!

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Parliament Bldgs. Victoria, B. C.
E. G. ROWEBOTTOM, Deputy Minister.
HON. RALPH CHETWYND, Minister

NEW PRODUCTS and equipment

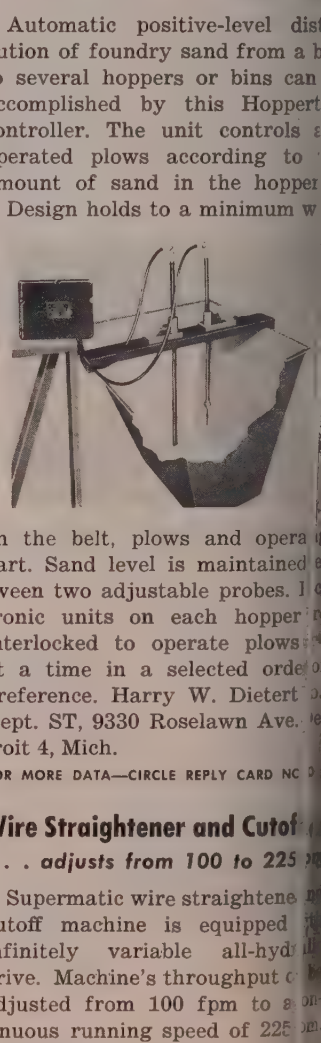
provide maximum load carrying
pacity throughout a wide range
operating conditions.

These angular contact beari
are designed to sustain rad
thrust or combination loads
are freely self-aligning. Conditi
of shaft misalignment do not int
fere with their operation. Hy
Bearings Division, General Mot
Corp., Dept. ST, Harrison, N.
FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO.

Foundry Sand Distributor

. . . positive-level distribution

Automatic positive-level dis
bution of foundry sand from a
to several hoppers or bins can
accomplished by this Hoppert
controller. The unit controls
operated plows according to
amount of sand in the hopper
Design holds to a minimum w



on the belt, plows and opera
part. Sand level is maintained
tween two adjustable probes.
tronic units on each hopper
interlocked to operate plows
at a time in a selected orde
preference. Harry W. Dietert
Dept. ST, 9330 Roselawn Ave.
troit 4, Mich.
FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO

Wire Straightener and Cutof

. . . adjusts from 100 to 225

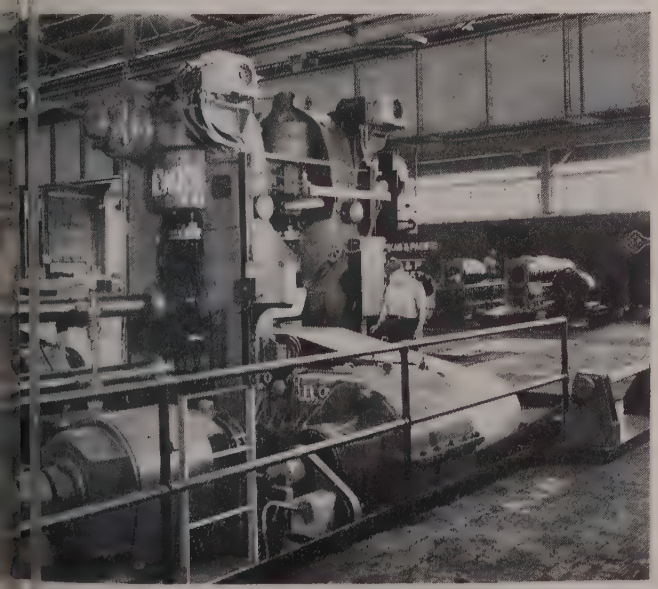
Supermatic wire straightene
cutoff machine is equipped
infinitely variable all-hyd
drive. Machine's throughput
adjusted from 100 fpm to
tinuous running speed of 225
with intermittent duty at 250

Hydraulic drive features i
starting and stopping. M
will go from full speed forw
full reverse instantaneously
to hydraulic circuits.

Shear is completely hydra

"It's a real 'bonus' maker"

Entry side showing unwinder and paper reel



Exit side showing winder and paper reel

That's the expressed opinion of roll bosses who have noted the high productive capacity and extreme accuracy of gauge of the new

28" x 42" TWO-HIGH

LEWIS

SKIN PASS

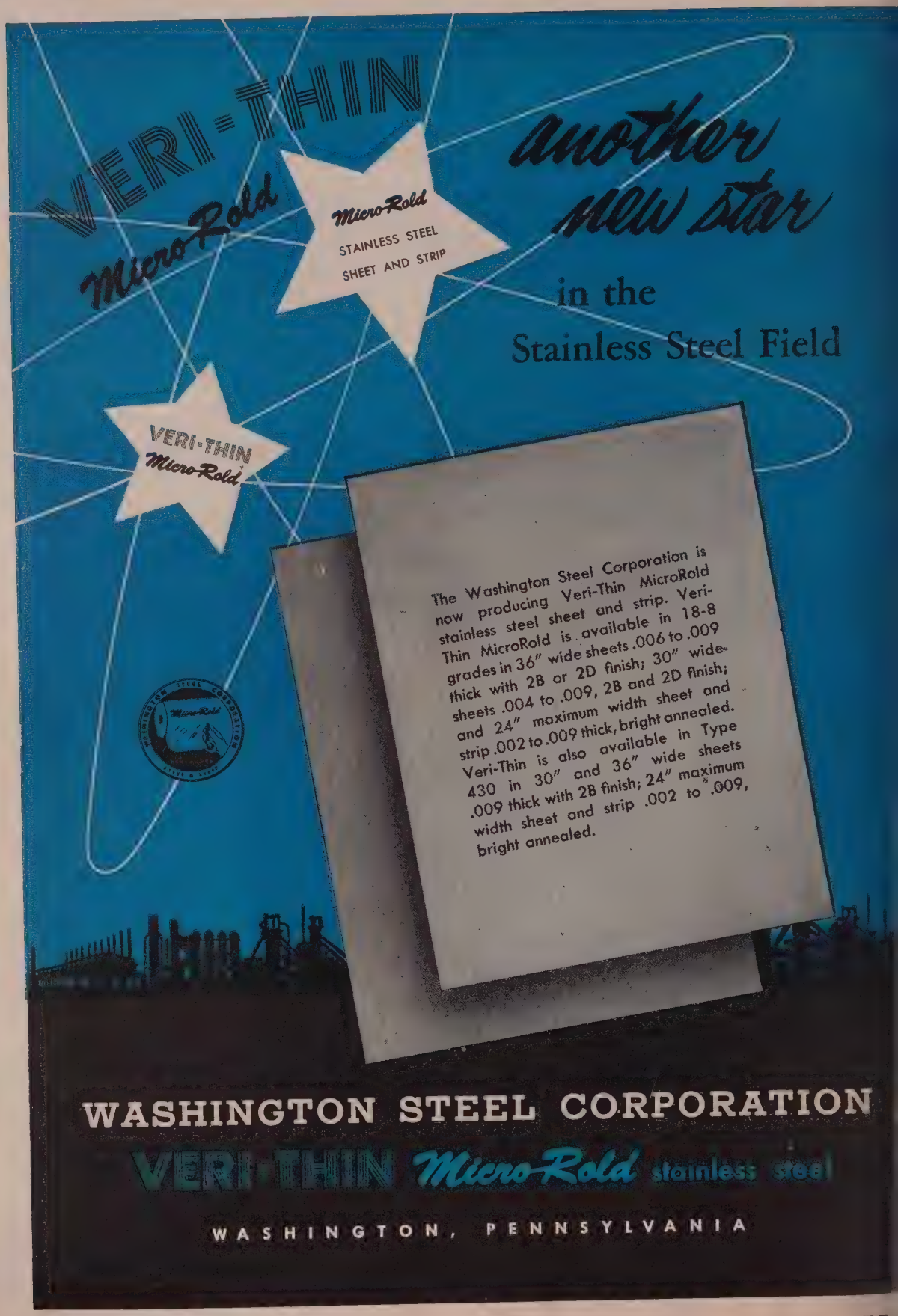
MILL

Like all Lewis equipment, this efficient mill was designed by experienced engineers who know the problems of both owners and operators. If your operation also could profit from this high-speed finisher we would be pleased to discuss details.

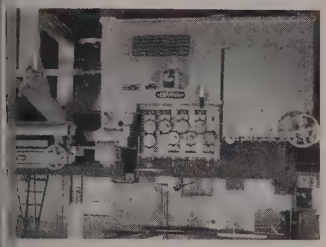
BLAW-KNOX

BLAW-KNOX COMPANY
LEWIS MACHINERY DIVISION
PITTSBURGH 22, PA.

BLAW-KNOX


VERI-THIN
Micro-Rold
another new star
in the
Stainless Steel Field
Micro-Rold
STAINLESS STEEL
SHEET AND STRIP
VERI-THIN
Micro-Rold
The Washington Steel Corporation is now producing Veri-Thin MicroRold stainless steel sheet and strip. Veri-Thin MicroRold is available in 18-8 grades in 36" wide sheets .006 to .009 thick with 2B or 2D finish; 30" wide sheets .004 to .009, 2B and 2D finish; and 24" maximum width sheet and strip .002 to .009 thick, bright annealed. Veri-Thin is also available in Type 430 in 30" and 36" wide sheets .009 thick with 2B finish; 24" maximum width sheet and strip .002 to .009, bright annealed.
WASHINGTON STEEL CORPORATION
VERI-THIN Micro-Rold stainless steel
WASHINGTON, PENNSYLVANIA

ration, actuated by electric de- that can be set for a predeter- ed cut length. All rolls are ad- cable to assure proper centerline



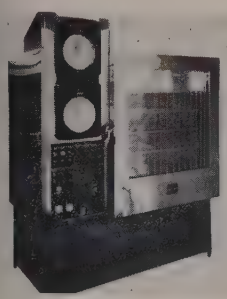
s. Machine delivers a finished oot long wire every 3¼ sec- s. Medart Co., Dept. ST, 3535 Calb St., St. Louis 18, Mo.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 11

nosphere Control Cabinet

. limits: −20 to +200°F

odel 15-CF atmosphere control net is redesigned for any type moisture-vapor testing within ts of minus 20° F to plus 200° ith relative humidity of 18 per



to slightly under 100 per cent. his type of cabinet is used pri- ily for testing all types of pack- g materials, tools, or metal- ical samples that may be affect- by temperature or humidity. kage Materials Laboratories Dept. ST, 461 Crescent Rd., oro, Pa.

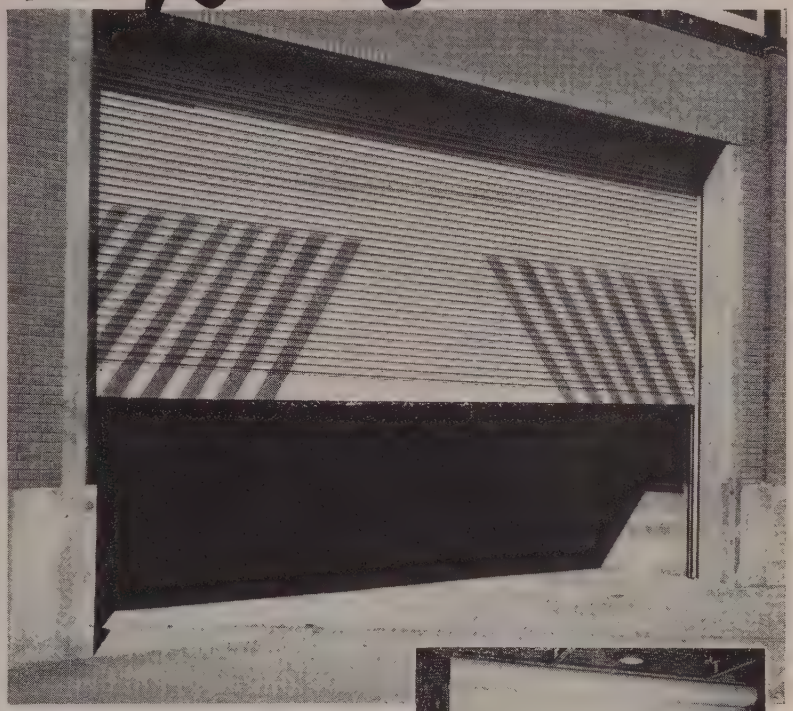
FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 12

r-Resistant Floor Surface

over concrete, wood or brick

etile floor provides a wear-re- nt surface suitable for use in s subjected to the most severe of hard industrial operation. nsists of steel plates of about ft embedded in specially-in- ed concrete. The plate is con- cted so numerous anchorage

KINNEAR Rolling Doors



Greater Efficiency SAVES Time, Space, and Money

Every Kinnear Door is tailored to fit the individual opening, in old or new buildings. Coiling neatly above the lintel, they open straight up — can't interfere with traffic or other plant activity. A half-century of use under the most difficult conditions gives complete proof of the Kinnear Door's capacity for years of hard, constant service.

They save money because their rugged, all-steel, interlocking slat curtain assures long life and low maintenance costs, plus *extra* protection against fire, intrusion, or wind damage. Slat surfaces are heavily zinc coated by the hot-dip process, and a special Kinnear Paint Bond is applied to assure lasting paint adhesion.

They save space by opening straight up and coiling above the doorway, allowing all floor and wall space around the door to be used at all times.

They save time with their smooth, easy, gliding action. With motor operation, doors can be fully and safely controlled by push-buttons from any number of convenient locations.

Write for your copy of new catalog.

The KINNEAR Manufacturing Company

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Columbus 16, Ohio
1724 Yosemite Ave.,
San Francisco 24, Calif.
Offices and Agents in Principal Cities

Saving Ways in Doorways
KINNEAR
ROLLING DOORS

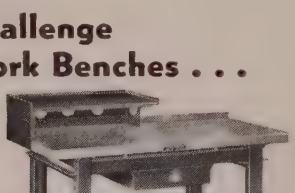
where precision counts

Specify

Challenge®

For layout, inspection, checking, lapping, assembly and welding operations . . . depend on the accuracy and stability of Challenge Precision Equipment. Mail coupon for information on Layout Surface Plates . . . Clamp Edge Layout Plates . . . Reading Tables . . . Lapping Plates . . . Welding Tables . . . Surface Plates . . . Bench Plates . . . Surface Plate Equipment.

Challenge Work Benches . . .



Four sizes. Cast iron top, two inches thick. Welded steel supports, tool box shelf, steel drawer with lock.

Challenge

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THE CHALLENGE MACHINERY CO.
GRAND HAVEN, MICHIGAN

The Challenge Machinery Co.
Grand Haven, Michigan
Send details as checked below:

☐ Layout Surface Plates ☐ Work Benches
☐ Surface Plate Equip. ☐ Welding Tables
☐ General Catalog

Name _____

Full address _____

_____

NEW PRODUCTS and equipment

points secure it to the concrete and prevent buckling or movement in either vertical or horizontal directions.

Floors are equally suitable for surfacing over new or old concrete,

sound wood bases, wood block or brick. Design permits small protected islands of the concrete bedment to surface and form an effective nonskid pattern. Flash-Stone Co., Dept. ST, 3723 Pulaski Ave., Philadelphia 40, Pa.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 13

Alloy-Cutting Nibblers

. . . cut without distortion

Turret head nibblers cut almost all alloys without distortion. Cutting accuracy applies for shapes from high alloys to ½-inch thick and milder alloys to 1 inch.

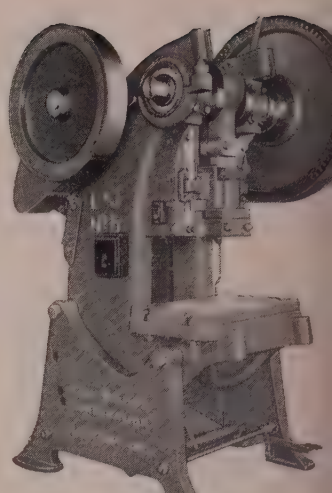
Although the machine is designed primarily to nibble, it also will shear where reasonable amount of distortion is not a factor. Tabor-Gray Mfg. Co., Dept. ST, 6225 Tacony St., Philadelphia 35, Pa.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 14

Improved Ingot Mold Coating

. . . gains blister-free coat

An improved ingot mold coating, called Masonoid 8-C4-FL, can be applied over a wide range of mold surface temperatures to gain complete blister-free coat of good



It will pay you to find out how the productivity and accuracy of

L&J PRESSES

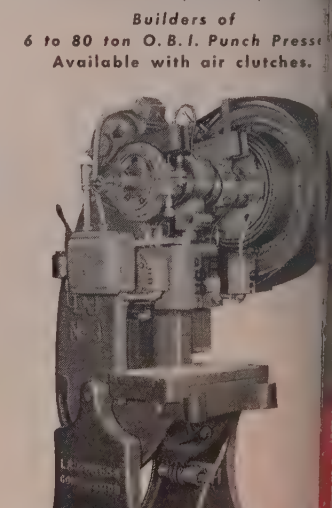
can improve your output and reduce your costs.

Write for literature

L & J PRESS CORPORATION

1628 STERLING AVE., ELKHART, INDIANA

Builders of
6 to 80 ton O. B. I. Punch Presses
Available with air clutches.



POLLOCK'S *Economic Impact in the Steel Industry*

Ever since Pollock designed and built the first steel plate blast furnace shells to replace the early stone shells, Pollock ingenuity and equipment have increased efficiency and reduced costs in steel plants throughout the world.

The modern installations pictured here were furnished by Pollock for the new Youngstown Sheet & Tube Company blast furnace and open hearth at Indiana Harbor.

They are typical of the giant accomplishments steelmakers everywhere expect of The William B. Pollock Company . . . specialists in all construction matters pertaining to the manufacture of iron and steel.

250-Ton Welded O.H. Ladle

100-Ton Hot Metal Ladle Transfer Car

400-Cu. Ft. Blast Furnace Cinder Cars

Front-flush Slag Car

THE WILLIAM B. POLLOCK COMPANY
YOUNGSTOWN OHIO

STEEL PLATE CONSTRUCTION

ENGINEERS · FABRICATORS · ERECTORS

Established 1863

adherence. Experimental runs indicate the temperature range to be from room temperature to above 700° F. Manufacturer reports controlled burning and repelling of metal splashes are other characteristics.

A water soluble organic powder, the product is used in solutions up to 35 per cent solids and can be applied by dipping, flooding or spraying. Complete solubility in water and lack of foaming permit easy preparation. Odor is reported pleasant, vapor is nontoxic. Masonite Corp., Dept. ST, Chicago 90, Ill.

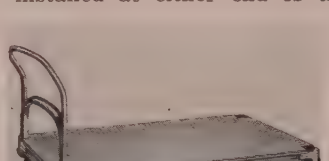
FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 15

Magnesium Platform Truck

. . . one-quarter less weight

All-magnesium, four-wheel platform truck is developed for general materials handling use. The truck is offered in ten mass-produced models, each weighing a reported one-quarter to one-third less than comparable standard equipment. All trucks in the series handle loads to 1000-pound capacity.

Handles are reversible and can be installed at either end of the



platform. They are also interchangeable, for replacement with special racks or superstructures to permit multi-purpose truck use. Magline Inc., Dept. ST, Pinconning, Mich.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 16

Machine Noise Control

. . . effective stopgap measure

Kling-Oil is a lubricating compound developed to correct vibration and noise in machines immediately until it is possible to replace worn gears that are the source of the trouble. A tacky oil, the pr uct stays in place for extens periods, does not drip or splatt

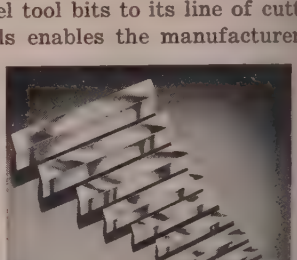
Generally, the oil is applicable all lubrication operations wh lube oil is used on a hand appl tion basis. Magnus Chemical Inc., Dept. ST, South Ave., G wood, N. J.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO.

High-Speed Steel Tool Bits

. . . square from 3/16 to 1 i

Addition of ground high sp steel tool bits to its line of cutt tools enables the manufacturer



provide finish-ground bits in sizes of squares from 3/16 t inch. Bits are accurately gro

MAY-FRAN
HINGED-STEEL CONVEYOR BELTS

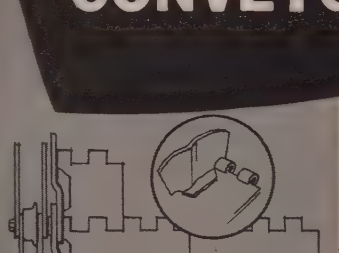


Diagram shows assembly of links, rollers, chain and side wings.

FOR MASS-PRODUCED PARTS

FOR CHIPS, TURNINGS AND BORINGS

t 0.001-inch for ease in align-
ent.

Made from a molybdenum-tung-
en alloy, the bits have good red
rdness characteristics, resist-
ce to abrasion and excellent
ghness. These factors, plus a
ll-length tool bit, indicate good
neral purpose performance on a
de variety of metals and at a
oad range of cutting speeds.
sly-Welles Corp., Dept. ST,
loit, Wis.

MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 18

ick Preheating Electrode

. source of instant heat

For uses where an acetylene
ch is impractical or impossible,
s ThermoTrode electrode serves
a source of instant heat. No
cial equipment is necessary. The
duct is inserted in an ordinary
trode holder of a direct current
welder and is ready to function.
teel core electrode features a
cially-developed flux that es-
ishes a unique type of arc. In-
stead of depositing the metal, it oxidizes with a searing blast so the

core metal disintegrates into a powder that can be brushed off easily. Eutectic Welding Alloys Corp., Dept. ST, 40-40 172 St., Flushing, N. Y.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 19

Communications System

. . . runs on one 6-v battery

Telephone-type intercommunications system, called Duo-Com, ties together separate business and industrial functions. The simplified two-phone system provides instant natural voice communication, will operate more than a year on a single 6-v battery.

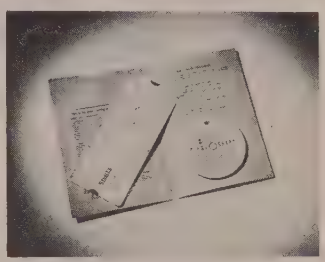
Contact between phones is made simply by lifting the receiver and depressing a button—no dialing, switchboard or press-to-talk keys. RCA Victor Division, Radio Corp. of America, Dept. ST, Camden, N.J.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 20

Fluid Selector

. . . for all machining operations

This cutting and grinding fluid selector helps determine which fluids can be used for various machining operations. Every common machining operation for steel, stainless steel, magnesium, brass,



bronze, copper, aluminum and monel is given, along with machinabil-

FOR PRESS SCRAP

Speed up your production with a MAY-FRAN automatic handling system.

CHIPS, TURNINGS AND BORINGS are continuously and automatically removed from operating machine tools with MAY-FRAN CHIP-TOTES. These outstanding units speed production by eliminating machine down-time for manual scrap removal. MAY-FRAN Conveyors can then transmit scrap to ultimate point of disposal.

PRESS SCRAP systems can be made completely automatic. MAY-FRAN Conveyors take scrap from presses, handle it through shearing and baling processes, and deliver it to railroad cars.

MASS PRODUCED PARTS can be handled automatically on MAY-FRAN Conveyors through heat treating, machining, inspection, and other operations with maximum trouble-free speed and efficiency.

Write today for detailed information

MAY-FRAN ENGINEERING, INC.

DESIGNERS AND BUILDERS OF COMPLETE HANDLING SYSTEMS

1725 CLARKSTONE ROAD • CLEVELAND 12, OHIO

1468-MF

WISCONSIN

The Name that Stands for

HEAVY-DUTY ENGINE POWER

Air-Cooled

at Its Best!

More than 500 manufacturers of mechanized machines used extensively in agricultural service, construction, materials handling, railway maintenance, mining, oil field service and many other types of heavy-duty power applications . . . specify Wisconsin Heavy-Duty Air-Cooled Engines as "original equipment". Experience has proved that this provides the best guarantee of dependable power performance and long engine life.

Power TO FIT THE JOB

Power TO FIT THE MACHINE

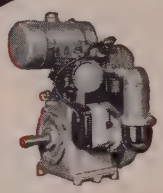
These machinery builders base their selections of Wisconsin Air-Cooled Engines on such factors as heavy-duty design and construction, low-cost operation and maintenance, foolproof AIR-COOLING, easy starting under all climatic conditions and readily available factory replacement parts and service at all times, through a solidly established, dependable source.

Of prime interest, also, is the fact that Wisconsin Engines, because of their relatively light weight and compact design, can be fitted into your equipment without costly re-designing of the machine itself. Wisconsin Motor engineering service is always available to assist the original equipment manufacturer in utilizing to the fullest the *power* and *design advantages* of Wisconsin components.

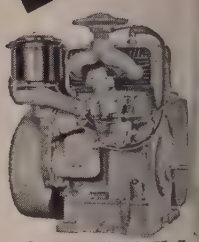
The Wisconsin line provides, further, a broad choice of 4-cycle engines from 3 to 36 hp., in single and multi-cylinder models as briefed on this page—*power to fit both the Machine and the Job.* In addition, the WISCONSIN name assures popular recognition and reputability to match your own if you are a leader in your field.

4-CYCLE SINGLE CYLINDER 3 to 9 hp.

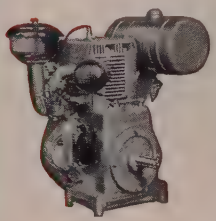
MULTI-CYLINDER 7 to 36 hp.



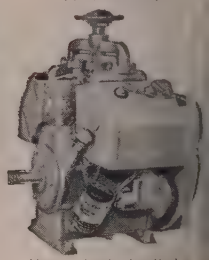
Model ABN, AKN
3 to 6 hp.



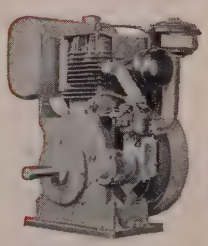
2-cylinder Models TE, T
7.2 to 14.6 hp.



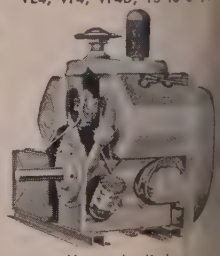
Model AEN
4.5 to 8.2 hp.



V-type 4-cylinder Mode
VE4, VF4, VP4D, 15 to 3



Models AFH, AGH, AHH
6 to 9.2 hp.



V-type 4-cylinder
Model VG4D, 25 to 3

WISCONSIN MOTOR CORPORATIO

World's Largest Builders of Heavy-Duty Air-Cooled Engi

MILWAUKEE 46, WISCONSIN

ratings of the various metals. Instructions, plus rules of thumb follow for using fluids are print- on the selector. D. A. Stuart Oil . Ltd., Dept. ST, 2727 S. Troy ., Chicago 23, Ill.
R MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 21

ox-Type Heat Treater

. sizes to 10 x 8 x 18 inches

Series KR high - temperature ctric box type heat treating fur- ce is built in five different sizes from 6 x 6 x 9 inches to 10 x 8 18 inches. Control instrument, well as the transformer, is com- tely enclosed in a skirt cabinet which the furnace proper rests. ating elements are made of high- perature alloy wire which is

orted nonscaling, nonflaking l almost impervious to attack m sulphur and its compounds. ilot light indicates when the nace is in use; green or amber ts flash with action of the elec- temperature controller. Fur- e has an easy-to-operate double- oted plug type door and has ti-insulation to gain maximum t retention. K. H. Huppert Dept. ST, 6830-32 Cottage ve Ave., Chicago 37, Ill.
MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 22

p Forged Chain

. flexible in four directions

uraflex, a 2½-inch-pitch drop ed conveyor chain has ultimate ngth of 37,500 pounds. Manu- urer reports it is considerably nger than other similar pitch ns.

is flexible in four directions, e are no riveted pins and it can

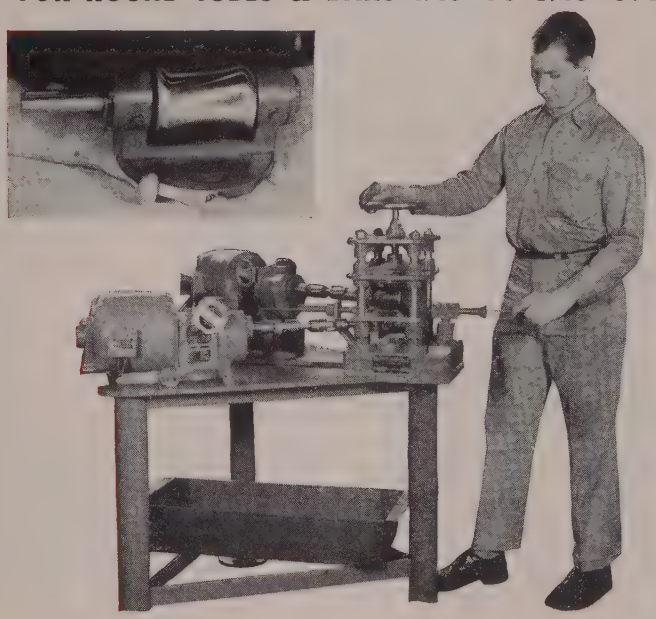
We Build Small Ones Too!

MEDART

No. 000 TWO-MOTOR TYPE

2-ROLL ROTARY STRAIGHTENER

FOR ROUND TUBES & BARS 1/16″ TO 3/16″ O. D.



- The smallest mill duty 2-roll rotary precision straightening machine made. Straightens, sizes, polishes and corrects out-of-roundness from end to end.
- Individual roll drive from variable speed motors equipped with integral speed reduction units, and interlocked for synchronization of roll speeds.
- Rolls made of Smavroc Alloy. Timken Bearing equipped.

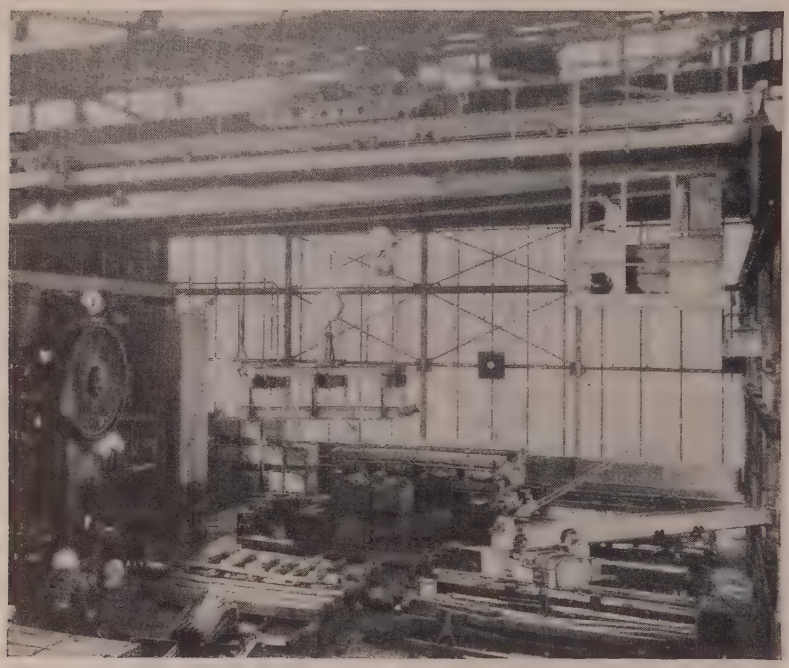
Large Or Small—Medart Builds Them!

2-Roll Rotary Straightening, Sizing & Polishing Machines for tubes and bars from 1/16″ to 9″ or larger—or multiple-roll straighteners for pipe or thin-wall tubes up to 24″. Whatever the straightening job, a Medart machine will do it *faster, better and at lower cost!*

Write For Catalogs

THE MEDART COMPANY 3535 DE KALB STREET ST. LOUIS 18, MISSOURI

SHEPARD NILES CRANE

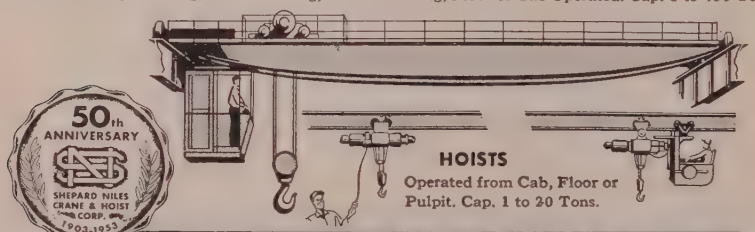


MOVES TONS of material *with EASE...*

With this Shepard Niles Crane, one man can move tons of material simply by flicking a switch. There's no wasted manpower, no floor or yard space lost—goods move swiftly by the most direct route.

It's easy to see why so many plants prefer low-cost through-the-air handling. But which crane is best for your use? Talk over this problem with the Shepard Niles representative—he's a specialist in loads through-the-air. Write today for Bulletin describing Shepard Niles Cranes—and ask to have a representative call.

CRANES
Overhead: Top Running, Inner Running, Under Running, Floor or Cab Operated. Cap. 1 to 450 Tons.



SHEPARD NILES
CRANE AND HOIST CORPORATION

2329 SCHUYLER AVENUE, MONTOUR FALLS, N.Y.

be assembled or disassembled with out tools. Jervis B. Webb Co., Dept ST, 8951 Alpine Ave., Detroit 4 Mich.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 23

Corrosive Liquids Fittings

. . . complete continuous system

Complete piping systems t handle corrosive liquids are prac ticable with addition of reducin bushings, plugs, unions and cap to the manufacturer's fitting lin Used with pipes and valves of un plasticized polyvinyl chloride, th

fittings of the same material ma possible a continuous system f use in solving plant corrosi problems.

Fittings are made in standa IPS sizes. Material can drawn, formed, molded, machir and welded by the hot air meth H. N. Hartwell & Son Inc., De ST, Boston, Mass.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO.

Vertical Spindle Grinder

. . . each slide has handwhee

Vertical column of this mo 203, 15-inch grinder suppo grinding heads upon vertical sli Each head slide has a handwl

and feed screw mechanism or raising and lowering. Steel tan or wet grinding system is set at ne

Tapping a Heat

A GOOD MIXER

The skilled National Roll metallurgist mixes his batch according to formula, but he also knows through experience the extra ingredients to add to control roll strength, hardness or heat-resistance . . . and when the heat is tapped, it is a certainty that the batch is *right* to produce the roll specified. • Careful attention to a multitude of details in every step in roll making here at National results in sound, long wearing iron and alloy iron rolls that will live up to your service expectations.

NATIONAL ROLLS

National Rolls

THE NATIONAL ROLL & FOUNDRY CO.

AVONMORE, PENNSYLVANIA

SPECIALISTS IN IRON AND ALLOY IRON ROLLS AND CASTINGS

"Automated"

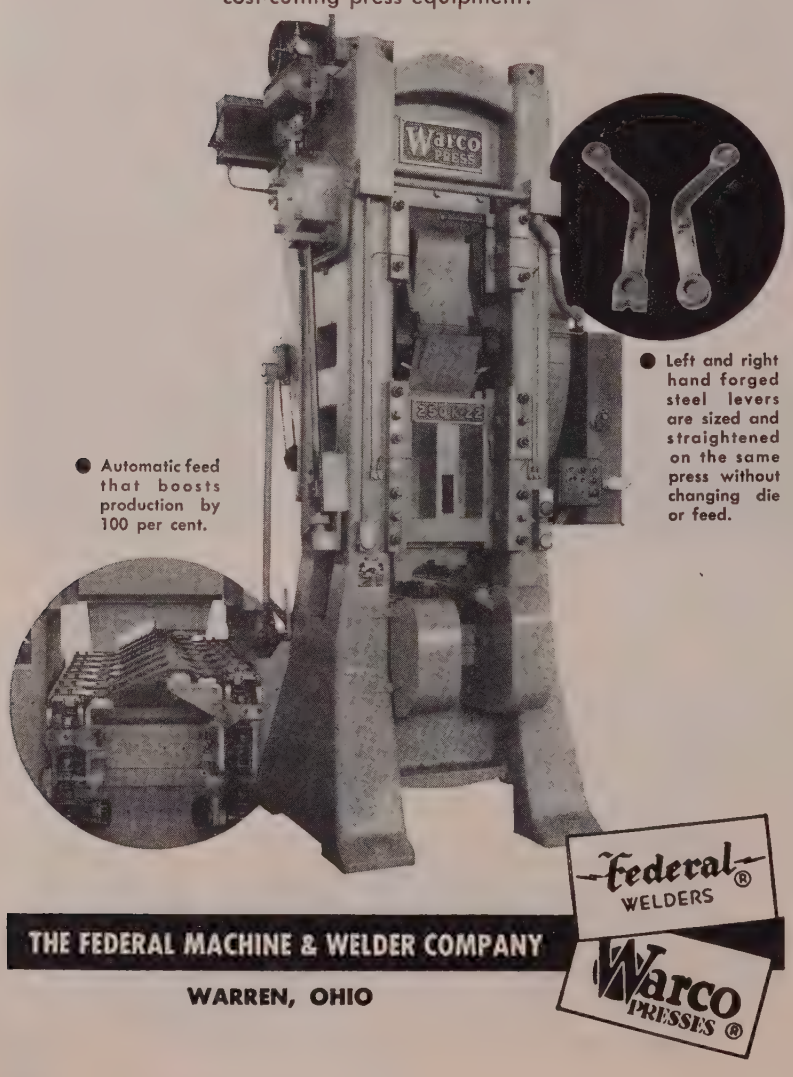
Warco®

Coining Press Slashes Sizing and Straightening Costs for Leading Automobile Builder

When a leading automobile manufacturer wanted to cut production costs on a forged steel lever Warco engineers worked with them in designing and building a 250-ton coining press with a chain type feed to automatically size and straighten the levers at a speed of 30 finished pieces per minute.

Front loaded, the press will size and straighten either left or right hand lever without change in dies or feed. It has reduced the production time of this part by more than one-half and has provided a safer, less fatiguing job for the operator.

Warco is constantly working out faster, less expensive and safer press production methods. Why not call them in the next time you are in the market for cost-cutting press equipment?



● Automatic feed that boosts production by 100 per cent.

● Left and right hand forged steel levers are sized and straightened on the same press without changing die or feed.

Federal® WELDERS

THE FEDERAL MACHINE & WELDER COMPANY

WARREN, OHIO

Warco PRESSES®

side of the machine and collect trays divert coolant to this ta A motor-driven pump circula coolant to abrasive wheels throu hollow spindles.

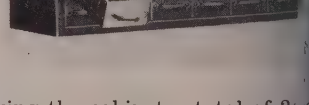
Rotary carrier for the insulat consists of a circular plate 3/ inch thick, made of Celeron gra C, having openings placed near t periphery into which ceramic pa are placed. A quantity of parts dumped onto the carrier and operator slides these pieces i the carrier openings easily rapidly. Gardner Machine Dept. ST, Beloit, Wis.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO.

Steel Parts Cabinets

. . . office or plant storage

All-steel small parts cabinets applicable for parts storage us plants and offices. Cabinets con of two 1½-inch high drawers one-piece welded frame with o all size of 3¼ x 11 x 11 inc Each drawer has eight divid



giving the cabinet a total of 2 justable compartments. By ad extra dividers it is possibl achieve 56 compartments per

Tabs turn up and engage shelf above to prevent tipping used as an insert in shelving. number of units can be stack one solid assembly. Prec Equipment Co., Dept. ST, 3714 waukee Ave., Chicago 41, Ill.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO

Automatic Welding Machin

. . . high speeds on structur

This versatile and simple matic welding machine is deve to achieve production rate welds on large structural The unit is a fully automati merged-melt machine, incor ing a standard head. Bas track assembly is adjustab fast alignment with work.

How JESSOP makes a steel sandwich to save you money!

Under a highly-prized patented process, Jessop is able to build a sandwich of fine corrosion-resistant stainless steel sections, permanently bonded to mild carbon steel slabs, so that after rolling, gleaming plates of superlative quality stainless-clad steel appear. The stainless analysis may be in accordance with any reasonable standard and the percentage thickness may be from 10 to 50 percent.

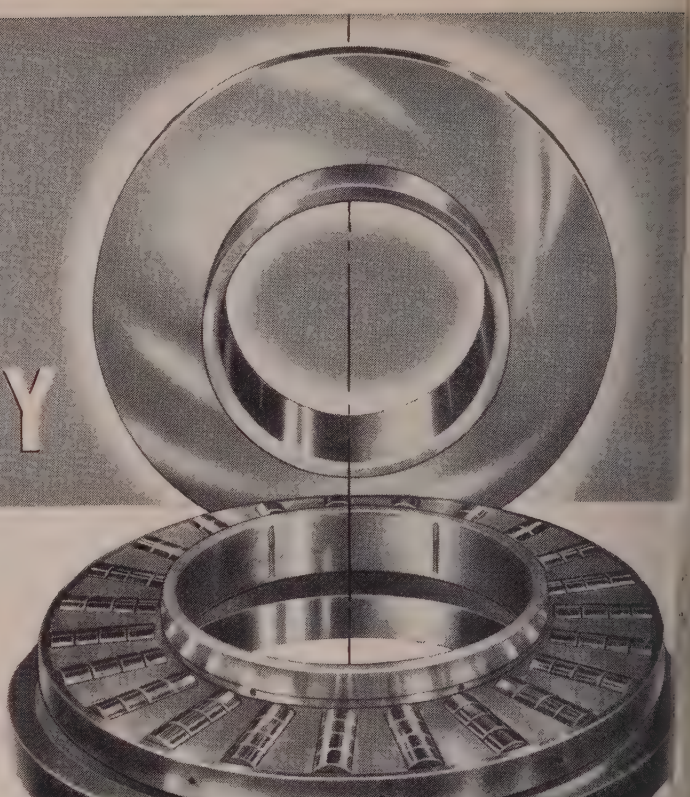
Jessop customers find great value in this "sandwich-made" steel. It has forming advantages, price advantages, and it saves vital materials. This is one of the most widely used of Jessop's specialty steel products since nearly every industry has found an application and a saving thereby. But that is not the prime point of this story. A few other companies make stainless-clad steel, but we claim they can't match us, because *we want business so much we'll give better service to obtain and keep it.* Send us an order and find out.

JESSOP

STEEL COMPANY • WASHINGTON, PENNSYLVANIA

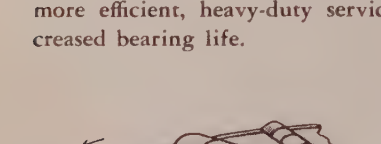
Why Rollway's Right-Angle Design increases

BEARING RELIABILITY



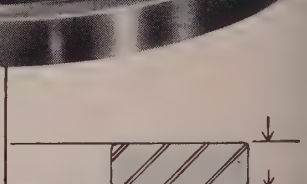
In a Rollway Thrust Bearing the rollers are precision machined to uniform cross-section . . . thrust plates are held to extremely close limits of parallelism. As a result, there's no skewing effect, no wedging of the rollers. Wearback of roller ends is held to a minimum.

That's why, in any given dimensional limit, Rollway Thrust Bearings give you more efficient, heavy-duty service and increased bearing life.



PARALLELISM

Accurate parallelism between the rollers and the matched thrust plates is repeated in the parallelism between the separator slots and the rollers themselves—all adding up to quiet, smooth rolling.



PARALLELISM

Rollway Thrust Bearings offer the widest selection in types and sizes, available for quick replacement through Authorized Distributors. See your classified 'phone directory for name.

Our engineers are available to help you select the correct Rollway Bearing for your needs. No cost or obligation. Contact your nearest Rollway sales office.

Rollway Bearing Company, Inc., Syracuse 4, N. Y.

SALES OFFICES

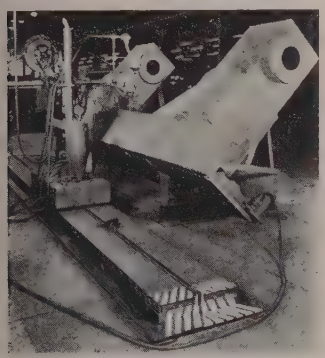
Syracuse — Los Angeles
Cleveland — Houston
Pittsburgh — Chicago
Boston — Milwaukee
Philadelphia — Detroit
Toronto

ROLLWAY BEARINGS

Complete Line of Radial and Thrust Cylindrical Roller Bearings

sections can be added for welding longer workpieces.

Head position is adjustable vertically and laterally on the carriage and angular positions are provided by hinging the welding head on the



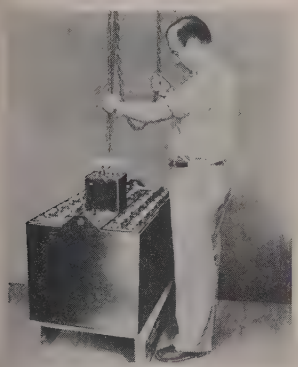
nd of the horizontal supporting rm. Weld speed is controlled by arying carriage speed. Manufacurer reports its machine multiplies olume of work of a man with nanual welding arc about four imes. National Supply Co., Dept. T, Torrance, Calif.

OR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 27

attery Cell Puller

. . . speeds examination, repair

Users of industrial storage batteries will find this cell-puller useful for removing cells for examination or repair. The tool, generally used in sets of two, consists

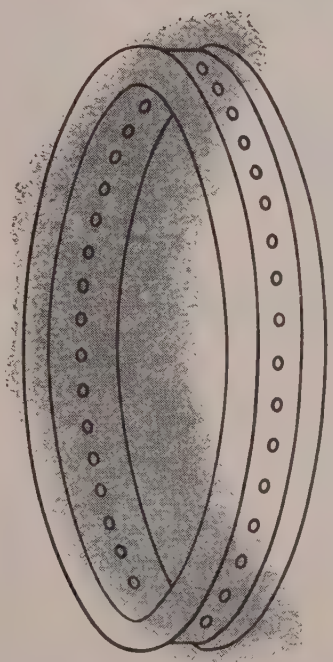


a U-shaped steel loop brazed to hexagonal steel nut with special--cut threads tapering from bottom to top.

Nuts are screwed down over the ad posts, a piece of wood is aced on the loops and the cell lled from the battery by a chain rope. The same tool is also ed with hold-down clips for re-

In tomorrow's
JET POWER PLANTS

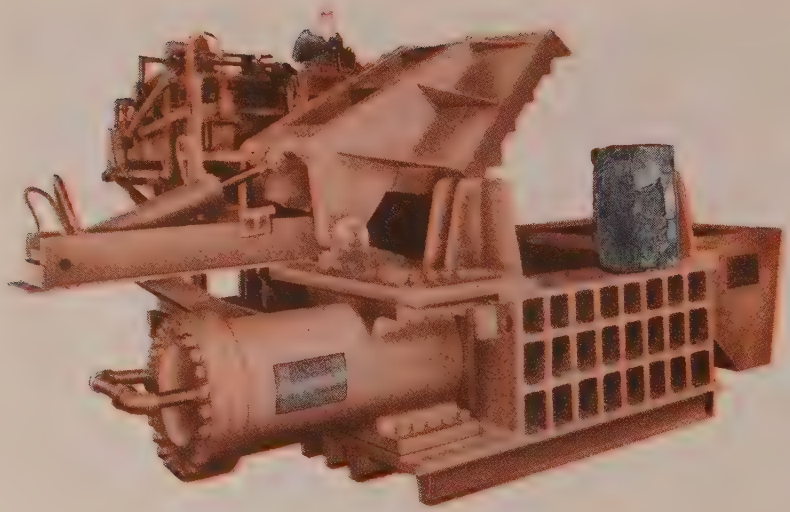
CIRCLE L
LEBANON Castings are at work



Lebanon Steel Foundry, the largest producer of centrifugal castings for jet engines, is proud to have collaborated with the Wright Aeronautical Division, Curtiss-Wright Corporation, in developing this unusual one-piece casting. It incorporates many holes cast to size and in accurate locations, requiring no machining. Of special high-strength alloy steel, this piece is quite large in size and is designed to operate satisfactorily under high temperature conditions in one of Wright's newly-designed power plants.

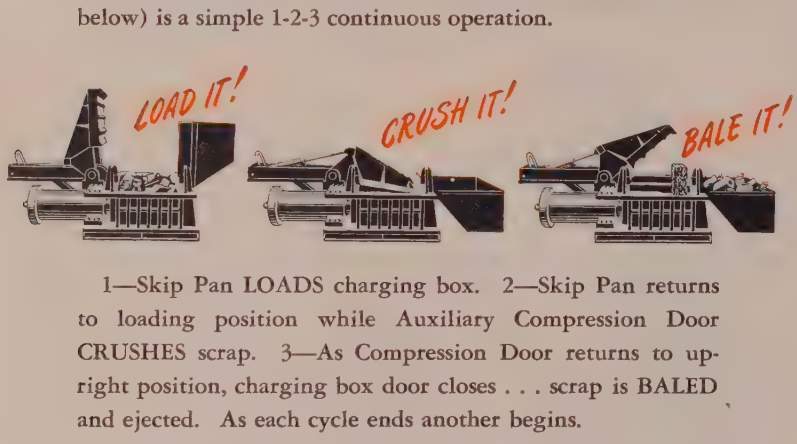
Lebanon Steel Foundry supplies castings to Wright for the J-65 (Sapphire) turbojet engine, which is now in production, and is producing experimental parts for the company's other advanced jet power plants.

LEBANON Castings
CARBON, SPECIAL ALLOY AND STAINLESS STEEL
CIRCLE L
LEBANON STEEL FOUNDRY LEBANON, PA.



Here's the nearest thing to Automatic Scrap Metal Baling!

WHEN YOU BUY a Dempster-Balester you not only get a press built to take the punishment of baling scrap metal consistently day-in and day-out . . . bale-after-bale, but you also get the nearest thing to automatic baling. The Dempster-Balester's LOAD IT, CRUSH IT, BALE IT cycle (illustrated below) is a simple 1-2-3 continuous operation.



1—Skip Pan LOADS charging box. 2—Skip Pan returns to loading position while Auxiliary Compression Door CRUSHES scrap. 3—As Compression Door returns to upright position, charging box door closes . . . scrap is BALED and ejected. As each cycle ends another begins.

Without question, Dempster-Balesters are the simplest, most efficient presses baling scrap metal today! And you have six to choose from—three standard and three high speed models that turn out high density bales in capacities to meet any requirement up to 10 tons per hour. Write to us for complete information. A product of Dempster Brothers, Inc.

Sold In Canada by W. P. Favorite Company of Canada, Ltd., 418 Main Street, E., Hamilton, Ontario

Mfg. In Canada by Hamilton Bridge Company, Ltd., Hamilton, Ontario

DEMPSTER BALESTER

DEMPSTER BROTHERS, 8103 Shea Bldg., Knoxville 17, Tenn.

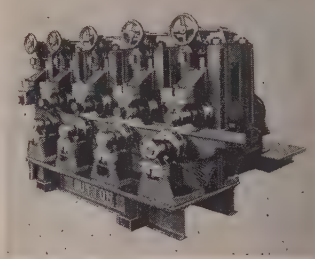
moving elements from the jar. Gould-National Batteries Inc., Dept. ST, Trenton, N. J.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 28

Straightening Machine

. . . production or job lots

Squares, flats and structural shapes can be straightened on a production or job lot basis with this machine. The unit is able to straighten squares from ½ to 2½



inches, flats up to 4 x 1 inch, at speeds to 400 fpm.

The machine takes any steel or nonferrous flats and shapes including all grades of alloy and tool steels. The same machine can be furnished as a two-plane straightener or can be converted to two-plane use at any time by addition of a separate unit that draws its power from the original motor. Motorized adjusting screws are available if desired, but are unnecessary as standard equipment. Sutton Engineering Co., Dept. ST, Bellefonte, Pa.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 29

Visual Gage Accessory

. . . ten dimensional classes

Segregating ball bearings into any one of ten dimensional class

fications after gaging can be done rapidly and accurately with this visual gage accessory. Illustra

Why you can *lower inspection costs*

with a Kodak Conju-Gage Gear Checker

Why the composite check

The composite check recommended in American Standard B6.11-1951 tests gears functionally by running the gear against a master of known accuracy. The resulting displacement shows at once the cumulative effect of as many as six types of error—eliminates time-consuming checks for each individual error. The check is rapid and conclusive.

Why the Kodak Conju-Gage Gear Checker

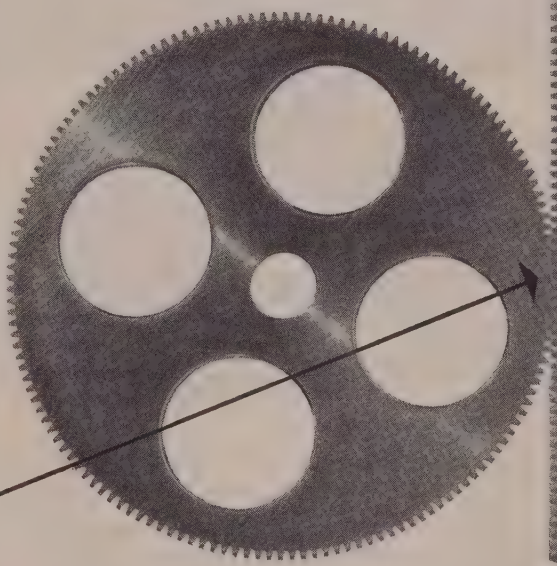
To meet today's tolerance requirements, the Kodak Conju-Gage Gear Checker uses a master made with a new order of precision. This is the Kodak Conju-Gage Worm Section, produced by thread grinding under control of a precision lead screw.

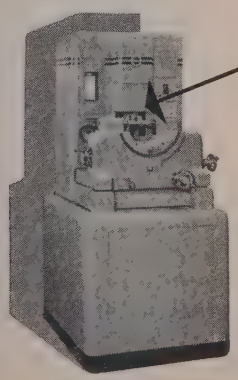
The accuracy inherent in this method means every right gear is passed by the worm section, reducing rejection losses. The transverse curvature produced by this method provides a master that can be used to check any gear of like pitch and pressure angle, regardless of helix.

Not only can a single worm section be used in place of a number of circular masters, but such a worm section can be reground to specification as often as necessary—at a fraction of replacement cost. It is easily checked for accuracy by familiar toolroom procedures.

You can find out more about the economies possible through Kodak Conju-Gage Instrumentation by sending for a copy of the booklet, "Kodak Conju-Gage Gear Testing Principle." Write to:

Special Products Sales Division
EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY
Rochester 4, N. Y.





The Kodak Conju-Gage Gear Checker automatically records the composite effects of runout, base pitch error, tooth thickness variations, profile error, lead error, and lateral runout. Illustrated is the Kodak Conju-Gage Gear Checker, Model 4U, for gears up to 4⅛" pitch diameter. Larger and smaller models are also available.

CONJU-GAGE INSTRUMENTATION

. . a new way to check gear precision in action

To inspect all kinds of complex parts on a bright screen, Kodak also makes a highly versatile contour projectors.

Kodak
TRADE-MARK

DEPENDABILITY TO SATISFY

RECORD DEMANDS

ATLAS CARS

Atlas Cars for steel plants are known to have that extra work factor which is so important in these days of high production.

50-TON BOTTOM DUMP ORE TRANSFER

This 50-ton ore transfer is a modern air-operated car with a heavy slab truck to protect motors and brakes when plowing through ore piles. For added safety a folding car pusher arm is used and is provided with a safety latch which cannot be lowered unless the switchman holds the latch. The overhung cab allows a clean line of vision for the operator.

Special features include electric hopper heaters, centralized lubricating, roller journal bearings, air brakes and, of course, all necessary safety features.

Custom Builder of Steel Plant Cars

THE ATLAS CAR & MFG. CO.

ENGINEERS MANUFACTURERS

1140 IVANHOE RD. CLEVELAND 10, OHIO, U. S. A.

shows a ten-place classificati tray being used with a visual ga of 10,000 to 1 magnification. Ho ever, the tray can be used wi other magnifications and can adapted for any number of b sizes.

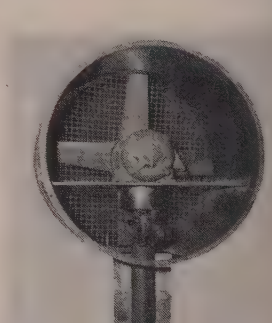
Balls are gravity fed from t v-trough into a receiving hole in slide. Moving slide to the right ca ries the ball into position benea the gaging spindle where it re on a carbide surface. Operat takes the reading and moves t tray until proper size compartme is under the ejection chute. I special skill is required to classi ball sizes in increments of 0.00001 inch. Sheffield Corp., Dept. S Dayton 1, O.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 3

Oscillating Fan

. . . arc of about 60 degrees

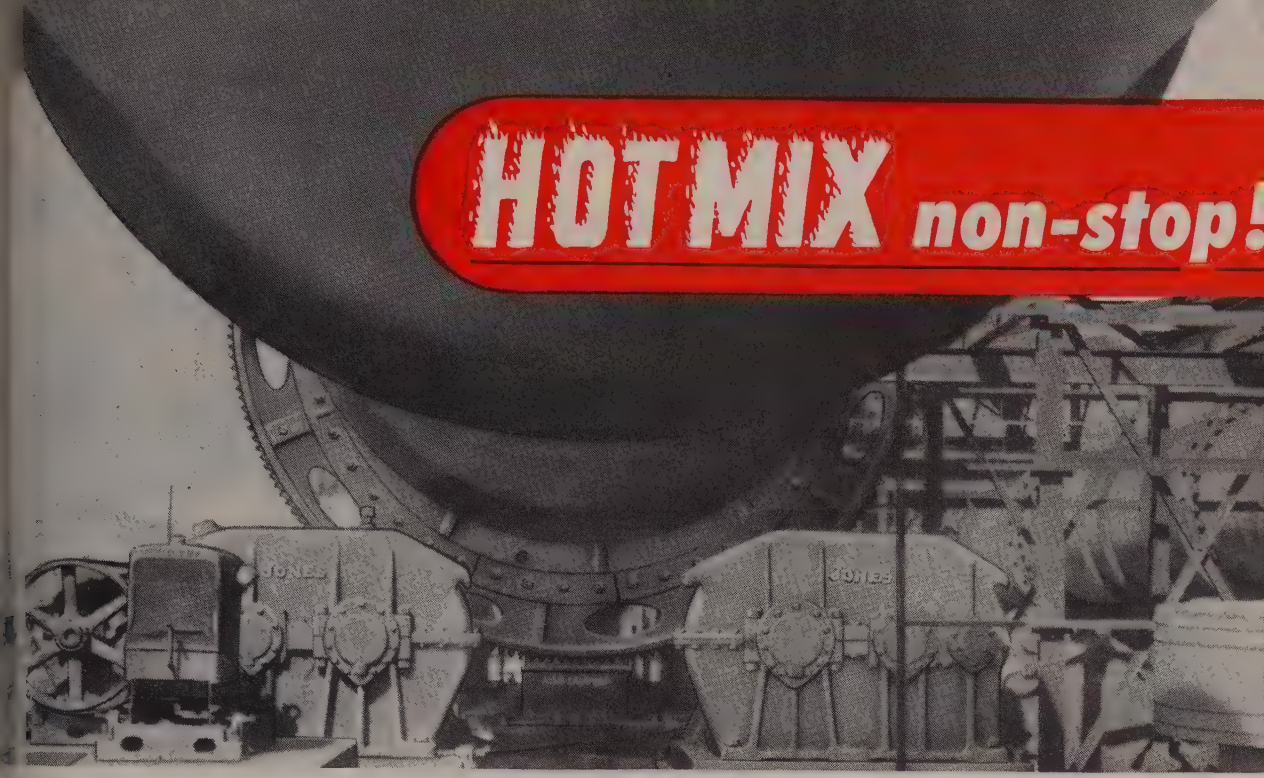
Oscillating man cooling fan h propeller mounted on the shaft a totally-enclosed ball bearing m tor. Most common size has a 3 inch propeller with a 1 hp, 12 rpm motor. Oscillating mechanis is driven by a gear head mot mounted on the fan pedestal a



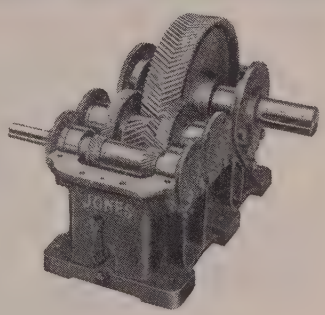
connected through an opera ng arm to a ball bearing equipped p- tor base.

Fan oscillates through an re of about 60 degrees, at a spee of about ten times per minute. an assembly can be mounted on he floor or suspended in an inve ed position from the ceiling or an overhead platform. Robinson n- tilating Co., Dept. ST, Zelien le, Pa.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO



One of two new Allis-Chalmers kilns at Basic Refractories Inc. Maple Grove, Ohio plant. Dual drives engineered by Allis-Chalmers Mfg. Co. and W. A. Jones Foundry & Machine Co.



›riving a non-stop giant size rotary kiln calls for PLUS PERFORMANCE

That's why Basic Refractories selected JONES HERRINGBONE GEAR SPEED REDUCERS to drive two new rotary kilns — the largest in the world's refractory industry — at their Maple Grove, Ohio dolomite processing plant.

Operations at Basic are continuous. In processing, dead burned dolomite must be constantly *ON THE MOVE* — a drive failure could result in serious damage from the hot mixtures in the kiln.

Naturally, Basic Refractories' engineers took utmost care in the drive component selection for this important application. And, naturally, they chose JONES HERRINGBONE GEAR DRIVES because of their proven ability to stay on the job and take the 'round-the-clock, day-in and day-out punishment of continuous operation.

Giving PLUS PERFORMANCE under these and similar conditions is nothing new for any type Jones Speed Reducer — all are recognized and accepted throughout industry for all sorts of applications demanding rugged dependability, maximum capacity and quiet, smooth, power transmission.

BIG DRIVES — SMALL DRIVES — You may not have a giant kiln to drive; but when you have a power transmission job, big or small or anything in-between, your best answer is JONES . . . it has been for over 60 years.

W. A. JONES FOUNDRY & MACHINE CO., 4437 W. Roosevelt Rd., Chicago 24, Ill.

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CAST IRON PULLEYS • CUT GEARS • V-BELT SHEAVES
ANTI-FRICTION PILLOW BLOCKS • FLEXIBLE COUPLINGS

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BIRDSBORO, a great name in rolls, now offers you still another great roll . . . the BIRDSBORO "75" . . . a heat-resistant copper bearing roll designed especially for tough rolling requirements. Like all BIRDSBORO rolls, the "75" is "custom-built" to meet your specific requirements. For long range rolling efficiency and higher product quality, let BIRDSBORO's Individualized Roll Service go to work for you.

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• designers and builders of: Rolls • Steel Mill Machinery • Hydraulic Presses • Crushing Machinery • Special Machinery • Steel Castin

specimens in position than it is to clamp them in a vise.

Toughness—Effect of low temperatures on the toughness of metals varies widely. Reasons for this are not known, but one generalization may be drawn: Metals having a face-centered, cubic crystal lattice, such as copper, lead, nickel and aluminum, undergo no loss in toughness when refrigerated to low temperatures.

On the other hand, metals with other types of lattices, such as body-centered, cubic iron, may undergo marked decrease in toughness. Energy required to break nickel jumps from 89 ft-lbs at room temperature to 99 ft-lbs at −300° F. Titanium, which has a hexagonal structure, drops from a value of 4.5 ft-lbs at room temperature to 6.6 ft-lbs at −300° F.

So long as the face-centered cubic structure is preserved, addition of alloying elements to the metal does not interfere with the maintenance of toughness at low temperatures.

In fact, alloying of a body-centered cubic metal to render it face-centered cubic (iron alloys with nickel or nickel and chromium, for example) endows it with more resistance to embrittlement at low temperatures than face-centered cubic metals. Energy of 77 ft-lbs is needed to break 80 Cu, 20 Ni at room temperature. Energy required at −300° F is 85 ft-lbs.

Outlook—Greatest interest is being shown in steel for low-temperature work.

To define temperature regions of safe applications, Charpy tests are often used to show energy required for failure and type of failure. Careful examination by a trained eye will reveal percentage of cleavage (brittle) and shear (tough) fracture. Nature of break then can be plotted against the temperature of testing, along with the energy curves.

Transition — It has been found that departure from 100 per cent shear fracture doesn't necessarily mean that the usefulness of a steel. Toughness is a matter of degree and 100 per cent brittle fracture may not occur until temperature has been reduced another 100 degrees or so. This is the transition range. Transition range serves to classify materials for use in various ranges of subatmospheric temperature service. For general industrial applications, ASTM recognizes 15 ft-lbs (total energy absorbed in breaking a keyhole-notched, Charpy specimen) for specification purposes. One specimen in three may fall below this, but in no case may it be lower than 10 ft-lbs.

Steel Plate — Low temperature requirements for ASTM grade A201 steel plate is: Tensile strength, 55,000 to 72,000 psi; minimum service temperature, −50 degrees and normalizing temperature, 1575 to 1650° F.

Here an addition of 2.5 per cent nickel permits lowering service temperature of carbon steel plate from −50 to −75° F. Use of 3.5 per cent nickel allows further lowering of the service temperature to −150° F.

These steels must be made by the open hearth or electric steel processes.

Adapted in part from a paper written by Francis B. Foley, consulting metallurgist, Bayonne Research Laboratory, International Nickel Co., Inc., Bayonne, N. J.

TENSILE PROPERTIES OF METALS

Metal	at Room Temp T.S. PSI	Elong %	Red. %	at −300F T.S. PSI	Elong %	Red. %
Copper	32,500	48	77	50,500	58	77
Lead	3,000	33	..	6,250	40	..
Nickel	65,000	29	42	97,500	53	75
Aluminum	9,750	36	90	21,000	44	87
Iron (Armco)	46,000	28	73	112,000	nil	nil

TENSILE STRENGTH OF ALLOYS

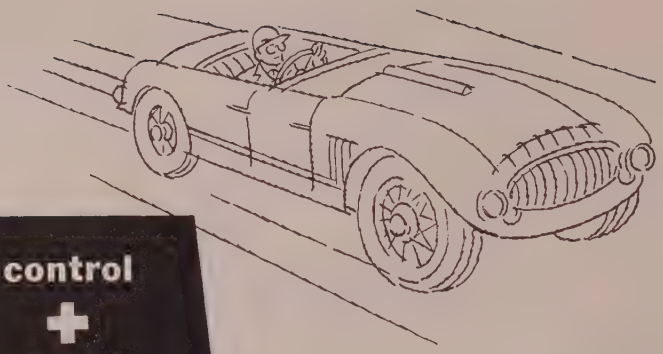
Alloy	Tensile Strength, Psi at Room Temp	at −300F
80 Cu, 20 Ni	51,500	74,000
Monel Metal (66 Ni, 31 Cu)	58,000	.....
Al Bronze (7-10% Al)	77,500	96,000
70/30 Brass (30% Zn)	51,500	73,500
Magnesium (3 Al, 1 Zn, .5 Mn)	40,100	62,800
42% Ni Fe	81,500	131,500
18/8 Stainless	86/92,000	193/223,000
Steel, C. 13%	66,000	112,000
Alloy Steel (Ni-Cr-Mo)	152,500	208,500

NOTCHED BAR IMPACT VALUES OF METALS

Metal	Crystal Lattice	Energy to Break at Room Temp	Ft. Lbs. at −300F
Aluminum	Face Centered Cubic	19	27
Copper	Face Centered Cubic	43	50
Nickel	Face Centered Cubic	89	99
Iron (Armco)	Body Centered Cubic	78	1.5
Titanium	Hexagonal	14.5	6.6
Magnesium	Hexagonal	4	3 at −108 F

NOTCHED BAR IMPACT VALUES OF ALLOYS

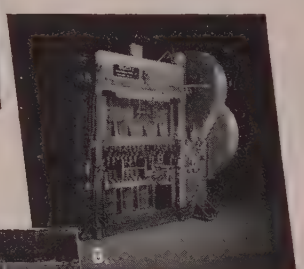
Alloy	Energy to Break at Room Temp	Ft. Lbs. at −300F
80 Cu, 20 Ni	77	85
Monel Metal	219	196
Inconel (80 Ni, 13 Cr)	236	187
50% Ni Fe	81	76
Stainless 18/8	99/118	98/116



control + speed

Hand-crafted sports cars are precision-built to hug the curves — take any road conditions — to provide the ultimate in control, speed and safety. Like these prima-donnas of the highways, BEATTY machines are constructed on precise tolerances to afford the same kind of exact control, speed and safety in industrial metal fabricating. One of the machines illustrated can be modified to suit your particular problem. Or, let our engineers recommend, design and build one to your exact requirements.

A.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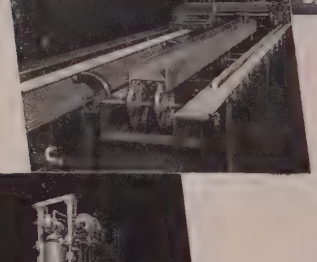

C.

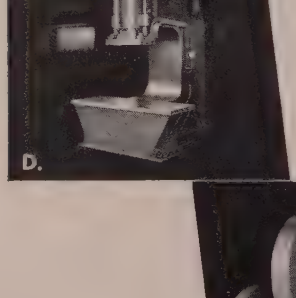
A. BEATTY Horizontal Hydraulic Bulldozer for heavy forming, flanging and bending.

B. BEATTY Guillotine Beam Punch. Punches webs and flanges in "I" beams from 6 to 30 inches.

C. BEATTY Spacing Table handles web and flange punching without roll adjustment.

D. BEATTY Gap Type Press for forming, bending, flanging, pressing. Capacity 250 tons.

E. BEATTY Guillotine Bar Shear for angles, bars, rounds, squares without changing tools.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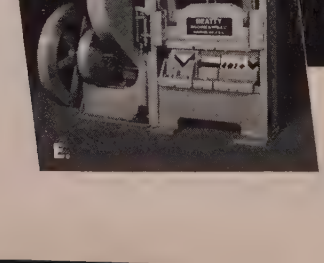
E.

BEATTY
MACHINE & MFG. CO.
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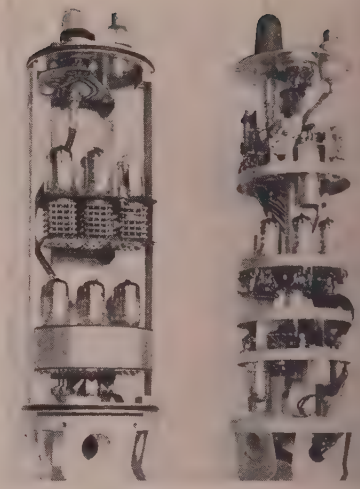

Evidence of what can be done with the circuity refinements of Project Tinkertoy is shown here. On the right is conventional submarine detection device. Simplified circuit is at left

Navy's Project Tinkertoy

Production system will greatly simplify electronics manufacture. Maintenance eased, too

REVOLUTIONARY production system—code-named Project Tinkertoy—which turns out complete units from electronic components and offers industry an entirely new pattern of manufacturing shortcuts, is announced by the Navy and the National Bureau of Standards.

Process makes possible the manufacture of certain electronic equipment through mechanized assembly of bulk or raw material with a minimum of hand labor and at considerable saving in time.

Breaks Bottleneck—The method of production grew out of a search by the Navy Bureau of Aeronautics for a means to break the electronics bottleneck which posed a serious logistical problem in World War II and at the beginning of the Korean conflict, and which confronts military planners in event of all-out mobilization.

Basic element in the NBS modular design system is a ceramic wafer of electrical grade steatite with three notches equally spaced on each side. On the two faces of the wafers are assembled resistors, capacitors, inductors, tube sockets and other electrical components.

Stacked Up—A series of the wafers when stacked one above

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An Artist's Conception of Chrome Atom in Motion.

It is one of the most useful and economical alloying elements available . . .

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- to secure greater resistance to corrosion
- to improve resistance to wear.

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65-70% Cr. 4-6% Carbon

LOW CARBON FERRO-CHROME SILICON
33-42% Cr. 40-50% Si.
.06% C. Max.

FOUNDRY GRADE FERRO-CHROME
60-66% Cr. 6-9% Si.
4-5% C.

FERRO-SILICON CHROME
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1.25% C. Max.

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each containing
2 lbs. chromium

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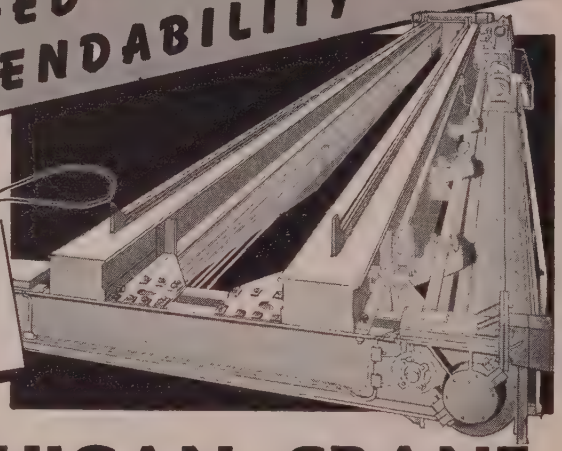

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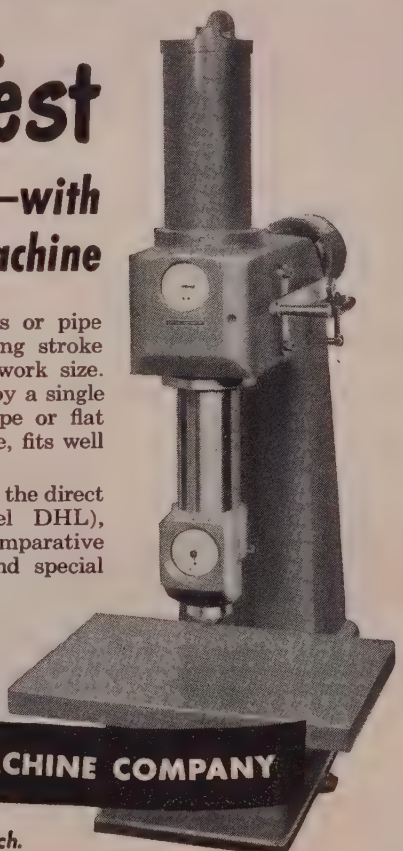
Brinell Test
large pieces fast—with this long stroke machine

Large awkward castings, forgings or pipe are easily tested because the long stroke eliminates screw adjustment to work size. The hydraulic ram is controlled by a single lever. Large, stationary roller-type or flat table makes work handling simple, fits well into a conveyor line.

Choice of plain Brinell machine or the direct reading machine (shown, model DHL), where dial at end of ram gives comparative hardness immediately. Larger and special machines may also be had.

Write for more information on all our Brinell testing machines.



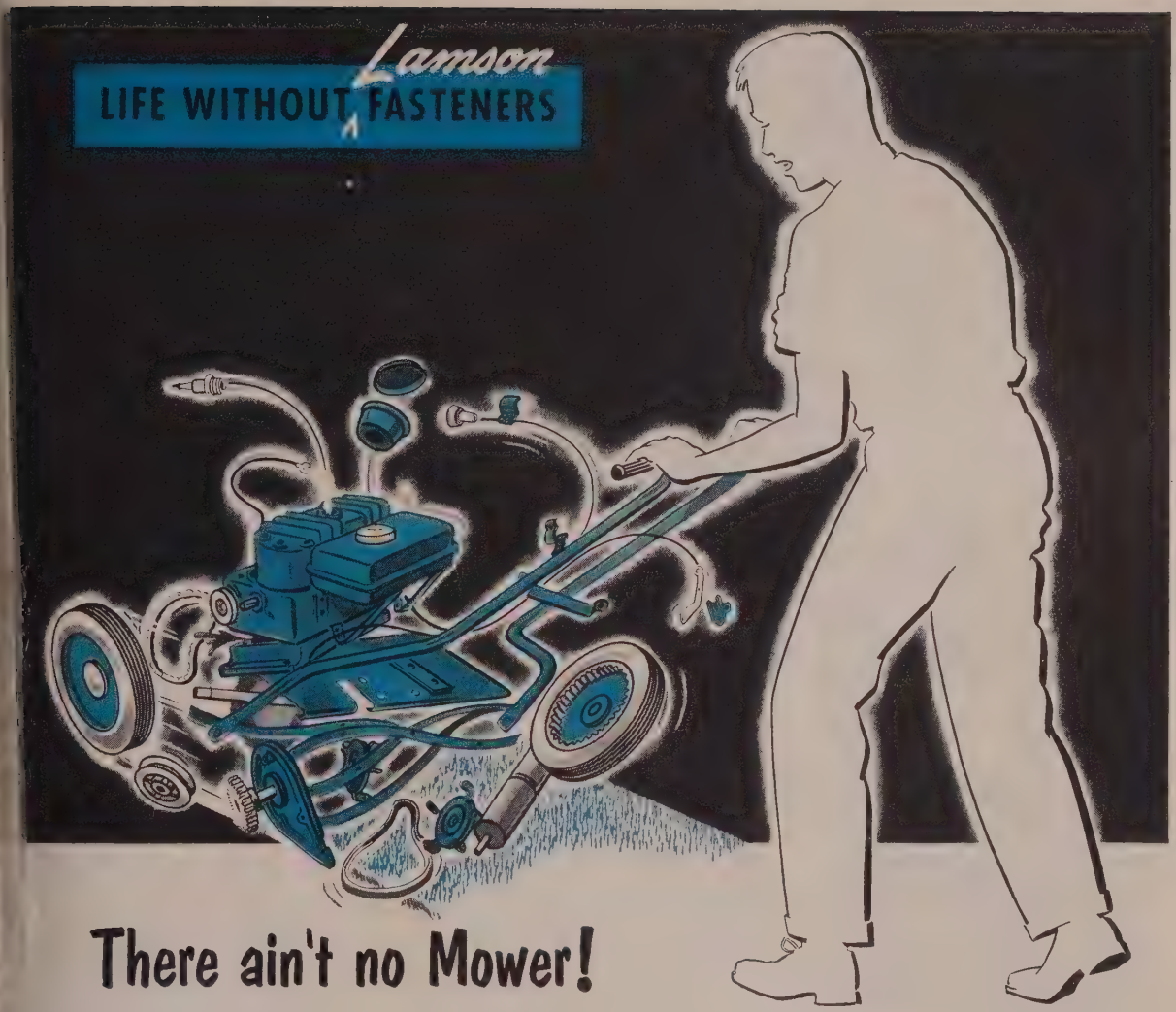
DETROIT TESTING MACHINE COMPANY
9380 Grinnell Ave., Detroit 13, Mich.

Machine makes individual capacito wafers under 3000 pounds pressure Thickness must be closely controlle

the other, notches aligned and con ductors fitted, interlock in a wid variety of circuit arrangement Wire conductors serve as struc tural supports as well as circu conductors. The end product, plate assembly of stacked wafer all mechanically wired and so dered, may be fitted into any sui able mechanical structure.

Electrical connection may made to it by several metho Perfection of a plug-in connectic promising a practical method

Notch-painting machine puts the er conductor metal on individual w ers



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lts and nuts are a "grass roots" necessity to the proper nctioning of most mechanical products. Take away e bolts and nuts from a motor lawn mower, for stance, and literally "There Ain't No Mower"!

t in spite of their importance, the cost of the fasteners at go into a *single unit* of any product represent a small rcent of its total manufacturing cost.

it's just plain, good common sense always to use bolts and nuts you *know* are dependable as well as economical.

Lamson & Sessions, with 87 years of experience supplying industry with the best in fasteners, offer you unexcelled facilities to meet your bolt, nut and screw requirements.

Remember, it's *pleasant* and *profitable* to do business with Lamson & Sessions.

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Choice of round, pan, truss, flat oval, hexagon and Phillips heads.

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Economical, vibration proof. Can be used repeatedly.

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Steel, brass, aluminum and stainless steel.

"1035" SET SCREWS
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FLAT
OR
SHAPED

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makes them all...

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HIGH CARBON
STAINLESS
SPECIAL ALLOY
ARMCO IRON

YOU draw the Shape
—Page can draw
the Wire

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Cross-sectional areas up to .250″ square; widths up to ⅜″; width-to-thickness ratio not to exceed 6 to 1.

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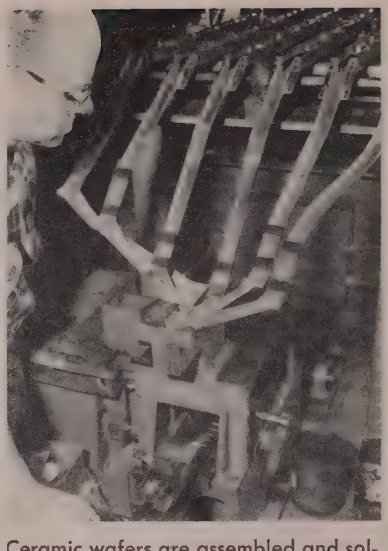

Ceramic wafers are assembled and soldered into modules on this machine

utilizing the plate assembly, will enable relatively untrained personnel to replace quickly any defective part of an electronic unit.

Sample Test — A complex submarine detection device, which is needed in large numbers in time of war, was selected for a sample test. Keeping to the same size and performance requirements, the new machine-made modules were substituted for the previous maze of wiring, resistors, capacitors, etc.

After a sample device passed the tests completely, a contract was awarded to the Kaiser Electronics Division of the Willys Motors, Inc., to manufacture the device on the new machines in order to determine whether they could be mass produced.

Protective Coating Brochure

Zincilate, a replacement for galvanize, plating and multi-coat painting methods on a variety of iron, steel and aluminum products, is described in an illustrated brochure published by Industrial Metal Protectives Inc.

Available in six basic formulations, Zincilate may be applied by spray, brush, dip or flow-coat methods. On many applications, one coat provides protection against corrosion and abrasion. Copies of the brochure are available by writing to the company at 401 Homestead Ave., Dayton 8, O.

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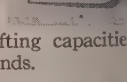
Producers Pare Stamping Costs

Modern Coil Handling Equipmer Widens Use of Low Cost Coil Stoc

The battle to keep down costs i going well for producers of stamp ings. Coil stock and modern coil han dling equipment are the decisive fac tors. Coil stock, with only two scra ends to its entire length is far mor economical than strips of straigh stock with two scrap ends to ever ten feet. Moreover, the type of co loading and handling equipment buil by F. J. Littell Machine Co. make coil stock easier to handle tha straight stock. Stamping producer are taking full advantage of thes developments. Coil stock and Littel Coil Hooks, Reels, Straightening Ma chines and Automatic Roll Feeds ar in wider use today than ever before

Hooks Serve Two Ways



. . . Littell Hooks make it a simple matter to unload coils on delivery, and to load reels. The variety of sizes have lifting capacitie from 1,000 to 40,000 pounds.

Two Types of Reels . . .

Littell Coil Cradle Reels mount heavy coils, up to 30,000 pounds. Spindle Reels handle coils up to 40,000 pounds. Each type is available in plain or motor driven designs.

Straighteners Flatten Stock... Remo ing curvature from coil stock as it pass from reel to punch press die is the function of Littell Straightening Machines. All models are the same basic design. Variation is in the number and diameter of straightening rollers employed . . . from 1″ to 90″ in width, a from .010″ to .125″ thickness.

Automatic Roll Feeds . . . Press outp in many shops has been multiplied fi times by simply attaching Littell R Feeds to presses for blanking, drawi piercing, or cut-off work. The Littell R Feed is used with compound dies, sin station dies, and progressive dies. Sta ard models are easily attached, serve types of presses, and handle all stand widths and thicknesses of stock.

Descriptive details and prices on tell Hooks, Reels, Straighteners and Feeds are available on request. Inqu are given immediate attention when dressed to

F. J. Littell Machine C
4103 N. RAVENSWOOD AVE.
CHICAGO 13, ILL.

Positive-Locking Inserts

Simple key ring that makes it easy to install or remove insert prevents rotative action

SIMPLIFIED locking system for threaded fasteners such as inserts and studs is provided by a new method of fastening called Kelox. Positive locking against rotative action is accomplished with a simple ring key which makes it easy to install or remove the insert or stud without use of special tools.

Basically, this method of thread locking is made up of a ring with smooth inside and outside diameters. Extending from the bottom surface of the ring are two keys. These are the heart of the method and mate with a keyway in the insert or stud.

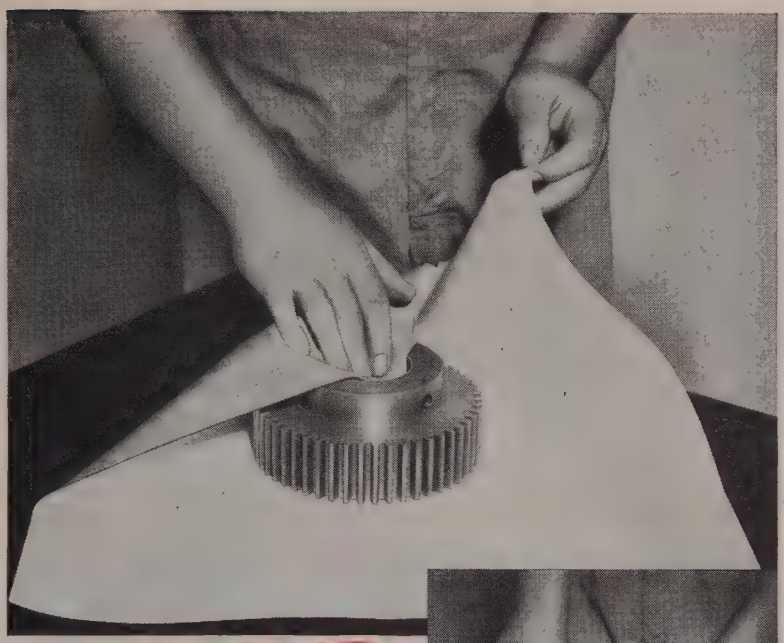
Key-to-Keyway Lock — When pressed into position, the keys, guided by the keyway in the insert or stud, cut their way through sufficient threads of the parent body tapped hole to provide a simple, positive key-to-keyway lock between the two threaded bodies. By interrupting helix continuity of threaded hole and threaded fastener, rotative action between threaded bodies is positively prevented.

Torque tests carried out in both ferrous and lightweight nonferrous materials show bolts either broke or necked in the threads with no rotation of the insert.

Characteristics — Manufacturer, Fasteners Inc., New York, reports operating characteristics make the fastener simple to install or remove with no special tools required, with high stress allowable per space required. No ineffective thread zone exists.

Short insert and stud end threads can be used because of maximum effective thread use. This permits applied use in thin plates as well as heavier structural sections. In addition, minimum edge distances can be used. Installation of the ring and companion part creates no lateral stresses that would cause splitting or other damage.

Threads of special pitch diameter are not required to insure positive locking. No dimensional changes are required in the parent material regardless of material in which the fastening is installed.

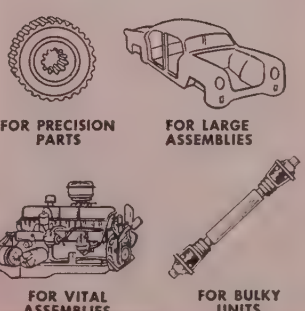


STOP RUST

ORCHARD VPI PAPER PREVENTS RUSTING ON ALL FERROUS METAL PARTS & PRODUCTS

ORCHARD VPI is economical, easy to use, convenient to handle. This famous Orchard product protects ferrous metals from rust for years by releasing a vapor, which forms an invisible film on the metal surface. Perfect for automotive parts, engines, tools, machinery as well as heavy equipment and small arms.

VPI is economical; it eliminates the need for greases, and oils, keeping the metal part ready for immediate use. ORCHARD VPI is available in rolls, sheets, bags or shrouds for use with any product.



FOR PRECISION PARTS — FOR LARGE ASSEMBLIES — FOR VITAL ASSEMBLIES — FOR BULKY UNITS

Manufactured in accordance with Military Specifications MIL-P-3420 and MIL-V-8574

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3914 N. Union, St. Louis 15, Mo.
Send us complete details and samples of Orchard VPI, for use with our product .....

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Firm _____
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Bright Nickel Plating

Organic-type process produces brighter coatings. It's easy to control and cheaper

WHAT MAY be the most significant development of the year in the electroplating industry was disclosed today by Hanson-Van Winkle-Munning Co., Matawan, N. J., when it announced the development of a new bright-nickel process called Nickel-Lume.

The organic-type process produces better and brighter nickel coatings, is cheaper to operate and is easier to control than other commercial bright-nickel processes now available.

Costs Lowered—Both installation and operating costs are lower. Equipment suitable for a Watts nickel bath is all that is required. Ordinary auxiliary equipment may be used, filtration may be either periodic or continuous, ventilation is not required and heat demands are up to 25 per cent lower.

Characteristically, deposits with

NICKEL PICTURE BRIGHTER
. . . new process gets the nod

the Nickel-Lume process have:

1. A bright white color. The de posits approach the whiteness o the well-known cobalt-nickel de posits.

2. Well-leveled surfaces. Nicke Lume reduces surface roughnes by 50 per cent and over. This cu down or eliminates polishing o buffing operations.

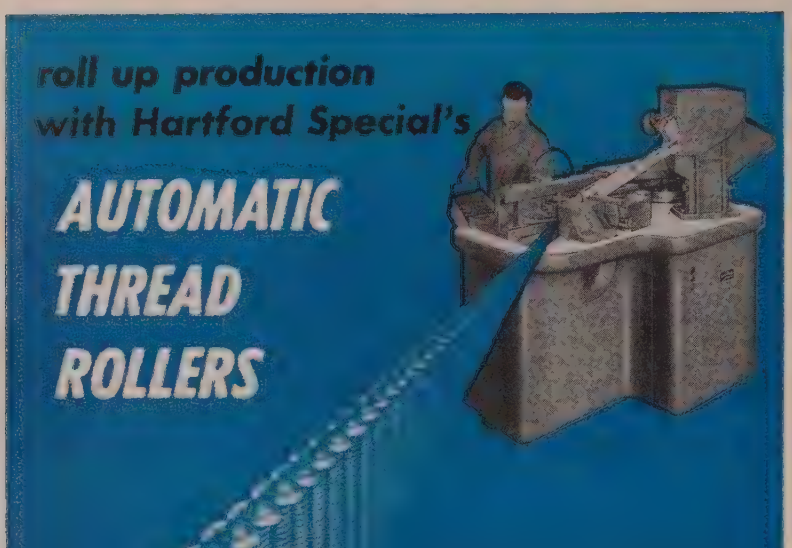
3. Low internal stress. To pr vent cracking, crazing and liftin of deposits, the compressive or te sile stress in these deposits may easily controlled. Stress may held within satisfactory limits the solution ages.

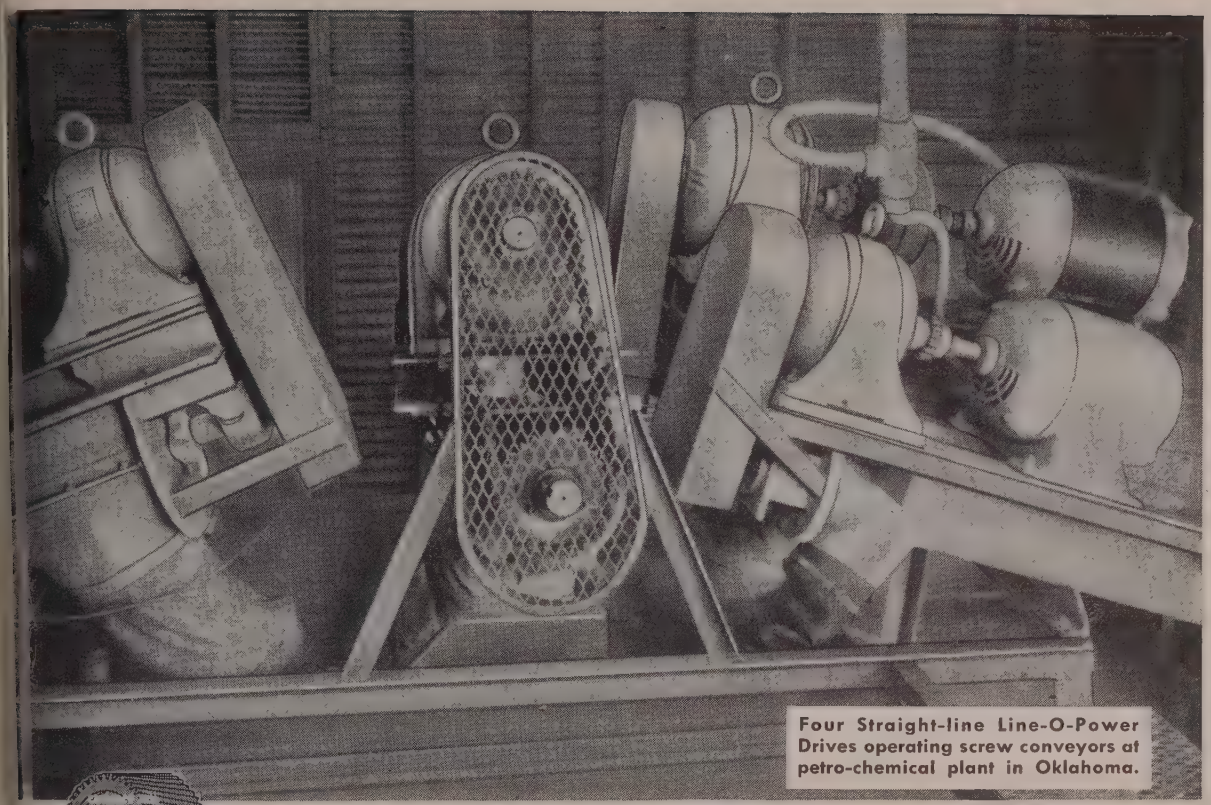
4. Good ductility. In comparati nickel tests, Nickel-Lume foils ha shown surprising ductility, whi continues after the bath ages.

5. Highly active surfaces. I posits accept chromium witho any activating treatment.

Operating Conditions — Nick Lume baths may be operated fr room temperatures up to or beyo 140° F with full deposit brightne With moderate to high current d sities, a temperature beyond 120° is seldom required.

Current densities may be va d from 5 asf to above 70 asf. Beca e of this wide range, unifor y bright deposits may be plated n intricately-shaped articles, d plating speed may be change o meet various specifications d production schedules.


roll up production
with Hartford Special's
AUTOMATIC
THREAD
ROLLERS
Up to 150 pieces a minute can be roll threaded. Thread lengths from ⅛" to 2½". Machine screws, sheet metal screws, drive screws . . . even special and knurled parts can be rolled in diameters from .086 through .250. Automatic hopper feed, vibration-free operation and automatic lubrication help make this machine a real production booster.
When it comes to production-come to
HARTFORD
Special
THE HARTFORD SPECIAL MACHINERY CO., HARTFORD 12, CONN.



Four Straight-line Line-O-Power Drives operating screw conveyors at petro-chemical plant in Oklahoma.

FOOTE BROS. Duti-Rated LIFETIME GEARING

This Trademark Stands for the Finest in Industrial Gearing

solve your space and weight problem . . . with LINE-O-POWER*

hen limited space governs a reducer's size — when ight is a critical factor — LINE-O-POWER is your ve.

Line-O-Power Drives are smaller, lighter, more com- t—yet offer almost any reduction you need—because ti-Rated Lifetime Gearing assures maximum load- rying capacity in minimum space. Newly-developed ti-Rated Gears have high hardness, extreme accuracy permit *big* savings in size and weight.

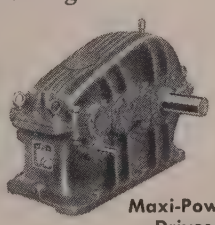
Longer life — higher efficiency — quieter operation — these are Line-O-Power advantages, brought about by Duti-Rated Lifetime Gearing, unmatched in the industrial gear field.

Sturdy Line-O-Power Drives are available for prompt delivery — in straight-line or right-angle design — with foot or flange mountings — for horizontal or vertical service. Talk over your requirements with the Foote Bros. representative, or write for helpful information.

*REG. U. S. PAT. OFF.

e Bros.-Louis Allis Gearmotors

Hygrade Drives



Maxi-Power Drives

FOOTE BROS.

ter Power Transmission Through Better Gears

Foote Bros. Gear and Machine Corporation
Dept. X, 4545 South Western Boulevard, Chicago 9, Illinois

Please send information about Line-O-Power Drives.

- ☐ Bulletin LPB on Straight-Line Units.
- ☐ Bulletin LWA on Right-Angle Units.

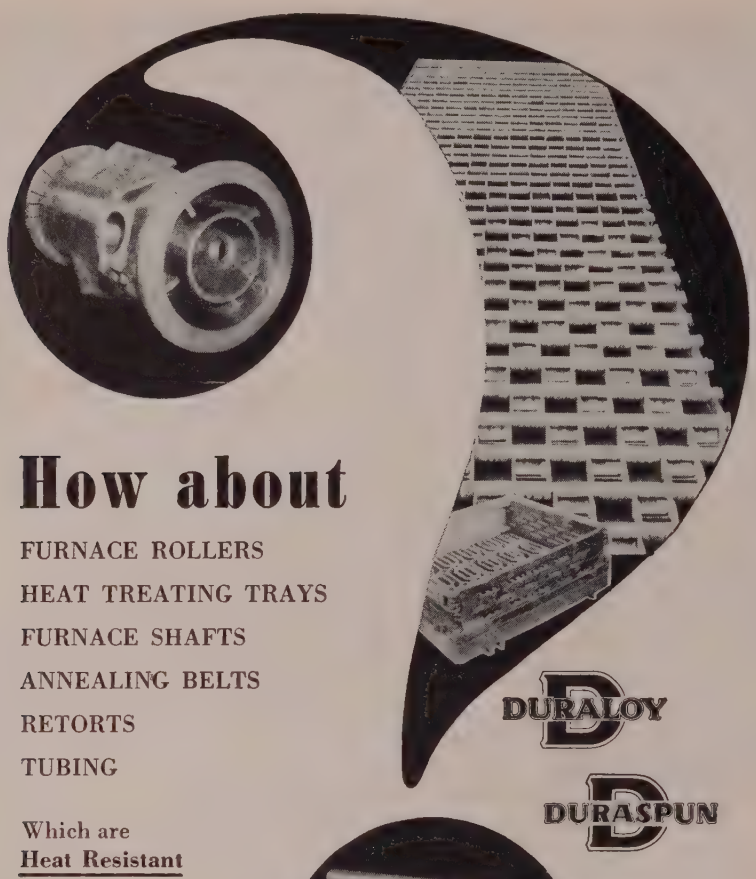
Name.....

Position.....

Company.....

Address.....

City.....Zone.....State.....



How about

FURNACE ROLLERS
HEAT TREATING TRAYS
FURNACE SHAFTS
ANNEALING BELTS
RETORTS
TUBING

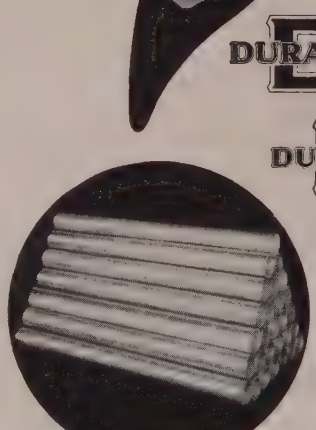
DURALOY

DURASPUN

Which are
Heat Resistant

Corrosion Resistant

Abrasion Resistant



When ready to order, how about checking with us here at DURALOY? For more than thirty years we have specialized in high-alloy castings. In fact, we were among the first to produce static castings and the first to produce centrifugal castings. We are old hands at producing castings alloyed to fit each specific requirement and to finish them to any extent desired.

Melt, castings and finishing are carefully controlled and quality tested by our staff of metallurgists, chemists, X-ray and gamma-ray technicians. If you would like more preliminary information, send for Bulletin No. 3150-G.

THE DURALOY COMPANY

Office and Plant: Scottdale, Pa. · Eastern Office: 12 East 41st Street, New York 17, N. Y.

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Automatic Contour Welde

It's easy with this Ryan-inspire rig. Maintains constant arc ov all irregularities in contour

NEWEST production tool at Ry is an automatic welding machi which welds around corners. Wi unerring accuracy this equipme makes perfect fusion welds, aut matically, over irregular surface

Welding electrode follows t "peaks" and "valleys" of the co tour with greater precision tha human hands could achieve.

In Use—Operator simply clam a large irregular part, such as stainless steel afterburner nozz in the machine, trips a few bu tons, and the uncanny process b gins. Electric arc strikes betwe the tungsten electrode and t work, blanketed by a flow of ine gas which prevents oxidation the weld seam. Welding head mov horizontally along the seam, fu ing the metal and depositing fil wire as it goes. At every irregul ity in contour, the electrode he instantly raises or lowers, ma taining a constant arc and mak uniformly perfect weld deposits.

Machine is composed of th major assemblies. Airco weld equipment is employed to perfo the inert gas-shielded welding ta This equipment is mounted o Linde side-beam carriage wh rolls back and forth on bear rollers attached to a horizonta 2 x ¾-inch steel plate. By settin a dial for required feed speeds, is mechanism will maintain a pre se speed. An electric motor drives he carriage assembly through a ar and rack on the rear of the p te. Electronic control eliminates ny variations in speed and ass es smooth action.

Vertical Travel—Ryan plant n-gineers have mounted the a ive equipment on a large steel f me which is attached to threaded eel shafts inserted in steel ve cal columns. By push button co rol, the operator actuates another ec-tric motor which turns the th ad-ed shafts, through a chain ive, to raise or lower the entire a em-bly. An adjustment of betwee two and five feet from the floor c be made.

For each production part, yan builds a steel holding jig whi se-

BULLARD

MANUFACTURERS OF MACHINE TOOLS

...ation of Huge Gravel Pit — Salt Lake City, Utah

Caterpillar Tractor Co. Photo

The Invisible Background of Industrial Progress

So common a sight is the well-known gravel pit that little importance is attached to the fact that it is one of the important natural resources essential to the building of highways, other grading projects, concrete structures, buildings, huge dams and bridges, dykes for flood control and flooded land reclamation.

In each of these and many other uses the competitive low cost handling from the gravel pit to the end use is dependent upon modern equipment — digging, transportation, grading, mixing or final placement. Such equipment is basically a product of manufacturing processes ★ dependent upon *Modern Machine Tools.*

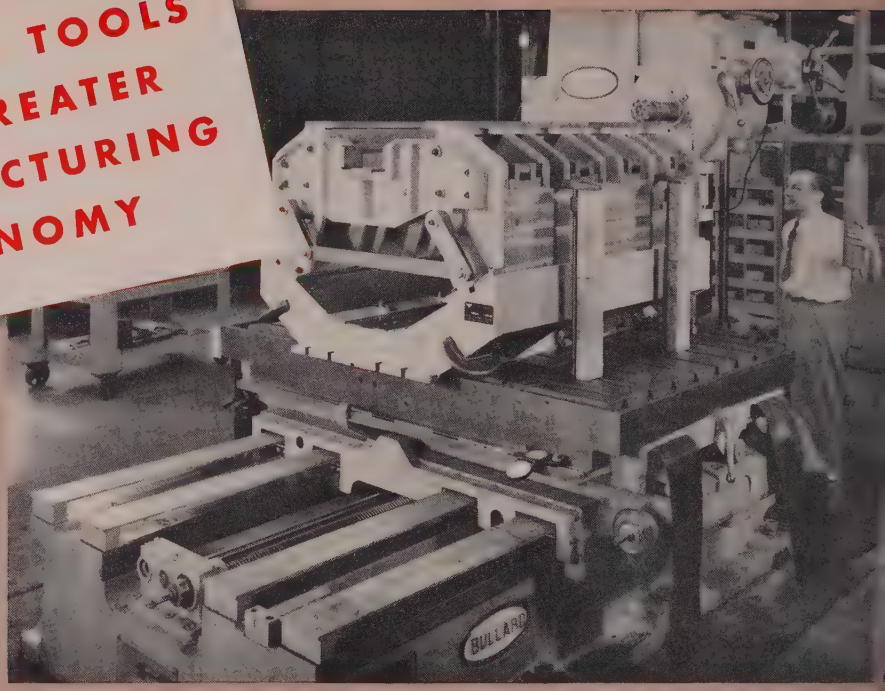
Bullard has had years of experience in efficiently servicing the needs of producers of essential equipment which meet the growing economic needs of "The Invisible Background of Industrial Progress."

★ *For greater manufacturing economy REFER to next page.*

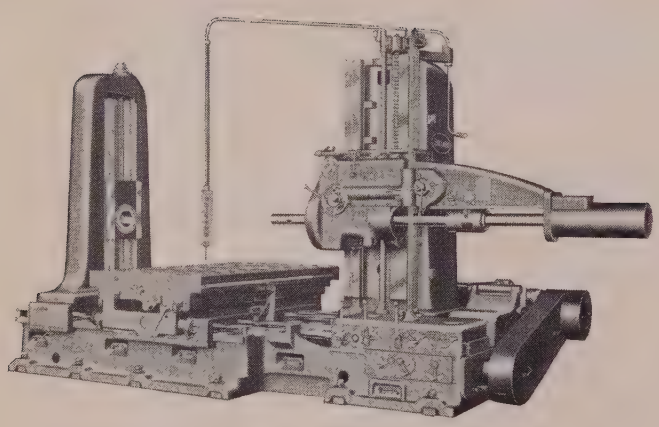
THE BULLARD COMPANY

BRIDGEPORT 2, CONNECTICUT

BULLARD MACHINE TOOLS FOR GREATER MANUFACTURING ECONOMY



For diversified performance plus utility, The Bullard Boring, M
ing and Drilling Machine offers maximum accuracy and efficien



The 4-Way Bed on the Bullard 4 inch and 5 i h spindle Horizontal Boring, Milling and Dril g Machines provides rigid support for the table, p mitting heavier work loads with a higher degre of repetitive accuracy.

These machines, built to exact standards of qua y, have great productive ability and maintain a h degree of accuracy to meet any customer req e- ment, thereby reducing manufacturing costs.

Ask a Bullard engineer to explain the many feat es of this versatile and reliable machine — you'll be ad you did.

BULLARD

Time saved is money earned. Write now for information on Bullard Horizontal Boring Machines.

THE BULLARD COMPANY BRIDGEPORT 2, CONNECTICU

WELDS THE PEAKS AND VALLEYS
. . . arc follows any contour bumps

…res the assembly with pneumatic …mps. These jigs are designed …ith a counterbalanced side frame, …hich swings up to allow correct …ositioning of the part. After the …mponent is welded, a locking …ember of the jig is opened and …e part is pulled out the end.

…eport On Magnets

Information on the uses, design, …operties and manufacture of Al…co permanent magnets, cast …ade 7, is available in the 4-page …chnical report PM-112 issued by …urboloy Department of General …ectric Co.

In addition to graphs and tables …plaining magnetic and physical …aracteristics of the magnets, the …port includes discussion of de…gn considerations, test informa…on and comparison of cast grade …with other magnetic materials.

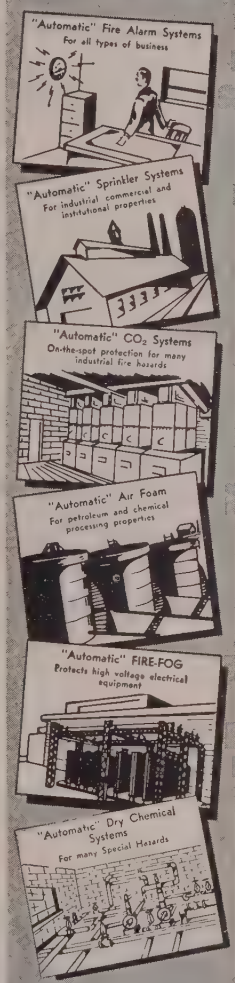
…ME Lists Aluminum Alloys

Another sign of stiffening com…tition between metals is the list…g of five additional aluminum al…ys in the latest ASME Boiler and …essure Vessel Code.

Seven aluminum sheet and plate …oys are now listed and, also for …e first time, alloy specifications …ve been included for bars, rods …d shapes; bolting materials, …pe, tube and forgings.

Sheet and plate alloys now list… are 4S, 50S, 52S, 61S and a …w corrosion resistant alloy.

we put the "Automatic" in FIRE PROTECTION


"Automatic" Fire Alarm Systems
For all types of business
"Automatic" Sprinkler Systems
For industrial commercial and institutional properties
"Automatic" CO_2 Systems
On-the-spot protection for many industrial fire hazards
"Automatic" Air Foam
For petroleum and chemical processing properties
"Automatic" FIRE-FOG
Protects high voltage electrical equipment
"Automatic" Dry Chemical Systems
For many Special Hazards

You've no doubt read or heard from time to time that one or another type of fire protection is the correct answer to your safety problem. One says foam is best. Another says water sprinklers are the answer. Perhaps carbon dioxide, dry chemical, or other media will do the trick.

What is the most effective method?

Without a thorough understanding of all conditions involved, we wouldn't hazard a guess. For fire protection, like any other scientific problem, requires (1) technical know-how, and (2) application of that knowledge. Most methods of fire safety are good . . . but only through "FIRE PROTECTION ENGINEERING"—designing, manufacturing and installing the specific type of system *best by test*—can you be sure of maximum safety.

So, we take all methods of fire alarm and control, combine them with extinguishing mediums—FIRE-FOG, Air Foam, Sprinklers, etc.—and compound the results by adding "Automatic" technical know-how as well as test and field experience. The result . . . the finest "Automatic" FIRE PROTECTION available at any price.

The subject is more vividly covered in our colorfully illustrated literature, "The ABC of Fire Protection." Write for free copy today.

"Automatic" Sprinkler

CORPORATION OF AMERICA · YOUNGSTOWN, OHIO

OFFICES IN PRINCIPAL CITIES OF NORTH AND SOUTH AMERICA

Flex Tester For Sheets

Stamping press operator can test sheets for drawability. Process takes less than a minute

PRINCIPLE behind hand bending of sheets by stamping press operators to measure drawability has resulted in the development of two non-destructive testing instruments.

Flex-Tester measures resistance to bending and gives an accurate forecast of the drawing quality of cold-reduced sheet and strip steel. Spherometer, which determines diameter of bend, indicates a material's susceptibility to stretcher strain during the draw.

Both instruments were developed by Jones & Laughlin Steel Corp., Pittsburgh, and are being marketed by Steel City Testing Machines Inc., Detroit.

Operation—Entire test takes less than a minute. Flex-Tester is used first. With it, operator bends back a corner of the steel sheet, and its resistance to bend is measured on a dial. For severe draws, instance, 60 on the gage is the proximate dividing line betw steel that can be drawn satisf torily and that which might take the draw.

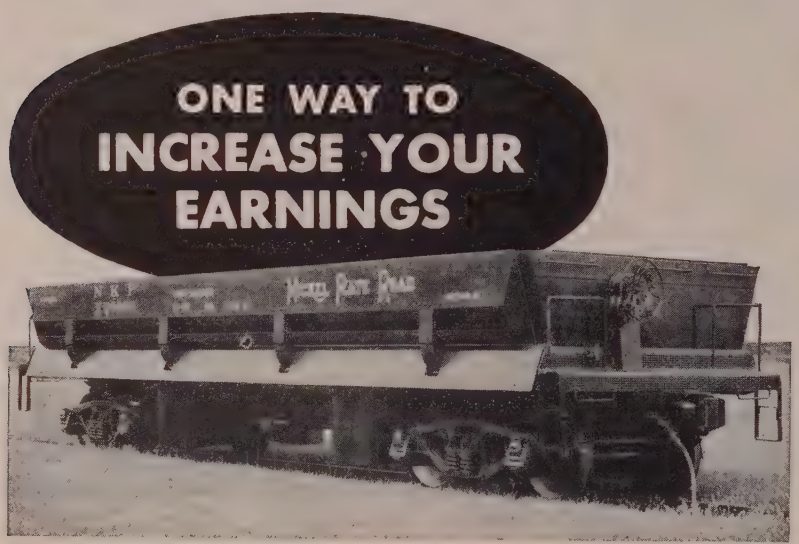
FAST CHECK ON DRAWABILITY
. . . with flex tester, spherometer

This is a measure of ductil translated into the probability the breaking of the steel during draw. Lower the resistance to flexing force, the better the dr ability of the steel and vice ve To correct for sheet thickness, erator uses a micrometer, then fers to a conversion table.

Stretcher Strain — Spherome measures diameter of bend. Sma the diameter, the greater the t ency to stretcher strain. If di eter is three inches or grea there will be no tendency to stre er strain—degree of stret strain is proprotional to decr of bend diameter. This knowle can eliminate unnecessary ro leveling to relieve strains or it indicate when it is necessary.

Flex test can be used in w houses and strip mills in addi to stamping plants. In strip m a series of tests can be made a the length of the strip at the per mill. When the mill is sto momentarily, an 8 inch slit is in the edge of the strip with a shear, and flex test readings ta

Result, according to both J and Steel City Testing, is elim tion of considerable rule-of-th work previously done by the erator.



Higher Ratio: *'Payload to Dead Weight'* with Differential Air Dump Cars

Differential design and construction skillfully combine greatest strength with lightest possible weight. Saves motive power, fuel, maintenance. Dead weight is an enemy of economy. *Differential makes the difference!* But that isn't all!

The automatic, either side dumping design — by **air** power is safer, faster — means still more economy. No matter what loose material there's 'more payload to dead weight' — more all around economy and lasting satisfaction in Differential Air Dump Cars.

Differential Products Include: Air Dump Cars, Locomotives, Mine Cars, Mine Supply Cars, Rock Larries, Mantrip Cars, Dumping Devices and Complete Haulage Systems.

DIFFERENTIAL STEEL CAR COMPANY

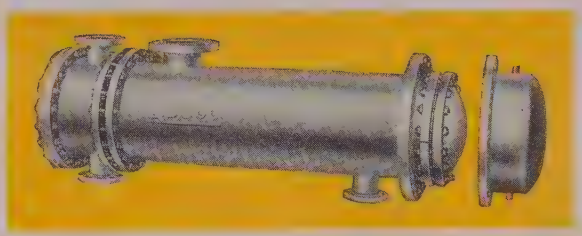
FINDLAY, OHIO

SINCE 1915 — PIONEERS IN HAULAGE EQUIPMENT

ADSCO ENGINEERED

TO SOLVE ANY HEAT-EXCHANGER PROBLEM

Standard-design or tailor-made, ADSCO heat exchangers are engineered and manufactured to fit the exacting needs of ADSCO's industrial customers. Upon receiving a set of thermal conditions from a customer, ADSCO first applies its many years of experience to the design of the exchanger. And then into the manufacture goes all the know-how which ADSCO has acquired during its 75 years. The result is an exchanger which is not "almost right" but exactly right, a unit of the utmost efficiency... Investigate this specialized ADSCO service. You'll find it is low-cost, yet everywhere carries the ADSCO mark of quality which since 1877 has made ADSCO a leader.



A type of ADSCO heat exchanger widely used in industrial plants is the float-head, split-ring heat exchanger shown above. It is used for heating, cooling, or condensing, or for a combination of these. Shells can be of steel or a non-ferrous metal with either steel or non-ferrous tube sheets. Tubes of the removable tube bundle vary in size from 5/8" O. D. to 1¼" O. D. The pitch can be square or rectangular, depending on the fouling conditions and cleaning requirements. ADSCO heat exchangers are manufactured in conformity with ASME code for unfired pressure vessels.

ADSCO ENGINEERED PRODUCTS

Expansion Joints . . . Separators . . . Meters . . . Steam Traps . . . Heat Exchangers . . . Strainers

AMERICAN DISTRICT STEAM COMPANY, INC.

NORTH TONAWANDA, NEW YORK

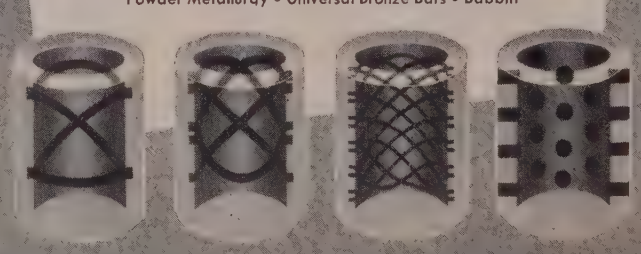
Since 1877

JOHNSON GRAPHITED CAST BRONZE SLEEVE BEARINGS were developed primarily for applications where lubrication is difficult or likely to be neglected. Another important use is where the shaft speed is too slow or the temperature too low to sustain an oil film; also where high operating temperatures may burn out oils and greases. They are recommended where lubricants might damage goods or foods in process, where dripping oil cannot be tolerated, and in certain underwater applications. Johnson Graphited Bearings are available in three types: with serrated grooves, with graphite plugs, and with graphite-filled oil grooves. The serrated type is a stock item in over 200 sizes, available through Johnson Distributors. Write for full information.

JOHNSON BRONZE COMPANY,
550 South Mill Street, New Castle, Pa.

JOHNSON B BEARINGS
Sleeve-Type

OTHER JOHNSON BEARING TYPES: General Purpose (GP) • Electric Motor (EM) • Self-lubricating Powder Metallurgy • Universal Bronze Bars • Babbitt



SLEEVE BEARING HEADQUARTERS SINCE 1901

Perma-tube Stops Rust

Vinyl coating applied in speci process coats tubing inside a out. Good for outdoor jobs

VINSYNITE-VINYL system is b ing used to coat electric weld steel tubing to provide superi corrosion resistance.

Special dipipng process is us to give the product, Perma-Tub a double coating, inside and ou Vinsynite undercoating, a wa primer that phosphates steel a puts on a primer film, is the fir step. Finish coat is a baked, al minum-pigmented, vinyl-resin.

Tubing, a product of Jones Laughlin Steel Corp., Pittsburg comes in 5 and 10-foot lengths,

SIGNAL LOUD AND CLEAR
. . . no rust for a lifetime

several wall thicknesses. Appli tions include television ante masts.

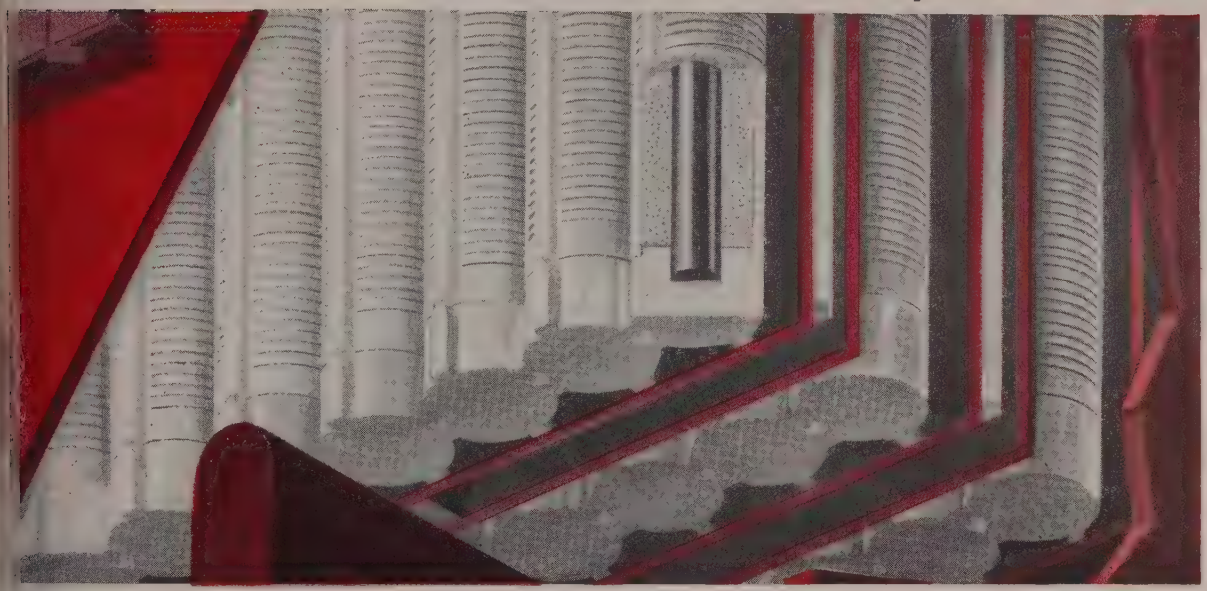
Corrosion—Combining stren rigidity and lightweight, the a terial has excellent corrosion e sistance. No corrosion appears the surfaces after more than hours in accelerated, salt-sp tests.

Similar results are obtained the standard ASTM weatherom test. After a period equivaler more than five years of ac service, plastic coated tu shows no signs of corrosion. of the prime complaints of h owners has been rust stains t able to weathered TV anten There have been no such with Perma-tube.

For industrial trucks . . . Exide-Ironclad now offers

★ 20% more capacity in the same space

★ Lowest cost per A.H. to own and operate



This cutaway picture shows the inside of the new T H EXIDE-IRONCLAD Battery.

Its larger positive plates, containing corrosion-resistant Silvium, are different . . . unique . . . exclusive! No other type of positive plate construction offers you the advantages of the T H Exide-Ironclad, with its slotted plastic tubes, permanently sealed on the bottom with polyethylene tube sealer. More active material is exposed to the electrolyte, resulting in greater power. More active material is retained, providing higher battery capacity for a longer working life. Other features include improved negative plates . . . practically indestructible Pormax separators . . . new sealing compound . . . shockproof molded jar . . . unbreakable quarter-turn vent plugs of plastic . . . corrosion-resistant tray coating.

All of the features of the new T H Exide-Ironclad Battery construction provide direct operating-hour savings for you.

Now-more than ever before...
YOUR BEST POWER BUY AT ANY PRICE!

1888... DEPENDABLE BATTERIES FOR 65 YEARS...1953

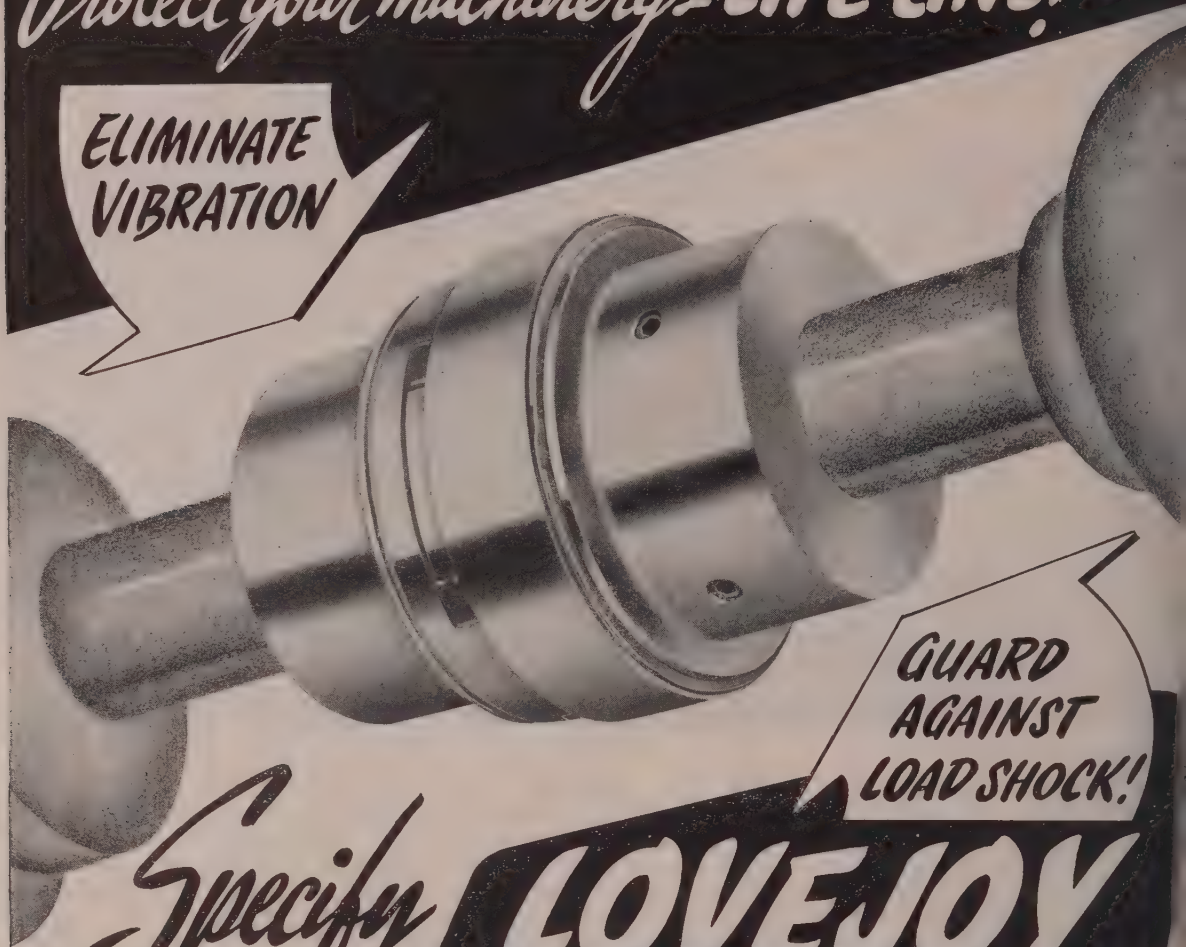
The new T H
Exide-Ironclad
BATTERY

Thrifty Hauler

HE ELECTRIC STORAGE BATTERY COMPANY, Philadelphia 2 • *Exide Batteries of Canada, Limited, Toronto*
"EXIDE", "EXIDE-IRONCLAD", "SILVIUM", "PORMAX", *Reg. T.M. U.S. Pat. Off.*

Protect your machinery's LIFE-LINE!

ELIMINATE VIBRATION



GUARD AGAINST LOAD SHOCK!

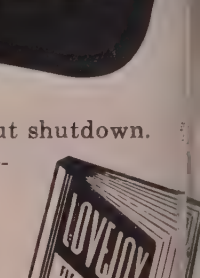
Specify LOVEJOY FLEXIBLE COUPLINGS

When you install Lovejoy Couplings, you guarantee your machinery the benefits of years of coupling design and engineering experience. You know that smooth, steady power transmission will keep your runout tables, conveyors, hoists, pumps and other production equipment operating at peak efficiency.

Note the compact, accurately machined bodies and jaws—the special cushioning materials—and you'll see why Lovejoy spells the end of your "down-time" worries . . . why misalignment, backlash, and surge are reduced to a bare minimum.

Lovejoy Couplings reduce maintenance time. Cushions are changed without shutdown. Lovejoy Couplings never require lubrication.

Write to us now for full technical data and engineering advice. Our illustrated catalog, with handy selector charts, is yours without obligation. Just forward your request.



LOVEJOY FLEXIBLE COUPLING COMPANY

5071 WEST LAKE STREET CHICAGO 44, ILLINOIS

Manufacturers of Couplings, Universal Joints and Variable Speed Transmissions

treamlining Construction

MOOTH-WORKING material oist tower is speeding work on filwaukee's new incinerator plant. he medium duty hoist tower is 8 feet high, has proved invaluable n streamlining the material han- ling problem on this construc- on job. Tower is made by Saf- ay Steel Products Inc., Milwau- ee.

The double-hoist tower was rected in little more than one day. ecause the tower is constructed ntirely of high carbon tubular eel, it is strong and rigid. End rames, made up of six parts elded together, add rigidity and mplify handling of tower parts. nd frames are joined by high rbon steel tubular bracing for rength. All metal parts are treat- for corrosion resistance.

Capacity, Speed—The tower has capacity of 3100 pounds per oist. High strength is due to

MATERIAL HOIST TOWER
. capacity: 3100 pounds per ho'st

th tubular steel construction and rangement of lower pulley as- nbly, which puts strains on the der-like base section and not on pporting legs of the tower.

Lifting speed on the hoist tower 160 fpm. Cage position can be trolled accurately to any level. ads are placed on the cage plat- m from outside the guard rail l materials raised rapidly to de- ed levels and easily removed to rk platforms on the outside of building.

At the top of tower a cathead as-

MUELLER BRASS CO.

forgings

BRASS · BRONZE AND ALUMINUM

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"THEIR FIELD MEN WILL SERVICE THE EQUIPMENT"
"THEY WILL ENGINEER THE WELDERS INTO OUR PRODUCTION SET-UP"
"THEIR APPLICATION ENGINEERS WILL SHOW US THE BEST WAY TO RESISTANCE WELD THESE PARTS"
"THEY'VE ALWAYS BEEN KNOWN AS THE QUALITY COMPANY IN RESISTANCE WELDING"

IF YOU HAVE a production **joining** problem, bank on resistance welding and use the facilities of Taylor-Winfield. We have sales and application engineers who spend their time on specific customer projects.

If you will outline your needs, we will give you some practical help. T-W specializes in shirt-sleeve assistance on resistance welding. We design, engineer and build resistance welders into your production line. For prompt attention, address your inquiry to the nearest sales office.

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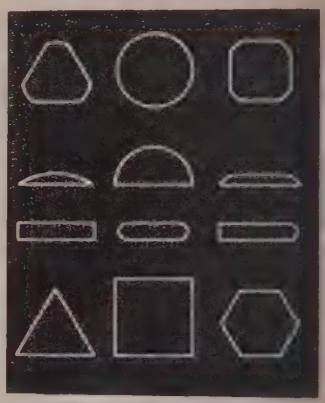
Shaped Wire Savings



Design possibilities of shaped wire offer cost cutting angles on many products. With the right job, shaped wire may eliminate machining operations and guarantee precision dimensions and finish. Flat wire and special shapes are drawn and rolled to specifications in a wide variety of alloys—monel, nickel, inconel as well as various grades of stainless steel.

Stainless flat wire is used to make film racks, eggbeaters, well screen, and vacuum filters. Some ten different parts of one photo camera consist of stainless flat wire and precision rolled special shapes.

sembly supports a 16-inch pu wheel. Large wheel diameter p tects wire threads in the cable d keeps the cable running f e.

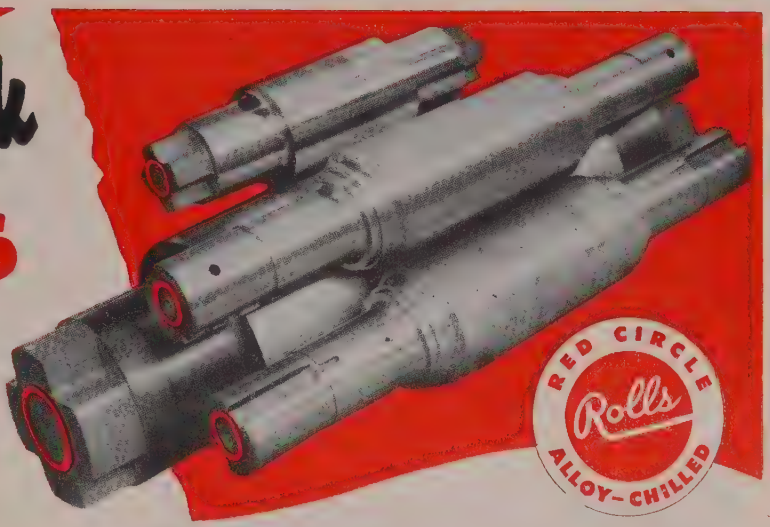
No Twisting, Binding—To el i- nate twisting and strain on e cable, cathead pulleys are loc d low to provide a low center f gravity. Thus cable cannot d on the sheave wheel and c le wear is kept to a minimum. n the lower end of the tower, sw el attachment that feeds cable in f m the engine follows movemen of cable and prevents binding.

The hoist tower is equi ed with a cage safety device that s ps the cage within inches of the p nt of cable trouble or failure.

Hoist tower used in constru ng the Milwaukee plant is of do ble design. Two material hoists re joined together by common s uc tural members.

Hyde Park ROLLS

and ROLLING MILL EQUIPMENT

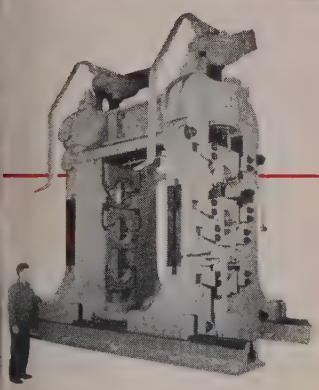


ROLLER TABLE

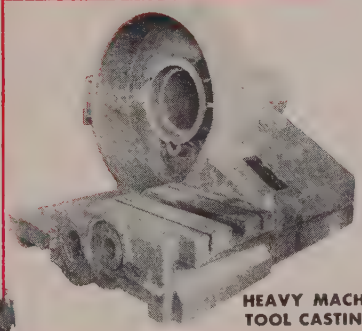
In many mills throughout the country Hyde Park Red Circle Rolls are daily giving top production, and achieving new endurance records.

The Hyde Park Red Circle is your assurance of quality and dependability. You will find it on the type and size of roll that will best serve your purpose.

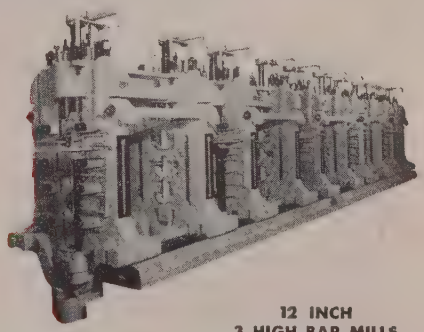
The same integrity of design and rugged construction are characteristic of all Hyde Park Rolling Mill Equipment.



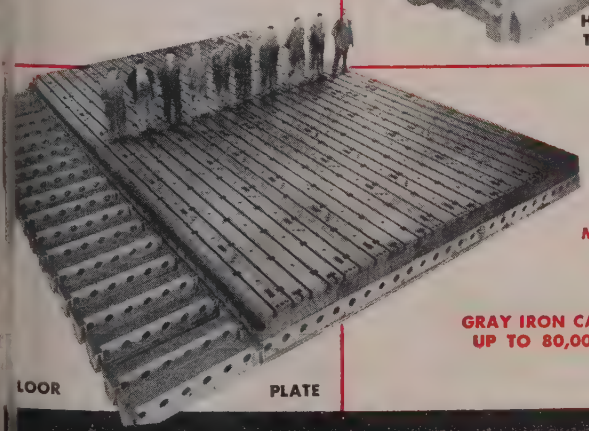
24 INCH
3 HIGH BAR MILL



HEAVY MACHINE
TOOL CASTING



12 INCH
3 HIGH BAR MILLS



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ROLLS • Alloy Iron • Chilled • Sand

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- Shoe Plate
- Lay-out Plates
- Surface Plates

Hyde Park FOUNDRY & MACHINE CO.

HYDE PARK, WESTMORELAND COUNTY, PITTSBURGH DISTRICT, PA.

Conveyorized Handling

Fewer trucks move more material faster in transfer operations at nine Ford plants

MATERIAL HANDLING system which links widely separated plants by roller conveyors has been developed by Ford Motor Company. The system now is in use at nine Ford plants in the Detroit area and currently handles over 3400 tons of materials a day.

Conveyors are used for fast handling of a wide variety of automotive parts which normally are transported by company trucks from one plant to another in standard racks or standard skid bins. By conveyorizing the truck loading and unloading operations where a large volume of such parts must be moved, the company has discovered that time spent by trucks at dock-side is substantially reduced, fewer trailer trucks can handle a given quantity of material in the same time, and fork trucks are not tied up at both ends of the system in unproductive waiting.

Free standing conveyorized loadi and unloading stations are capab of handling standard racks of pa

Three-Element System — W the Ford system a 30,000-pou load can be put aboard a trailer ten minutes. As much as an h and a half would be needed r loose-loading the same trailer.

The system consists of three e ments. The first is specially c structed and equipped loading d unloading docks. Docks have ro r conveyor tracks sloping 2 deg s down to the edge, and truck ra s sloping down at the same an Unloading docks and ramps e slanted in opposite directions. c- ond element calls for truck d trailer beds equipped with r er conveyor tracks the same size as those on the docks. Third, st d- ard racks or bins are used for a- terials. Rack skid rails are a- tached flush with the feet, the s ne

Roller tracks on docks and on uck beds permit racks to roll off icks to be moved away by fork truck ter

for ECONOMY—and EFFICIENCY

GRIPCO

LOCK NUTS

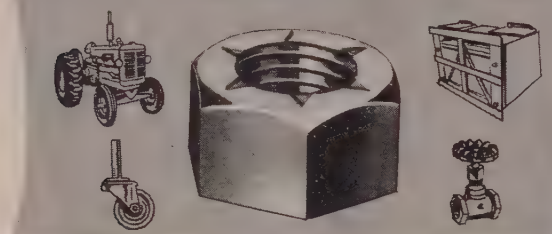
SAVE on FIRST cost

Simplified design makes possible much lower price

SAVE on APPLICATION cost

Fast Application cuts production time—and cost

DUPLICATE THE SAVINGS OF THESE GRIPCO USERS



One reason for Gripco Lock Nut Economy is that the locking action is inherent in the nut itself, and is produced by vertical thread deflection. No inserts, outside devices or extra height are required. Because of this simplicity, we can sell an efficient lock nut at a much lower price.

Because Gripco Lock Nuts are made to standard semi-finished full and jam dimensions, and eliminate the need for a lock washer, shorter bolts can be used. Write for samples and descriptive bulletin.

Another reason for Economy is speed in applying. Gripco Lock Nuts are started on the bolt like a common nut; then locked with a wrench.

**Clinch or weld nuts available with or without Gripco locking feature.*

NEW GRIPCO "CLINCH" NUT*

Hex-shaped pilot fits into hexagon hole in metal. Pilot is then flattened out clinching nut.

GRIPCO HI-NUTS

Eliminate leaf spring breakage due to broken or lost lock washers.

GRIPCO PILOT-PROJECTION WELD NUTS*

Circular pilot positions nut in bolt hole, for instant resistance welding.

GRIPCO COUNTERSINK WELD NUTS*

Gripco countersink feature allows cooling and solidifying of *weld spatter* before it contacts threads.

Write for Samples, mentioning Types and Sizes of nuts you use.

3315

GRIP **NUT COMPANY**

308-N S. Michigan Ave., Chicago 4, Ill.

distance apart as the conveyor rails.

Loading, Unloading—To prepare for loading, completely filled standard racks are placed one at a time or in tiers by fork truck on the roller conveyors. A load of racks is ready for the truck when it arrives.

When the dock and truck conveyor rails are matched, the racks are allowed to roll into place in the truck. Locking devices on the truck's conveyor rails and sides prevent shifting of load while truck is moving.

To unload, the racks are rolled onto dockside conveyor rails for removal by fork truck. A hand-operated friction brake on dock conveyor rails slows racks as they roll out of trucks.

To insure matching with truck

ruck interior shows parts in racks ocked in place. Conveyors on docks atch those on floor of the truck

ails, end sections of dock conveyor ails are hinged and counterbalnced, and project several inches eyond the edge of the dock. When truck backs into the dock, the ock rails can be raised or lowered nd moved from side to side several ches to lock up to the truck bed ails.

More Installations — At Ford's ouge, Highland Park and Mound oad plants, where outside storage ace for racked parts is available, ading and unloading stations us-g the same conveyor principles ave been erected.

At present, the company has 17 ations equipped with this idea in aterial handling. Twenty addiional installations are being made in Detroit-area Ford plants. Forty-one Ford-owned trailer trucks, ranging in length from 26 to 40 feet, have all been similarly conveyor-equipped.

Pocket-Sized Chart

A decimal equivalent, tap drill and screw thread chart, printed on grease and dirt-resistant vinylite, will be sent on request without charge, to supervisors, foremen, machinists, tool engineers and draftsmen from Reiff & Nestor, Lykens, Pa., drill and tap manufacturing specialists.

This pocket-size chart lists fractions and decimal equivalents from 1/64 to 1 inch, by 64th's in a convenient order. On the opposite side are National Course and National Fine threads, pipe threads and A. S. M. E. standard and special threads with equivalent tap and body drill sizes for a wide range of sizes. Copies of the chart can be obtained free by writing the company.

Fiske "Magic" Compound

A Water Soluble Cutting Coolant

Fiske "MAGIC" Compound, when dissolved in water, cools, lubricates, produces a high finish and lengthens tool life. There is nothing else like it for milling, drilling, grinding, turning, sawing, threading, wire drawing and stamping. It is rust resistant, stays mixed and will not become rancid. Try it and see the improvement in your work.

There is a Fiske Lubricant for every metal working operation. Each is an outstanding product and results in more production, better finish and increased tool life. Complete literature available. Write today to Fiske Brothers Refining Co., 123 Lockwood St., Newark 5, N. J., or 1504 Oakdale Avenue, Toledo 5, Ohio.

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Established 1870

METAL WORKING LUBRICANTS

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Call, wire or write for a qualified Sheffield engineer to help select equipment which best meets your expanded requirements. Address CUSTOMER CONSULTATION SERVICE.

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GAGES • MEASURING INSTRUMENTS • MACHINE TOOLS
CONTRACT SERVICES • THREADING TOOLS

Heavy Wall Pressure Tubes

Timken makes seamless tubes 10½ inches OD with 1.58-inch wall. Properties reported same

INCREASING temperatures and pressures in many industries are introducing changes in the design of the tubular members. Until recently it was common practice in steam stations to use a single line of 16-inch diameter pipe to conduct the steam from the boiler to the turbine.

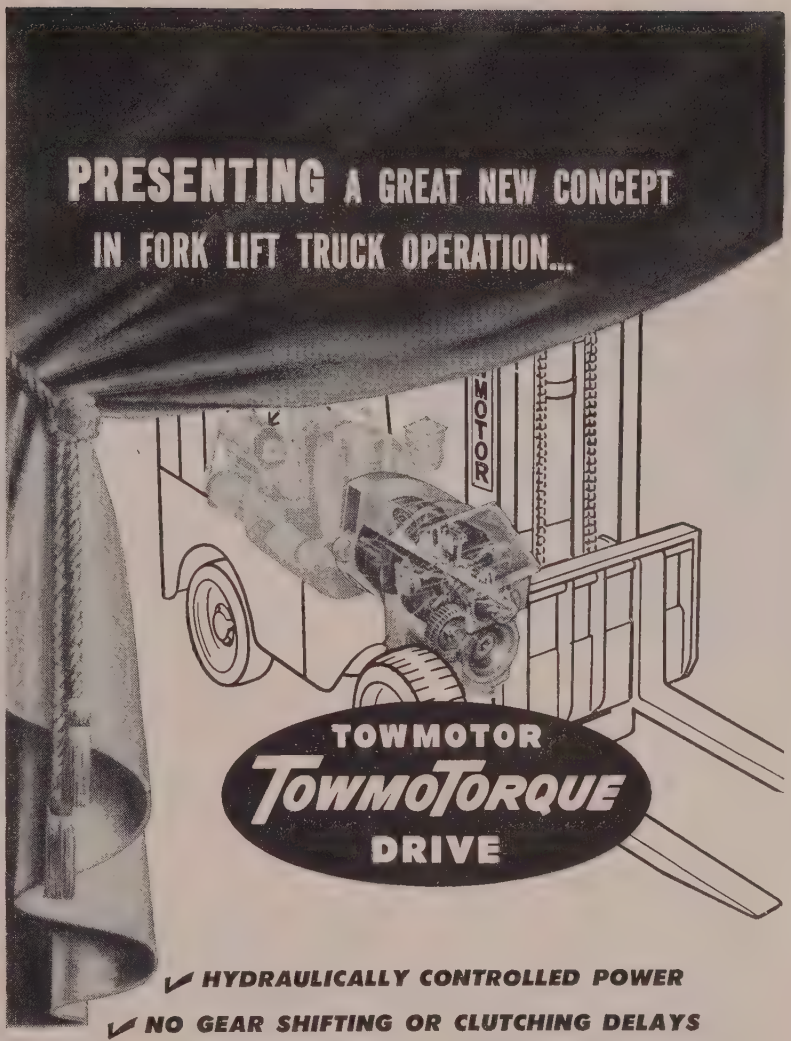
With present steam temperatures of 1050 to 1100° F and pressures up to 2500 psi, this requires a very heavy wall thickness in order to conform to the maximum allowable stress in the tube wall. As a result it is often necessary to produce tubular members of this size by boring through large forged billets.

HEAVY WALLED SEAMLESS
. . . answer to high pressures

This is not only an expensive operation but also, in the case of the austenitic steel, whose grain size can not be readily controlled by heat treatment, the resulting properties are not always those desired.

Double Up—In order to overcome these handicaps, certain of the more recent steam piping installations have made use of two parallel rather than one single line. For a recent 1100° F, 2500 psi steam line, Timken Roller Bearing Co. furnished Type 347 tubes 10½-inch OD x 1.580-inch wall thickness.

Because of close control on the



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✓ NO GEAR SHIFTING OR CLUTCHING DELAYS
✓ EFFORTLESS DRIVER CONTROL

From the first name in Mass Handling Equipment comes the last word in torque drives for fork lift truck applications. Here is a product of intensive research and engineering, truly a trouble-free torque converter drive . . . available to match the capacity range of all Towmotor power plants. Here is the one drive that adds still more to superior Towmotor performance. For the complete story in a nutshell, send for book on TowmoTorque now.

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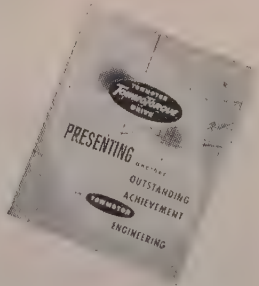

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Metalworking plants everywhere have found CLEVELAND **air** vibrators the solution to their arching, bridging and sticking problems.

With a CLEVELAND, materials move through handling devices efficiently and economically, thus cutting down production time and costs.

We have a size and type, either quiet or standard, to fit your requirements.

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THE CLEVELAND VIBRATOR COMPANY

2780 Clinton Ave. • Cleveland 13, Ohio

heating of tube billets, the rapid rate at which seamless tubes are pierced, and the thorough and uniform working during the piercing operation, the properties of the individual tubes can be held within the same close limits as in the smaller and lighter wall sizes.

Double Tests—With these particular Type 347 tubes, flattening and transverse tensile tests were taken on each end of each tube. Representative etched ring and flattened specimens are shown in the enclosed photo. Results from 38 transverse tensile tests showed the following average:

	Average
Tensile Strength	81,500
Yield Strength (0.2%), PSI	47,500
Elongation, %	46.5
Reduction of Area, %	57.5

These results indicate a high degree of uniformity from tube to tube.

The maximum outside diameter that can be produced is 10½ inches which is somewhat smaller than the 10¾ -inch OD corresponding to a standard 10-inch IPS. However, a large number of different wall sizes can be made for any given OD.

Seeing Is Believing

Shipping firms are more careful with packages if they can see what they are handling.

That theory has been put into practical working use by Electro Refractories & Abrasives Corp. in packaging its large-size crucibles.

A new method of packaging enables the company to ship crucibles which not only can be seen, but have a lighter shipping weight, are easier to handle and are less apt to be damaged en route.

The Old and New—The old method was to pack crucibles in wooden crates, banded with steel and protected inside with packing material. Besides making for heavy shipments, this produced a sizable number of cracked or otherwise damaged crucibles.

The new system is simple. Crucibles are placed on solid wooden pallets with cross pieces protecting sides and top. Weight has been reduced almost half and shippers have handled the crucibles more carefully. Practically no damage has resulted.

the smith hac the right idec

When it comes to forming met[al], there's no substitute for the hamm[er]. No other method gives metal eq[ual] toughness and resiliency.

The Torrington Swager operate[s] on the same principle—delivering 4[00] hammer blows a minute. It redu[ces], tapers and po[ints] rod, wire and tu[bing] accurately and [e]-nomically . . . u[ses] every ounce of st[ock].

Our booklet, "The Torrington Swaging Machine," gives full details on swaging and our complete line of machines. A free copy is yours for the asking.

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Swager Department
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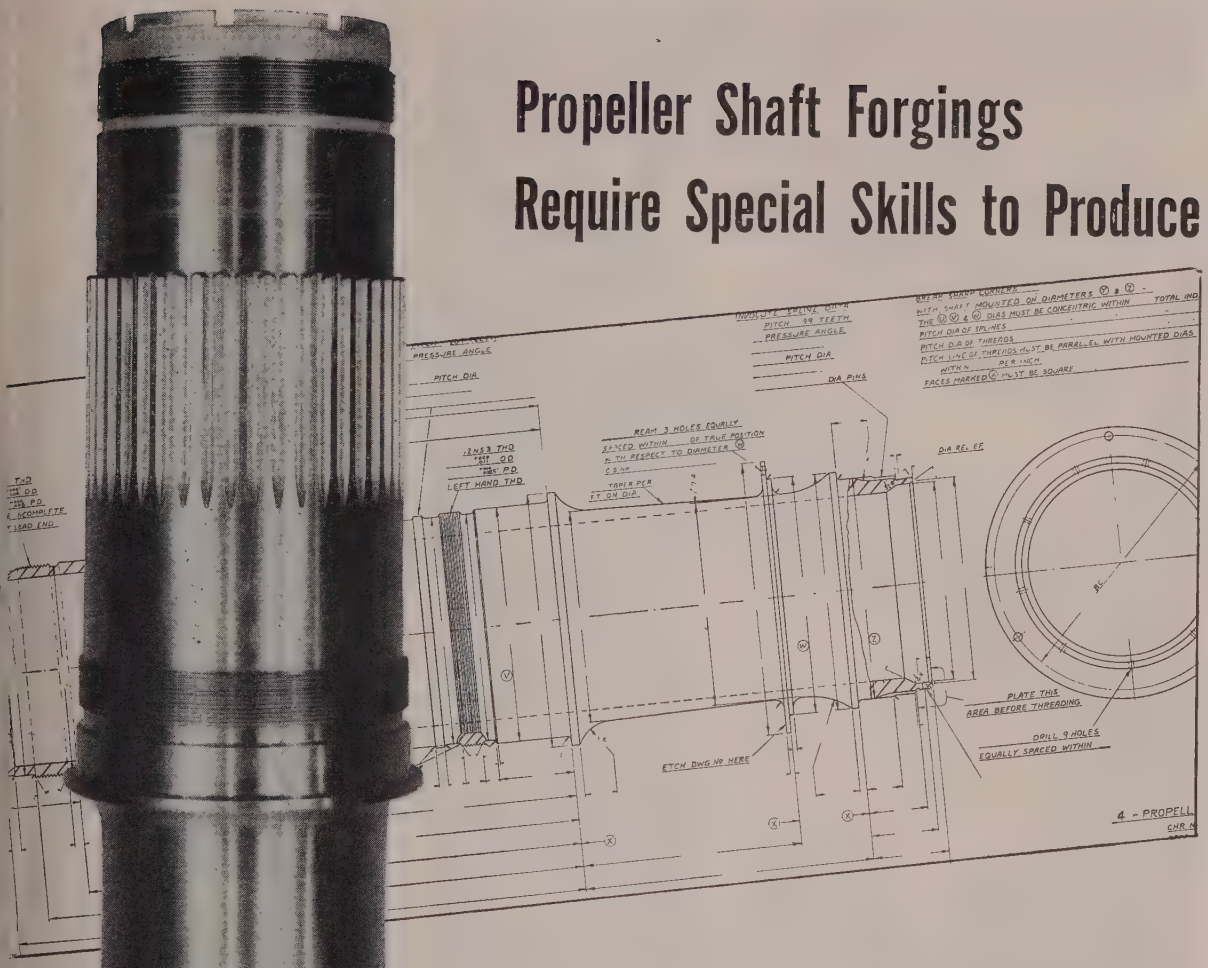
Makers of
TORRINGTON NEEDLE BEARINGS

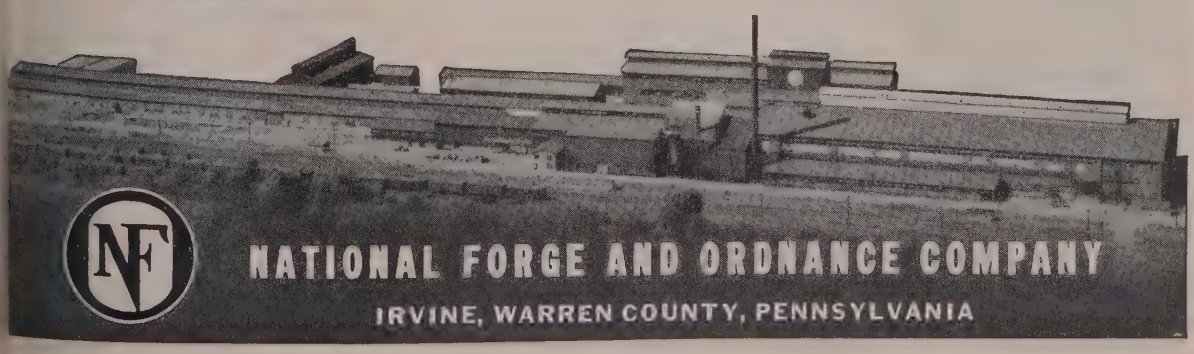
Propeller Shaft Forgings Require Special Skills to Produce



Skilled metallurgists produce special electric alloy steel for these forgings at National Forge. The steel must have high resistance to fatigue, wear and shock. After rough machining and carefully controlled heat treating, these forgings are precisely machined to close tolerances by skilled machinists. The finished shafts are ready for installation.

These special skills were developed at National Forge through years of close cooperation with the aircraft industry. This has given National Forge a complete understanding of the quality requirements both in material and machining.

Why not put this experience and skill to work for you when next you need forgings? Write for full information.



NATIONAL FORGE AND ORDNANCE COMPANY

IRVINE, WARREN COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

"MULTI-CUT" "TUFCUT" "HOT WORK"

Wapakoneta
SHEAR BLADES
and
ROTARY KNIVES

Any type or size blade of proper Alloy with correct hardness and temper for every type shearing machine and every kind of job.

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Every Wapakoneta blade is made to exact specifications, designed for the particular job. Complete records with order number of each blade makes possible duplication of exact size and temper at any time.

The WAPAKONETA MACHINE CO.
Shear Blade Specialists Since 1891
Wapakoneta, Ohio

Hi-Strength Bolts Gain

More fabricators are discover ing advantages in this metho Code changes will boost use

SELDOM has a newcomer to th fabricating industry enjoyed a wide acceptance and usage a high-tensile steel bolting of struc tural steel. No fastening metho can claim to be the best; each ha its own advantages and limita tions. Yet high strength boltin can claim three distinct advan tages.

Not only is it perhaps the fast est fastening method, high ten sile bolted joints are stronger both statically and in fatigue. Whil bolt, nut and washers are mor expensive initially, the finished bolted joint is less costly. Ever further savings can be realized during additions or alterations Bolts are removable and reusable

How It Started—Years of work on the part of the Research Coun cil on Riveted and Bolted Struc tural Joints has brought the de velopment to the place it enjoy today, and their work is still con tinuing.

In shape, dimensions, and ap pearance, the high-tensile bolt i nothing more than a common bol It is used in its as-forged cond tion without any secondary ma chining operations and is assem bled into a standard clearanc hole, the same as used for rivet Only thing that might distingui it from a standard fastener is th semifinished machining given th underside of the bolt head and n bearing face which facilitates tru bearing on the washer than wou be the case with a rough nut an bolt.

The Physicals.—Forged fro medium carbon steel, the bolt heat-treated to meet the requir ments of ASTM specificati A325. The requirements are hi —for instance, proof load is 8 000 psi for ¾-inch bolts and 7 000 psi for ⅞ and 1-inch bo Ultimate breaking load is 120,0 psi.

In testing the ultimate stren of the bolt, a 10 degree bevel washer is placed under the he Even though subjected to this vere combination of tension a

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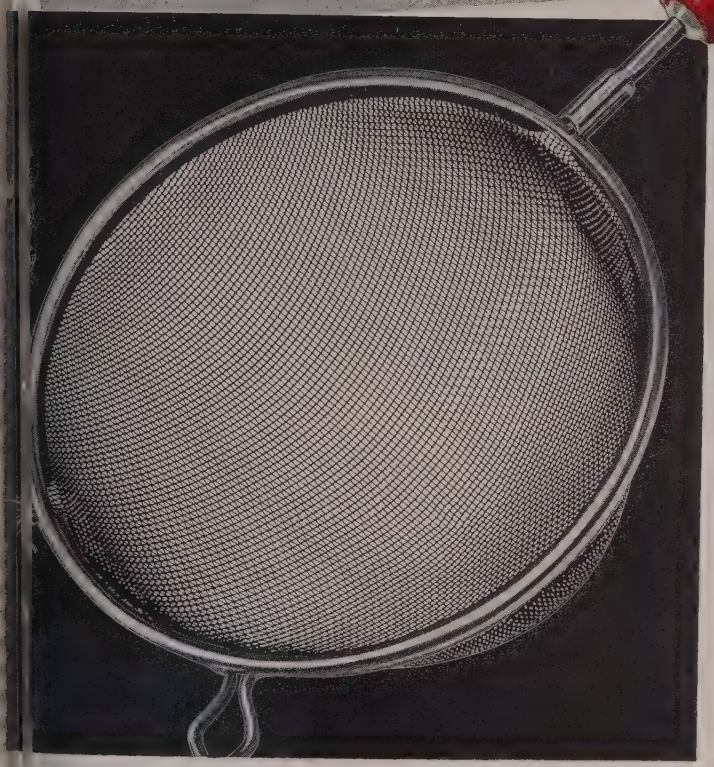
FOR PROTECTION

...in preparing and processing foods...beverages... and petroleum products



Why are kitchen strainers, tea strainers, flour sifters, french fryers, automatic dish washer baskets and many other kitchen tools made of Reynolds *tinned* wire cloth?

Because tinning means resistance to rust and tarnish resulting from contact with milk, water and atmospheric gases.

Tinned wire cloth is also resistant to phosphoric acid, ammonia, carbon tetrachloride, etc.; and substances present in motor fuels and other petroleum products.

And, wherever high speed soldering is a factor—as in electrical products—Reynolds tinned wire cloth is a natural.

Whether your products are used in the kitchen, dairy, food processing and preservation, or the beverage, petroleum, or electrical industries—you'll be interested in Reynolds Wire Cloth. And, tinning is only *one* of the many special-needs demands that *Reynolds* Wire Cloth is or can be made to meet. Consult Reynolds engineers. No obligation.

Reynolds WIRE CLOTH

protects performance

OLDS WIRE DIVISION, NATIONAL-STANDARD CO., **DIXON, ILLINOIS**

of National-Standard Co.

ATHENIA STEEL	*Clifton, N. J.*	Flat, High Carbon, Cold Rolled Spring Steel
NATIONAL-STANDARD	*Niles, Mich.*	Tire Wire, Fabricated Braids and Tape
WAGNER LITHO MACHINERY	*Jersey City, N. J.*	Metal Decorating Equipment
WORCESTER WIRE WORKS	*Worcester, Mass.*	Round and Shaped Steel Wire, Small Sizes

NS NATIONAL-STANDARD Company NILES MICHIGAN

WHERE THE TOUCH OF PRECISION ...Measures The Future

MIDVALE CRAFTSMEN FORGE GIANT SHAFTS FOR AMERICA'S NEWEST POWER

Pressure Vessels
Forgings and Rings
Hardened and Ground Steel Rolls
Corrosion and Heat Resisting Castings
Ordnance & Armor

Seventy-five hundred tons of pressure under skilled hands . . . four weeks time . . . ten "soakings" for reheating . . . and a 513,000 pound ingot begins to take on the shape of a huge generator shaft. Heat treating, machining, testing and retesting follow in precision steps. The result . . . a masterpiece in steel for America's newest and largest dam . . . precision made by Midvale.

From furnace to finished product Midvale controls its quality throughout. Huge forgings, weldless gear rings, press cylinders, pressure vessels, hardened and ground steel rolls . . . Midvale makes them all. Modern equipment, complete facilities, skilled and experienced men assure you of products to your most exacting, precision specifications.

THE MIDVALE COMPANY
NICETOWN, PHILADELPHIA 40, PA.
OFFICES: NEW YORK • CHICAGO • PITTSBURGH
WASHINGTON • CLEVELAND • SAN FRANCISCO

MIDVALE
Custom Steel Makers to Industry
PRODUCERS OF FORGINGS, ROLLS, RINGS, CORROSION AND HEAT RESISTING CASTINGS

nding imposed by the wedge, lt must still meet its required imate strength without break-g. Any bolt short of the specifi-tion just won't take this dis-rtion.

Present Practice — Designing lted joints is presently one of ostitution—design for riveted nstruction, then use same-sized lt for each rivet. By straight ostitution, working loads are rried by friction alone. If, how-er, number of bolts is reduced

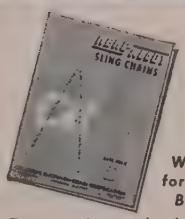
HI-STRENGTH BOLTS
. . . quick way to save

one-third to take advantage of ier shear strength in the bolts, load can be carried by some bination of friction and shear.

assembling a bolted joint, prime objective should be to ten the bolt to induce a load beyond its recommended pre- value. This value is current-0 per cent of the proof load. is a minimum. Actual bolt ion may be greater. Joints bolts stressed beyond their l point will carry just as much ac or fatigue load, and bolts not weakened by this over-ening as has been demon-ed many times.

ronger in Fatigue — Fatigue ngth must be evaluated two —fatigue of bolt and bolted rial. Properly tightened bolts not fail in fatigue since initial

SPECIFY
HERC-ALLOY
SLING CHAINS



Write for Data Book

HERC-ALLOY
Sling Chains are registered by individual serial number and can be rebuilt or replaced at any time to original specifications.

The Allegheny Ludlum Steel Corp., pictured above, uses Herc-Alloy Sling Chains for hundreds of tough lifting jobs in its plants. In addition to maximum safety, Allegheny Ludlum also enjoys the extra economy of longer-lasting Herc-Alloy. These sling chains offer still another advantage...a weight reduction unmatched by any other alloy chain without any sacrifice in tensile strength. This reduces worker fatigue. All things considered, don't you think Herc-Alloy Sling Chains are worth a try in your plant.

CM
HOISTS AND CHAIN

COLUMBUS McKINNON
CHAIN CORPORATION
TONAWANDA, NEW YORK
DISTRICT OFFICES: NEW YORK, CHICAGO, CLEVELAND

This is one of seven Ransburg installations in Arvin plants located in Columbus, Seymour, Greenwood, North Vernon and Franklin, Indiana.

When Arvin chair seats and chair backs were redesigned to be perforated with hundreds of little holes in each piece, the former dipping method of coating was unsatisfactory. Here are other reasons why RANSBURG NO. 2 PROCESS was selected to do the finishing job:

1. **Simplicity and rapidity with which colors may be changed without slowing production.**
2. **Less floor space required.**
3. **Provides improved quality with no variance in the required 7/10 mil film thickness.**
4. **Former maintenance and clean-up time reduced to a minimum.**

No savings in paint cost were anticipated. However, the RANSBURG NO. 2 PROCESS—in providing the above, desirable advantages—still enables Arvin to reduce finishing costs 10%. And, that over dip coat!

Want to know more about production efficiency of the NO. 2 PROCESS as it applies to YOUR production? Write for literature showing a variety of typical production installations in factories all over the country.

RANSBURG

Ransburg ELECTRO-COATING CORP.

INDIANAPOLIS 7, INDIANA

Copper-coated Wire

Wherever strength is important and some conductivity can be sacrificed, it may be advisable to use copper coated steel wire instead of weaker copper wire.

Process developed by National Standards Co., Niles, Mich. deposits copper on steel wire without impairing tensile strength of the wire. Electrical conductivity of "Copperply" product is up to 22 per cent of the conductivity of copper. This conductivity is sufficient for some uses. Copper is conserved in scarce times.

Range of sizes of copper coated wire is 0.025 to 0.180 inch diameter. Finer sizes are available from concerns who buy Copperply for re-drawing. Copper coated wire is also woven into industrial wire cloth.

bolt tension will stay relatively constant until external tension load on the joint exceeds the bolt load. In no carefully designed connection of any type would the designer permit the calculated service load to be greater than the high bolt preload. Thus the bolt receives no appreciable stress variation, without which there could be no fatigue failure.

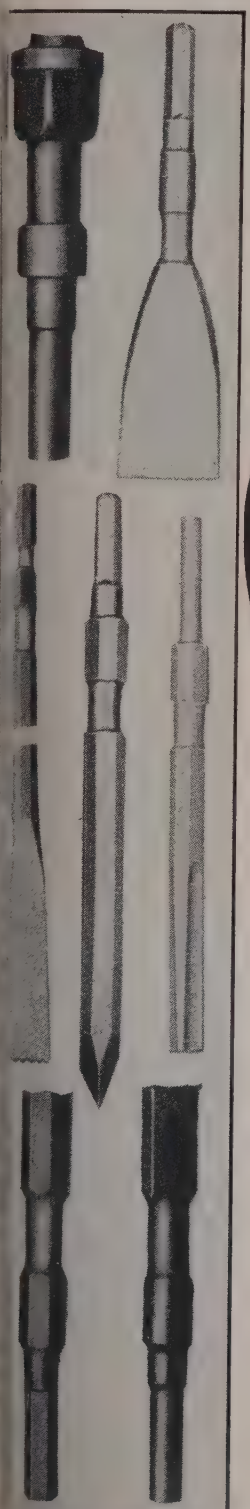
Per unit of strength, welded joints are the cheapest. With further economies envisioned as a result of code revisions to take full advantage of high strength bolt characteristics, this joining method can hardly be overlooked as an important tool in our cost-trimming economy.

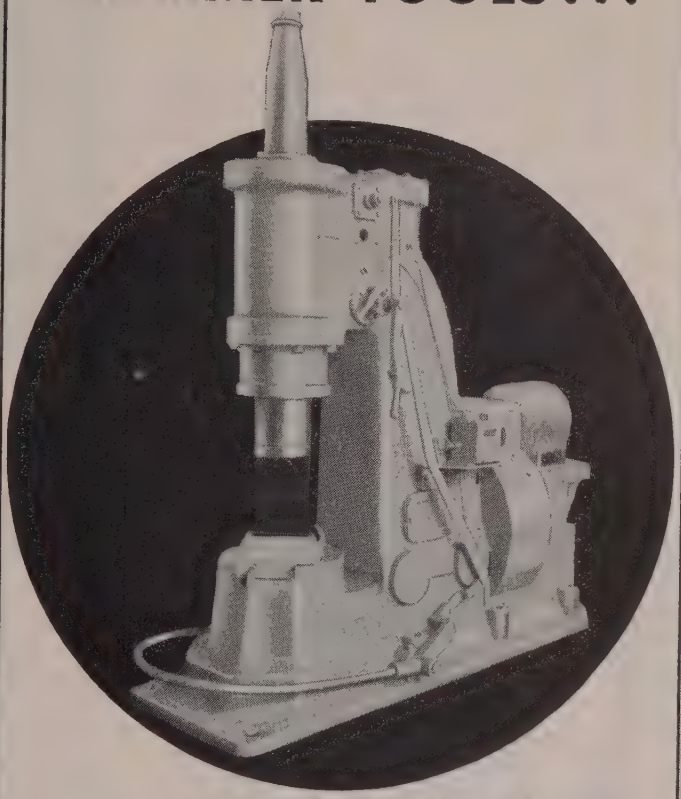
Nonsparking Tools

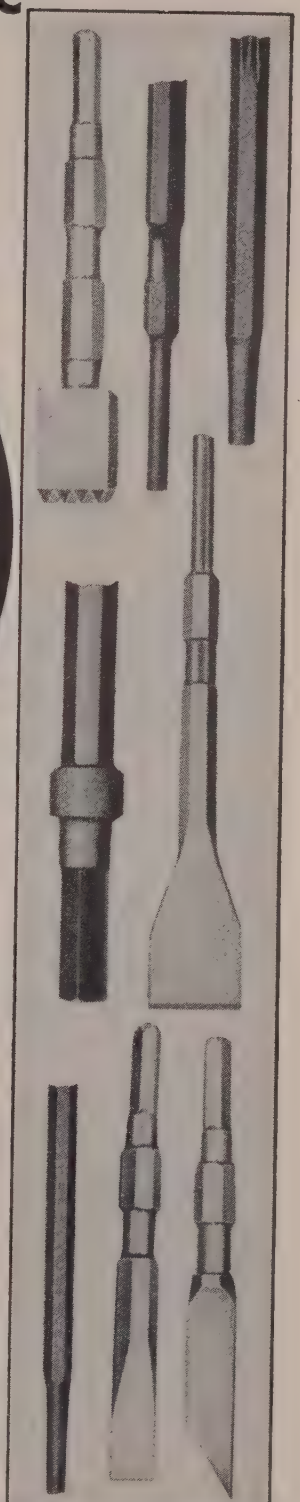
Advantages of beryllium copper tools as safeguard against accidental fire or explosion caused by sparks are described in an illustrated folder just issued by Beryllium Corp., Reading, Pa.

A feature of beryllium copper, the folder points out, is its nonsparking property, making it safer than steel for use around explosives or in other places where a tool spark might cause dis-

WORLD'S LARGEST MANUFACTURER OF PORTABLE ELECTRIC HAMMER TOOLS...







USES THE VERSATILE, ALL-IN-ONE NAZEL ELECTRO-PNEUMATIC HAMMER

Yes, the Black & Decker Manufacturing Company makes all its hammer tools on two versatile NAZELs, one Type 2B and one Type 3B. Tools such as those shown are forged to volume production standards of from 480 pieces to 1,920 pieces in an 8 hour day.

Flats, flutes, tapers and square nuts present no problem . . . tolerances are so close that, except for grinding, no further machining is necessary. The world's most widely used Electro-Pneumatic Hammer does a big, time-saving, money-saving job for the world's largest producer of hammer tools . . . and, every large user of tools can obtain the same benefits as this tool manufacturer . . . the easy-to-operate NAZEL will eliminate YOUR expensive tool manufacturing or tool dressing headaches, too!

Complete information in the NAZEL HAMMERS Catalog . . . yours for the asking.

1836 **LOBDELL UNITED COMPANY** 1953

WILMINGTON 99, DELAWARE

A SUBSIDIARY OF UNITED ENGINEERING AND FOUNDRY COMPANY

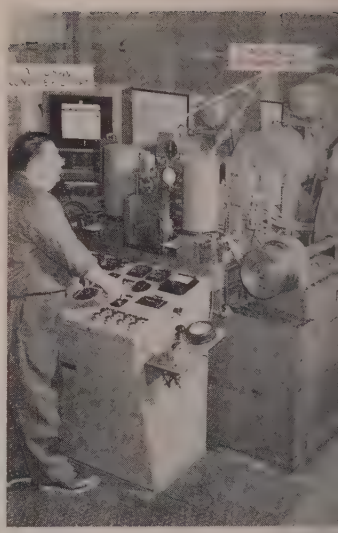
Super-Thin Metal Sheets

Electrical alloys are rolled so thin it takes 10 sheets to equal the thickness of cellophane

METAL STRIP rolled so thin that it takes ten sheets to equal the thickness of an ordinary piece of cellophane is suddenly becoming of great importance in an industry accustomed to thinking in terms of battleship plate.

Why the new emphasis? It has been discovered that electrical alloy steels rolled to minute thickness and made into tape cores show electrical properties so unusual that they can replace vacuum tubes in complex electronic equipment, such as memory devices and digital computers. Cores for specialty transformers is another large market.

Few Capable — Cold rolling is generally produced to certain thicknesses with tolerances of ±0.0005 inch applicable in sheet above 0.002 inch in thickness. When rolling 0.002 or under, very fine tolerances are required and ±0.0001 inch is



Radiation gages enable Arnold to strip below 0.0009 inch on the

regarded as commonplace.

It is estimated that there only a half-dozen companies in U. S. that can produce 0.00 0.0005 inch strip to these fine erances. At 0.0005 and u there are about two companies can roll to these thicknesses out "rolling tricks". One o two, Arnold Engineering Co., rengo, Ill. has had over a year perience in producing a varie ultra thin strip.

Tiny Mill—Rolling materia so fragile a nature has crea whole new set of problems fo nold, a subsidiary of Alleg Ludlum. Their "pocket r mill," which could fit into yo ing room with space to spar cluster-type mill develope Sendzimer.

The mill is 20 rolls high—t vent bending of the work which are only ¼ inch in di and six inches long. Mill wi dle strip up to 4⅛ inches in After much experimentation various types of rolls, Arno found carbide work rolls to most satisfactory.

How to Measure?—Big p of how to accurately measu rolled to less than .001 in solved with the installat two AccuRay beta gages to ure before and after eac Manufactured by Industrial onics Corp., Columbus, O., t gages utilize radioactive iso

Reduce Your Product Cost with...

ROURA Self-Dumping HOPPERS

Only ROURA Has The Exclusive PATENTED Instant Release Handle

—they pay for themselves

Meaning more than selling any one job are the business principles that stand behind a product's manufacture — quality construction is foremost with Roura Hoppers.

Long-lived Roura Hoppers have submerged arc wells — they are "stitched" with the same apparatus used for "stitching" high pressure steam boilers.

Handling wet or dry, hot or cold, bulky materials quickly and easily, the ROURA is simple to operate—only one man is required for distributing and unloading—and he does this in much less time than ordinarily required under old-fashioned manual methods. Thousands of Roura Hoppers (which fit any standard fork or platform lift truck) are in constant daily operation, serving and saving for such firms as Owens-Illinois Glass, Corning Glass, National Fireproofing, General Motors, Ford, Chrysler, American Brake Shoe, General Electric, Westinghouse, Western Electric, American Steel Foundries, International Harvester, John Deere, etc.

By a simple lift of the exclusive release handle, the ROURA HOPPER dumps, rights and locks itself securely. Sizes—½, ¾, 1, 1½ and 2 cubic yards; the ROURA HOPPER can also be designed for flat trucks and in other sizes to meet specifications. Also, it can be equipped with special flanges that permit stacking to desired tiers for storage or future distribution of materials—conserving valuable floor space. Priced below all competition, the ROURA will quickly pay for itself many times over.

—Can Be Coated With Acid-Resistant Paints

Write today for detailed brochure, "In Dollars & Sense."

SIMPLE

SAFE

SPEEDY

MATERIAL HANDLING

ROURA IRON WORKS, Inc.

1421 Woodland Ave. Detroit 11, Mich.

easure strip without contacting it. Accurate to an amazing degree, e gages automatically compen- te every half-hour for changes in mperature, humidity, dust col- ction on radiation windows, and her external conditions. Read- gs are penned on strip chart re- rders, presenting a visual guide the operator. In addition, repeat eters on the general instrument nel are used to show plus or nus deviations.

Procedure — General operating ocedure is for a new coil to be wound accurately, cleaned, and en placed on the mill. Operator en makes a skin pass to first de- mine the general characteristics the coil. Readings on the Accu- y chart are valuable in showing reme thickness variations which, not taken into account during lowing passes, might result in l breaks.

Because of the tissue-thinness of strip, coil breakage is a prob- n. Special lubricating oils, ac- rate tension control, and air con- tioning equipment to keep at- spheric conditions constant are must for this type of rolling. eaks are welded electrically enever it is feasible.

ome Even Thinner—Arnold has ed some strip to less than 0.0001 h. The fragile strip can be torn y easily when it comes off the mill; thus, much care is exercised in handling the coils. Arnold slits the material and winds the cores on ceramic bobbins before the cores are further processed. Other types of cores are encased in plastic containers for protection.

For electronic instruments, two classes of nickel-iron alloys are generally used, 50 per cent nickel and 80 per cent nickel. Other metals include beryllium copper, nichrome, phosphor bronze, silectron (grain oriented silicon steel) and stainless steel.

ial alloy strip is used in tape cores are replacing vacuum tubes

V-8 Manifolds—230 Per Hour

Right and left V-8 engine exhaust manifolds are machined on a new Transfer-matic-type machine tool just announced by Cross Company, Detroit.

With parts automatically transferred from station to station, machine performs 42 milling, drilling, boring, chamfering and tapping operations. Exhaust manifolds are finished at the rate of 230 (115 right and 115 left) per hour at 100 per cent efficiency.

GLOBE

Specialization gives you "Tops in Quality"

ALLOY STEEL TUBES

SEAMLESS—MECHANICAL—PRESSURE—CORROSION-RESISTANT

TYPICAL ANALYSES:

Carbon	5 Chrome ½ Moly
Carbon ½ Moly	7 Chrome ½ Moly
½ Chrome ½ Moly	8 Chrome ½ Moly
1 Chrome ½ Moly	8 Chrome 1 Moly
1¼ Chrome ½ Moly	9 Chrome 1 Moly
2 Chrome ½ Moly	3% Nickel 7% Nickel
2¼ Chrome 1 Moly	5% Nickel 9% Nickel

AISI Types: 304-321-347-316-309-310-405-410-430-443-446

Analyses to meet conditions where heat, corrosion, pressure and structural strength are involved.

SIZE RANGE— WALL THICKNESS: ½ to 6 inches O.D. — wall thickness .035 to 1.000 inch.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS: Pressure tubes — Superheater tubes — Condenser tubes — Still tubes — Evaporator tubes — Barrel tubes — Oil-well Pump Barrels — Mechanical tubes — Aircraft tubes — Propeller tubes — Rollers for Transmission Chains.

Globe engineers gladly give you the benefit of specialized knowledge of stainless steel tubing in a wide range of services and applications — to improve your product — to cut costs.

TO BE SURE... SPECIFY GLOBE

The heating, piercing, rolling of seamless tubes is controlled at every step for uniformity, close tolerance.

GLOBE TUBES

WHEN you specify Globe, you get uniform high quality alloy steel tubes, the product of highly developed production facilities and specialized quality controls and methods. All Globe tubes are thoroughly inspected and closely held within tolerance specifications. Write for the Globe general catalog.

GLOBE STEEL TUBES CO. MILWAUKEE 46, WISCONSIN

Chicago • Cleveland • Philadelphia • St. Louis • New York • Detroit Denver • Houston • San Francisco • Glendale, Cal.

Producers of Globe seamless stainless steel tubes — Gloweld stainless steel tubes — alloy — carbon —seamless steel tubes — Globeiron (high purity ingot iron) seamless tubes — Globe Welding Fittings.

STANDARDS and SPECIALS by the Millions

THE FERRY CAP & SET SCREW CO.

2159 SCRANTON ROAD • • • CLEVELAND 13, OHIO

"SHINYHEADS"

America's Best Looking Cap Screw

Made of high carbon steel — AISI C-1038 — to standards for Full Finished hexagon head cap screws — bright finish. Heads machined top and bottom. Hexagon faces clean cut, smooth and true, mirror finish. Tensile strength 95,000-110,000 p.s.i. Carried in stock.

"HI-CARBS"

Heat Treated Black Satin Finish

Made of high carbon steel — AISI C-1038. Furnished with black satin finish due to double heat treatment. Hexagon heads die made, not machined. Points machine turned; flat and chamfered. Tensile strength 130,000-160,000 p.s.i. Carried in stock.

"LO-CARBS"

Made of AISI C-1018 steel — bright finish. For use where heat treatment is not required and where ordinary hexagon heads are satisfactory. Hexagon heads die made to size — not machined. Points machine turned. Tensile strength 75,000-95,000 p.s.i. Carried in stock.

SET SCREWS

Square head and headless — cup point. Case hardened. Expertly made by the pioneers in producing Cup Point Set Screws by the cold upset process. Cup points machine turned. Carried in stock.

FILLISTER CAP SCREWS

Heads completely machined top and bottom. Milled slots — less burrs. Flat and chamfered machined point. Carried in stock.

FLAT HEAD CAP SCREWS

Heads completely machined top and bottom. Milled slots — less burrs. Flat and chamfered machined point. Carried in stock.

"SHINYLAND" STUDS

All studs made steam-tight on tap end unless otherwise specified, with flat and chamfered machined point. Nut end, oval point. Land between threads shiny, bright, mirror finish. Carried in stock.

ADJUSTING SCREWS

Valve tappet adjusting screws — Hexagon head style — to blue print specifications — hexagon head hard; polished if specified — threads soft to close tolerance — points machine turned; flat and chamfered.

CONNECTING ROD BOLTS

Made of alloy steel — heat treated — threads rolled or cut — finished to extremely close thread and body tolerances — body ground where specified. Expertly made by the pioneers in producing connecting rod bolts by the cold upset process.

SPRING BOLTS

Case hardened to proper depth and ground to close tolerances. Thread end annealed. Supplied in various head shapes, with oil holes and grooves of different kinds, and flats accurately milled.

FERRY PATENTED ACORN NUTS

For ornamental purposes. Steel insert — steel covered. Finish: plain, zinc plated, cadmium plated. Size: 9/16", 3/4", 15/16" across the flats. Tapped 1/4" to 3/4" inclusive. Cross section of Ferry patented acorn nut, showing how steel hexagon nut fits snugly into shell.

Pioneers and Recognized Specialists, Cold Upset Screw Products since 1907

STANDARDS carried by LEADING DISTRIBUTORS

* SPECIALS furnished to BLUE PRINT SPECIFICATIONS

WRITE FOR INFORMATIO

SEND FOR SAMPLE!

ew Developments in Lead

Lead-clad linings and lead-bonded materials show gains, as do construction methods

HEMICAL construction contin-s as the major domain of unal-yed lead, although further gains e being made in its use as bricks, eet and castings for protection ainst radiation.

Wider applications are being und for bonded or lead-clad lin-gs and lead-clad linings in com-nation with acid-resistant brick. nodizing of aluminum has been eeded up through use of lead-vered, copper cooling coils, which ntain freon.

Better Batteries—In the alloy d, work is still focused on im-vement of battery grid alloys.

EASY WAY TO LEAD-LINE
. . . studs anchor the straps

1: Higher-capacity, longer-last-batteries without increase in . Several proprietary alloys e been introduced. Most in-e addition of small percentages copper and silver (and some-s tellurium).

ogress in construction: Lead ing machine, recently patent-offers promise in lead cladding. omatically welded studs are ening straps in sheet-lead lined els. Cartridge-powered stud ers are applying lead linings -ray rooms and fastening s to lead lined vessels.

ogress in testing: Dye and escent penetrants are success-n detection of surface discon-ties in lead welds and linings.

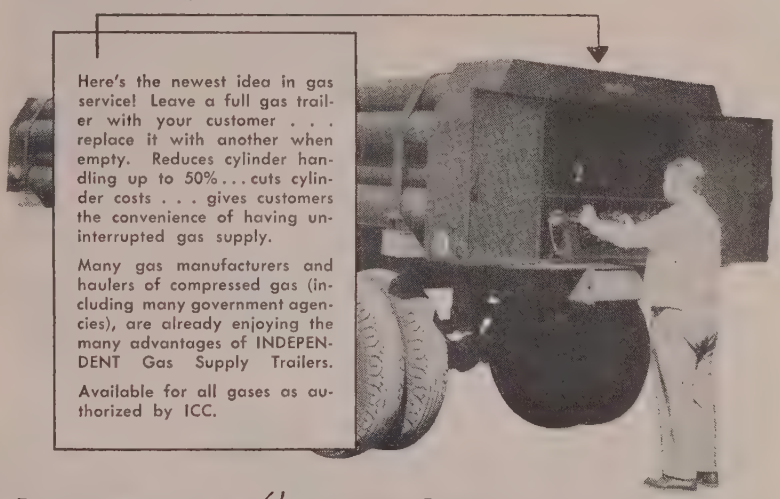
REDUCE CYLINDER HANDLING

Up to 50% with INDEPENDENT Gas Supply Trailers!

Here's the newest idea in gas service! Leave a full gas trailer with your customer . . . replace it with another when empty. Reduces cylinder handling up to 50%... cuts cylinder costs . . . gives customers the convenience of having uninterrupted gas supply.

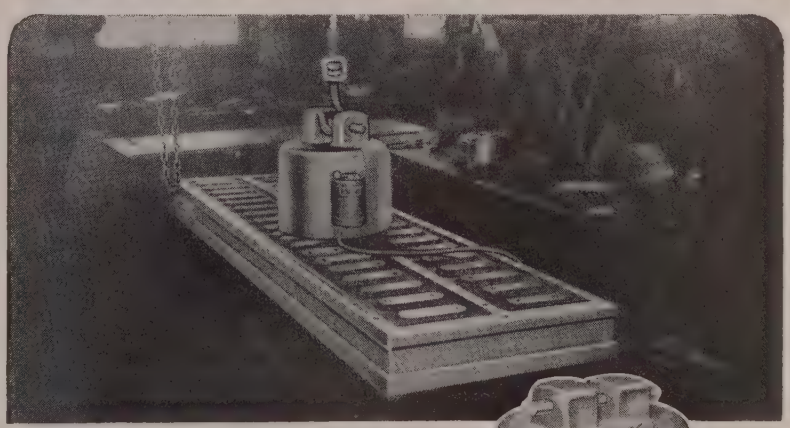
Many gas manufacturers and haulers of compressed gas (including many government agencies), are already enjoying the many advantages of INDEPENDENT Gas Supply Trailers.

Available for all gases as authorized by ICC.



INDEPENDENT ENGINEERING COMPANY, Inc.
CONSULTING · DESIGNING · RESEARCH
Manufacturers of
CYLINDERS AND GAS PRODUCING EQUIPMENT
ACETYLENE · OXYGEN · HYDROGEN · NITROGEN
O'FALLON 6, ILLINOIS

We Invite Your Inquiries



Pound for pound, volume for volume, the strongest magnet made.

This 12" diameter Walker Lifting Magnet holds work up to 5000 pounds. Highly efficient along production lines for handling all types of work pieces.

The Walker line includes contoured lifting magnets increasing the area of contact for special applications (for wire, pipe, etc.). Your lifting problems can be solved by Walker.

Original Designers and Builders of Magnetic Chucks

O. S. Walker Co., Inc. • Worcester 6, Mass.

WHEN IT COMES TO

SPECIALTIES

COME TO

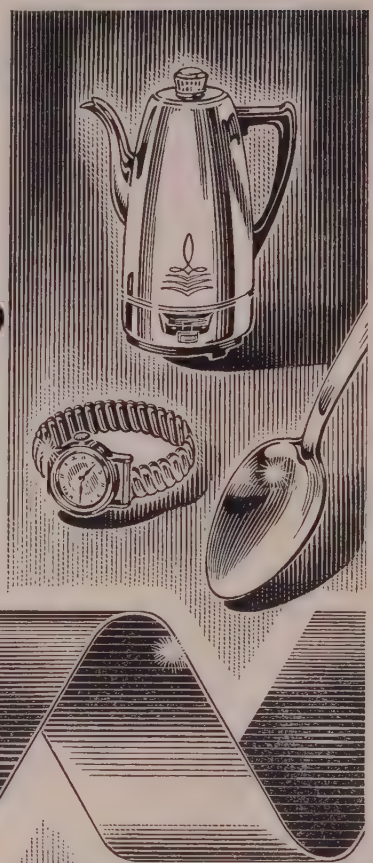
WALLINGFORD

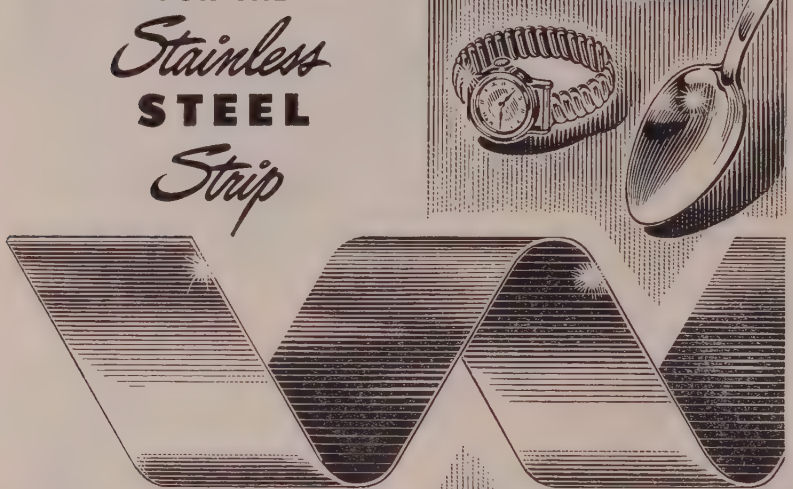
FOR THE

Stainless

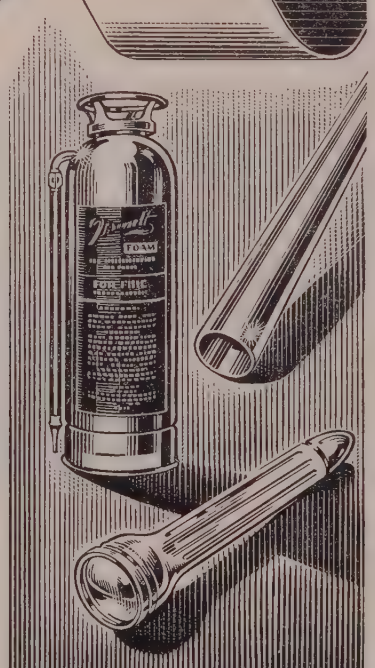
STEEL

Strip





Cost-Minded
Production
MEN
Specify
Wallingford Steel
because . . .
They Know It
Gages Uniformly,
Is Correctly Tempered,
Draws Easily,
Punches Cleanly
and
Lot after Lot
is a
Consistently Dependable
Product
Available
.002 and heavier



LOW CARBON
HIGH CARBON
ALLOY
STAINLESS
STRIP and TUBING

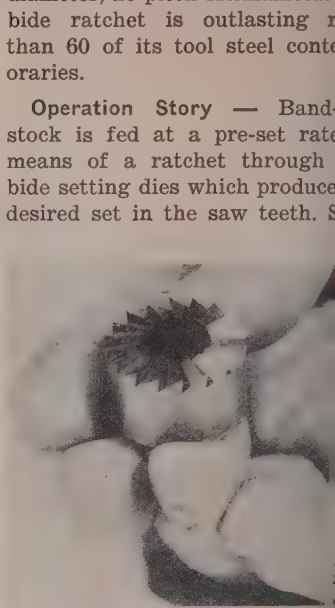
THE
WALLINGFORD
SINCE 1922
STEEL
CO.
WALLINGFORD, CONN., U.S.A.

Carbide Hacks Costs

SUBSTANTIAL SAVINGS equipment costs in addition elimination of much down time changing machine compon were recently secured at Henr Thompson & Son Co., New Ha Conn. plant by switching from oil-hardened tool steel feed rat to one made of tungsten carb

Operators of the above p known for the manufacture line of profile, band and saw bla reported last week that their 1- diameter, 10-pitch Kennametal bide ratchet is outlasting than 60 of its tool steel conte oraries.

Operation Story — Band- stock is fed at a pre-set rate means of a ratchet through bide setting dies which produce desired set in the saw teeth.



SAW BLADES HARD ON RATC
. . . carbide outlasts all othe

stock is payed-off one reel vertical position with teeth through the setting dies, and a take-up reel. The feed ratc driven through a gear tra synchronized with the settin to assure the proper feed cyc a correct saw tooth set.

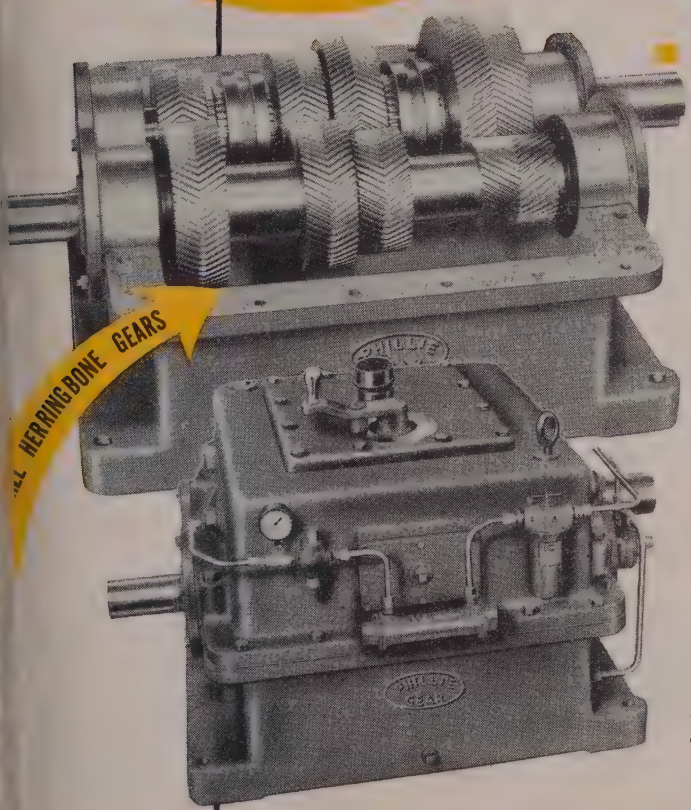
Since the ratchet maintain tinuous contact with the stee stock, any excessive wear teeth results in improper fee scrapped saw stock.

Outlasts Steel—Their prev used oil hardened steel ra were usable for feeding a ma of 100,000 feet of stock. On bide ratchet, at time of last had fed 6 million feet and w in excellent operating con This amount of production have required the use of a 60 steel ratchets.

Now Available...

a Change-Speed Unit

- 2, 3 or 4 Speed Combinations
- Wide Range of Ratios
- For Speed Reduction, Speed Increasing, or a combination of both



Industry has long needed a standardized Change Speed Unit, designed and built to *eliminate* the high cost and delayed delivery of *specially built* units.

Philadelphia Gear is now able to offer a line of these units, backed by 20 years of knowledge and experience in the building of Change Speed Units constructed to individual specifications . . . Hundreds of these Units are today in successful operation.

These new Philadelphia Standardized Units are positive, reliable Geared Drives, using Herringbone Gears throughout,—and they provide definite ratios of Speed Reduction, Speed Increasing, or a combination of both. There are no belts to wear out and cause speed variations. They are available for a wide range of horsepowers, and in 2, 3 or 4 Speed Units (photos show a 4 Speed Unit).

A new Catalog CSU-52 illustrates and describes these Units in detail. Send for a copy.

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Industrial Gears and Speed Reducers
LimiTorque Valve Controls

Rust Resistant Spring Alloy

Elgiloy, spring alloy for watch makers, due to return after Korean metal crisis

A COBALT BASE alloy originally developed to become the main power spring of the Elgin watch is making a place for itself outside the watch field. Known as Elgiloy, the material was withdrawn from the market during the Korean conflict due to scarcity of alloying elements. With easing of critical metals it will soon be available again.

Alloy combines exceptionally high corrosion resistance with unusual spring properties. Other properties: High hardness, toughness, tensile strength, set and fatigue resistance, and nonmagnetic characteristic. Elgiloy can be stamped, blanked, formed, welded, brazed, and soldered.

Torque — Elgiloy will deliver slightly more torque than carbon steel springs of the same thickness when slightly stressed and as much as 20 per cent more tor where springs are subjected loadings approaching yi strength of the material. The loy will exhibit from 85 per c to well over 1000 per cent hig resistance to fatigue failures, pending on the severity of the peated stress to which it is s jected.

RIGHT MIXTURE OF PROPERTIE
. . . good spring, no corrosion

Good notch resistance or res ance to surface imperfection i good measure of a metal's tou ness. Generally speaking, Elg has no notch sensitivity. Anot property: It retains all ela properties in service to 600°F. alloy as rolled does not have full spring potential. Maxir physical properties and increa corrosion resistance are obta by heat treatment.

Composition—Elgiloy is a c balt-chromium-nickel alloy ha the following composition: Co 40 per cent; chromium 20; n 15; molybdenum 7; manganes beryllium 0.04; carbon 0.15; p balance. In the heat treated dition, yield strength is about 000 psi, with an ultimate stre of 370,000 psi.

In addition to spring ap tions the high mechanical pr ties have justified use of the lo in switch springs for certain trical units. There are other where springs are not requir have high fatigue resistance corrosion resistance and resi to setting are important.

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POWER PRESSES

Gives You More Service for Your Production Dollar

- Non-Repeating Safety Clutch
- Double Spring Activated
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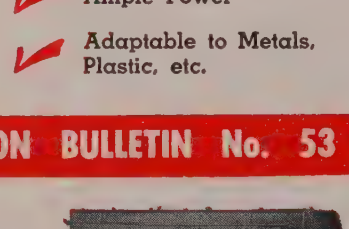
- Adaptable to Metals, Plastic, etc.

WRITE FOR SPECIFICATION BULLETIN No. 53

for SPEED POWER ACCURACY
the HYDRA-SHEAR



Will increase your production to a new high. Will shear mild steel up to 10 gauge in three lengths: 6, 8 and 10 feet. Less curl and burring. No gears or clutch.

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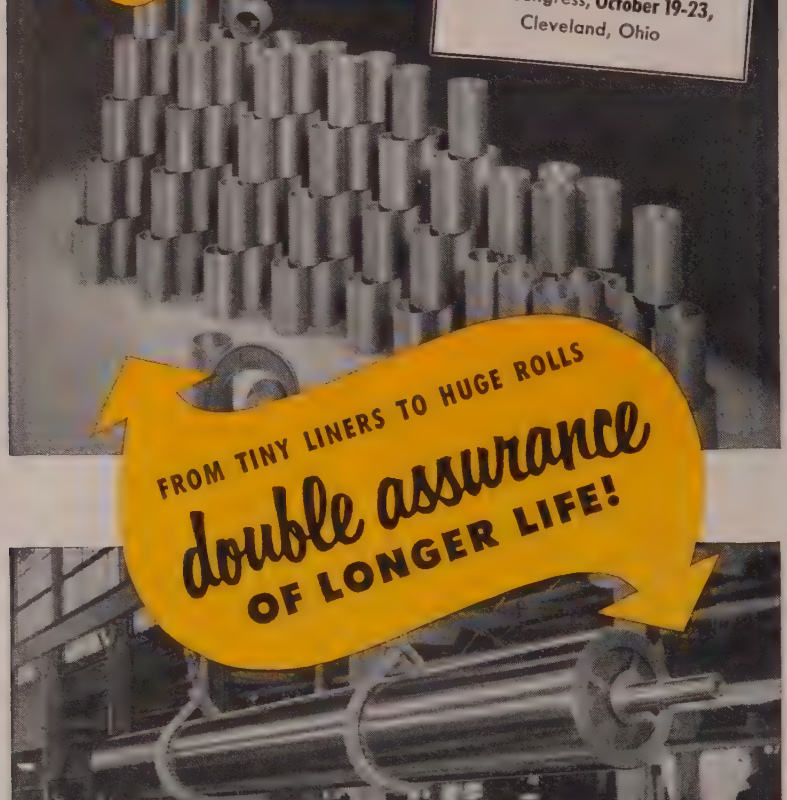

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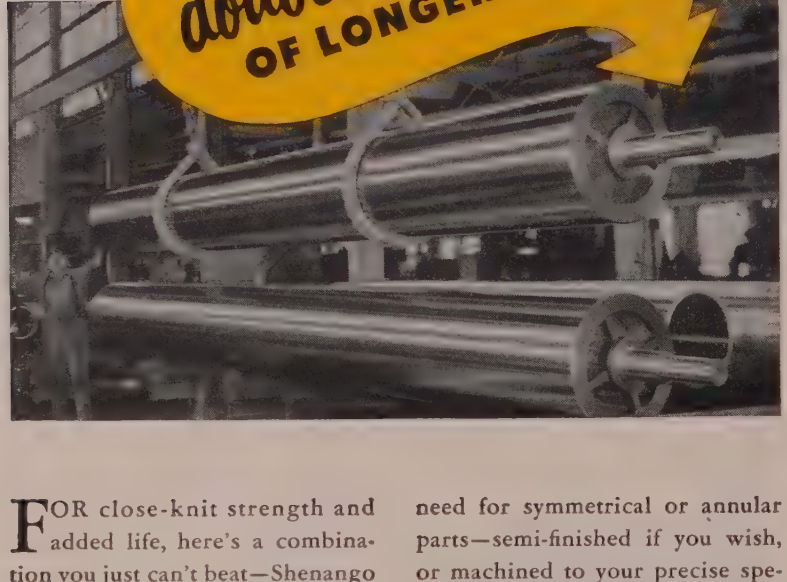

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So check with Shenango on your need for symmetrical or annular parts—semi-finished if you wish, or machined to your precise specifications in the modern Shenango shops. Get *all* the facts. Like others you'll probably find you can save time, money and trouble.

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Centrifugal Castings Division
Dover, Ohio
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MONEL METAL • NI-RESIST • MEEHANITE® METAL

CALENDAR
OF MEETINGS

October 12-13, American Coke & Coal Che cals Institute: Annual meeting, The Gre brier, White Sulphur Springs, W. Va. stitute address: 711-14th St. NW, Wa ington 5. Executive secretary: Sam Weiss.

October 12-14, Packaging Institute: An meeting, Hotel Statler, New York. Insti address: 342 Madison Ave., New York Executive director: Lawrence V. Burton.

October 12-14, National Association of St Metal Distributors and American Hardw Manufacturers Association: Joint convent Marlborough-Blenheim hotel, Atlantic C Information: Thomas A. Fernley Jr., 1 Arch St., Philadelphia 3.

October 12-14, Engineering Institute on I mination: University of Wisconsin, Madis Wis. Information: Prof. H. J. Kubiak, gineering Institutes, Stadium offices, U versity of Wisconsin, Madison 6, Wis.

October 12-17, Concrete Reinforcing Steel stitute: Semi-annual meeting, The Gre brier, White Sulphur Springs, W. Va. stitute address: 38 S. Dearborn St., Chic 3. Managing director: H. C. Delzell.

October 13, Steel Joist Institute: Semi-ann meeting, The Greenbrier, White Sulp Springs, W. Va. Institute address: Dup Circle Bldg., Washington 6. Managing rector: C. H. Luedeman.

October 13-15, Caster & Floor Truck Ma facturers Association: Annual meeting, H Cleveland, Cleveland. Association addr 27 E. Monroe, Chicago 3. Executive se tary: Harry P. Dolan.

October 14-16, Scientific Apparatus Mak Association: Midyear meeting, recor control section, Seaview Country Club, secon, N. J. Association address: 20 Wacker Dr., Chicago 6. Executive president: Kenneth Andersen.

October 14-16, American Institute of E trical Engineers: Conference on mac tools, Hotel Cleveland, Cleveland. Inst address: 33 W. 39th St., New York 18

October 15-17, Foundry Equipment Manu turers Association: Annual meeting, Greenbrier, White Sulphur Springs, W. Association address: 1008 Engineers B Cleveland 14. Assistant treasurer: A J. Tuscany Jr.

October 16, American Supply & Mach Manufacturers' Association Inc. and Nat Industrial Distributors' Association: regional meeting and workshop confer Statler hotel, Washington. Information Kennedy Hanson, 814 Clark Bldg., burgh 22.

October 16-18, Society of Industrial Desi Annual design conference, Bedford Sp hotel, Bedford, Pa. Society address: 49th St., New York 17. Executive secr Sally G. Swing.

October 16-18, Metal Treating Institute nual meeting, Hotel Carter, Cleveland stitute address: 271 North Ave., Rochelle, N. Y. Executive secretary: Herington.

October 17-18, American Society for Me Annual seminar, Hotel Statler, Clev Society address: 7301 Euclid Ave., Cle 3. Secretary: W. H. Eisenman.

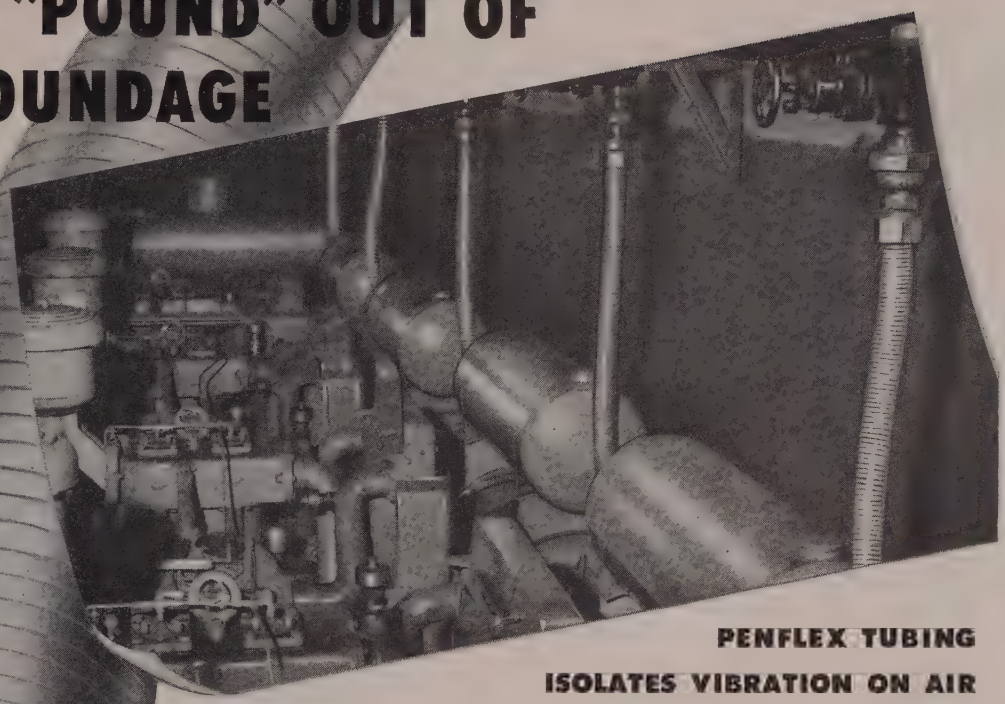
October 17-20, Conveyor Equipment Ma turers Association: Annual meeting Greenbrier, White Sulphur Springs, W Association address: 1 Thomas Circle, ington 5.

October 18-22, Chamber of Commerce United States: Explaining your P seminar, Broadmoor hotel, Colorado S Colo. Chamber of Commerce addres H St. NW, Washington.

October 18-22, National Screw Machine ucts Association: Fall meeting, Ed Gulf hotel, Edgewater Park, Miss. tion address: 2860 E. 130th St., C 20. Executive secretary: Orrin B. W

October 19-21, American Standards tion: Annual meeting, Waldorf-Astor New York. Association address: 70

TAKES "POUND" OUT OF AIR POUNDAGE



PENFLEX TUBING ISOLATES VIBRATION ON AIR COMPRESSOR LINES . . . PUTS PUR-R-R IN AIR POWER

The "pound" and roar of eleven compressors is no longer transmitted along all of the air lines and throughout the surrounding building. Penflex Flexible Metallic Tubing has been installed on the exhaust and supply lines of the air compressors.

Penflex four-wall interlocked tubing is as tight as a pipe, but flexible. Its flexible durability allows the vibration to be "soaked up" in its many interlocking sections. Its toughness assures longer service under all operating conditions.

Throughout the steel industry—on diesel exhausts and air intakes . . . fuel oil and starting lines . . . lubricating oil and water circulating lines . . . compressed air lines . . . and many other places where tubing is used—you'll find Penflex engineers ready and eager to help you solve your toughest tubing problems. Write today for your new fact book on flexible tubing.

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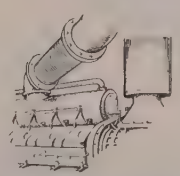

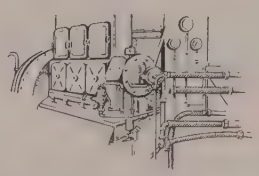

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WILLSON SAFETY HAT

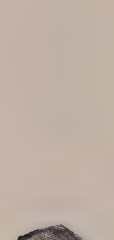
THE NEW WILLSON SAFETY HAT is entirely new in design, material and method of manufacture . . . tough as metal and more resilient! Here are some other outstanding features of the new Willson Super-Tough* Safety Hat . . .

streamlined contour—deflects objects more effectively and provides a greater safety "pocket" inside.

new suspension design—adjustable "hammock" headband is suspended *inside* at 6 points. No exposed rivets or lacing—no holes through hat.

comfortably cool—space between headband and shell provides ample air circulation for wearer.

moisture resistant—practically 100% waterproof and resists many caustics and acids.



Passes all required tests with an extra margin of safety!

Write for your copy of the new bulletin describing the Willson Super-Tough* Safety Hat.

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WILLSON PRODUCTS, INC., 233 Washington Street, READING, PA.

St., New York 17. Secretary: Vice A G. F. Hussey Jr., USN (Ret.).

October 19-22, Society of Industrial Packa & Materials Handling Engineers: An national exposition, competition and te cal short course, Mechanics Bldg., Bo Society address: 20 W. Jackson Blvd., cago 4. Secretary: J. W. McReynolds.

October 19-23, American Society of Civil gineers: Annual meeting, Statler hotel, York. Society address: 33 W. 39th St., York 18. Executive secretary: Col. Wi N. Carey.

October 19-23, National Metal Congres Exposition: Public auditorium, Cleve Information: W. H. Eisenman, secre American Society for Metals, 7301 E Ave., Cleveland 3.

October 19-23, American Society for Me Annual meeting, Hotel Statler, Cleve Society address: 7301 Euclid Ave., Cleve 3. Secretary: W. H. Eisenman.

October 19-23, American Welding Soc Annual meeting, Hotel Cleveland, Cleve Society address: 33 W. 39th St., New 18. Executive secretary: J. G. Magrath

October 19-23, American Institute of Mi & Metallurgical Engineers: Fall techn session, Hotel Allerton, Cleveland. Inst address: 29 W. 39th St., New York Secretary: Edward H. Robie.

October 19-23, Society for Nondestru Testing: Annual meeting, Hotel Hollen Cleveland. Society address: Box 710, Ev ton, Ill. Secretary: Philip B. Johnson.

October 19-23, National Safety Council: tional safety congress and exposition, rad Hilton, Congress, Morrison, Hamil La Salle and Palmer House hotels, Chic Council address: 425 N. Michigan A Chicago 11. General secretary: R. Forney.

October 20, American Society of Safety E neers: Annual meeting, Conrad Hilton h Chicago. Society address: 425 N. Mich Ave., Chicago 11. Secretary: J. B. John

October 21, American Iron & Steel Instit Birmingham regional technical meet Hotel Thomas Jefferson, Birmingham. stitute address: 350 Fifth Ave., New 1. Secretary: George S. Rose.

October 21-22, Steel Shipping Container I tute Inc.: Fall meeting, Hotels Pierre Hampshire House, New York. Institute dress: 600 Fifth Ave., New York 20. retary: L. B. Miller.

October 21-23, Grinding Wheel Institute Abrasive Grain Association: Combined meeting, Statler hotel, Buffalo. Info tion: Hunter-Thomas Associates, 2130 Bldg., Cleveland.

October 22, National Industrial Confe Board Inc.: Meeting of board members special conference on guaranteed wages employment, Hotel Waldorf-Astoria, York. Board address: 247 Park Ave., York 17. Secretary: Herbert S. Briggs

October 22-24, American Ceramic Society cific Coast regional meeting, Palace San Francisco. Society address: 252 High St., Columbus 2, O. Secr Charles S. Pearce.

October 22-25, National Tool & Die facturers Association: Annual me Berkeley-Carteret hotel, Asbury Park, Association address: 907 Public S Bldg., Cleveland. Executive secr George S. Eaton.

October 23-24, National Noise Abat Symposium: Armour Research Founda Illinois Institute of Technology, C Program chairman: George L. Bor Armour Research Foundation of Illin stitute of Technology, 35 W. 33rd St., nology Center, Chicago 16.

October 25-28, American Gear Manufa Association: Semi-annual meeting, water Beach hotel, Chicago. Ass address: 302 Empire Bldg., Pittsbu Executive secretary: John C. Sears.

October 26-28, National Lubricating Institute: Annual meeting, Edgewater hotel, Chicago. Institute address: 463 Nichols Parkway, Kansas City 1 Secretary: Harry F. Bennetts.

October 26-29, American Gas Associati nual convention, Kiel Auditorium, St. Association address: 420 Lexington New York 17. Secretary & convention ager: Kurwin R. Boyes.

New development

in rare-earth research

Lan-cer-amp # 10 is the fruition of continuing research in the plant and laboratories of American Metallurgical Products Company. It consists of vacuum-produced rare-earth metals combined with a revolutionary new catalytic agent and sealed in a heavy steel bomb which sinks to the bottom of the ladle before it disintegrates, thus providing better mechanical dispersion in the molten metal. Lan-cer-amp # 10 requires no changes in melting practice. It is the least expensive method, currently in existence, of adding rare-earth to steel. Full production has been attained and orders are being accepted for reasonable delivery.

American Metallurgical Products Company

3600 Forbes Street · Pittsburgh 13, Pa.

Two of the Steelweld Presses in action. These are Model K5-10 machines rated for 12'-0" x 3/8" steel plate. Note how Cleveland Tramrail cranes serve these presses.

Battery of STEELWELD PRESSES and SHEARS Aids Caterpillar Production

Shearing long ½-inch thick strips into small rectangles on a Series 8D-10 Steelweld. The long extension squaring arm at front facilitates this work.

THOUSANDS of tons of steel of different thicknesses are sheared and formed on Steelweld Shears and Presses into various shapes required for the large volume of tractor equipment produced at the new Joliet, Illinois, plant of Caterpillar Tractor Co. These items include scrapers, rippers, bulldozer blades and wagons.

The heavy construction of Steelweld machines and many high quality features with which they are provided make possible continuous trouble-free performance. Their design includes a number of innovations which ease operation, speed production and enable accuracy to close tolerances.

The fact that Caterpillar has bought Steelweld Shears and Presses repeatedly and now has a large battery of them is mute testimony to the satisfaction they are giving.

GET THESE BOOKS!

Catalogs No. 1010 (Presses) and No. 1011 (Shears) give construction and engineering details. Profusely illustrated.

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STEELWELD

PRESSES and SHEARS

STEEL
October 12, 1953

Market Outlook

THE COST of steel to the consumer is on the way down. How far it will go will be determined by how much steel producers have to strive for business.

Biggest new step to lower the cost of steel to consumers is the steel companies' broad move to absorb some of the freight charges for delivering steel to buyers. Premium base price reductions, which started before the return to freight absorption, are still going on. They were sufficient last week to lower STEEL's arithmetical price composite on finished steel from $115.56 a net ton to $115.54

LAST RESORT—Other ways to lower cost of steel to consumers are for steel producers to reduce standard base prices and cut or waive extras. However, these means will not be resorted to unless steel producers have to do something besides absorb freight charges to compete.

Steel producers will feel their way along in freight absorption. They'll try to determine where they have to absorb, how much and on what products. Absorption will be on a selective basis, the degree of selectivity depending on how much the producers desire a piece of business. At any rate, absorption will not be on a blanket basis. A producer, for instance, may some day absorb freight at one point on narrow cold-rolled carbon steel sheets but not on wide sheets, for maybe there is no competition on in wide sheets at that consuming point.

FIRST TO BE AFFECTED—Freight absorption will come first in greatest degree on products that are in freest supply. They include wire, tin plate, some forms of tubing, some of the alloys, various specialties and pig iron.

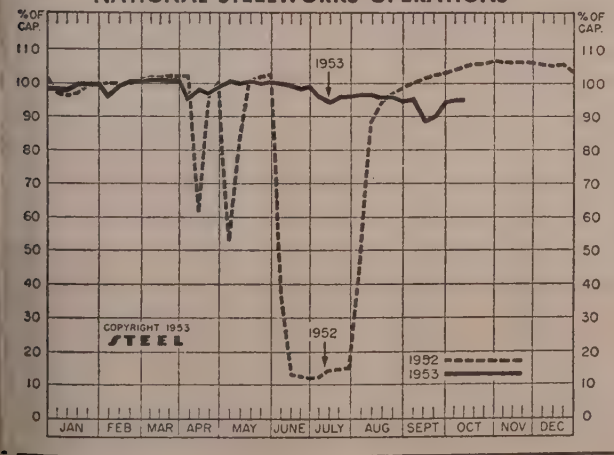
Return of competition to the steel market is prompting some producers to open their order books for the entire first quarter of 1954 instead of a month at a time.

VARIATIONS—The return of competition is not being felt to the same degree in all forms of steel or in all geographical areas, however. For instance, in the Chicago area, where steel consumption exceeds steel producing capacity, one producer of cold-rolled carbon steel sheets thinks it probably will have to continue customer quotas on that product in the first quarter.

FREEING STAINLESS—The loosening in demand and improvement in supply of metals brought announcement of the approaching relaxation of the last major government control on metals. Control of nickel will ease on Nov. 1. After that date, nickel-bearing stainless steels can be distributed freely. The switch from straight chrome types of stainless may be so universal and lump so heavily that voluntary quotas may have to be imposed for a while on the nickel-bearing types. For some time, consumers and distributors have been preparing for the change. They have been lowering their inventories of the straight chrome types of stainless. In addition, distributors have been building their stocks of the nickel-bearing types. During controls, sales of the nickel-bearing types were restricted to defense uses.

SCRAP DECLINE HALTS—The two-month descent of prices of scrap, a principal raw material for steelmaking, halted last week. In fact, a slightly strengthened undertone in the market raised STEEL's composite price from the preceding week's $31.50 to $31.83.

NATIONAL STEELWORKS OPERATIONS



DISTRICT INGOT RATES

(Percentage of capacity engaged at leading production points)

	Week Ended Oct. 10	Change	Same 1952	Week 1951
Pittsburgh	96.5	— 3.5*	106	100
Chicago	95.5	— 3*	106.5	96
Mid-Atlantic	97	0	98	99
Youngstown	105	0	106	94
Wheeling	97	— 0.5	99.5	101
Cleveland	102	+ 8.5*	107	99.5
Buffalo	106.5	0	106.5	104
Birmingham	96.5	0	102	104
New England	80	— 2	95	95
Cincinnati	84	— 1	90	101
St. Louis	103	+ 7	108	95
Detroit	100	— 1.5	111	101.5
Western	102	— 1	100	103
Estimated National Rate	95	0	104.5	101.5

*Change from preceding week's revised rate.

Weekly steelmaking capacity is estimated at 2,254,459 net tons in 1953; 2,077,040 tons in 1952; 1,999,034 tons in 1951.

Metalworking Outlook—p. 79

PRICE INDEXES AND COMPOSITES

AVERAGE PRICES OF STEEL (Bureau of Labor Statistics) Week Ended Oct. 6

Prices include mill base prices and typical extras and deductions. Units are 100 lb except where otherwise noted in parentheses. For complete description of the following products and extras and deductions applicable to them write to STEEL.

Rails, standard, No. 1	$4.400	Bars, H.R., alloy	$8.675	Strip, C.R., stainless, 430 (lb)	$0.415	Tin plate, hot-dipped, 1.25 lb	$8.4
Rails, light, 40 lb	5.767	Bars, H. R., stainless, 303 (lb)	0.418	Strip, H.R., carbon	5.113	Tin plate, electrolytic, 0.25 lb	7.1
Tie Plates	5.125	Bars, H.R., carbon	4.850	Pipe, black, buttweld (100 ft)	14.454	Black plate, can making quality	6.2
Axles, railway	7.250	Bars, reinforcing	4.775	Pipe, galv., buttweld (100 ft)	17.731	Wire, drawn, carbon	7.7
Wheels, freight car, 33 in. (per wheel)	47.000	Bars, C.F., carbon	7.860	Pipe, line (100 ft)	141.960	Wire, drawn, stainless, 430 (lb)	0.3
Plates, carbon	4.550	Bars, C.F., alloy	11.075	Casing, oil well, carbon (100 ft)	149.516	Bale ties (bundle)	5.6
Structural Shapes	4.333	Bars, C.F., stainless, 302 (lb)	0.433	Casing, oil well, alloy (100 ft)	214.113	Nails, wire, 8d common	7.4
Bars, tool steel, carbon (lb)	0.415	Sheets, H.R., carbon	4.765	Tubes, boiler (100 ft)	‡	Wire, barbed (80-rod spool)	6.8
Bars, tool steel, alloy, oil hardening die (lb)	0.505	Sheets, C.R., carbon	5.904	Tubing, mechanical, carbon (100 ft)	‡	Woven wire fence (20-rod roll)	16.1
Bars, tool steel, H.R. alloy, high speed W 6.75, Cr 4.5, V 2.1, Mo 5.5, C 0.60 (lb)	1.135	Sheets, galvanized	6.945	Tubing, mechanical, stainless, 304 (100 ft)	161.193	‡Not available.	
Bars, tool steel, H.R. alloy, high speed W 18, Cr 4, V 1 (lb)	1.730	Sheets, C.R., stainless, 302 (lb)	0.548				
		Sheets, electrical	9.183				
		Strip, C.R., carbon	7.371				

FINISHED STEEL PRICE INDEX (Bureau of Labor Statistics)

	Oct. 6 1953	Sept. 29 1953	Month Ago	Sept. Average
(1947-1949=100)	141.7	141.7	141.7	141.7

STEEL's FINISHED PRICE INDEX

	Oct. 8 1953	Week Ago	Month Ago	Year Ago	5 Yrs. Ago
Index (1935-39 av.=100)	189.38	189.38	189.38	181.31	143.08
Index in cents per lb.	5.130	5.130	5.130	4.912	3.876

STEEL's ARITHMETICAL PRICE COMPOSITE*

	Oct. 8 1953	Week Ago	Month Ago	Year Ago	5 Y Ag
Finished Steel, NT	$115.54	$115.56	$115.56	$110.98	$95.0
No. 2 F'dry, Pig Iron, GT.	56.54	56.54	56.54	55.04	44.3
Basic Pig Iron, GT	56.04	56.04	56.04	54.66	43.8
Malleable Pig Iron, GT.	57.27	57.27	57.27	55.77	44.0
Steelmaking Scrap, GT.	31.83	31.50	38.67	43.00	43.3

*For explanation of weighted index see STEEL, Sept. 19, 1949, p. of arithmetical price composite, STEEL, Sept. 1, 1952, p. 130.

COMPARISON OF PRICES

Comparative prices by districts, in cents per pound except as otherwise noted. Delivered prices based on nearest production point.

FINISHED STEEL

	Oct. 8 1953	Week Ago	Month Ago	Year Ago	5 Yrs. Ago
Bars, H.R., Pittsburgh	4.15	4.15	4.15	3.95	3.45
Bars, H.R., Chicago	4.15	4.15	4.15	3.95	3.35
Bars, H.R., del. Philadelphia	5.302	5.302	5.302	4.502	3.79
Bars, C.F., Pittsburgh	5.20	5.20	5.20	4.925	3.95
Shapes, Std., Pittsburgh	4.10	4.10	4.10	3.85	3.25
Shapes, Std., Chicago	4.10	4.10	4.10	3.85	3.25
Shapes, deld., Philadelphia.	4.38	4.38	4.38	4.13	3.48
Plates, Pittsburgh	4.10	4.10	4.10	3.90	3.50
Plates, Chicago	4.10	4.10	4.10	3.90	3.40
Plates, Coatesville, Pa.	4.35	4.35	4.35	4.35	3.75
Plates, Sparrows Point, Md.	4.10	4.10	4.10	3.90	3.45
Plates, Claymont, Del.	4.55	4.55	4.55	4.35	3.95
Sheets, H.R., Pittsburgh	3.925	3.925	3.925	3.775	3.275
Sheets, H.R., Chicago	3.925	3.925	3.925	3.775	3.25
Sheets, C.R., Pittsburgh	4.775	4.775	4.775	4.575	4.00
Sheets, C.R., Chicago	4.775	4.775	4.775	4.575	4.00
Sheets, C.R., Detroit	4.975	4.975	4.975	4.775	4.20
Sheets, Galv., Pittsburgh	5.275	5.275	5.275	5.075	4.40
Strip, H.R., Pitts.	3.975-4.425	3.975-4.425	3.975-4.425	3.75-4.225	3.275
Strip, H.R. Chicago	3.925	3.925	3.925	3.725	3.275
Strip, C.R., Pittsburgh	5.45-5.95	5.45-5.95	5.45-5.95	5.10-5.80	4.00
Strip, C.R., Chicago	5.70	5.70	5.70	5.35	4.125
Strip, C.R., Detroit	5.45-6.05	5.45-6.05	5.45-6.05	5.30-6.05	4.20
Wire, Basic, Pitts.	5.475-5.525	5.475-5.525	5.475-5.525	5.10-5.225	4.15
Nails, Wire, Pittsburgh	6.35-6.55	6.35-6.55	6.35-6.55	6.20-6.35	5.15
Tin plate (1.50 lb), box, Pitts.	$8.95	$8.95	$8.95	$8.95	$6.70

SEMIFINISHED STEEL

Billets, forging, Pitts. (NT)	$75.50	$75.50	$75.50	$70.50	$61.00
Wire rods, ½-⅝", Pitts.	4.525	4.525	4.525	4.325	3.45

PIG IRON, Gross Ton

	Oct. 8 1953	Week Ago	Month Ago	Year Ago	5 Y A
Bessemer, Pitts.	$57.00	$57.00	$57.00	$55.50	$47.
Basic, Valley	56.00	56.00	56.00	54.50	43
Basic, deld. Phila.	60.75	60.75	60.75	59.25	46.
No. 2 F'dry, Pitts.	56.50	56.50	56.50	55.00	46
No. 2 F'dry, Chicago	56.50	56.50	56.50	55.00	43
No. 2 F'dry, Valley	56.50	56.50	56.50	55.00	43
No. 2 F'dry, deld. Phila.	61.25	61.25	61.25	59.75	46
No. 2 F'dry, Birm.	52.88	52.88	52.88	51.38	43
No. 2 F'dry (Birm.) del. Cin.	60.43	60.43	60.43	58.93	49
Malleable, Valley	56.50	56.50	56.50	55.00	43
Malleable, Chicago	56.50	56.50	56.50	55.00	43
Ferromanganese, Duquesne	200.00†	200.00†	200.00†	228.00*	148

*78-82% Mn, per gross ton, Etna, Pa. †74-76% Mn, per net to

SCRAP, Gross Ton (Including broker's commission)

No. 1 Heavy Melt, Pitts.	$34.50	$34.50	$41.50	$44.00	$42
No. 1 Heavy Melt, E. Pa.	31.50	30.50	39.00	41.50	43
No. 1 Heavy Melt, Chicago	29.50	29.50	35.50	42.50	41
No. 1 Heavy Melt, Valley	33.50	34.50	39.50	44.00	42
No. 1 Heavy Melt, Cleve.	30.50	30.50	35.50	43.00	42
No. 1 Heavy Melt, Buffalo.	33.50	35.50	41.50	43.00	46
Rails, Rerolling, Chicago	42.50	49.00	52.00	52.50	63
No. 1 Cast, Chicago	32.50	32.50	35.00	48.50	70

COKE, Net Ton

Beehive, Furn, Connlsvl.	$14.75	$14.75	$14.75	$14.75	$1
Beehive, Fdry, Connlsvl.	16.75	16.75	16.75	17.00	1
Oven Fdry, Chicago	24.50	24.50	24.50	23.00	2

NONFERROUS METALS

(Cents per pound, carlots, except as otherwise noted)

PRIMARY METALS AND ALLOYS

Aluminum: 99% plus, ingots 21.50, pigs 20.00, 10,000 lb or more, f.o.b. shipping point. Freight allowed on 500 lb or more.

Aluminum Alloy: No. 13, 12% Si, 23.30; No. 43, 5% Si, 23.10; No. 142, 4% Cu, 24.40; No. 195, 4.5% Cu, 0.8% Si, 23.70; No. 214, 3.8% Mg, 24.40; No. 356, 7% Si, 0.3% Mg, 23.20.

Antimony: R.M.M. brand, 99.5% 34.50, Lone Star brand, 35.00, f.o.b. Laredo, Texas, in bulk. Foreign brands, 99.5%, 25.50-26.00 New York, duty paid, 10,000 lb or more.

Beryllium: 97%, lump or beads, $71.50 per lb f.o.b. Cleveland or Reading, Pa.

Beryllium Aluminum: 5% Be, $72.75 per lb of contained Be, f.o.b. Reading, Pa.

Beryllium Copper: 3.75-4.25% Be, $40.00 per lb of contained Be, with balance as Cu at market price on shipment date, f.o.b. Reading, Pa. or Elmore, O.

Bismuth: $2.25 per lb, ton lots.

Cadmium: Sticks and bars, $2.00 per lb

Cobalt: 97-99%, $2.40 per lb for 550 lb $2.42 per lb for 100 lb case; $2.47 per l der 100 lb.

Columbium: Powder, $75.00 per lb, nom

Copper: Electrolytic 29.00-30.00 deld. Valley, 29.125-30.125 deld. Midwest; 30.125 deld; Fire refined 29.75 deld.

Germanium: 99.9%, $295 per lb nom.

Gold: U. S. Treasury, $35 per oz.

Indium: 99.9%, $2.25 per troy oz.

Iridium: $165-$175 per troy oz.

Lead: Common 13.30, chemical 13.40, roding 13.40, St. Louis. New York basis 0.20.

Lithium: 98%, $10-$13 per lb, dependi quantity.

Magnesium: 99.8% standard ingots 27.0 000 lb or more, f.o.b. Freeport, Tex. 1.3 in. dia., 45.00, 100 to 4999 lb.

Magnesium Alloys: AZ91B 30.50; AZ9 alloys C, H, G and R 32.50; alloy M 10,000 lb or more.

DAILY NONFERROUS PRICE RECORD

	Price Oct. 8	Last Change	Previous Price	Sept. Avg.	Aug. Avg.	Oct. 1952 Avg.
Copper	29.00-30.00	Aug. 19	28.50-30.00	29.500	29.375	24.500
Lead	13.30	Sept. 16	13.80	13.540	13.800	14.226
Zinc	10.00	Sept. 11	10.50	10.180	11.000	13.259
Tin	81.75	Oct. 7	82.75	82.410	80.530	121.500
Nickel	60.00	Jan. 14	56.50	60.000	60.000	56.500
Aluminum	21.50	July 15	20.50	21.500	21.500	20.000
Magnesium	27.00	Mar. 9	24.50	27.000	27.000	24.500

Quotations in cents per pound based on: Copper, deld. Conn. Valley; Lead, common grade, deld. St. Louis; Zinc, prime western, E. St. Louis; Tin, Straits, deld. New York; Nickel, electrolytic cathodes, 99.9%, base size at refinery unpacked; Aluminum, primary ingots, 99% plus, deld.; Magnesium, 99.8%, Freeport, Tex.

...ury: Open market, spot, New York, ...-$184 per 76-lb flask.

...bdenum: Powder, 99% hydrogen reduced ... per lb; pressed ingot $4.06 per lb; ...red ingot $5.53 per lb.

...el: Electrolytic cathodes, sheets (4 x 4 in. ...larger), unpacked, 60.00; 25-lb pigs 62.65; ... nickel shot 63.65; "F" nickel shot or ...s, for addition to cast iron 60.00; prices ... Port Colborne, Ont., including import ... New York basis, add 0.92.

...ium: $140-$150 per troy oz. nom.

...dium: $23-$24 per troy oz.

...num: $91-$93 per troy oz. from refineries.

...um: $16.00-$21.50 per mg. radium content, ...nding on quantity.

...dium: $125 per troy oz.

...enium: $80-$85 per troy oz.

...nium: 99.5%, $4.25-$4.75 per lb.

...m: 16.50, carlots; 17.00 l.c.l.

...alum: Sheet, rod $42.45 per lb; powder ... per lb.

...rium: $1.75 per lb.

...llium: $12.50 per lb.

... Straits, New York, 81.75.

...sten: Powder, 98.8%, carbon reduced, ... lb lots $5.35 per lb f.o.b. shipping point; ... than 1000 lb $5.50; 99+% hydrogen re... $6.30. Treated ingots $10.43.

... Price western 10.00, brass special 10.25, ...mediate 10.50, E. St. Louis, freight ...ed over 0.50 per pound. High grade ... special high grade 11.50, die casting ... ingot 14.50, deld.

...dium: Sponge $14.00 per lb; powder 100 ... more $7.00; less than 100 lb $8.00.

... Chromium, manganese and silicon met... are listed in ferroalloy section.)

SECONDARY METALS AND ALLOYS

...inum Ingot: Piston Alloys 21.00-21.50; ...12 foundry alloy (No. 2 grade) 20.50-...; 5% silicon alloy, 0.60 Cu max., 22.75-...; 13 alloy, 0.60 Cu max., 22.75-23.25; ...alloy 21.50-22.50; 108 alloy 21.00-21.50; ... deoxidizing grades, notch bars, granu... or shot: Grade 1, 21.00-22.50; grade 2, ...21.00; grade 3, 18.50-20.00; grade 4, ...19.00.

... Ingot: Red brass, No. 115, 24.50; tin ...e, No. 225, 35.25, No. 245, 29.50; high... tin bronze, No. 305, 28.75; No. 1 ..., No. 405, 20.75; manganese bronze No. ...25.25.

...esium Alloy Ingot: AZ63A, 31.50; AZ91B, ... AZ91C, 32.00; AZ92A, 31.50.

NONFERROUS MILL PRODUCTS

COPPER WIRE

... soft, f.o.b. eastern mills, 100,000 lb lots, ... 30,000 lb lots, 35.48; l.c.l. 35.98. Weath...f., 100,000 lb 36.28; 30,000 lb, 36.53; ... 37.03. Magnet wire deld., 15,000 lb or ...41.83; l.c.l., 42.58.

LEAD

...s to jobbers f.o.b. Buffalo, Cleveland, ...urgh.) Sheets, full rolls, 140 sq ft or ... $18.50 per cwt; pipe, full coils $18.50 ...wt; traps and bends, list prices plus 30%.

TITANIUM

...s per lb, 100,000 lb and over, f.o.b. mill) ..., $15; sheared mill plate, $12; strip, $15; ... $10; forging billets, $6; hot-rolled and ... bars, $6.

ZINC

... 23.00, f.o.b. mill, 36,000 lb and over. ...n zinc in coils, 19.50-20.50, f.o.b. mill, ... lb and over. Plates 19.50-22.25.

NICKEL, MONEL, INCONEL

	"A" Nickel	Monel	Inconel
... C.R. ..	86.5	67.5	92.5
... C.R. ...	92.5	70.5	98.5
... H.R. ..	84.5	66.5	90.5
...Shapes ..	82.5	65.5	88.5
...ss Tubes	115.5	100.5	137.5
... Blocks		60.0	....

ALUMINUM

(30,000 lb base; freight allowed on 500 lb or more.)

Sheets and Circles: 2S and 3S mill finish c.l.

Thickness Range Inches	Widths or Diameters, In., Inc.	Flat Sheet Base*	Coiled Sheet Base	Coiled Sheet Circle† Base
0.249-0.136	12-48	33.9	...	...
0.135-0.096	12-48	34.4	...	...
0.095-0.077	12-48	35.1	32.7	37.5
0.076-0.061	12-48	35.7	32.9	37.7
0.060-0.048	12-48	36.1	33.2	38.1
0.047-0.038	12-48	36.6	33.6	38.4
0.037-0.030	12-48	37.0	34.0	39.1
0.029-0.024	12-48	37.6	34.3	39.6
0.023-0.019	12-36	38.3	35.1	40.4
0.018-0.017	12-36	39.1	35.7	41.3
0.016-0.015	12-36	40.0	36.5	42.5
0.014	12-24	41.0	37.5	43.8
0.013-0.012	12-24	42.1	38.2	44.8
0.011	12-24	43.1	39.4	46.4
0.010-0.0095	12-24	44.3	40.5	48.0
0.009-0.0085	12-24	45.6	41.9	50.0
0.008-0.0075	12-24	47.1	43.1	51.8
0.007	12-18	48.6	44.6	54.1
0.006	12-18	50.2	46.0	59.1

* Lengths 72 to 180 inches. † Maximum diameter, 26 inches.

ALUMINUM

Plates and Circles: Thickness 0.250-3.0 in., widths or diameters 24-60 in., lengths 72-240 in.

Alloy	Plate Base	Circle Base
2S-F, 3S-F	32.4	36.3
50S-F	33.5	37.4
4S-F	34.5	39.1
52S-F	36.2	40.9
61S-T6	37.4	41.5
24S-T4*	39.3	45.4
75S-T6*	47.1	53.7

* Widths or diameters 24-48 in., lengths 72-180 in.

ALUMINUM

Screw Machine Stock: 5000 lb and over.

Dia. (in.) or distance across flats	Round 11S-T3	Round 17S-T4	Hexagonal 11S-T3	Hexagonal 17S-T4
Drawn				
0.125	59.6	57.9	...	...
0.156-0.172	50.6	48.9	...	...
0.188	50.6	48.9	...	62.4
0.219-0.234	47.9	46.2	...	...
0.250-0.281	47.9	46.2	...	59.5
0.313	47.9	46.2	...	56.8
Cold-finished				
0.375-0.531	46.6	44.9	56.2	53.4
0.563-0.688	46.6	44.9	53.4	50.2
0.750-1.000	45.5	43.8	48.9	47.3
1.063	45.5	43.8	...	45.7
1.125-1.500	43.8	42.1	47.3	45.7
Rolled				
1.563	42.7	41.0	...	...
1.625-2.000	42.1	40.4	...	44.1
2.125-2.500	41.1	39.4	...	...
2.750-3.375	39.9	38.2	...	...

ALUMINUM

Forging Stock: Round, Class 1, 42.05-32.76, in specific lengths 36-144 in., diameters 0.375-8 in.; rectangles and squares, Class 1, 49.2 to 37.6 in random lengths 0.375-4.0 in. thick, widths 0.750-10.0 in.

Industrial Roofing Sheet (0.032-in. thick): Flat, 42.75 in. wide, lengths 60-144 in., $2.838 to $6.816 per sheet. Corrugated, 35 in. wide, lengths 60-144 in., $2.862 to $6.874 per sheet.

MAGNESIUM

Sheet: AZ31, commercial grade, 0.032-in. 108.00, 0.064-in. 81.00, 0.125-in. 71.00, 30,000 lb and over, f.o.b. mill.

Plate: Hot-rolled, AZ31, 53.00, 20,000 lb or more 0.188-1.0 in. thick, widths to 48 in., lengths to 144 in.; raised pattern floor plate, 69.00, 20,000 lb or more, ¼-in. thick, widths 24-48 in., lengths 60-144 in.

Extrusion Stock: AZ31, Rectangles, ¼ x 2 in. 69.20, 1 x 4 in. 63.00. Rod, 1 in. 66.00, 2 in. 62.50. Tubing, 1 in. OD x 0.065-in. 87.00. Angles, 1 x 1 x ⅛-in. 72.90, 2 x 2 x ¼-in. 67.00. Channels, 5 in. 67.80. I-Beams, 5 in. 66.20.

NONFERROUS SCRAP

DEALERS' BUYING PRICES

(Cents per pound, New York, in ton lots)

Aluminum: 2S clipping 12.00; low copper clippings 9.00, mixed clippings 9.00; old sheet 8.00-8.50; borings and turnings 5.50-6.00; pistons and struts 6.00; crankcases 8.00; industrial castings 8.00-8.50.

Copper and Brass: Heavy copper and wire, No. 1 22.00; No. 2 copper 20.50; light copper 17.50-18.00; No. 1 composition red brass 16.00-16.50; No. 1 composition turnings 15.50-16.00; mixed brass turnings 9.50; new brass clippings 17.50; No. 1 brass rod turnings 12.00; light brass 9.50-10.00; heavy yellow brass 11.50; new brass rod ends 14.00-14.50; auto radiators, unsweated 12.00; cocks and faucets 13.00; brass pipe 15.50.

Lead: Heavy 9.50-10.00; battery plate 5.25-5.75; linotype and stereotype 11.75; electrotype 10.50; mixed babbitt 12.00.

Magnesium: Clippings 20.00-21.00; clean castings 19.00-20.00; iron castings, not over 10% removable Fe, 18.00-19.00.

Monel: Clippings 26.00-28.00; old sheet 24.00-26.00; turnings 19.00-21.00; rods 26.00-28.00.

Nickel: Sheets and clips 70.00; rolled anodes 70.00; turnings 40.00; rod ends 70.00.

Tin: No. 1 pewter 40.00-45.00; block tin pipe 65.00-67.00; No. 1 babbitt 37.00-38.00.

Zinc: Old zinc, 3.50; new die cast scrap, 3.50; old die cast scrap, 3.25.

REFINERS' BUYING PRICES

(Cents per pound, carlots, delivered refinery)

Aluminum: 2S, 3S clippings 14.00-14.50; 51S, 52S clippings 14.00-14.50; 14S, 17S, 24S, clippings 13.50-14.00; mixed clippings 12.50-13.00; old sheet 10.00-11.00; old cast 10.00-11.00; clean old cable, free of steel 13.50-14.50; borings and turnings 11.00-12.00.

Beryllium Copper: Heavy scrap, 0.020-in. and heavier, not less than 1.5% Be, 42.00; light scrap 37.00.

Copper, Brass: No. 1 copper 23.50-24.00; No. 2 copper 22.00-22.50; light copper 20.50-21.00; refinery brass (60% copper) per dry copper content 19.00; auto radiators 13.00 nom.

INGOT MAKERS' BUYING PRICES

(Cents per pound, carlots, delivered)

Copper, Brass: No. 1 copper 23.50-24.50, No. 2 copper 22.00-22.50; light copper 20.50-21.00; No. 1 composition borings 16.50-17.00; No. 1 composition solids 17.00-17.50; heavy yellow brass solids 13.00-13.50; yellow brass turnings 12.50-12.75; radiators 13.00-13.50.

PLATING MATERIALS

(F.o.b. shipping points, freight allowed on quantities)

ANODES

Cadmium: Special or patented shapes $2.15 per lb.

Copper: Flat-rolled 45.04, oval 44.54, 2000-5000 lb; electrodeposited 39.78, cast 42.04, 5000-10,000 lb lots.

Nickel: Depolarized, less than 500 lb 92.00; 500-4999 lb 88.00; over 5000 lb 86.00.

Tin: Bar or slab, less than 200 lb $1.015; 200-499 lb $1; 500-999 lb 99.50; 1000 lb or more 99.

Zinc: Bar 18.50, bar or flat top 17.50, ton lots.

CHEMICALS

Cadmium Oxide: $2.15 per lb, in 100 lb drums.

Chromic Acid: Less than 2000 lb 29.00; over 2000 lb 28.75.

Copper Cyanide: Under 1000 lb 63.90, 1000 lb and over 61.90.

Copper Sulphate: 100-6000 lb 11.35; 6000-12,000 lb 11.10; 12,000-24,000 lb 10.85; 24,000-36,000 lb 10.60; 36,000 lb and over 10.35.

Nickel Chloride: 100 lb 45.00; 200 lb 43.00; 300 lb 42.00; 400-4900 lb 40.00; 5000-9900 lb 38.00; 10,000 lb and over 37.00.

Nickel Sulphate: 100 lb 37.00; 200 lb 35.00; 300 lb 34.00; 400-4900 lb 32.000; 5000-35,900 lb 30.00; 36,000 lb and over 29.00.

Silver Cyanide: Cents per ounce, 16 oz 80.625; 100 oz 78.500; 2500 oz and over 77.375.

Sodium Cyanide: Egg, under 1000 lb 19.80, 1000-19,900 lb 18.80, 20,000 lb and over 17.80; granular, add 1.0 premium to above.

Sodium Stannate: Less than 100 lb 66.20; 100-600 lb 52.40; 700-1900 lb 49.80; 2000-9900 lb 48.10; 10,000 lb or more 47.

Stannous Chloride (Anhydrous): Less than 50 lb $1.509; 50 lb $1.169; 100-300 lb $1.019; 400-900 lb 99.40; 1000-1900 lb 97; 2000-4900 lb 93.30; 5000-19,000 lb 87.20; 20,000 lb and over 81.10.

Stannous Sulphate: Less than 50 lb $1.211; 50 lb 91.10; 100-1900 lb 89.10; 2000 lb and over 87.10.

Zinc Cyanide: Under 1000 lb 54.30, 1000 lb and over 52.30.

...S MILL PRICES

MILL PRODUCTS a

...	Sheet, Strip, Plate	Rod	Wire	Seamless Tube
.....	48.38b	45.98c	....	48.44
... brass	41.72	41.66	42.26	44.63
...rass, 85%	45.44	45.38	45.98	48.25
...rass, 80%	44.47	44.41	45.01	47.28
... Brass	45.76	40.07	52.80	48.92
...rcial Bronze, 90%....	46.95	46.89	47.49	49.51
... Silver, 10%	55.36	59.43g	57.69	....
...or Bronze, A, 5%....	66.58	67.08	67.08	68.23
... Bronze	52.71	51.90	52.75	70.11e
...nese Bronze	49.48	43.62	54.06	....
... Metal	43.96	39.77	....	....

SCRAP ALLOWANCES f

Clean Heavy	Rod Ends	Clean Turnings
26.000	26.000	25.250
19.750	19.500	18.000
23.000	22.750	22.250
22.125	21.875	21.375
18.250	18.000	17.500
23.875	23.625	23.125
23.625	23.375	11.813
26.125	25.875	24.875
25.125	24.875	24.125
18.250	18.000	17.500
18.625	18.375	17.875

... Cents per lb. f.o.b. mill; freight allowed on 500 lb or more. b. Hot-rolled. c. Cold-drawn. ... cutting. e. 3% silicon. f. Prices in cents per lb for less than 20,000 pounds, f.o.b. shipping ... On lots over 20,000 lb at one time, of any or all kinds of scrap, add 1 cent per lb. g. Leaded.

Nonferrous Metals

Nickel sheds its controls Nov. 1. But don't expect a perfect market immediately. Transition to normal business pattern may take 3 months; defense still comes first

NOV. 1 WILL MARK "independence day" for nickel users.

That's when long-standing controls on civilian distribution and use become history. Manufacturers may then buy as much nickel as they can and do with it as they like.

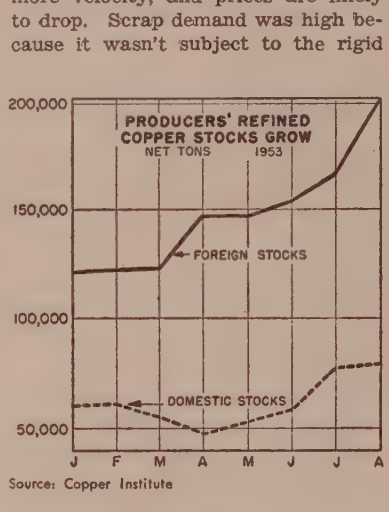
Qualifications—The revocation action doesn't mean everyone will get all the nickel he wants right away. Defense needs (AEC, stockpile and military goods) will get first call on the available metal. Military and atomic energy uses alone take an estimated 40 per cent of supply.

Stockpile accumulations will continue on a regular basis, says Defense Mobilizer Arthur Flemming, even if it pinches civilian supplies. Reduction in defense needs plus increased production coming make this unlikely. Long-term purchase contracts largely account for stockpiling requirements.

Timetable — After nickel distribution is returned to private industry, a transition period of about three months is expected before a normal business pattern takes shape. Removal of restrictions in other metals found balance not long in coming and the same could be true with nickel. One observer says sellers may not find as much business backed up as they think.

The U. S., world's largest consumer of nickel, last year used 101,047 tons of primary and secondary nickel, oxide, matte and salts. That compares with 86,416 tons in 1951, 98,904 tons in 1950 and 68,326 tons in 1949. Distribution by uses in 1952 looks about like this: Stainless and other steels, 45 per cent; copper-nickel, nickel-silver and other alloys, and Monel, Inconel and malleable nickel, 31 per cent; high temperature and electrical resistance alloys, 8 per cent; electroplating, 7 per cent; cast iron and other uses, 3.5 per cent each. With decontrol, some sharp changes in this distribution pattern should take shape (see page 89).

Scrap Flow—Major nickel sellers in the U. S. are International Nickel Co., Falconbridge Nickel Mines Ltd. and Nickel Sales Division of National Lead Co. (Nicaro Nickel Oxides). Some Japanese and French metal has been sold here lately at several times the U. S. price, but these are considered one-shot propositions. Scrap movement, said to be immobilized by controls, will show more velocity, and prices are likely to drop. Scrap demand was high because it wasn't subject to the rigid restrictions of primary nickel. Inquiries as to the possibility of a price rise in primary nickel are met with a firm "no comment."



Source: Copper Institute

A portion of M-80's skeleton still remains—Schedule 5, which covers columbium and tantalum, last of all elements under use curbs. As it looks a bit silly dangling alone and for no good reason, it will be revoked as fast as administrative procedure allows.

Zinc: Imports Add to Problem

Stocks of slab zinc going into October stood at the highest level since August, 1947. Increase of 23,597 tons during September sent the stock level up sharply to 141,494 tons. Shipments fell off about 12 per cent to 57,547 and unfilled orders dropped over 5000 tons to 27,323 tons while production eased only slightly to 81,144 tons, according to American Zinc Institute statistics.

Slash in slab zinc production to the lowest rate since 1938 at its La Salle, Ill., smelter was announced by Matthiessen & Hegeler Zinc Co. H. D. Carus, president, says the action "is necessitated by the unstemmed flow of cheap foreign zinc into the United States." During the first seven months of 1953, he says, imports of slab zinc amounted to 288,328 tons, an increase of 242 p cent over the like period last yea

Aluminum Allotments Rise

Independent aluminum fabricato will get more than 50,500 tons primary aluminum in the fourth qua ter under government contracts wit major producers, about 40 per ce more than is required. General Ser ices Administration estimates fourt quarter primary production at 325 500 tons, of which 115,500 tons w come from new facilities. Gover ment expansion contracts requi that two-thirds of all aluminum pr duced in new facilities be made ava able to independent fabricators a ter defense and AEC requiremen are met. In the third quarter ind pendents got 45,000 tons of alun num; about 110,000 tons of the 32 000 tons total production in th period came from new reducti works.

Chilean Copper Takes a Step

Revaluation of the Chilean pe approved by the International Mo tary Fund last week, stands as first step toward getting Chile's c per back on world markets. Nego tions in Washington over purchas that nation's copper for stockpile part of a plan to work out a sens long-term solution to Chile's unst economic position. The Chilean g ernment's proposal, undoubtedly couraged by the U. S., is to dev the peso from the current rate 31 to the U. S. dollar to 110, w is about the present market rat exchange. U. S. copper producer Chile were held to an exchange of 19.37 pesos to the dollar and w presumably be able to buy at 110 der the proposal.

Nonferrous Briefs

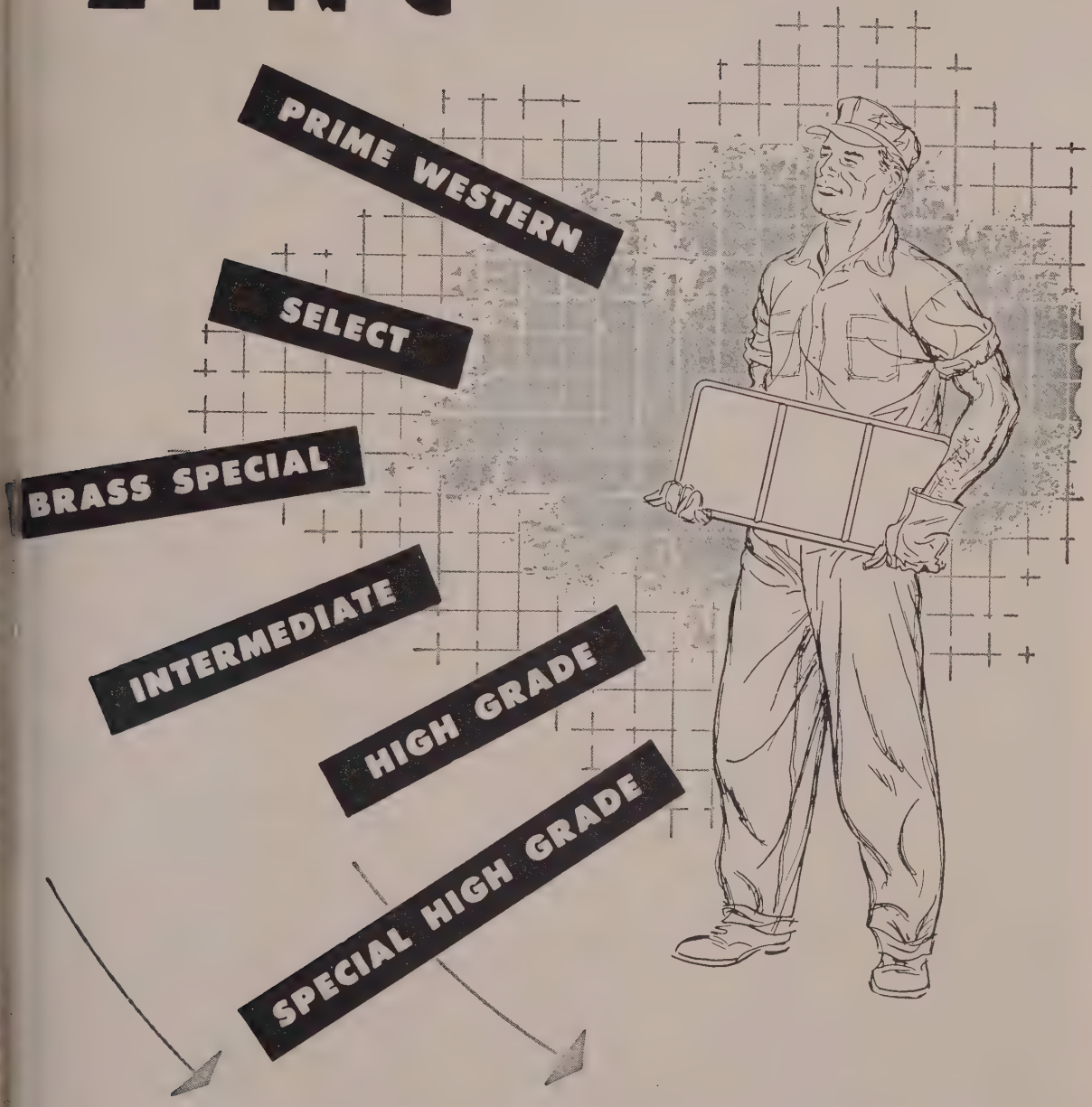
• National Lead & Zinc Com tee withdrew its recommendatio the U. S. Tariff Commission import quotas be set up on lead zinc, saying that such a system w prove complicated and almost possible to administer fairly.

• Average lead imports in are running only slightly ahe the 1952 average. Total lead on Sept. 1 gained 11,305 tons month's time, and at 183,032 were highest since September,

• Tin price and demand ease week as threat of Atlantic Coast strike faded.

SLAB ZINC

every grade of ZINC for urgent military and civilian requirements



AMERICAN ZINC SALES COMPANY

Distributors for

AMERICAN ZINC, LEAD & SMELTING COMPANY

Columbus, O. Chicago St. Louis New York

STEEL PRICES

Mill prices as reported to STEEL, cents per pound except as otherwise noted. Changes shown in italics.
Code numbers following mill points indicate producing company; key on page 357. Key to footnotes, page 359.

—SEMIFINISHED—

INGOTS, Carbon, Forging (NT)
Fontana,Calif. K1 ....$86.00
Munhall,Pa. U5 .....59.00

INGOTS, Alloy (NT)
Detroit R7 .....$63.00
Fontana,Calif. K1 ....88.00
Midland,Pa. C18 .....62.00
Munhall,Pa. U5 .....62.00

BILLETS, BLOOMS & SLABS
Carbon Rerolling (NT)
Aliquippa,Pa. J5 ....$62.50
Bessemer,Pa. U5 .....62.00
Clairton,Pa. U5 .....62.00
Ensley,Ala. T2 .....62.00
Fairfield,Ala. T2 .....62.00
Fontana,Calif. K1 ....81.00
Gary,Ind. U5 .....62.00
Johnstown,Pa. B2 .....62.00
Lackawanna,N.Y. B2 ..62.00
Munhall,Pa. U5 .....62.00
So.Chicago,Ill. U5 ....62.00
So.Duquesne,Pa. U5 ..62.00

Carbon, Forging (NT)
Aliquippa,Pa. J5 ....$75.50
Bessemer,Pa. U5 .....75.50
Buffalo R2 .....75.50
Canton,O. R2 .....75.50
Clairton,Pa. U5 .....75.50
Cleveland R2 .....75.50
Conshohocken,Pa. A3 ..82.50
Detroit R7 .....78.50
Ensley,Ala. T2 .....75.50
Fairfield,Ala. T2 .....75.50
Fontana,Calif. K1 ....94.50
Gary,Ind. U5 .....75.50
Geneva,Utah C11 ....75.50
Houston S5 .....85.50
Johnstown,Pa. B2 .....75.50
Lackawanna,N.Y. B2 ..75.50
LosAngeles B3 .....94.50
Munhall,Pa. U5 .....75.50
Seattle B3 .....94.50
So.Chicago R2,U5,W14.75.50
So.Duquesne,Pa. U5 ..75.50
So.SanFrancisco B3 ...94.50

Alloy, Forging (NT)
Bethlehem,Pa. B2 ....$82.00
Buffalo R2 .....82.00
Canton,O. R2 .....82.00
Canton,O. T7 .....84.60
Conshohocken,Pa. A3 ...89.00
Detroit R7 .....84.00
Fontana,Calif. K1 ....101.00
Gary,Ind. U5 .....82.00
Houston S5 .....92.00
Ind.Harbor,Ind. Y1 ..82.00
Johnstown,Pa. B2 .....82.00
Lackawanna,N.Y. B2 ..82.00
LosAngeles B3 .....102.00
Massillon,O. R2 .....82.00
Midland,Pa. C18 .....82.00
Munhall,Pa. U5 .....82.00
So.Chicago R2,U5,W14.82.00
So.Duquesne,Pa. U5 ...82.00
Struthers,O. Y1 .....82.00
Warren,O. C17 .....82.00

ROUNDS, SEAMLESS TUBE (NT)
Buffalo R2 .....$92.50
Canton,O. R2 .....92.50
Cleveland R2 .....92.50
Fontana,Calif. K1 ..113.50
Gary,Ind. U5 .....92.50
Massillon,O. R2 .....92.50
So.Chicago,Ill. R2 ....92.50
So.Duquesne,Pa. U5 ..92.50

SHEET BAR (NT)
Fontana,Calif. K1 ....$93.18

SKELP
Aliquippa,Pa. J5 .....3.85
Munhall,Pa. U5 .....3.75
Warren,O. R2 .....3.75
Youngstown R2, U5 ...3.75

WIRE RODS
AlabamaCity,Ala. R2 ..4.525
Aliquippa,Pa. J5 .....4.525
Alton,Ill. L1 .....4.70
Buffalo W12 .....4.525
Cleveland A7 .....4.525
Donora,Pa. A7 .....4.525
Fairfield,Ala. T2 .....4.525
Fontana,Calif. K1 ....5.325
Houston S5 .....4.925
Johnstown,Pa. B2 .....4.525
Joliet,Ill. A7 .....4.525
KansasCity,Mo. S5 ....4.865
LosAngeles B3 .....5.325
Minnequa,Colo. C10 ..4.775
Monessen,Pa. P7 .....4.725
No.Tonawanda,N.Y.B11 4.525
Pittsburg,Calif. C11 ..5.175
Portsmouth P12 .....4.525
Roebling,N.J. R5 ....4.625
So.Chicago,Ill. R2 ....4.525
SparrowsPoint,Md. B2 .4.625
Sterling,Ill.(1) N15 ...4.525
Struthers,O. Y1 .....4.525
Torrance,Calif. C11 ...5.325
Worcester,Mass. A7 ...4.825

—STRUCTURALS—

Carbon Steel Stand. Shapes
AlabamaCity, Ala. R2 ..4.10
Aliquippa,Pa. J5 .....4.10
Bessemer,Ala. T2 .....4.10
Bethlehem,Pa. B2 .....4.15
Clairton,Pa. U5 .....4.10
Fairfield,Ala. T2 .....4.10
Fontana,Calif. K1 ....4.75
Gary,Ind. U5 .....4.10
Geneva,Utah C11 .....4.10
Houston S5 .....4.60
Ind.Harbor,Ind I-2 ....4.10
Johnstown,Pa. B2 .....4.15
KansasCity,Mo. S5 ....4.80
Lackawanna,N.Y. B2 ..4.15
LosAngeles B3 .....4.80
Minnequa, Colo. C10 ....4.55
Munhall,Pa. U5 .....4.10
Niles,Calif.(22) P1 ....4.91
Phoenixville,Pa. P4 ....4.95
Seattle B3 .....4.85
So.Chicago,Ill. U5, W14.4.10
So.SanFrancisco B3 ...4.75
Torrance,Calif. C11 ...4.80
Weirton,W.Va. W6 ....4.35

Wide Flange
Bethlehem,Pa. B2 .....4.15
Clairton,Pa. U5 .....4.10
Fontana,Calif. K1 ....5.30
Lackawanna,N.Y. B2 ..4.15
Munhall,Pa. U5 .....4.10
So.Chicago,Ill. U5 .....4.10

Alloy Stand. Shapes
Clairton,Pa. U5 .....5.00
Fontana,Calif. K1 ....6.40
Gary,Ind. U5 .....5.00
Munhall,Pa. U5 .....5.00
So.Chicago,Ill. U5 .....5.00

H.S., L.A. Stand. Shapes
Aliquippa,Pa. J5 .....6.175
Bessemer, Ala. T2 .....6.175
Bethlehem,Pa. B2 .....6.20
Clairton,Pa. U5 .....6.175
Fairfield,Ala. T2 .....6.175
Fontana,Calif. K1 ....6.825
Gary,Ind. U5 .....6.175
Geneva,Utah C11 ....6.175
Ind.Harbor,Ind. I-2 ..6.175
Ind.Harbor,Ind. Y1 ..6.675
Johnstown,Pa. B2 .....6.20
Lackawanna,N.Y. B2 ...6.20
LosAngeles B3 .....6.85
Munhall,Pa. U5 .....6.175
Seattle B3 .....6.90
So.Chicago,Ill U5, W14 6.175
So.SanFrancisco B3 ....6.80
Struthers,O. Y1 .....6.675

H S., L.A. Wide Flange
Bethlehem,Pa. B2 .....6.20
Lackawanna,N.Y. B2 ..6.20
Munhall,Pa. U5 .....6.125
So.Chicago,Ill. U5 .....6.125

BEARING PILES
Munhall,Pa. U5 .....4.10
So.Chicago,Ill. U5 .....4.10

—PILING—

STEEL SHEET PILING
Ind.Harbor,Ind. I-2 ...4.925
Lackawanna,N.Y. B2 ...4.925
Munhall,Pa. U5 .....4.925
So.Chicago,Ill. U5 ....4.925

—PLATES—

PLATES, Carbon Steel
AlabamaCity,Ala. R2 ..4.10
Aliquippa,Pa. J5 .....4.10
Ashland,Ky. (15) A10 ..4.10
Bessemer,Ala. T2 .....4.10
Clairton,Pa. U5 .....4.10
Claymont,Del. C22 ....4.55
Cleveland J5, R2 .....4.10
Coatesville,Pa. L7 .....4.35
Conshohocken,Pa. A3 ..4.55
Ecorse,Mich. G5 .....4.65
Fairfield,Ala. T2 .....4.10
Fontana,Calif.(30) K1 ..4.75
Gary,Ind. U5 .....4.10
Geneva,Utah C11 .....4.10
GraniteCity,Ill. G4 ....4.60
Harrisburg,Pa. C5 .....4.95
Houston S5 .....4.60
Ind.Harbor,Ind. I-2, Y1.4.10
Johnstown,Pa. B2 .....4.10
Lackawanna,N.Y. B2 ..4.10
Minnequa,Colo. C10 ....4.95
Munhall,Pa. U5 .....4.10
Pittsburgh J5 .....4.10
Riverdale,Ill. A1 .....4.10
Seattle B3 .....5.00
Sharon,Pa. S3 .....4.10
So.Chicago,Ill. U5, W14 4.10
SparrowsPoint,Md. B2 ..4.10
Steubenville,O. W10 ...4.10
Warren,O. R2 .....4.10
Weirton, W.Va. W6 ....4.40
Youngstown R2, U5, Y1.4.10

PLATES, Carbon Abras. Resist.
Fontana,Calif. K1 .....5.90
Geneva,Utah C11 .....5.25

PLATES, Wrought Iron
Economy,Pa. B14 .....9.30

PLATES,High-Strength Low-Alloy
Aliquippa,Pa. J5 .....6.25
Bessemer,Ala T2 .....6.25
Clairton,Pa. U5 .....6.25
Cleveland J5 .....6.25
Conshohocken,Pa. A3 ..6.50
Ecorse,Mich. G5 .....7.10
Fairfield,Ala. T2 .....6.25
Fontana,Calif. (30) K1 .6.95
Gary, Ind. U5 .....6.25
Geneva,Utah C11 .....6.25
Ind.Harbor,Ind. I-2 ...6.25
Ind.Harbor,Ind. Y1 ....6.75
Johnstown,Pa. B2 .....6.25
Lackawanna,N.Y. B2 ..6.25
Munhall,Pa. U5 .....6.25
Pittsburgh J5 .....6.25
Seattle B3 .....7.15
Sharon,Pa. S3 .....6.25
So. Chicago,Ill. U5, W14.6.25
SparrowsPoint,Md. B2 ..6.25
Youngstown U5 .....6.25
Youngstown Y1 .....6.75

PLATES, Alloy
Claymont,Del. C22 ....5.65
Coatesville,Pa. L7 ....5.75
Fontana,Calif. K1 ....6.60
Gary,Ind. U5 .....5.55
Johnstown,Pa. B2 .....5.55
Munhall,Pa. U5 .....5.55
Sharon,Pa. S3 .....5.55
So.Chicago,Ill. U5, W14 5.55
SparrowsPoint,Md. B2 ..5.55

FLOOR PLATES
Cleveland J5 .....5.15
Conshohocken,Pa. A3 ..5.15
Ind. Harbor,Ind. I-2 ....5.15
Munhall,Pa. U5 .....5.15
So.Chicago,Ill. U5 .....5.15

PLATES, Ingot Iron
Ashland,c.l. (15) A10 ..4.35
Ashland,l.c.l. (15) A10..4.85
Cleveland, c.l. R2 .....4.70
Warren,O. c.l. R2 ....4.70

—BARS—

BARS, Hot-Rolled Carbon
AlabamaCity, Ala. R2 ..4.15
Aliquippa,Pa. J5 .....4.15
Alton,Ill. L1 .....4.35
Atlanta,Ga. A11 .....4.40
Bessemer,Ala. T2 .....4.15
Buffalo R2 .....4.15
Canton,O. R2 .....4.15
Clairton,Pa. U5 .....4.15
Cleveland R2 .....4.15
Detroit R7 .....4.30
Ecorse,Mich. G5 .....4.50
Emeryville,Calif. J7 ....4.90
Fairfield,Ala. T2 .....4.15
Fontana,Calif. K1 ....4.85
Gary,Ind. U5 .....4.15
Houston S5 .....4.65
Ind.Harbor,Ind. I-2, Y1.4.15
Johnstown,Pa. B2 ....4.15
KansasCity,Mo. S5 ....4.85
Lackawanna,N.Y. B2 ..4.15
LosAngeles B3 .....4.85
Milton,Pa. B6 .....4.15
Minnequa,Colo. C10 ....4.60
Niles,Calif. P1 .....4.85
N.Tonawanda,N.Y.B11 .4.15
Pittsburg,Calif. C11 ....4.85
Pittsburgh J5 .....4.15
Portland,Oreg. O4 ....4.90
Seattle B3, N14 .....4.90
So.Chicago R2, U5, W14 4.15
So.Duquesne,Pa. U5 ....4.15
So.SanFran.,Calif. B3...4.90
SterlingIll.(1) N15 ....4.15
Struthers,O. Y1 .....4.15
Torrance,Calif. C11 ....4.85
Weirton,W.Va. W6 ....4.30
Youngstown R2, U5 ....4.15

BARS, Hot-Rolled Alloy
Bethlehem,Pa. B2 ....4.875
Buffalo R2 .....4.875
Canton,O. T7 .....5.02
Canton,O. R2 .....4.875
Clairton,Pa. U5 .....4.875
Detroit R7 .....4.975
Ecorse,Mich. G5 .....5.225
Fontana,Calif. K1 ....5.925
Gary,Ind. U5 .....4.875
Houston S5 .....5.375
Ind.Harbor,Ind. I-2, Y1 4.875
Johnstown,Pa. B2 ....4.875
KansasCity,Mo. S5 ....5.575
Lackawanna,N.Y. B2..4.875
LosAngeles B3 .....5.925
Massillon,O. R2 .....4.875
Midland,Pa. C18 .....4.875
So.Chicago R2, U5,W14 4.875
So.Duquesne,Pa. U5 ..4.875
Struthers,O. Y1 .....4.875
Warren,O. C17 .....4.875
Youngstown U5 .....4.875

BARS & SMALL SHAPES, H.R. High-Strength Low-Alloy
Aliquippa,Pa. J5 ....6.225
Bessemer,Ala T2 ....6.225
Bethlehem,Pa. B2 ....6.225
Clairton,Pa. U5 .....6.225
Ecorse,Mich. G5 .....6.875
Fairfield,Ala. T2 .....6.225
Fontana,Calif, K1 ....7.475
Gary,Ind. U5 .....6.225
Ind.Harb.,Ind. Y1 ....6.725
Ind.Harb., Ind. I-2 ....6.225
Johnstown,Pa. B2 .....6.225
Lackawanna,N.Y. B2 ..6.225
LosAngeles B3 .....6.925
Pittsburgh J5 .....6.225
Seattle B3 .....6.975
So.Chicago W14 .....6.225
So.Duquesne,Pa. U5 ..6.225
So.SanFrancisco B3 ...6.975
Struthers,O. Y1 .....6.725
Youngstown U5 .....6.225

BAR SIZE ANGLES;H.R.CARBON
Bethlehem,Pa. B2 .....4.35

BAR SIZE ANGLES; S. Shapes
Aliquippa,Pa. J5 .....4.15
Atlanta A11 .....4.40
Niles,Calif. P1 .....4.85
SanFrancisco S7 .....5.10

BAR SHAPES, Hot-Rolled Alloy
Clairton,Pa. U5 .....5.00
Fontana,Calif. K1 .....6.00
Gary,Ind. U5 .....5.00
Houston S5 .....5.70
KansasCity S5 .....5.90
Youngstown U5 .....5.00

BARS, Cold-Finished Carbon
Ambridge,Pa. W18 ....5.20
BeaverFalls,Pa. M12, R2 5.20
Buffalo B5 .....5.25
Camden,N.J. P13 .....5.65
Carnegie,Pa. C12 .....5.20
Chicago W18 .....5.20
Cleveland A7, C20 ....5.20
Detroit P17, R7 .....5.35
Detroit B5 .....5.40
Donora,Pa. A7 .....5.20
Elyria,O. W8 .....5.20
FranklinPark,Ill. N5 ...5.20
Gary,Ind. R2 .....5.20
GreenBay,Wis. F7 ....5.185
Hammond,Ind. L2, M13 .5.20
Hartford,Conn. R2 .....5.75
Harvey,Ill. B5 .....5.20
LosAngeles R2 .....6.65
Mansfield,Mass. B5 .....5.75
Massillon,O. R2 ,R8 ....5.20
Monaca,Pa. S17 .....5.20
Newark,N.J. W18 .....5.65
NewCastle,Pa. (17) B4..5.20
Pittsburgh J5 .....5.20
Plymouth,Mich. P5 .....5.45
Putnam,Conn. W18 .....5.75
Readville,Mass. C14 ....5.75
St.Louis,Mo. M5 .....5.50
So.Chicago,Ill, W14 ....5.20
SpringCity,Pa. K3 .....5.65
Struthers,O. Y1 .....5.20
Waukegan,Ill. A7 .....5.20
Worcester,Mass. W19 ..6.10
Youngstown F3, Y1 ....5.20

BARS, Cold-Finished Carbon (Turned and Ground)
Cumberland,Md. (5) C19.4.45

BARS, Cold-Finished Alloy
Ambridge,Pa. W18 ....6.325
BeaverFalls,Pa. M12 ..6.325
Bethlehem,Pa. B2 .....6.325
Buffalo B5 .....6.325
Camden,N.J. P13 .....6.50
Canton,O. R2 .....6.325
Canton,O. T7 .....6.29
Carnegie,Pa. C12 .....6.00
Chicago W18 .....6.32
Cleveland A7, C20 ....6.32
Detroit P7 .....6.42
Detroit P17 .....6.47
Detroit B5 .....6.52
Donora,Pa. A7 .....6.32
Elyria,O. W8 .....6.32
Gary,Ind. R2 .....6.32
Hammond,Ind. L2, M13..6.32
Hartford,Conn. R2 ....6.77
Harvey,Ill. B5 .....6.32
Lackawanna,N.Y. B2 ..6.30
Mansfield,Mass. B5 ...6.77
Massillon,O. R2, R8 ..6.32
Midland,Pa. C18 .....6.32
Monaca,Pa. S17 .....6.32
Newark,N.J. W18 .....6.6
Plymouth,Mich. P5 ....6.5
So.Chicago,Ill. R2, W14..6.3
SpringCity,Pa. K3 ....6.4
Struthers,O. Y1 .....6.3
Warren,O. C17 .....6.3
Waukegan,Ill. A7 .....6.3
Worcester,Mass. A7 ..6.6
Youngstown F3, Y1 ...6.3

BARS, Reinforcing (Fabricator
AlabamaCity,Ala. R2 ..4
Atlanta A11 4
Buffalo R2 4
Cleveland R2 4
Emeryville,Calif. J7 4
Fairfield,Ala. T2 4
Fontana,Calif. K1 4
Gary,Ind. U5 4
Houston S5 4
Ind.Harbor,Ind. I-2, Y1.4
Johnstown,Pa. B2 4
KansasCity,Mo. S5 4
Lackawanna,N.Y. B2 ...4
LosAngeles B3 4
Milton,Pa. B6 4
Minnequa,Colo. C10 4
Niles,Calif. P1 4
Pittsburg,Calif. C11 4
Pittsburgh J5 4
SandSprings,Okla. S5 ..5
Seattle B3, N14 4
So.Chicago,Ill. R2 4
So.Duquesne,Pa. U5 4
So.SanFrancisco B3 4
SparrowsPoint,Md. B2 ..4
Sterling,Ill. (1) N15 4
Struthers,O. Y1 4
Torrance,Calif. C11 4
Youngstown R2, U5 4

BARS, Reinforcing (Fabricated; to consumers
Johnstown, ¼-1" B2 ....
KansasCity S5 .....
LosAngeles B3 .....
Marion,O. P11 .....
Seattle N14 .....
Seattle B3 .....
So.SanFrancisco B3 ....
SparrowsPt. ¼-1" B2 ...
Williamsport,Pa. S19 ...

RAIL STEEL BARS
Avis,Pa.(4) J8 .....
ChicagoHts.(3) C2 .....
ChicagoHts.(4) C2 .....
ChicagoHts.(3,4) I-2 ...
FortWorth,Tex.(26) T4..
Franklin,Pa.(3) F5 .....
Franklin,Pa.(4) F5 .....
Marion,O.(3) P11 .....
Moline,Ill.(3) R2 .....
Tonawanda(3,4) B12 ...
Williamsport,Pa.(3) S19
Williamsport,Pa.(4) S19

BARS, Wrought Iron
Economy,Pa.(S.R.) B14.
Economy,Pa.(D.R.)B14
Economy(Staybolt) B14.
McK.Rks.(Staybolt) L5..
McK.Rks.(S.R.) L5 ....
McK.Rks.(D.R.) L5 ....

—SHEETS—

SHEETS, Hot-Rolled Steel (18 gage and heavier)
AlabamaCity,Ala. R2 ..
Ashland,Ky.(8) A10 ..
Butler,Pa. A10 .....
Cleveland J5, R2 .....
Conshohocken,Pa. A3 ..
Detroit M1 .....
Ecorse,Mich. G5 .....
Fairfield,Ala. T2 .....
Fairless,Pa. U5 .....
Fontana,Calif. K1 .....
Gary,Ind. U5 .....
Geneva,Utah C11 .....
GraniteCity,Ill. G4 ....
Ind.Harbor,Ind. I-2, Y1
Irvin,Pa. U5 .....
Lackawanna,N.Y. B2.
Munhall,Pa. U5 .....

...les,O. N12 .....5.425
...tsburg,Calif. C11 ..4.625
...tsburgh J5 .....3.925
...verdale,Ill. A1 .....3.925
...aron,Pa. S3 .....4.225
... Chicago,Ill. W14 ...3.925
...arrowsPoint,Md. B2..3.925
...ubenville,O. W10 ..3.925
...rrance,Calif. C11 ..4.625
...arren,O. R2 .....3.925
...irton,W.Va. W6 ...3.925
...ungstown U5, Y1 ..3.925

...EETS, H.R. (19 gage)

...abamaCity,Ala. R2 ..5.225
...ver,O. R1 .....5.975
...nsfield,O. E6 .....5.80
...es,O. N12 .....5.20
...rrance,Calif. C11 ..5.875

...EETS, H.R. (14 ga. heavier)
...igh-Strength Low-Alloy

...veland J5, R2 ....5.90
...nshohocken,Pa. A3 ..6.15
...rse,Mich. G5 .....6.375
...rfield,Ala. T2 .....5.90
...tana,Calif. K1 .....7.00
...ry,Ind. U5 .....5.90
...Harbor,Ind. I-2 ....5.90
...Harbor,Ind. Y1 ....6.40
...n,Pa. U5 .....5.90
...ckawanna(35) B2 ...5.90
...nhall,Pa. U5 .....5.90
...tsburgh J5 .....5.90
...iron,Pa. S3 .....5.90
...Chicago,Ill. U5 ...5.90
...rrowsPoint(38) B2 .5.90
...rren,O. R2 .....5.90
...irton,W.Va. W6 ....6.175
...ngstown U5 .....5.90
...ngstown Y1 .....6.40

...ETS, Hot-Rolled Ingot Iron
...8 Gage and Heavier)

...iland,Ky.(8) A10 ..4.175
...veland R2 .....4.525
... Harbor,Ind. I-2 ..4.175
...rren,O. R2 .....4.525

...ETS, Cold-Rolled Steel
...Commercial Quality)

...ler,Pa. A10 .....4.775
...veland J5, R2 .....4.775
...rse,Mich. G5 .....4.975
...rfield,Ala. T2 .....4.775
...riess,Pa. U5 .....4.875
...lansbee,W.Va. F4 ..5.775
...tana,Calif. K1 ....5.875
...y,Ind. U5 .....4.775
...niteCity,Ill. G4 ....5.275
... Harbor,Ind. I-2,Y1 4.775
...n,Pa. U5 .....4.775
...ckawanna,N.Y. B2 ..4.775
...dletown,O. A10 ....4.775
...sburg,Calif. C11 ..5.725
...sburgh J5 .....4.775
...rrowsPoint,Md. B2..4.775
...benville,O. W10 ....4.775
...rren,O. R2 .....4.775
...rton,W.Va. W6 ....4.775
...ngstown Y1 .....4.775

...ETS, Cold-Rolled
...gh-Strength Low-Alloy

...veland J5, R2 .....7.225
...rse,Mich. G5 .....7.675
...tana,Calif. K1 ....8.275
...y,Ind. U5 .....7.225
...anaHarbor,Ind. Y1 .7.725
...n,Pa. U5 .....7.225
...kawanna(37) B2 ...7.225
...sburgh J5 .....7.225
...rrowsPoint (38) B2.7.225
...ren,O. R2 .....7.225
...rton,W.Va. W6 ....7.475
...ngstown Y1 .....7.725

...TS, Cold-Rolled Ingot Iron

...er,Pa. A10 .....5.275
...eland R2 .....5.375
...lletown,O. A10 ....5.275
...ren,O. R2 .....5.375

...TS, Gal'd No. 10 Steel

...amaCity,Ala. R2 ..5.275
...and,Ky. (8) A10 ..5.275
...on,O. R2 .....5.275
...r,O. R1 .....5.675
...field,Ala. T2 ....5.275†
...Ind. U5 .....5.275†
...iteCity,Ill. G4 ....5.475
...Harbor,Ind. I-2 ..5.325
...,Pa. U5 .....5.275†
...omo,Ind.(13) C16..5.375
...insFerry,O. W10 ..5.275
...,O. N12 .....5.80
...burg,Calif. C11 ..6.025†
...on,Pa. S3 .....5.45
...rowsPoint,Md. B2 5.275
...oenville,O. W10 ..5.275
...ance,Calif. C11 ...6.275†
...ton,W.Va. W6 ....5.275
—
...ed on 5c zinc.

SHEETS, Galvanized No. 10 High-Strength Low-Alloy

Irvin,Pa. U5 .....7.925
SparrowsPoint(39) B2 .8.075

SHEETS, Galvanized Ingot Iron No. 10 flat

Ashland,Ky.(8) A10 ..5.525
Canton,O. R2 .....6.025

SHEETS, Culvert

	Cu	Cu Alloy	Fe
Ashland,Ky. A10	6.325	....	
Canton,O. R2	...6.475	6.925	
Fairfield T2	....6.075	6.325	
Gary,Ind. U5	..6.075	6.325	
Ind.Harbor I-2	..6.075	6.325	
Irvin,Pa. U5	...6.075	6.325	
Kokomo,Ind	C16 6.525	....	
MartinsFry.,O. W10	6.075	...	
Pitts.,Cal.	C11 .6.825	....	
SparrowsPt. B2	.6.075	....	
Torrance,Calif.	C11 6.825	....	

SHEETS, Culvert

	Pure Iron
Ashland,Ky. A10	.....6.575
Fairfield,Ala. T2	.....6.325
MartinsFerry,O. W10	..6.325

SHEETS, Galvannealed Steel

Canton,O. R2 .....5.825
Irvin,Pa. U5 .....5.825†
Kokomo,Ind.(13) C16 ..5.925
Niles,O. N12 .....6.35

†Based on 5c zinc

SHEETS, ZINCGRIP Steel

Butler,Pa. A10 .....5.525
Middletown,O. A10 ....5.525

SHEETS, ZINCGRIP Ingot Iron

Butler,Pa. A10 .....5.775
Middletown,O. A10 ....5.775

SHEETS, Electrogalvanized

Cleveland R2 (28) 6.125
Niles,O. R2 (28) 6.125
Weirton,W.Va. W6 ....5.975

SHEETS, ALUMINIZED

Butler,Pa. A10 .....8.625

SHEETS, Enameling Iron

Ashland,Ky.(8) A10 ...5.175
Cleveland R2 .....5.175
Gary,Ind. U5 .....5.175
GraniteCity,Ill. G4 ...5.875
Ind.Harbor,Ind. I-2 ..5.175
Irvin,Pa. U5 .....5.175
Middletown,O. A10 ....5.175
Youngstown Y1 .....5.175

BLUED STOCK, 29 ga.

Yorkville,O. W10 .....7.20
Follansbee,W.Va. F4 ....7.30
Follansbee (23) F4 ..7.175

SHEETS, Long Terne Steel (Commercial Quality)

BeechBott'm,W.Va.W10 5.675
Gary,Ind. U5 .....5.675
Mansfield,O. E6 .....6.25
Middletown,O. A10 ....5.675
Niles,O. N12 .....6.00
Weirton,W.Va. W6 ....5.675

SHEETS, Long Terne, Ingot Iron

Middletown,O. A10 ....6.075

SHEETS, Well Casing

Fontana,Calif. K1 .....6.20

—STRIP—

STRIP, Hot-Rolled Carbon

Ala.City,Ala.(27) R2 ..3.925
Alton,Ill. L1 .....4.10
Ashland,Ky.(8) A10 ....3.925
Atlanta A1 .....4.175
Bessemer,Ala. T2 .....3.925
Bridgeport,Conn.(10)S15. 4.15
Buffalo (27) R2 .....3.925
Butler,Pa. (8) A10 ...3.925
Carnegie,Pa. S18 .....4.425
Conshohocken,Pa. A3 ..4.05
Detroit M1 .....4.40
Ecorse,Mich. G5 .....4.225
Fairfield,Ala. T2 .....3.925
Fontana,Calif K1 .....4.70
Gary,Ind. U5 .....3.925
Houston,Tex. S5 .....4.425
Ind.Harbor,Ind. I-2,Y1.3.925
Johnstown,Pa.(25) B2..3.925
KansasCity,Mo.(9) S5..4.625
Lackw'na,N.Y.(32) B2.3.925
LosAngeles(25) B3 ....4.675
Milton,Pa. B6 .....3.925
Minnequa,Colo. C10 ...5.025
NewBritain(10) S15 ....4.15
N.Tonawanda,N.Y. B11.3.925
Pittsburg,Calif. C11 ...4.675
Riverdale,Ill. A1 .....3.925
SanFrancisco S7 .....5.10
Seattle(25) B3 .....4.925
Seattle N14 .....4.925
Sharon,Pa. S3 .....3.925
So.Chicago,Ill. W14 ...3.925
So.SanFrancisco(25) B3 4.675
SparrowsPoint,Md. B2.3.925
Torrance,Calif. C11 ...4.675
Warren,O. R2 .....3.925
Weirton,W.Va. W6 ....4.025
Youngstown Y1, U5 ..3.925

STRIP, Hot-Rolled Alloy

Bridgeport,Conn.(10)S15 6.45
Carnegie,Pa. S18 .....6.45
Fontana,Calif. K1 .....7.80
Gary,Ind. U5 .....6.40
Houston,Tex. S5 .....6.90
KansasCity,Mo. S5 ....7.10
LosAngeles B3 .....7.60
NewBritn.,Conn.(10)S15 6.45
Sharon,Pa. S3 .....6.40
So.Chicago W14 .....6.40
Youngstown U5 .....6.40

STRIP, Hot-Rolled High-Strength Low-Alloy

Bessemer,Ala. T2 ....5.65
Conshohocken,Pa. A3 ..6.20
Ecorse,Mich. G5 .....6.50
Fairfield,Ala. T2 .....5.65
Fontana,Calif. K1 .....7.05
Gary,Ind. U5 .....5.95
Ind.Harbor,Ind. I-2 ....5.95
Ind.Harbor,Ind. Y1 ....6.45
Lackawanna,N.Y. B2 ...6.00
LosAngeles(25) B3 ....6.40
Seattle(25) B3 .....6.65
Sharon,Pa. S3 .....5.95
So.SanFrancisco(25)B3 .6.40
SparrowsPoint,Md. B2 .6.00
Warren,O. R2 .....5.95
Weirton,W.Va. W6 ....6.30
Youngstown Y1 .....6.45
Youngstown U5 .....5.95

STRIP, Hot-Rolled Ingot Iron

Ashland,Ky.(8) A10 ...4.175
Warren,O. R2 .....4.525

STRIP, Cold-Rolled Carbon

Anderson,Ind. G6 .....5.80
Bridgeprt.Conn.(10) S15.6.15
Butler,Pa. A10 .....5.45
Cleveland A7, J5 .....5.45
Dearborn,Mich. D3 .....5.75
Detroit D2, P20 ..... 5.70
Detroit M1 .....5.65
Dover,O. G6 .....5.80
Ecorse,Mich. G5 .....5.65
Follansbee,W.Va. F4 ...5.45
Fontana,Calif. K1 .....7.35
FranklinPark,Ill.(40) T6.5.70
Ind.Harbor,Ind. I-2 ....5.70
Lackawanna,N.Y. B2 ...5.45
LosAngeles C1 .....7.50
Mattapan,Mass. T6 ....6.30
Middletown,O. A10 ....5.45
NewBedford,Mass. R10..6.40
NewBritain(10) S15 ....6.15
NewCastle,Pa. B4 .....5.45
NewCastle,Pa. E5 ....5.95
NewHaven,Conn. A7 ....5.95
NewHaven,Conn. D2 ....6.20
Pawtucket,R.I. R3 ....6.80
Pawtucket,R.I.(21) N8..6.65
Riverdale,Ill. (40) A1 ..5.70
Rome,N.Y.(29) R6 ....5.45
Sharon,Pa. S3 .....5.75
SparrowsPoint,Md. B2 ..5.45
Trenton,N.J. R5 .....7.00
Wallford,Conn. W2(50) .6.40
Warren,O.(40) T5 .....5.95
Warren,O. R2 .....5.45
Warren,O. S3 .....5.75
Weirton,W.Va. W6 ....5.45
Worcester,Mass. W19 ...7.05
Youngstown C8 .....5.95
Youngstown Y1 .....5.45

STRIP, Cold-Rolled Alloy Steel

Bridgeprt,Conn.(10)S15 12.15
Carnegie,Pa. S18 .....12.00
Cleveland A7 .....12.00
Dover,O. G6 .....12.00
Fontana,Calif. K1 ....13.65
Harrison,N.J. C18 ....12.00
NewBritn,Conn.(10)S15 12.15
Pawtucket,R.I.(11) N8.12.15
Pawtucket,R.I.(12) N8.12.45
Sharon,Pa. S3 .....12.00
Worcester,Mass. A7 ..12.30
Youngstown C8 .....12.00

STRIP, Cold-Rolled High-Strength Low-Alloy

Cleveland J5 .....7.80
Cleveland A7 .....8.15
Dearborn,Mich. D3 ....7.90
Dover,O. G6 .....8.00
Ecorse,Mich. G5 .....8.50
Lackawanna,N.Y. B2 ..8.15
Sharon,Pa. S3 .....7.65
SparrowsPoint,Md. B2 ..8.15
Warren,O. R2 .....7.60
Weirton,W.Va. W6 ....8.30
Youngstown Y1 .....8.30

STRIP, Cold-Rolled Ingot Iron

Warren,O. R2 .....6.05

STRIP, Electrogalvanized

Dover,O. G6 .....5.70
Warren,O. T5 .....5.70
Weirton,W.Va. W6 ....5.45
Youngstown C8 .....5.95

TIGHT COOPERAGE HOOP

Atlanta A11 .....4.65
Riverdale,Ill. A1 .....4.50
Sharon,Pa. S3 .....4.35
Youngstown U5 .....4.35

Key to Producers

A1 Acme Steel Co.
A3 Alan Wood Steel Co.
A4 Allegheny Ludlum Steel
A5 Alloy Metal Wire Co.
A7 American Steel & Wire
A9 Angell Nail & Chaplet
A10 Armco Steel Corp.
A11 Atlantic Steel Co.
A13 American Cladmetals Co.
B1 Babcock & Wilcox Co.
B2 Bethlehem Steel Co.
B3 Beth. Pac. Coast Steel
B4 Blair Strip Steel Co.
B5 Bliss & Laughlin Inc.
B6 Boiardi Steel Corp.
B8 Braeburn Alloy Steel
B10 E. & G. Brooke, Wickwire Spencer Div., Colo. Fuel & Iron
B11 Buffalo Bolt Co. Div., Buffalo-Eclipse Corp.
B12 Buffalo Steel Div. H. K. Porter Co.
B14 A. M. Byers Co.
B15 J. Bishop & Co.
C1 Calstrip Steel Corp.
C2 Calumet Steel Div., Borg-Warner Corp.
C4 Carpenter Steel Co.
C5 Central Iron & Steel Div. Barium Steel Corp.
C7 Cleve. Cold Rolling Mills
C8 Cold Metal Products Co.
C9 Colonial Steel Co.
C10 Colorado Fuel & Iron
C11 Columbia-Geneva Steel
C12 Columbia Steel & Shaft.
C13 Columbia Tool Steel Co.
C14 Compressed Steel Shaft.
C16 Continental Steel Corp.
C17 Copperweld Steel Co.
C18 Crucible Steel Co.
C19 Cumberland Steel Co.
C20 Cuyahoga Steel & Wire
C22 Claymont Steel Products Dept., Wickwire Spencer Steel Division
C23 Charter Wire Products
C24 G. O. Carlson Inc.
D2 Detroit Steel Corp.
D3 Detroit Tube & Steel
D4 Disston & Sons, Henry
D6 Driver Harris Co.
D7 Dickson Weatherproof Nail Co.
D8 Damascus Tube Co.
D9 Wilbur D. Driver Co.
E1 Eastern Gas&Fuel Assoc.
E2 Eastern Stainless Steel
E4 Electro Metallurgical Co.
E5 Elliott Bros. Steel Co.
E6 Empire Steel Corp.
F2 Firth Sterling Inc.
F3 Fitzsimmons Steel Co.
F4 Follansbee Steel Corp.
F5 Franklin Steel Div., Borg-Warner Corp.
F6 Fretz-Moon Tube Co.
F7 Ft. Howard Steel & Wire
F8 Ft. Wayne Metals Inc.
G2 Globe Iron Co.
G4 Granite City Steel Co.
G5 Great Lakes Steel Corp.
G6 Greer Steel Co.
H1 Hanna Furnace Corp.
H7 Helical Tube Co.
I-1 Igoe Bros. Inc.
I-2 Inland Steel Co.
I-3 Interlake Iron Corp.
I-4 Ingersoll Steel Div., Borg-Warner Corp.
I-7 Indiana Steel & Wire Co.
J1 Jackson Iron & Steel Co.
J3 Jessop Steel Co.
J4 Johnson Steel & Wire Co.
J5 Jones & Laughlin Steel
J6 Joslyn Mfg. & Supply
J7 Judson Steel Corp.
J8 Jersey Shore Steel Co.
K1 Kaiser Steel Corp.
K2 Keokuk Electro-Metals
K3 Keystone Drawn Steel
K4 Keystone Steel & Wire
K7 Kenmore Metals Corp.
L1 Laclede Steel Co.
L2 LaSalle Steel Co.
L3 Latrobe Steel Co.
L5 Lockhart Iron & Steel
L6 Lone Star Steel Co.
L7 Lukens Steel Co.
M1 McLouth Steel Corp.
M4 Mahoning Valley Steel
M5 Medart Co.
M6 Mercer Tube & Mfg. Co.
M8 Mid-States Steel & Wire
M12 Moltrup Steel Products
M13 Monarch Steel Co.
M16 Md. Fine & Special Wire
M17 Metal Forming Corp.
M18 Milton Electric Steel
N2 National Supply Co.
N3 National Tube Div.
N5 Nelsen Steel & Wire Co.
N6 NewEng.HighCarb.Wire
N8 Newman-Crosby Steel
N9 Newport Steel Corp.
N12 Niles Rolling Mill Div.
N14 Nrthwst.Steel Roll. Mills
N15 Northwestern S.&W.Co.
N16 New Delphos Mfg. Co.
O3 Oliver Iron & Steel Corp.
O4 Oregon Steel Mills
P1 Pacific States Steel Corp.
P4 Phoenix Iron & Steel Co.
P5 Pilgrim Drawn Steel
P6 Pittsburgh Coke & Chem.
P7 Pittsburgh Steel Co.
P11 Pollak Steel Co.
P12 Portsmouth Division Detroit Steel Corp.
P13 Precision Drawn Steel
P14 Pitts. Screw & Bolt Co.
P15 Pittsburgh Metallurgical
P16 Page Steel & Wire Div., Amer. Chain & Cable
P17 Plymouth Steel Co.
P20 Prod. Steel Strip Corp.
R1 Reeves Steel & Mfg. Co.
R2 Republic Steel Corp.
R3 Rhode Island Steel Corp.
R5 Roebling's Sons,John A.
R6 Rome Strip Steel Co.
R7 Rotary Electric Steel Co.
R8 RelianceDiv.,EatonMfg.
R9 Rome Mfg. Co.
R10 Rodney Metals Inc.
S1 Seneca Wire & Mfg. Co.
S3 Sharon Steel Corp
S4 Sharon Tube Co.
S5 Sheffield Steel Corp.
S6 Shenango Furnace Co.
S7 Simmons Co.
S8 Simonds Saw & Steel Co.
S13 Standard Forgings Corp.
S14 Standard Tube Co.
S15 Stanley Works
S16 Struthers Iron & Steel
S17 Superior Drawn Steel Co.
S18 Superior Steel Corp.
S19 Sweet's Steel Co.
S20 Southern States Steel
S25 StainlessWeldedProducts
S26 Specialty Wire Co. Inc.
T2 Tenn. Coal & Iron Div.
T3 Tenn. Prod. & Chem.
T4 Texas Steel Co.
T5 Thomas Strip Division, Pittsburgh Steel Co.
T6 Thompson Wire Co.
T7 Timken Roller Bearing
T9 Tonawanda Iron Div., Am. Rad. & Stan. San.
T13 Tube Methods Inc.
U4 Universal-Cyclops Steel
U5 United States Steel Corp.
U6 U. S. Pipe & Foundry
V2 Vanadium-Alloys Steel
V3 Vulcan Crucible Steel Co.
W1 Wallace Barnes Co.
W2 Wallingford Steel Co.
W3 Washburn Wire Co.
W4 Washington Steel Corp.
W6 Weirton Steel Co.
W7 W.Va. Steel & Mfg. Co.
W8 West.Auto.Mach.Screw
W9 Wheatland Tube Co.
W10 Wheeling Steel Corp.
W12 Wickwire Spencer Steel Div.,Colo.Fuel & Iron
W13 Wilson Steel & Wire Co.
W14 Wisconsin Steel Div., International Harvester
W15 Woodward Iron Co.
W18 Wyckoff Steel Co.
W19 Worcester Pressed Steel
Y1 Youngstown Sheet&Tube

STRIP, Cold-Finished, Spring Steel (Annealed)	0.26-0.40C	0.41-0.60C	0.61-0.80C	0.81-1.05C	1.06-1.35C
Berea,O. C7	...	8.00	8.60	10.55	12.85
Bridgeport,Conn.(10) S15	6.15	8.00	8.60	10.55	12.85
Bristol,Conn. W1	...	...	8.90	10.85	....
Carnegie,Pa. S18	...	8.00	8.60	10.55	12.85
Cleveland A7	5.45	7.65	8.60	10.55	12.85
DearbornMich. D3	6.05	8.25	8.85	....	....
Detroit D2	6.45	7.85	8.45	10.55	....
Dover,O. G6	6.05	8.00	8.60	10.55	12.85
FranklinPark,Ill. T6	5.80	7.80	8.75	10.70	....
Harrison,N.J. C18	...	...	8.90	10.85	13.15
Mattapan,Mass, T6	6.30	7.95	8.90	10.85	13.15
NewBritn.,Conn.(10) S15	6.15	8.00	8.60	10.55	12.85
NewCastle,Pa. B4	5.45	8.00	8.60	....	....
NewCastle,Pa. E5	5.95	8.00	8.60	10.55	12.85
NewHaven,Conn. D2	6.70	7.95	8.55	10.50	....
NewYork W3	...	8.30	8.90	10.85	13.15
Pawtucket,R.I. N8:					
Cleve.orPitts.Base	...	8.00	8.60	10.55	12.85
Worcester,Mass.,Base	6.65	7.95	8.90	10.85	13.15
Sharon,Pa. S3	...	8.00	8.60	10.55	12.85
Trenton,N.J. R5	...	8.30	8.90	10.85	13.15
Wallingford,Conn. W2	6.65	7.95	8.90	10.85	13.15
Warren,O. T5	6.20	8.00	8.60	10.55	12.85
Weirton,W.Va. W6	5.80	8.00	8.60	10.55	12.85
Worcester,Mass. A7	5.75	7.95	8.90	10.85	13.15
Worcester,Mass. T6	6.30	7.95	8.90	10.85	13.15
Youngstown C8	...	8.00	8.60	10.55	12.85
Spring Steel (Tempered)					
Bristol,Conn. W1	...	...	12.50	15.00	....
FranklinPark,Ill. T6	...	...	12.50	15.00	18.00
Trenton,N.J. R5	...	...	12.50	15.00	18.00
Harrison,N.J. C18	...	...	12.50	15.00	18.00
NewYork W3	...	...	12.50	15.00	18.00
Worcester,Mass. T6	...	...	12.50	15.00	18.00
Youngstown C8	...	...	12.50	15.00	18.00

SILICON STEEL

SHEETS, SILICON, H.R. or C.R.(22 Ga.) COILS (cut lengths ½c lower)	Field	Armature	Electric	Motor	Dynamo
BeechBottom W10 (cut lengths)	...	...	8.35	9.60	10.40
Brackenridge,Pa. A4	...	...	8.85	10.10	10.90
GraniteCity,Ill. G4 (cut lengths)	...	...	8.55	9.80	...
IndianaHarbor,Ind. I-2	8.05	8.35	8.85	(34)	...
Mansfield,O. E6 (cut lengths)	7.55	7.85	8.35	9.60	10.40
Newport,Ky. N9 (cut lengths)	...	7.85	8.35	9.60	10.40
Niles,O. N12 (cut lengths)	7.55	7.85	8.35	...	...
Vandergrift,Pa. U5	...	8.35	8.85	10.10	10.90
Warren,O. R2	8.05	8.35	8.85	10.10	10.90
Zanesville,O. A10	...	8.35	8.85	10.10	10.90

SHEETS, SILICON (22 Ga. Base) COILS (Cut Lengths ½c lower)	Transformer Grade 72	65	58	52
BeechBottom W10 (cut lengths)	10.95	11.50	12.20	13.00
Brackenridge,Pa. A4	11.45	....	....	....
Newport,Ky. N9 (cut lengths)	10.95	....	....	....
Vandergrift,Pa. U5	11.45	12.00	12.70	13.50
Warren,O. R2	11.45	....	....	....
Zanesville,O. A10	11.45	12.00	12.70	13.50
H.R. or C.R. COILS AND CUT LENGTHS, SILICON (22 Ga.)	**T-100**	**T-90**	**T-80**	**T-73**
Butler,Pa. A10 (C.R.)	....	....	16.05	16.55
Vandergrift, Pa. U5	14.00	14.35	15.85	16.35

TIN MILL PRODUCTS

TIN PLATE, Electrolytic (Base Box)	0.25 lb	0.50 lb	0.75 lb
Aliquippa,Pa. J5	$7.40	$7.65	$8.05
Fairfield,Ala. T2	7.50	7.75	8.15
Fairless,Pa. U5	7.50	7.75	8.15
Gary,Ind. U5	7.40	7.65	8.05
GraniteCity,Ill. G4	7.60	7.85	8.25
IndianaHarbor,Ind. I-2, Y1	7.40	7.65	8.05
Irvin,Pa. U5	7.40	7.65	8.05
Niles,O. R2	7.40	7.65	8.05
Pittsburg,Calif. C11	8.15	8.40	8.80
SparrowsPoint,Md. B2	7.50	7.75	8.15
Weirton,W.Va. W6	7.40	7.65	8.05
Yorkville,O. W10	7.40	7.65	8.05

TIN PLATE, American Coke (Base Box)	1.25 lb	1.50 lb
Aliquippa,Pa. J5	$8.70	$8.95
Fairfield,Ala. T2	8.80	9.05
Fairless,Pa. U5	8.80	9.05
Gary,Ind. U5	8.70	8.95
Ind.Har. I-2, Y1	8.70	8.95
Irvin,Pa. U5	8.70	8.95
Pitts.,Cal. C11	9.45	9.70
Sp.Pt.,Md B2	8.80	9.05
Warren,O. R2	8.70	...
Weirton,W.Va. W6	8.70	8.95
Yorkville,O. W10	8.70	8.95

BLACK PLATE (Base Box)

Aliquippa,Pa. J5	$6.50
Fairfield,Ala. T2	6.60
Fairless,Pa. U5	6.60
Gary,Ind. U5	6.50
GraniteCity,Ill. G4	6.70
Ind.Harbor.Ind. I-2,Y1	6.50
Irvin,Pa. U5	6.50
Niles,O. R2	6.50
Pittsburg,Calif. C11	7.25
SparrowsPoint,Md. B2	6.60
Warren,O. R2	6.50
Weirton,W.Va. W6	6.50
Yorkville,O. W10	6.50

HOLLOWARE ENAMELING Black Plate (29 gage)

Follansbee,W.Va. F4	6.10
Gary,Ind. U5	6.10
GraniteCity,Ill. G4	6.30
Ind.Harbor,Ind. Y1	6.10
Irvin,Pa. U5	6.10
Yorkville,O. W10	6.55

MANUFACTURING TERNES (Special Coated)

Fairfield,Ala. T2	$7.85
Gary,Ind. U5	7.75
Irvin,Pa. U5	7.75
Yorkville,O. W10	7.75

MANUFACTURING TERNES, 8 lb (Commercial Quality)

Gary,Ind. U5	$9.75
Yorkville,O. W10	9.75

MANUFACTURING TERNES, LT. Coated, 6 lb

Yorkville,O. W10	$8.65

ROOFING SHORT TERNES (8 lb Coated)

Gary,Ind. U5	9.75

—WIRE—

WIRE, Manufacturers Bright, Low Carbon

AlabamaCity,Ala. R2	5.525
Aliquippa,Pa. J5	5.525
Alton,Ill. L1	*5.70*
Atlanta A11	5.775
Bartonville,Ill. K4	5.625
Buffalo W12	5.525
Chicago W13	5.525
Cleveland A7, C20	5.525
Crawfordsville,Ind. M8	5.625
Donora,Pa. A7	5.525
Duluth,Minn. A7	5.525
Fairfield,Ala. T2	5.525
Fostoria,O. (24) S1	5.75
Houston S5	5.925
Johnstown,Pa. B2	5.525
Joliet,Ill. A7	5.525
KansasCity,Mo. S5	6.125
Kokomo,Ind. C16	5.625
LosAngeles B3	6.475
Minnequa,Colo C10	5.775
Monessen,Pa. P7	5.525
No.Tonawanda B11	5.525
Palmer,Mass. W12	5.825
Pittsburg,Calif. C11	6.475
Portsmouth,O. P12	5.525
Rankin,Pa. A7	5.525
So.Chicago,Ill. R2	5.525
So.SanFrancisco C10	6.475
SparrowsPoint,Md. B2	5.625
Sterling,Ill. (1) N15	5.525
Struthers,O. Y1	5.525
Torrance,Calif. C11	6.475
Waukegan,Ill. A7	5.525
Worcester,Mass, A7	5.825

WIRE, MB Spring, High Carbon

Aliquippa,Pa. J5	6.925
Alton,Ill. L1	*7.10*
Bartonville,Ill. K4	7.025
Buffalo W12	6.925
Cleveland A7	6.925
Donora,Pa. A7	6.925
Duluth,Minn. A7	6.925
Fostoria,O. S1	6.925
Johnstown,Pa. B2	6.925
Millbury,Mass. (12) N6	8.725
Minnequa,Colo. C10	7.175
Monessen,Pa. P7	6.925
Monessen,Pa. P16	6.95
Muncie,Ind. I-7	7.125
Palmer,Mass. W12	7.225
Pittsburg,Calif. C11	7.875
Portsmouth,O. P12	6.925
Roebling,N.J. R5	7.225
So.Chicago,Ill. R2	6.925
So.SanFran. C10	7.875
SparrowsPt.,Md. B2	7.025
Struthers,O. Y1	6.925
Trenton,N.J. A7	7.225
Waukegan,Ill. A7	6.925
Worcester A7, J4	7.225
Worcester T6, W12	7.225

WIRE, Upholstery Spring

Aliquippa,Pa. J5	6.625
Alton,Ill. L1	*6.80*
Buffalo W12	6.625
Cleveland A7	6.625
Donora,Pa. A7	6.625
Duluth,Minn. A7	6.625
Johnstown,Pa. B2	6.625
LosAngeles B3	7.575
Minnequa,Colo. C10	6.875
Monessen,Pa. P7, P16	6.625
NewHaven,Conn. A7	6.925
Palmer,Mass. W12	6.925
Pittsburg,Calif. C11	7.575
Portsmouth,O. P12	6.625
Roebling,N.J. R5	6.925
So.Chicago,Ill. R2	6.625
So.SanFrancisco C10	7.575
SparrowsPoint,Md. B2	6.725
Torrance,Calif. C11	7.575
Trenton,N.J. A7	6.925
Waukegan,Ill. A7	6.625
Worcester,Mass. A7	6.925

WIRE, Fine & Weaving (8"Coils)

Alton,Ill. L1	10.75
Bartonville,Ill. K4	10.65
Buffalo W12	10.55
Chicago W13	10.55
Cleveland A7	10.55
Crawfordsville,Ind. M8	10.55
Fostoria,O. S1	10.55
Johnstown,Pa. B2	10.55
Kokomo,Ind. C16	10.55
Monessen,Pa. P16	10.55
Muncie,Ind. I-7	10.75
Palmer,Mass. W12	10.85
Roebling,N.J. R5	10.85
So SanFrancisco C10	10.90
Waukegan,Ill. A7	10.55
Worcester,Mass. A7, T6	10.85

WIRE, Galv'd ACSR for Cores

Bartonville,Ill. K4	9.50
Johnstown,Pa. B2	9.50
Monessen,Pa. P16	9.50
Muncie,Ind. I-7	9.70
Roebling,N.J. R5	9.80
SparrowsPt.,Md. B2	9.60

ROPE WIRE (A)

Alton,Ill. L1	9.45
Bartonville,Ill. K4	9.35
Buffalo W12	9.35
Fostoria,O. S1	9.35
Johnstown,Pa. B2	9.35
Monessen,Pa. P7, P16	9.35
Muncie,Ind. I-7	9.55
Palmer,Mass, W12	9.65
Portsmouth,O. P12	9.35
Roebling,N.J. R5	9.65
SparrowsPt. B2	9.45
Struthers,O. Y1	9.35
Worcester J4 T6	9.65

(A) Plow and Mild Plow; add 0.25c for improved plow.

WIRE, Tire Bead

Alton,Ill. L1	12.75
Bartonville,Ill. K4	12.65
Monessen,Pa. P16	12.00
Roebling,N.J. R5	12.85

WIRE, Cold-Rolled Flat

Anderson,Ind. G6	7.45
Buffalo W12	7.45
Cleveland A7	7.45
Crawfordsville,Ind. M8	7.55
Dover,O. G6	7.45
Fostoria,O. S1	7.45
Kokomo,Ind. C16	7.55
FranklinPark,Ill. T6	7.60
Massillon,O. R8	7.45
Monessen,Pa. P16	8.00
Monessen,Pa., P7	7.45
Pawtkt.R.I.(12) N8	7.75
Trenton,N.J. R5	7.75
Worcester A7, T6, W12	7.75

WIRE, Merchant Quality (6 to 8 gage)	An'ld. Galv.
AlabamaCity R2	6.675 7.075
Aliquippa J5	6.675 7.20*
Atlanta A11	6.925 7.475
Bartonville(19)K4	6.675 7.225
Buffalo W12	6.675 7.075
Cleveland A7	6.675 ....
CrawfordsvilleM8	6.775 7.325
Donora,Pa. A7	6.675 7.075†
Duluth,Minn. A7	6.675 7.075†
Fairfield T2	6.675 7.075†
Houston,Tex. S5	7.075 7.475
JohnstownB2(48)	6.675 7.225
Joliet,Ill. A7	6.675 7.075†
KansasCity,Mo.S5	7.275 7.675
Kokomo C16	6.775 7.175
LosAngeles B3	7.625 ....
Minnequa C10	6.925 7.325**
Monessen P7 (48)	6.675 7.225
Palmer W12	6.975 7.375
Pitts.,Calif. C11	7.625 8.025†
Prtsmth (18) P12	6.575 ....
Rankin A7	6.675 7.075†
So.Chicago R2	6.075 6.325
So.S.Frn.(48)C10	7.625 8.025**
Spar'wsPt. B2(48)	6.775 7.325
Sterl'g(1)(48)N15	6.675 7.225
Struthers,O. Y1	6.675 7.175
Worcester A7	6.975 ....

* Based on 10c zinc; † 5c zinc; ** Subject to zinc equalization extras.

WIRE (16 gage)	An'ld. Stone	Galv. Stone
Aliquippa J5	10.65	12.72*
Bartonville(19)K4	10.73	12.51
Cleveland A7	12.50	....
Crawfordsville M8	12.50	14.35
Fostoria,O. S1	12.60	14.15
Johnstown B2	12.50	14.35
Kokomo C16	12.60	14.15
Minnequa C10	12.75	14.45**
Palmer,Mass.W12	12.50	14.05
Pitts.,Calif. C11	12.85	14.40†
SparrowsPt. B2	12.60	14.45
Sterling(1) N15	10.73	12.15
Waukegan A7	12.50	14.05†
Worcester A7	12.80	....

* Based on 11c zinc; † 5c zinc; ** Subject to zinc equalization extras.

WIRE, Barbed	Col.
AlabamaCity,Ala. R2	153
Aliquippa J5	150*
Atlanta A11	159
Bartonville,Ill. (19) K4	156
Crawfordsville,Ind. M8	159
Donora,Pa. A7	153†
Duluth,Minn. A7	153†
Fairfield,Ala. T2	153†
Houston,Tex. S5	161
Johnstown,Pa. B2	156
Joliet,Ill. A7	153
KansasCity,Mo. S5	165
Kokomo,Ind. C16	155
Minnequa,Colo. C10	159**
Monessen,Pa. P7	157
Pittsburg,Calif. C11	173†
Rankin,Pa. A7	153†
So.Chicago,Ill. R2	153
S. SanFrancisco C10	173**
SparrowsPoint,Md. B2	158
Sterling,Ill.(1) N15	156

† Based on 5c zinc; * 11c zinc; ** Subject to zinc equalization extras.

WOVEN FENCE, 9-15½ Ga. Col.

AlabamaCity,Ala. R2	140
Ala.City,Ala. 17 ga. R2	235
Ala.City,Ala. 18 ga. R2	245
Aliqp'pa,Pa.9-14½ga. J5	143*
Atlanta A11	146
Bartonville,Ill.(19) K4	143
Crawfordsville,Ind. M8	145
Donora,Pa. A7	140†
Duluth,Minn. A7	140†
Fairfield,Ala. T2	140†
Houston,Tex. S5	148
Johnstown,Pa. B2	143
Johnstown 17 ga..6" B2	234
Johnstown, 4" B2	237
Joliet,Ill. A7	140†
KansasCity,Mo. S5	152
Kokomo,Ind. C16	142
Minnequa,Colo. C10	148**
Monessen,Pa. 9 ga. P7	145
Pittsburg,Calif. C11	163†
Rankin,Pa. A7	140†
So.Chicago,Ill. R2	140
Sterling,Ill. (1) N15	143

† Based on 5c zinc; * 11c zinc; ** Subject to zinc equalization extras.

BALE TIES, Single Loop Col.

AlabamaCity,Ala. R2	149
Atlanta A11	152
Bartonville,Ill.(19) K4	149
Crawfordsville,Ind. M8	151
Donora,Pa. A7	149
Duluth,Minn. A7	149
Fairfield,Ala. T2	149
Joliet,Ill. A7	149
KansasCity,Mo. S5	161
Kokomo,Ind. C16	151
Minnequa,Colo. C10	154
Pittsburg,Calif. C11	173
So.Chicago,Ill. R2	149
So.SanFran.,Calif. C10	173
SparrowsPoint,Md. B2	151
Sterling,Ill.(1) N15	149

NAILS, Stock To dealers & mfrs. (7) Col

AlabamaCity,Ala. R2	131
Aliquippa,Pa. J5	131
Atlanta A11	134
Bartonville,Ill. (19) K4	131
Chicago,Ill. W13	131
Cleveland A9	137
Crawfordsville,Ind. M8	137
Donora,Pa. A7	13
Duluth,Minn. A7	13
Fairfield,Ala. T2	13
Galveston,Tex. D7	13
Houston,Tex. S5	13
Johnstown,Pa. B2	13
Joliet,Ill. A7	13
KansasCity,Mo. S5	14
Kokomo,Ind. C16	13
Minnequa,Colo. C10	13
Monessen,Pa. P7	13
Pittsburg,Calif. C11	15
Portsmouth,O. P12	13
Rankin,Pa. A7	13
So.Chicago,Ill. R2	13
SparrowsPt.,Md. B2	13
Sterling,Ill. (1) N15	13
Worcester,Mass. A7	13

NAILS, Cut (100 lb keg) to dealers (33)

Conshohocken,Pa. A3	$8.
Wheeling,W.Va. W10	8.

STAPLES, Polished, Stock To dealers & mfrs. (7) C

AlabamaCity,Ala. R2	1
Aliquippa,Pa. J5	1
Atlanta A11	1
Bartonville Ill. (19) K4	1
Crawfordsville,Ind. M8	1
Donora,Pa. A7	1
Duluth,Minn. A7	1
Fairfield,Ala. T2	1
Johnstown,Pa. B2	1
Joliet,Ill. A7	1
Kokomo,Ind. C16	1
Minnequa,Colo. C10	1
Monessen,Pa. P7	1
Pittsburg,Calif. C11	1
Portsmouth,O. P12	1
Rankin,Pa. A7	1
So.Chicago,Ill. R2	1
SparrowsPt.,Md. B2	1
Sterling,Ill. (1) N15	1
Worcester,Mass. A7	1

—FENCE POSTS—

ChicagoHts.,Ill. C2, I-2	
Duluth,Minn. A7 (49)	
Franklin,Pa. F5	
Johnstown,Pa. B2	
Marion,O. P11	
Minnequa,Colo. C10	
Moline,Ill. R2	
So.Chicago,Ill. R2	
Tonawanda,N.Y. B12	
Williamsport,Pa. S19	

EAMLESS STANDARD PIPE, Threaded and Coupled

Carload discounts from list, %

zes—Inches	2		2½		3		3½		4		5		6	
st Per Ft	37c		58.5c		76.5c		92c		$1.09		$1.48		$1.92	
ounds Per Ft	3.68		5.82		7.62		9.20		10.89		14.81		19.18	
	Blk	Galv	Blk	Galv	Blk	Galv	Blk	Galv	Blk	Galv	Blk	Galv	Blk	Galv
liquippa, Pa. J5 (‡)	15.75	list	19.75	2.5	22.25	5	23.75	6.5	23.75	6.5	23	5.75	25.5	8.25
mbridge, Pa. N2 (†)	15.75	...	19.75	...	22.25	...	23.75	...	23.75	...	23	...	25.5	...
rain, O. N3 (*)	15.75	4.5	19.75	5.5	22.25	5	23.75	9.5	23.75	9.5	23	8.75	25.5	11.25
oungstown Y1 (††)	15.75	list	19.75	2.5	22.25	5	23.75	6.5	23.75	6.5	23	5.75	25.5	8.25

LECTRIC WELD STANDARD PIPE, Threaded and Coupled

Carload discounts from list, %

oungstown R2 (**)	15.75	0.75	19.75	3	22.25	5.5	23.75	7	23.75	7	23	6.25	25.5	8.75

JTTWELD STANDARD PIPE, Threaded and Coupled

Carload discounts from list, %

zes—Inches	⅛		¼		⅜		½		¾		1		1¼		1½	
st Per Ft	5.5c		6c		6c		8.5c		11.5c		17c		23c		27.5c	
ounds Per Ft	0.24		0.42		0.57		0.85		1.13		1.68		2.28		2.73	
	Blk	Galv	Blk	Galv	Blk	Galv	Blk	Galv	Blk	Galv	Blk	Galv	Blk	Galv	Blk	Galv
liquippa, Pa. J5 (‡)	...	...	....	...	....	....	26.25	10	29.25	14	31.75	17.5	34.25	18.5	34.75	19.5
ton, Ill. L1 (§)	...	...	....	...	....	....	24.25	9	27.25	13	29.75	16.5	32.25	17.5	32.75	18.25
nwood, W. Va. W10(††)	25.5	+0.75	17.75	+6	10.25	+10.75	26.25	10	29.25	14	31.75	17.5	34.25	18.5	34.75	19.5
tler, Pa. F6 (†)	26.5	+2.75	19.5	+7.25	12.5	+13	....	..	....	..	....	...	....	....	....	...
na, Pa. N2 (†)	...	...	....	...	....	....	26.25	7	29.25	11	31.75	14.5	34.25	16.25	34.75	17.25
ntana, Calif. (§)	...	...	....	...	....	....	13.25	+3	16.25	1	18.75	4.5	21.25	5.5	21.75	6.5
i. Harbor Y1 (††)	...	...	....	...	....	....	25.25	9	28.25	13	30.75	16.5	33.25	17.5	33.75	18.5
rain, O. N3 (*)	...	...	....	...	....	....	26.25	16	29.25	20	31.75	23.5	34.25	23	34.75	24
aron, Pa. S4 (†)	26.5	—0.25	19.5	+4.25	12.5	+8.5	....	..	....	..	....	...	....	....	....	...
aron, Pa. M6	...	...	....	...	....	....	26.25	11	29.25	15	31.75	18.5	34.25	19.25	34.75	20.25
arrows Pt., Md. B2 (§)	24.5	+1.75	17.5	+6.25	10.5	+10.5	24.25	8	27.25	12	29.75	15.5	32.25	16.5	32.75	17.5
ungstown R2 (**)	...	...	....	...	....	....	26.25	11	29.25	15	31.75	18.5	34.25	19.25	34.75	20.25
ungstown Y1 (††)	...	...	....	...	....	....	26.25	10	29.25	14	31.75	17.5	34.25	18.5	34.75	19.5
eatland, Pa. W9 (§)	24.5	+1.75	17.5	+6.25	10.5	+10.5	26.25	10	29.25	14	31.75	17.5	34.25	18.5	34.75	19.5

e—Inches	2		2½		3		3½		4	
t Per Ft.	37c		58.5c		76.5c		92c		$1.09	
nds Per Ft.	3.68		5.82		7.62		9.20		10.89	
	Blk	Galv	Blk	Galv	Blk	Galv	Blk	Galv	Blk	Galv
quippa, Pa. J5 (‡)	35.25	20	36.75	20	36.75	20	....	....	....	....
on, Ill. L1 (§)	33.25	18.75	34.75	18	34.75	18	....	....	....	....
wood, W. Va. W10(††)	35.25	20	36.75	20	36.75	20	27.75	10.5	27.75	10.5
a, Pa. N2 (†)	35.25	17.25	36.75	18.5	36.75	18.5	27.75	9	27.75	9
ntana, Calif. K1 (§)	22.25	7	23.75	7	23.75	7	....	....	....	....
Harbor, Ind. Y1 (††)	34.25	19	35.75	19	35.75	19	....	....	....	....
ain, O. N3 (*)	35.25	24.5	36.75	23	36.75	23	....	....	....	....
ron, Pa. M6	35.25	20.75	36.75	20.5	36.75	20.5	....	....	....	....
rrows Pt., Md. B2 (§)	32.25	18	34.75	18	34.75	18	25.75	8.5	25.75	8.5
ngstown R2 (**)	35.25	20.75	36.75	20.5	36.75	20.5	27.75	11	27.75	11
ngstown Y1 (††)	35.25	20	36.75	20	36.75	20	....	....	....	....
eatland, Pa. W9 (‡)	35.25	20	36.75	20	36.75	20	....	....	....	....

Galvanized pipe discounts based on zinc price of: (†), 14c; (‡), 11c to under 12c; (*), 5c; (§), 10c to under 11c;), 10.50c-11.50c; with discounts adjusted on price of zinc at time of shipment.

ILER TUBES

base c.l. prices, dollars per 100 ft, mill; minimum thickness, cut lengths 10 to 24 ft, inclusive.

	B.W. Gage	Seamless H.R.	Seamless C.D.	Elec. Weld H.R.
.....	13	....	21.31	18.44
.....	13	....	25.24	18.12
.....	13	23.12	27.89	20.01
.....	13	26.84	32.37	23.66
.....	13	30.08	36.28	26.51
.....	13	34.18	41.23	29.86
.....	12	37.10	44.75	32.41
.....	12	40.51	48.86	35.70
.....	12	43.85	52.90	38.66
.....	12	45.92	55.39	41.23

ALWAY MATERIALS

	Std. No. 1	Std. No. 2	Std. All No. 2	Tee Rails 60 lb Under
mer,Pa. U5	4.325	4.225	4.275	5.20
ey,Ala. T2	4.325	4.225	....	5.20
ield,Ala. T2	....	....	....	5.20
,Ind. U5	4.325	4.225	4.275	...
ington,W.Va. W7	....	....	....	5.20
naHarbor,Ind. I-2	4.325	4.225	4.275	...
stown,Pa. B2	....	....	...	(16)5.20
awanna,N.Y. B2	4.325	4.225	....	5.20
equa,Colo. C10	4.325	4.125	....	5.70
ton,Pa. B2	4.325	4.225	....	...
amsport,Pa. S19	....	....	....	5.20

PLATES

ield,Ala. T2	5.125
Ind. U5	5.125
Harbor,Ind. I-2	5.125
awanna,N.Y. B2	5.125
equa,Colo. C10	5.125
burg,Calif. C11	5.275
e B3	5.275
on,Pa. B2	5.125
nce,Calif. C11	5.275

BOLTS (20) Treated

asCity,Mo. S5	11.00
on,Pa. B2	11.00
qua,Colo. C10	11.00
urgh O3, P14	11.00

BARS

ner,Pa. U5	5.275
ield,Ala. T2	5.275
arbor,Ind. I-2	5.275
Ill. U5	5.275
awanna,N.Y. B2	5.275
qua,Colo. C10	5.275
on,Pa. B2	5.275

ANGLES

arbor,Ind. S13	6.50
own,Pa. B2	6.50

STANDARD TRACK SPIKES

Ind.Harbor,Ind. I-2, Y1	7.05
KansasCity,Mo. S5	7.30
Lebanon,Pa. B2	7.05
Minnequa,Colo. C10	7.05
Pittsburgh J5	7.05
Seattle B3	7.55
So.Chicago,Ill. R2	7.05
Struthers,O. Y1	7.05
Youngstown R2	7.05

RIVETS

F.o.b. Cleveland, and/or freight equalized with Pittsburgh; f.o.b. Chicago, and/or freight equalized with Birmingham except where equalization is too great.

Structural ½-in.,larger 8.90c
⅞-in. under .....26.5 off

WASHERS, WROUGHT

F.o.b. shipping point, to jobbers ..... List

BOLTS, NUTS

CARRIAGE, MACHINE BOLTS

(F.o.b. midwestern plants, per cent off list for less than case lots to consumers)

6 in. and shorter:	
½-in. & smaller diam.	4
⅝-in. & ⅝-in.	5
¾-in. and larger	3
Longer than 6 in.:	
All diams.	+4
Lag bolts, all diams.:	
6 in. and shorter	12
Over 6 in. long	8
Ribbed Necked Carriage	5
Blank	25
Plow	25
Step, Elevator, Tap and Sleigh Shoe	12
Tire Bolts	List
Boiler & Fitting-Up Bolts	23

NUTS

H.P. & C.P., regular & heavy:	
Square, all sizes	58
H.P., Hex, regular & heavy:	
¾" and smaller	58
⅞" to 1⅛", inclusive.	60
1¼" to 1½", inclusive	62
1⅝" and larger	58
C.P. Hex, regular heavy:	
All sizes	58
Hot Galv. Nuts (all types):	
¾" and smaller	40
⅞" to 1½", inclusive.	43
Finished Hex Nuts:	
New standard, all sizes	58
Semifinished & Slotted Hex.:	
Regular and heavy, all sizes	58

SQUARE HEAD SET SCREWS

(Packaged; per cent off list)

1 in. diam x 6 in. and shorter	34
1 in. and smaller diam. x over 6 in.	20

HEADLESS SET SCREWS

(Packaged; per cent off list)

No. 10 and smaller	34
¼-in. diam. & larger	14
N.F. thread, all diams.	8

STEEL STOVE BOLTS

(F.o.b. plant, per cent off list in packages)

Plain finish	47.5 & 10
Plated finishes	30 & 10

HEXAGON CAP SCREWS

(1020 steel; packaged; per cent off list)

6 in. or shorter:	
⅝-in. & smaller	38
¾-in. through 1 in.	22
Longer than 6 in.:	
⅝-in. and smaller	20
¾-in. through 1 in.	7

METAL POWDERS

(Per pound, f.o.b. shipping point in ton lots for minus 100 mesh, except as otherwise noted)

	Cents
Sponge iron:	
98+% Fe, annealed	18.00
Unannealed	14.50
Swedish, c.i.f. N. Y., c.l., in bags	11.25
Electrolytic iron:	
Annealed, 99.5% Fe.	42.50
Unannealed (99+% Fe)	36.50
Unannealed (99+% Fe) (minus 325 mesh)	53.50
Powder Flakes	48.50
Carbonyl Iron:	
97.9-99.8% size 5 to 10 microns	.83.00-148.00
Aluminum:	
Carlots, freight allowed	31.00
Atomized, 500 lb drums, freight allowed	34.00
Antimony, 500 lb lots	78.00
Brass, 20-ton lots	29.50-36.50
Bronze, 10-ton lots	51.00-60.00
Copper:	
Electrolytic	43.25
Reduced	43.25
Lead	21.75
Magnesium	75.00-85.00
Manganese:	
Minus 35 mesh	52.00
Minus 100 mesh	57.00
Minus 200 mesh	62.00
Nickel unannealed	39.50
Nickel-Silver 5-ton lots	47.00
Silicon	38.50
Solder	8.50*
Stainless Steel, 302	91.00
Tin	14.00*
Zinc, 10-ton lots	17.50-25.00
Tungsten Melting grade, 99% 60 to 200 mesh:	Dollars
1000 lb and over	5.35
Less than 1000 lb	5.50
Chromium, electrolytic 99.9% Cr min.	3.50

*Plus cost of metal.

Footnotes

(1) Chicago base.
(2) Angles, flats, bands.
(3) Merchant.
(4) Reinforcing.
(5) 1⅛" to 1 7/16"; 1 7/16" to 1 15/16" 4.58c; 1 15/16" to 7 5/16" 4.95c.
(6) Chicago or Birm. base.
(7) To jobbers, 3 cols. lower.
(8) 16 gage and heavier.
(9) 6 in. and narrower.
(10) Pittsburgh base.
(11) Cleveland & Pitts. base.
(12) Worcester, Mass. base.
(13) Add 0.25c for 17 Ga. & heavier.
(14) Gage 0.143 to 0.249 in.; for gage 0.142 and lighter, 5.80c.
(15) ½" and thinner.
(16) 40 lb and under.
(17) Flats only; 0.25 in. & heavier.
(18) To dealers.
(19) Chicago & Pitts. base.
(20) 0.25c off for untreated.
(21) New Haven, Conn., base.
(22) Del. San Francisco Bay area.
(23) 20 Ga., 36" wide.
(24) Deduct 0.10c, finer than 15 Ga.
(25) Bar mill bands.
(26) Reinforcing mill lengths, to fabricators; to consumers, 5.40c.
(27) Bar mill sizes.
(28) Bonderized.
(29) Youngstown base.
(30) Sheared; add 0.35c for universal mill.
(32) Rd. or square edge.
(33) To jobbers, deduct 20c.
(34) 9.60c for cut lengths.
(35) 72" and narrower.
(36) 54" and narrower.
(37) 15 gage & lighter: 60" & narrower.
(38) 14 gage & lighter: 48" and narrower.
(39) 48" and narrower.
(40) Lighter than 0.035"; 0.035" and heavier, 0.25c higher.
(41) 9.10c for cut lengths.
(48) 6-7 gage.
(49) U-post; add 2 cols. for T-post.
(50) 0.025 gage; 6.55c for 0.026 to 0.068 gage; 6.65c for 0.069 gage and over.

STAINLESS STEEL MILL PRICES

(Representative prices, cents per pound; subject to current lists of extras)

AISI Type	Rerolling Ingots	Rerolling Slabs, Billets	Forging Billets	Seamless Tube Billets	Shapes; H.R. & C.F. Bars; H.R. Strip	Shapes; H.R. & C.F. Bars; Wire	Plates	Sheets	C.R. Strip; Flat Wire
301	16.25	20.50	29.50	34.25	29.75	35.25	37.25	46.25	38.25
302	17.25	22.75	29.75	34.50	32.00	35.50	37.50	46.50	41.50
302B ...	18.50	24.50	30.50	34.50	35.00	35.50	37.50	48.75	44.75
303	18.75	24.75	32.25	37.25	36.75	38.25	39.75	48.75	45.50
304	18.25	23.75	31.00	36.00	34.25	37.25	39.75	48.75	43.75
304L ...	....	....	36.75	....	....	42.75	45.25	54.25	49.00
306	19.50	25.50	....	36.25	37.00	37.50	42.00	51.75	46.75
308	19.75	26.25	35.25	40.75	38.00	42.00	46.00	55.25	48.00
309	26.50	34.75	43.25	49.25	49.25	50.50	53.75	63.50	62.00
309S ...	28.50	37.50	47.50	54.50	54.00	55.50	59.00	68.50	65.50
310	33.00	43.25	56.75	66.25	67.50	67.50	69.00	72.25	78.75
314	....	....	....	....	....	....	69.00	74.50	....
316	28.00	36.25	46.75	54.50	55.00	55.50	59.00	64.50	66.50
316L ...	....	....	52.50	....	....	61.00	64.25	70.00	72.00
317	33.00	43.50	58.25	66.75	67.50	68.25	70.75	77.00	79.25
318	33.50	44.00	55.25	64.50	66.25	65.50	68.75	78.00	80.25
321	22.75	29.50	35.25	40.75	42.00	42.00	46.00	55.50	54.50
330	....	....	58.00	....	....	68.50	70.00	73.75	77.75
347	24.50	32.25	39.50	45.75	46.50	46.75	51.25	60.75	59.25
403	....	....	27.00	30.75	....	32.00	34.25	44.00	41.25
405	16.50	21.75	25.25	29.25	30.50	30.25	31.75	42.50	39.75
410	14.00	18.25	24.00	27.75	26.25	28.75	30.00	40.75	34.25
416	....	....	24.50	28.25	....	29.25	30.50	41.25	41.25
420	22.00	28.50	29.25	34.00	35.50	35.00	38.50	49.25	52.75
430	14.25	18.50	24.50	28.25	27.00	29.25	30.50	43.50	34.75
430F ...	....	18.75	25.00	28.75	....	29.75	31.00	44.00	44.00
431	14.50	28.50	25.00	28.25	27.50	29.25	30.50	44.00	35.25
440A,B,C	....	28.50	29.25	34.00	....	35.00	38.50	49.25	52.75
442	....	....	28.00	....	....	30.50	35.25	48.25	47.75
446	....	....	33.75	38.25	53.00	39.50	40.75	59.75	71.00
501	....	....	14.00	14.50	21.25	16.00	18.25	30.50	29.00
502	....	....	15.25	16.00	22.25	17.00	20.00	31.75	30.00

Stainless Steel Producers Are: Allegheny Ludlum Steel Corp.; Alloy Metal Wire Co. Inc.; American Steel & Wire Division, U. S. Steel Corp.; Armco Steel Corp.; J. Bishop & Co.; G. O. Carlson Inc.; Carpenter Steel Co.; Charter Wire Products Co.; Cold Metal Products Co.; Crucible Steel Co. of America; Damascus Tube Co.; Wilbur D. Driver Co.; Driver-Harris Co.; Eastern Stainless Steel Co.; Firth Sterling Inc.; Ft. Wayne Metals Inc.; Helical Tube Co.; Indiana Steel & Wire Co.; Ingersoll Steel Division, Borg Warner Corp.; Jessop Steel Co.; Joslyn Mfg. & Supply Co.; Kenmore Metals Corp.; Maryland Fine & Specialty Wire Co.; McLouth Steel Corp.; Metal Forming Corp.; Page Steel & Wire Division, American Chain & Cable Co. Inc.; Republic Steel Corp.; Rodney Metals Inc.; Rome Mfg. Co.; Sharon Steel Corp.; Simonds Saw & Steel Co.; Specialty Wire Co. Inc.; Stainless Welded Products Inc.; Superior Steel Corp.; Timken Roller Bearing Co.; Tube Methods Inc.; United States Steel Corp.; Universal-Cyclops Steel Co.; Wallingford Steel Co.; Washington Steel Corp.

CLAD STEEL

Cladding Stainless	Plates: Carbon Base 10%	Plates: Carbon Base 20%	Sheets: Carbon Base 20%	Sheets: Copper Base Both Sides
302	....	31.00	31.00	77.00
304	27.60	32.50-32.70	32.50	77.00
310	36.50	41.00	.....	144.00
316	32.60	37.70-42.75	42.75	....
318	37.00	42.20	.....	....
321	29.30	34.40-37.00	37.00	111.00
347	30.40	35.50-40.50	40.50	130.00
405	23.40	30.60	.....	....
410	22.90	30.10	.....	....
430	22.90	30.10	.....	....
Inconel ..	41.23	54.15	.....	165.00
Nickel ..	37.50	50.90	.....	....
Monel ...	38.90	51.80	.....	....
Copper* .	....	.....	46.00	....

	Strip, Carbon Base: Cold-Rolled 10%	Cold-Rolled Both Sides	Hot-Rolled 10%	Hot-Rolled Both Sid
Copper*	27.85	35.85	24.00	32.25

*Deoxidized. Production points: Stainless sheets, Ne Castle, Ind. I-4; stainless-clad plates, Claymont Del. C Coatesville, Pa. L7, New Castle, Ind. I-4 and Washingto Pa. J3; nickel, inconel, monel-clad plates Coatesville L copper-clad strip, Carnegie, Pa. S18. Production point f copper-base sheets is Carnegie, Pa. A13.

TOOL STEEL

Grade	$ per lb	Grade	$ per
Regular Carbon .	0.25-.285	5% Cr Hot Work ..	0
Extra Carbon ..	0.33-.340	W-Cr Hot Work	0
Special Carbon ..	0.35-.360	V-Cr Hot Work	0
Oil Hardening ...	0.370-.39	Hi-Carbon-Cr. ..	0.665-

Grade by Analysis (%) W	Cr	V	Co	Mo	$ pe
20.25	4.25	1.6	12.25	...	4.
18.25	4.25	1	4.75	...	2.
18	4	2	9	...	2.565-2
18	4	2	....	...	1.
18	4	1	....	...	1.580-1.
13.5	4	3	....	...	1.
6.4	4.5	1.9	....	5	1
6	4	3	....	6	1.
2	1.4	1.2	....	...	0.
1.5	4	1	....	8.5	0.

Tool steel producers include: A4, A8, B2, B8, C4, C13, C18, D4, F2, J3, L3, M14, S8, U4, V2 and V3.

PIG IRON, Gross Ton

F.o.b. furnace prices as reported to STEEL. Minimum delivered prices are approximate and do not include 3% federal tax.

	Basic	No. 2 Foundry	Malleable	Bessemer
Birmingham District				
AlabamaCity,Ala. R2	52.38	52.88	....	....
Birmingham R2	52.38	52.88	....	....
Birmingham U6	....	52.88	....	....
Woodward,Ala. W15	52.38	52.88	....	....
Cincinnati, del.	....	60.43	....	....
Buffalo District				
Buffalo R2, H1	56.00	56.50	57.00	....
Tonawanda,N.Y. W12	56.00	56.50	57.00	....
No. Tonawanda,N.Y. T9	....	56.50	57.00	....
Boston, del.	66.65	67.15	67.65	....
Rochester,N.Y., del.	59.02	59.52	60.02	....
Syracuse,N.Y., del.	60.12	60.62	61.12	....
Chicago District				
Chicago I-3	56.00	56.50	56.50	57.00
Gary,Ind. U5	56.00	....	56.50	....
IndianaHarbor,Ind. I-2	56.00	....	56.50	....
So.Chicago,Ill. W14, Y1	56.00	56.50	56.50	....
So.Chicago,Ill. U5	56.00	....	56.50	57.00
Milwaukee, del.	58.17	58.67	58.67	59.17
Muskegon,Mich., del.	....	62.80	62.80	....
Cleveland District				
Cleveland A7	56.00	56.50	56.50	57.00
Cleveland R2	56.00	56.50	56.50	....
Akron,O., del. from Cleve.	58.75	59.25	59.25	59.75
Lorain,O. N3	56.00	....	....	57.00
Mid-Atlantic District				
Bethlehem,Pa. B2	$58.00	$58.50	$59.00	$59.50
New York, del	....	62.28	62.78	....
Newark, del	61.02	61.52	62.02	62.52
Philadelphia, del.	60.75	61.25	61.75	62.25
Birdsboro,Pa. B10	58.00	58.50	....	....
Steelton,Pa. B2	58.00	58.50	59.00	59.50
Swedeland,Pa. A3	58.00	58.50	59.00	59.50
Troy,N.Y. R2	58.00	58.50	59.00	....
Pittsburgh District				
NevilleIsland,Pa. P6	56.00	56.50	56.50	....
Pitts.,N.&S. sides, Ambridge, Aliquippa, del.	57.37	57.87	57.87	....
McKeesRocks, del.	57.04	57.54	57.54	....
Lawrenceville, Homestead, Wilmerding, Monaca, del.	57.66	58.16	58.16	....
Verona, Trafford, del.	58.19	58.69	58.69	....
Brackenridge, del.	58.45	58.95	58.95	....
Bessemer,Pa. U5	56.00	....	56.50	57.00
Clairton,Rankin,So.Duquesne,Pa. U5	56.00	....	....	....
McKeesport,Pa. N3	56.00	....	....	57.00
Midland,Pa. C18	56.00	....	....	....
Monessen,Pa. P7	56.00	....	....	....
Youngstown District				
Hubbard,O. Y1	....	....	56.50	..
Sharpsville,Pa. S6	56.00	56.50	56.50	57.
Youngstown Y1	....	....	56.50	57.
Youngstown U5	56.00	....	....	57.
Mansfield,O., del.	60.90	....	61.40	61.
Duluth I-3	56.00	56.50	56.50	57.
Erie,Pa. I-3	56.00	56.50	56.50	57.
Everett,Mass. E1	....	63.00	63.50	..
Fontana,Calif K1	62.00	62.50	....	..
Geneva,Utah C11	57.50	58.00	....	..
GraniteCity,Ill. G4	57.90	58.40	58.90	..
Ironton,Utah C11	56.00	56.50	....	..
LoneStar,Texas L6	52.00	52.50*	52.50	..
Minnequa,Colo. C10	58.00	59.00	59.00	.
Rockwood,Tenn. T3	....	....	56.50	.
Toledo,O. I-3	56.00	56.50	56.50	57
Cincinnati, del.	61.76	62.26	....	.

*Low phos. southern grade.

PIG IRON DIFFERENTIALS

Silicon: Add 50 cents per ton for each 0.25% Si or percentage th over base grade, 1.75-2.25%, except on low phos iron on which is 1.75-2.00%.

Phosphorus: Deduct 38 cents per ton for P content of 0.70% and

Manganese: Add 50 cents per ton for each 0.50% manganese ove or portion thereof.

Nickel: Under 0.50% no extra; 0.50-0.74%, incl., add $2 per ton each additional 0.25%, add $1 per ton.

BLAST FURNACE SILVERY PIG IRON, Gross Ton

(Base 6.0-6.50% silicon; add $1.50 for each 0.5% Si; 75 cents for each 0.5% Mn over 1%)

Jackson,O. G2, J1	60
Buffalo H1	.35

ELECTRIC FURNACE SILVERY PIG IRON, Gross Ton

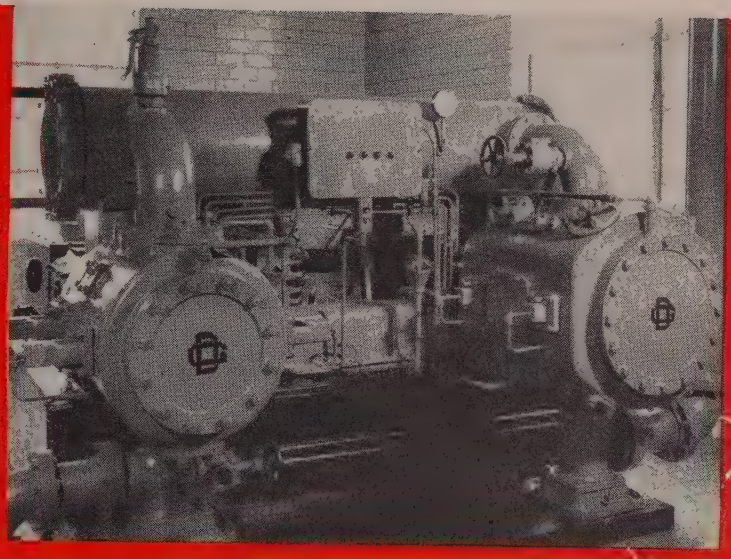
(Base 14.01-14.50% silicon; add $1 for each 0.5% Si to 18%; $1 each 0.5% Mn over 1%; $2 per gross ton premium for 0.045% P

NiagaraFalls,N.Y. P15	.60
Keokuk,Iowa, Openhearth & Fdry, freight allowed K2	.50
Keokuk, OH & Fdry, 12½ lb piglets, 16% Si, frt. allowed K2	.50
Wenatchee,Wash., OH & Fdry, freight allowed K2	.00

LOW PHOSPHORUS PIG IRON, Gross Ton

Cleveland, intermediate, A7	.00
Rockwood,Tenn. T3	.00
Steelton,Pa. B2	.00
Philadelphia, delivered	.55
Troy,N.Y. R2	.00

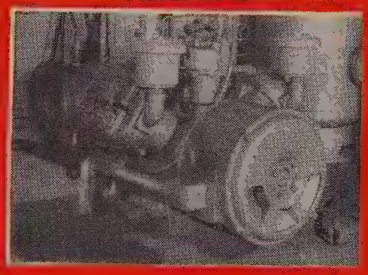
Model HA
468 to 1854 c.f.m. displacement
Bulletin HAC-38

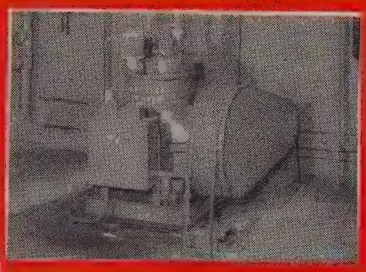


PRESSURE:	Holding up
OUTPUT:	Up to capacity
EFFICIENCY:	Right up there
OPERATION:	Downright economical
MAINTENANCE:	Trifling

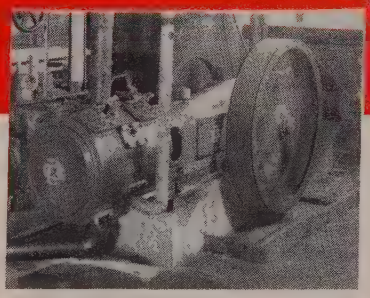
For everyday compressor reports like this—
choose GARDNER-DENVER.
Write for descriptive bulletins.

Model WE
142 to 686 c.f.m. displacement
Bulletin WE-10





Model AA
32 to 183.6 c.f.m. displacement
Bulletin AA-6



Model RX
89 to 1292 c.f.m. displacement
Bulletin HAC-40

GARDNER-DENVER SINCE 1859

Gardner-Denver Company, Quincy, Illinois
In Canada: Gardner-Denver Company (Canada), Ltd.,
14 Curity Avenue, Toronto 13, Ontario

THE QUALITY LEADER IN COMPRESSORS, PUMPS AND ROCK DRILLS

WAREHOUSE STEEL PRODUCTS

(Representative prices, cents per pound, subject to extras, f.o.b. warehouse. City delivery charges are 20 cents per 100 lb except: New York, 2[illegible] cents; Philadelphia, 25 cents; Birmingham, Cincinnati, St. Paul, 15 cents.)

	SHEETS			STRIP		BARS			Standard Structural Shapes	PLATES	
	Hot Rolled	Cold Rolled	Gal. 10 Ga.†	H.R.*	C.R.*	H.R. Rds.	C.F. Rds.‡	H.R. Alloy 4140††[5]		Carbon	Floor
Baltimore	6.20	7.64	7.81	7.00	...	6.86	8.17[6]	12.04	6.98	6.85	7.98
Birmingham	6.10	7.00	8.00[2]	6.30	...	6.15	8.90	....	6.35	6.35	8.65
Boston	6.89	7.83	9.18	7.13	...	6.87	8.35	12.28	7.06	7.13	8.26
Buffalo	6.18	7.15	8.96	6.79	...	6.35	7.70	12.17	6.59	6.68	7.88
Charlotte, N. C.	6.95	7.80	8.69	6.90	...	7.10	8.37	....	7.10	7.10	8.37
Chicago	6.18	7.12	8.00	6.42	...	6.28	7.30	11.75	6.46	6.33	7.46
Cincinnati	6.51	7.19	8.42	6.72	...	6.58	7.66	12.17	6.93	6.80	7.88
Cleveland	6.18	7.12	7.90	6.58	...	6.34	7.65	11.89	6.79	6.50	7.79
Detroit	6.38	7.31	8.29	6.71	7.36	6.56	7.60	11.92	6.93	6.85	7.80
Erie, Pa.	6.19	7.13	9.01	6.54	...	6.28	7.70	....	6.56	6.50	7.79
Houston	7.15	7.85	9.32	7.45	...	7.45	...	....	7.35	7.20	8.55
JerseyCity,N.J.	6.54	7.45	8.72	6.82	...	6.75	8.43[6]	11.84	6.50	6.67	8.01
Los Angeles	7.25	9.00	9.35	7.55	11.20	7.15	9.10	13.05	7.35	7.20	9.25
Milwaukee	6.35	7.29	8.22	6.59	...	6.45	7.57	11.92	6.63	6.50	7.63
Moline, Ill.	6.53	7.47	8.40	6.77	...	6.63	7.65	....	6.81	6.68	...
New York	6.54	7.45	8.42	6.82	...	6.75	8.43[6]	11.84	6.50	6.67	8.01
Newark, N. J.	6.78	7.75	9.02	7.16	...	7.06	8.43[6]	....	6.90	6.99	8.30
Norfolk, Va.	6.90	...	...	7.20	...	7.20	8.50	....	7.20	7.15	7.85
Philadelphia	6.53	7.55	8.41	7.02	8.80	6.87	8.19[6]	11.89	6.67	6.63	7.85
Pittsburgh	6.18	7.12	8.30	6.55	...	6.28	7.65	11.89	6.46	6.33	7.46
Portland, Oreg.	7.90	9.30	10.00	7.90	...	7.60	10.65	....	7.50	7.55	9.40
Richmond, Va.	6.50	7.45	8.00	7.10	...	7.05	7.95	....	7.10	6.85	8.10
St. Louis	6.48	7.42	8.30	6.72	...	6.58	7.70	12.05	6.86	6.73	7.86
St. Paul	6.84	7.78	8.71	7.08	...	6.94	8.06	....	7.12	6.99	8.12
San Francisco	7.35	8.70	10.15	7.60	...	7.15	9.75	13.05	7.25	7.20	9.25
Seattle	8.15	8.70	9.35	8.02	...	7.58	10.13	13.50	7.50	7.59	9.40
Spokane	8.15	9.25[7]	9.60	8.50	...	7.60	11.00[8]	14.15	7.25	7.35	9.80
Washington	6.71	8.15	8.35	7.51	...	7.37	8.43	....	7.49	7.36	8.49

*Prices do not include gage extras; † prices include gage and coating extras, except Birmingham (coating extra excluded) and Los Angeles (gage extra excluded); ‡ includes 35-cent special bar quality extra; § as rolled; †† as annealed; ** ⅛" and heavier, 8.09c for No. 12 and lighter. Base quantities, 2000 to 9999 lb except as noted. Cold-rolled strip, 2000 lb and over; Cold-finished bars, 2000 lb and over; [2]—500 to 9999 lb; [5]—1000 to 1999 lb; [6]—1000 lb and over; [7]—1500 lb to 3499; [8]—under ½ in.

Distributors Buying Cautiously

With over-all inventories approaching 100 per cent normal, warehouses seek to obtain better balance sizewise. Distribution of nickel-bearing items on free basis

Cleveland — Warehouse order volume continues substantial though some distributors report their over-all business is off about ⅓ as compared with a year ago at this time. In general, orders are smaller with consumers more inventory-conscious than they have been for a long time past. Further, with supplies easier to obtain they are unwilling to accept any kind of steel offered them. It must meet specifications.

Distributors' stocks have been improving for some months past and while all products are not in balance as regards size, they are inclined to add to inventories more carefully than heretofore.

Prices are firm, except second sheets are reportedly being offered consumers below former levels. This is not unusual with this grade of material. Actually, it is reported some mills are finding it so difficult to market seconds they are consuming substantial tonnage as scrap.

Chicago—Warehouses are enthusiastic over the ending of nickel controls, effective Nov. 1. It means after that date nickel-bearing stainless can be distributed freely. Expectations are the switch from straight chrome types will be so universal voluntary customer quotas may have to be imposed for a while.

For some time distributors have been preparing for decontrol. They have been building inventories of chrome-nickel types as fast as possible. At the same time, stocks of straight chrome types have been worked down.

Philadelphia — October is usually one of the best months of the year for distributors. Hence, the general expectation here is demand will show an increase over September.

With few exceptions consumers are cutting their commitments.

From the standpoint of over-all tonnage warehouse inventories are about 100 per cent normal. Sizewise, however, they are still not back to that point.

New York—Warehouse sales are improving, but orders are not up to first half level. Consumers are getting back to normal pattern in buying from warehouse. Many distributors are placing orders on a month-to-month basis. Alloy demand is relatively slower than that for carbon steel. Pipe sellers are well supplied on buttweld.

Erie, Pa.—Local warehouses hav[e] established this point as a base f[or] pricing warehouse steel product[s] Representative f.o.b. warehouse pric[es] quoted are: Hot-rolled sheets, $6.1[9] cold-rolled sheets, $7.13; galvaniz[ed] sheets (10 gage) $9.01; hot-roll[ed] strip, $6.54; hot-rolled bars, $6.2[8] cold-finished bars, $7.70; standa[rd] structural shapes, $6.56; carb[on] plates, $6.50; floor plate, $7.79. F[or] city delivery add 20 cents.

Cincinnati — Warehouses app[ear] headed for balanced inventories [in] fourth quarter. Mill deliveries ha[ve] improved. The distributors have [also] come as discriminating in buying [as] steel consumers.

Seattle—Warehouse order volu[me] was not up to expectations [last] month. Increasing competition [is] in evidence. Inventories are impr[ov]ing. Plates and wide flange bea[ms] are still hard to obtain.

Los Angeles — Distributors [are] gratifying almost every whim of c[on]sumers. Fabricators are accep[ting] all the services distributors have [to] offer, but are still ordering steel c[lose] to the vest. Consequently, w[are]house sales are dull.

San Francisco—Some wareho[uses] have been paying premium prices [for] plates. Unable to obtain suffic[ient] quantities from local mills they h[ave] been bringing them in from the [East] and absorbing some of the fre[ight]. This is one steel item not yet near[ing] adequacy stage. Stocks are buil[ding] up, generally, and there are a n[um]ber of soft spots in demand.

heetmakers Hold Substantial Backlogs

Active fourth quarter in prospect for mills despite slowing down of demand from some directions. Some freight absorption expected as competitive conditions intensify

Sheet and Strip Prices, Page 356 & 357

Cleveland — Sheetmakers entered urth quarter with substantial carover in most light, flat-rolled prodts, and order books of most procers are filled for the remainder the year. Some report they are receipt of requests for spot tonge above quotas.

Books have been opened for first arter tonnage and the larger mills port business is coming in at a te to indicate the period will be as tive for them as currently. The emium-priced sellers, however, rtedly are having difficulty filling eir books.

Continued demand pressure for eets in the face of a slowing down automotive and other consuming es is explained by the fact buyers e switching tonnage to mills more vorably located to them freightse.

Another factor for continued rong demand on the larger mills is e fact buying of high-priced foreign eel has just about ended. Diversion such demand to the domestic mills helping make up any slack occaned by a slowing down in business nerally.

Boston—Narrow cold strip converrs are deferring hot-rolled shipents in some cases. Connecticut oducer of hot-rolled reduced its ice on carbon grades. Selling on a ttsburgh base, its price is now 5c compared with 4.425c formerly.

New York—Some sellers of hotled and cold-rolled sheets are reving fewer cutbacks and concellaons than recently. New orders, ile not as heavy as a month or o ago, are far from light.

Lifting of government restrictions civilian use of nickel Nov. 1 will ovide a diversity of outlets which not currently exist. There may be tle increase in the amount of kel available for civilian uses in e immediate future, but even so, a rt will have been made and before arend supply definitely will have come more adequate.

Priority for the military services, omic Energy Commission and the vernment stockpile needs will reuin in effect. These priority reirements may be less heavy.

Philadelphia—Leading sheet procers have considerable fourth quarter tonnage on books, especially hot-rolled and cold-rolled sheets, but most can schedule additional business. This is especially true with regard to galvanized sheets, stainless steel and certain specialties.

Some freight absorption is reported. Mills have opened books for first quarter, in practically all cases for the entire period, rather than on a month-to-month basis.

Pittsburgh—Producers are confident of active sales in fourth quarter. Demand remains strong enough to classify sheet as a sellers' market.

Detroit — Mills report sheet and strip are coming into easy supply. Many foreign and conversion steel deals could not be cancelled during third quarter, and some automakers, holding higher inventories than desirable, are buying less sheet.

Cincinnati—Smaller mills are having trouble getting orders for sheets while the larger mills are operating at levels in excess of 90 per cent of capacity.

Chicago—Demand for cold-rolled sheets continues so strong that one local producer will have no additional tonnage available for users in fourth quarter. Demand is such that customers' quotas probably will have to be retained in first quarter.

Ralston Steel Corp., this city, has booked an order for 1500 tons of 18-gage galvanized sheets, 48 by 120-inch, for use in construction of ventilating and air-conditioning systems for the Atomic Energy Commission. The steel will cost an estimated $250,000.

St. Louis — Sheet demand continues to soften with increasing order cancellations, some of which is due to delayed deliveries caused by one mill's shutdown for equipment improvements. Galvanized sheets are still under insistent demand.

Plates . . .

Plate Prices, Page 356

New York—Some plate sellers have not opened books for first quarter on commercial tonnage, but are expected to do so within a week. They are winding up bookings for the current quarter and expect to have enough tonnage to assure full operations for remainder of the year.

Pittsburgh—Producers have no order worries for fourth quarter. Demand is heavy although on a lower level than earlier this year. Some fabricators can fill their requirements

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Electric arc steelmaking furnaces at Bethlehem Pacific Coast Steel Corp.'s plant in Los Angeles receive charges of scrap steel from loading buckets like the one shown above. Constant, accurate weight readings are provided by use of load cell units under the bucket, an arrangement developed by Bethlehem Pacific engineers. Charges upwards of 50 tons each are thus handled, reducing considerably time required to prepare scrap for the furnaces

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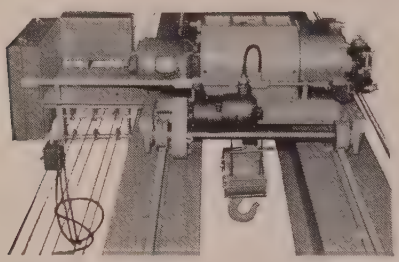

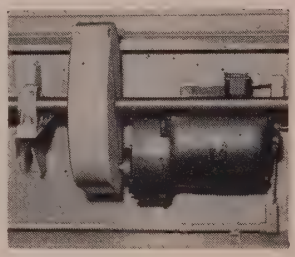

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for the first time in a year with extra tonnages offered from a nearby producer.

Philadelphia—Absorption of freight is not expected to figure much in the plate market for the time being. Most producers are booked for fourth quarter.

Wire . . .

Wire Prices, Page 358

Pittsburgh — Sales of merchant and manufacturers wire products are picking up, following a sharp slump. Renewed interest is shown in merchant wire from farmers, while demand from the construction industry is gaining.

Steel Bars . . .

Bar Prices, Page 356

Philadelphia — Although car producers look for good operations through remainder of the year some order cancellations are noted as well as an increasing number of shipment deferments, some until after the first of the year with a view to keeping yearend inventories down for tax purposes.

Bar supply has been eased by further reduction in shell requirements affecting principally larger diameters scarce until recently.

Freight absorption by some ba mills is going on, but there may no be too much of it for a while.

New York—Recent announcemen by U. S. Steel Corp. of its intentio to absorb freight if necessary or de sirable in meeting competition has re sulted in other leading producer adopting similar policy.

The leading eastern producer wi continue its present method of pric ing bars and all other rolled ste products on an f.o.b. mill basis. contemplates no over-all change policy. However, in certain instance it may quote prices on a delivere basis.

Pittsburgh—Activity is slow, esp cially in alloy products. Automake have cut orders, due to inventory a justment—using up stocks befo new models appear. Other consum ers tend to favor lower inventorie

Cleveland — Demand pressure f bars is off, but producers enter fourth quarter with substanti carryover, which, with new booking assures high-level operations throu remainder of the year.

With consumers inventory co scious, sellers have to do more se ing to get in new orders than h been necessary for a long time pa even though supply-demand balan has not yet been fully struck this market.

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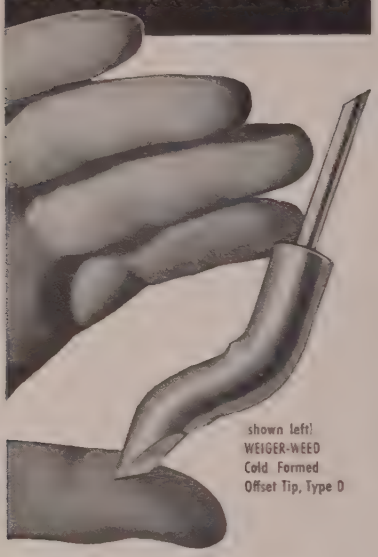

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quarter shipment with some producers now holding only 2-months order backlog as against 4-months a short time back.

Semifinished Steel . . .

Semifinished Prices, Page 356

Chicago—Softer demand for some steel products is reflected in this district's production of steel ingots. For the week ended Oct. 10 the rate is 95.5 per cent of capacity, down 3 points from the revised rate of 98.5 per cent for the previous week.

Installation of a new blooming mill by Inland Steel is holding operations down about 2 points but three other companies have some cold furnaces because they are not needed to meet demand. These include Republic, Youngstown Sheet & Tube, and Wisconsin Steel.

Republic suffered a 4-day interruption to ingot output in the week ended Oct. 3 when about 250 workers shut down all operating open hearths and electric furnaces by an unauthorized strike. Loss was 7790 ingot tons.

Cleveland—A 1-day wildcat strike at the local works of Republic Steel Corp. resulted in a loss of 10,000 tons of ingots last week. Work was resumed pending working out of the labor controversy and the plant again is operating 100 per cent of open-hearth capacity.

Structural Shapes . . .

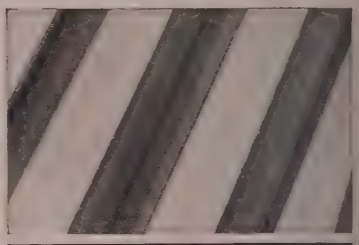
Structural Shape Prices, Page 356

Boston—Inquiries have increased slightly. Tonnage involved is substantially higher led by a 2500-ton power house extension, Devon, Conn. Harris Structural Steel Co., New York, is low on a bridge superstructure, Westfield river, Agawam, Mass., 3000 tons. Bulk of pending tonnage is public work, bridges, with a spurt in military inquiry, hangars.

New York—Structurals are off seasonally, but substantial volume is being figured. Bridge work leads. Larger shops have backlogs sufficient to carry them through the winter, but they are picking up small jobs when they can be worked into schedules. Small fabricating shops, with backlogs not too extended, are competing actively. Largest recent local award involved 3665 tons for a hospital addition on Wards Island.

Philadelphia—Cushioning the seasonal decline in structural business is a good volume of bridge work and a moderate amount of miscellaneous private construction.

Shapes are in tight supply, although most fabricators report stocks slowly getting into balance. Strin-



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gency in wide flange sections represents the major difficulty. Some modified wide flange sections, ranging up to about 16 inches, are offered, by the Weirton, W. Va., producer for the first time in a long while. These sections are rolled on a standard mill.

Pittsburgh—Structural shape supply is easing slowly. Wide flange beams remain in the scarce category. Building schedules are well-filled in this area.

Los Angeles—Demand for wide-flange structural shapes, the tightest of all steel products, will be sustained by Los Angeles county's proposed 10-year construction program involving expenditures of $516 million.

Seattle—Structural fabricators are busy but order backlogs are declining and new business is actively sought.

Reinforcing Bars . . .

Reinforcing Bar Prices, Page 356

Philadelphia—Reinforcing bar demand is sustained and includes 400 tons for the Benson apartments, this city.

Iron Ore . . .

Iron Ore Prices, Page 371

Cleveland—The weekly movement of iron ore from the head of the lakes is beginning to taper off. Shipments in the latest week, that ended Oct. 5, totaled 2,927,090 gross tons, a decline of 150,053 tons compared with shipments of 3,077,143 tons in the preceding week.

Total movement in the 1953 season to date now stands at 80,869,939 tons. At this time a year ago only 53,754,954 tons had been brought down.

September shipments of Lake Superior ore amounted to 13,213,573 gross tons, the Lake Superior Iron Ore Association reports. This was a decline of 1,175,052 tons compared with movement of 14,388,625 tons in September a year ago following the ending of the steel strike.

Iron ore unloadings at U. S. Steel's docks at Conneaut, O., in the 1953 lake shipping season to Oct. 1 totaled 10,313,000 gross tons. This exceeds the previous record for a comparable period, set in 1944, by 9,403,000 gross tons. Unloadings at the docks in September of 1,925,000 gross tons were the second largest in the history of the Pittsburgh & Conneaut Dock Co., U. S. Steel subsidiary that operates the docks. The all-time monthly high record was set in July 1944, when 1,944,000 tons were unloaded. The season unloading record for the dock of 12,565,000 gross tons was established in 1942.

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Spiegeleisen: (19-21% Mn, 1-3% Si). Carlot per gross ton $86, Palmerton, Pa.; $87 Clairton and Duquesne, Pa.
(16 to 19% Mn) $84 per ton, Palmerton, Pa.; $85 per ton, Clairton and Duquesne, Pa.

Standard Ferromanganese: (Mn 74-76%, C 7% approx.) Base price per net ton $200, Clairton, Duquesne, Johnstown and Sheridan, Pa.; add or subtract $2.00 for each 1% or fraction thereof of contained manganese over 76% or under 74%, respectively.
(Mn 76-80%) 13.15c per pound of contained Mn, f.o.b. Alloy, W. Va.; Ashtabula, Marietta, O.; Sheffield, Ala.; and Portland Oreg.
(Mn 79-81%) Lump $208 per net ton, f.o.b. Anaconda or Great Falls, Mont. Add $2.60 for each 1% above 81%; subtract $2.60 for each 1% below 79%, fractions in proportion to nearest 0.1%.

Low-Carbon Ferromanganese, Regular Grade: (Mn 85-90%). Carload, lump, bulk, max. 0.07% C, 27.95c per lb of contained Mn, carload packed 28.7c, ton lots 29.8c, less ton 31.0c. Delivered. Deduct 0.5c for max. 0.15% C grade from above prices, 1c for max. 0.30% C, 1.5c for max 0.50% C, and 4.5c for max 75% C—max 7% Si. **Special Grade:** (Mn 90% min. C 0.07% max. P 0.06% max). Add 2.05c to the above prices. Spot, add 0.25c.

Medium-Carbon Ferromanganese: (Mn 80-85, C 1.5% max). Carload, lump, bulk 21.35c per lb of contained Mn, carload packed 22.1c, ton lot 23.2c, less ton 24.4c. Delivered. Spot, add 0.25c.

Manganese metal, 2" x D (Mn 95.5% min, Fe 2% max, Si 1% max, C 0.2% max): Carload, lump, bulk, 36.2c per lb of metal; packed, 36.95c; ton lot 38.45c; less ton lots 40.45c. Delivered. Spot, add 2c.

Electromanganese: Carload, 31.5c; ton lots 33.5c; 250 to 1999 lb, 35.5c. Premium for hydrogen-removed metal, 1.5c per pound, f.o.b. cars Knoxville, Tenn. Freight allowed to St. Louis or to any point east of Mississippi.

Silicomanganese: (Mn 65-68%). Contract, lump, bulk, 1.50% C grade, 18-20% Si, 11.4c per lb of alloy, carload packed, 12.15c, ton lots 13.05c, less ton 14.05c. Freight allowed. For 2% C grade, Si 15-17%, deduct 0.2c from above prices. For 3% C grade, Si 12-14.5%, deduct 0.5c from above prices. Spot, add 0.25c.

TITANIUM ALLOYS

Ferrotitanium, Low-Carbon: (Ti 20-25%, Al 3.5% max, Si 4% max, C 0.10% max). Contract, ton lots 2" x D, $1.50 per lb of contained Ti; less ton $1.55. (Ti 38-43%, Al 8% max, Si 4% max, C 0.10% max). Ton lots $1.35, less ton $1.37, f.o.b. Niagara Falls, N. Y., freight allowed to St. Louis. Spot add 5c.

Ferrotitanium, High-Carbon: (Ti 15-18%, C 6-8%). Contract $177 per net ton, f.o.b. Niagara Falls, N. Y., freight allowed to destinations east of Mississippi river and north of Baltimore and St. Louis.

Ferrotitanium, Medium-Carbon: (Ti 17-21%, C 2-4.5%.) Contract $195 per ton, f.o.b. Niagara Falls, N. Y., freight not exceeding St. Louis rate allowed.

CHROMIUM ALLOYS

High-Carbon Ferrochrome: Contract, c.l., lump, bulk 24.75c per lb of contained Cr; c.l. packed 25.65c, ton lot 26.80c, less ton 28.20c. Delivered. Spot, add 0.25c.

Low-Carbon Ferrochrome: (Cr 67-72%) Contract, carload, lump, bulk, max. 0.025% C (simplex) 34.50c per lb contained Cr, 0.03% C 36.50c, 0.04% C 35.50c, 0.06% C 34.50c, 0.10% C 34.00c, 0.15% C 33.75c, 0.20% C 33.50c, 0.50% C 33.25c, 1% C 33.00c, 1.50% C 32.85c, 2% C 32.75c. Carload packed add 1.1c, ton lot 2.2c, less ton add 3.9c. Delivered. Spot, add 0.25c.

Foundry Ferrochrome, High Carbon: (Cr 62-66%, C 5-7%). Contract, c.l. S M x D, bulk, 26.25c per lb contained Cr. Packed, c.l. 27.15c, ton 28.50c, less ton 30.25c. Delivered. Spot, add 0.25c.

Foundry Ferrochrome, Low Carbon: (Cr 50-54%, Si 28-32%, C 1.25% max). Contract, carload, packed, 8 M x D, 18.35c per lb of alloy; ton lot 19.2c; less ton lot, 20.4c, delivered; spot, add 0.25c.

Low-Carbon Ferrochrome Silicon: (Cr 34-41%, Si 42-49%, C 0.05% max.) Contract, carload, lump, 4" x down and 2" x down, bulk, 25.75c per lb of contained chromium plus 12.4c per pound of contained silicon; 1" x down, bulk 25.90c per pound of contained chromium plus 12.60c per pound of contained silicon, F.o.b. plant; freight allowed to destination.

Ferrochrome Silicon, No. 2: (Cr. 36-39%, Si 26-39%, Al 7-9%, C 0.05% max). 25.75c per lb of contained chrome plus 12.4c per lb of contained silicon plus aluminum 3" x down, delivered.

Chromium Metal: (Min 97% Cr and 1% Fe) contract, 1" x D; packed, max 0.50%, carload $1.12, ton lots $1.14, less ton $1.16. Delivered. Spot, add 5c. Prices on 0.10 per cent carbon grade, add 4c to above prices.

VANADIUM ALLOYS

Ferrovanadium:, Open-hearth Grade (V 35-55%, Si 8-12% max, C 3-3.5% max). Contract, any quantity, $3.00 per lb of contained V. Delivered. Spot, add 10c. **Crucible-Special Grades** (V 35-55%, Si 2-3.5% max, C 0.5-1% max). $3.10. **Primos and High Speed Grades** (V 35-55%, Si 1.50% max, C 0.20% max) $3.20.

Grainal: Vanadium Grainal No. 1, $1 per lb; No. 6, 68c; No. 79, 50c, freight allowed.

Vanadium Oxide: Contract, less carload lots $1.28 per lb contained V_2O_5, freight allowed. Spot, add 5c.

SILICON ALLOYS

25-30% Ferrosilicon: Contract, carload, lump bulk, 20.0c per lb of contained Si, packed 21.40c; ton lot 22.50c, f.o.b. Niagara Falls, freight not exceeding St. Louis rate allowed.

50% Ferrosilicon: Contract, carload, lump bulk, 12.40c per lb of contained Si, carload packed 14.0c, ton lot 15.45c, less ton 17.1c. Delivered. Spot, add 0.45c.

Low-Aluminum 50% Ferrosilicon: (Al 0.40% max.) Add 1.3c to 50% ferrosilicon prices.

75% Ferrosilicon: Contract, carload, lump, bulk, 14.3c per lb of contained Si, carload packed 15.6c, ton lot 16.75c, less ton 18.0c. Delivered. Spot, add 0.8c.

90-95% Ferrosilicon: Contract, carload, lump, bulk, 17.0c per lb of contained Si, carload packed 18.2c, ton lot 19.15c, less ton 20.2c. Delivered. Spot, add 0.25c.

Silicon Metal: (Min 97% Si and 1% max Fe) C.l. lump, bulk, regular 18.5c per lb of Si, c.l. packed 19.7c, ton lot 20.6c, less ton 21.6c. Add 0.5c for max. 0.10% calcium grade. Deduct 0.5c for max 2% Fe grade analyzing min 96% Si. Spot, add 0.25c.

Alsifer: (Approx. 20% Al, 40% Si, 40% Fe) Contract, basis f.o.b. Niagara Falls, N. Y., lump, carload, bulk, 9.90c per lb of alloy, ton lots packed 11.30c, 20 to 1999 lb 11.65c, smaller lots 12.15c.

ZIRCONIUM ALLOYS

12-15% Zirconium Alloy: (Zr 12-15%, Si 30-43%, Fe 40-45%, C 0.20% max). Contract, c.l. lump, bulk 8.0c per lb of alloy, c.l. packed 8.75c, ton lot 9.5c, less ton 10.35c. Delivered. Spot, add 0.25c.

35-40% Zirconium Alloy: (Zr 35-40%, Si 47-52%, Fe 8-12%, C 0.50% max). Contract, carload, lump, packed 20.25c per lb of alloy, ton lot 21c, less ton 22.25c. Freight allowed. Spot add 0.25c.

BORON ALLOYS

Ferroboron: (B 17.50% min, Si 1.50% max, Al 0.50% max, C 0.50% max). Contract, 100 lb or more 1" x D, $1.20 per lb of alloy. Less than 100 lb $1.30. Delivered, spot add 5c. F.o.b. Washington, Pa., prices, 100 lb and over are as follows: Grade A (10-14% B) 75c per pound; Grade B (14-18% B) $1.20; Grade C (19% min B) $1.50.

Borosil: (3 to 4% B, 40 to 45% Si), $5.25 per lb contained B, delivered to destination.

Bortam: (B 1.5-1.9%). Ton lots, 45c per lb; smaller lots, 50c per lb.

Carbortam: (B 1 to 2%) contract, lump, carloads 9.50c per lb, f.o.b. Suspension Bridge, N. Y. freight allowed same as high-carbon ferrotitanium.

CALCIUM ALLOYS

Calcium-Manganese-Silicon: (Ca 16-20%, M 14-18% and Si 53-59%). Contract, carloa lump, bulk 20.0c per lb of alloy, carlo packed 20.8c, ton lot 22.3c, less ton 23.3 Delivered. Spot, add 0.25c.

Calcium-Silicon: (Ca 30-33%, Si 60-65%, 1.50-3%). Contract, carload, lump, bulk 19. per lb of alloy, carload packed 20.2c, t lot 22.1c, less ton 23.6c. Deld. Spot, add 0.2

BRIQUETTED ALLOYS

Chromium Briquets: (Weighing approx. 3¾ each and containing exactly 2 lb of Cr). Co tract, carload, bulk, 16.25c per lb of briqu carload packed 16.95c, ton 17.75c, less t 18.65c. Deld. Add 0.25c for notching. Sp add 0.25c.

Ferromanganese Briquets: (Weighing appro 3 lb and containing exactly 2 lb of Mn Contract, carload, bulk 12.45c per lb of briqu c.l. packaged 13.25c, ton lot 14.05c, less t 14.95c. Delivered. Add 0.25c for notchin Spot, add 0.25c.

Silicomanganese Briquets: (Weighing appro 3½ lb and containing exactly 2 lb of Mn a approx. ½ lb of Si). Contract, c.l. bu 12.65c, per lb of briquet, c.l. packaged 13.4 ton lot 14.25c, less ton 15.15c. Delivered. A 0.25c for notching. Spot, add 0.25c.

Silicon Briquets: (Large size—weighing a prox. 5 lb and containing exactly 2 lb of S Contract, carload, bulk 6.95c per lb of briqu Packed c.l. 7.75c, ton lot 8.85c, less ton 9.4 Delivered. Spot, add 0.25c.
(Small size—Weighing approx. 2½ lb and co taining exactly 1 lb of Si). Carload, bu 7.1c. Packed c.l. 7.9c, ton lot 8.7c, less t 9.6c. Delivered. Add 0.25c for notchin small size only. Spot, add 0.25c.

Molybdic-Oxide Briquetts: (Containing 2½ of Mo each) $1.14 per pound of Mo contain f.o.b. Langeloth, Pa.

TUNGSTEN ALLOYS

Ferrotungsten: (70-80%), 10.000 lb W or mo $4.35 per lb of contained W; 2000 lb W 10,000 lb W, $4.45; less than 2000 lb W, $4.5 f.o.b. Niagara Falls, N. Y.

OTHER FERROALLOYS

Ferrocolumbium: (Cb 56-60%, Si 8% ma C 0.4% max). Contract, ton lot, 2" x $6.40 per lb of contained Cb, less ton $6. Delivered. Spot, add 10c.

Ferrotantalum—Columbium: (Cb 40% appro Ta 20% approx., and Cb and Ta 60% min 0.30% max) ton lots, 2" x D, $4.75 per of contained Cb plus Ta, deld.; less ton $4.80.

Silicax Alloy: (Si 35-40%, Ca 9-11%, Al 6-8 Zr 3-5%, Ti 9-11%, B 0.55-0.75%). Carl packed, 1" x D, 45c per lb of alloy, ton 47c, less ton 49c. Delivered.

SMZ Alloy: (Si 60-65%, Mn 5-7%, Zr 5-7 Fe 20% approx). Contract, carload, pack ½" x 12 M, 17.5c per lb of alloy, ton 18.25c, less ton 19.5c. Deld. Spot, add 0.

Graphidox No. 4: (Si 48-52%, Ca 5-7%, T 11%). C.l. packed, 17.50c per lb of alloy; lots 18.50c; less ton lots 20c, f.o.b. Niag Falls, N. Y.; freight allowed to St. Lou

V-5 Foundry Alloy: (Cr 38-42%, Si 17-1 Mn 8-11%). C.l. packed 15c per lb of al ton lots 16.50c; less ton lots 17.75c, f.o Niagara Falls; freight allowed to St. Lou

Simanal: (Approx. 20% each Si, Mn, Al; Fe). Lump, carload, bulk 14.50c. Packed 15.50c, ton lots, 15.75c, less ton lots, 16 per lb of alloy. Delivered.

Ferrophosphorus: (23-25% based on 24% content with unitage of $3 for each 1% above or below the base); carloads, sellers' works, Mt. Pleasant, Siglo, Te $65 per gross ton.

Ferromolybdenum: (55-75%). Per lb tained Mo, f.o.b. Langeloth, $1.32 in all except powdered which is $1.41; Washing Pa., furnace, any quantity $1.32.

Technical Molybdic-Oxide: Per lb, conta Mo, f.o.b Langeloth, Pa., $1.14 in cans bags, $1.13, f.o.b. Langeloth, Pa.; Wash ton, Pa., $1.13.

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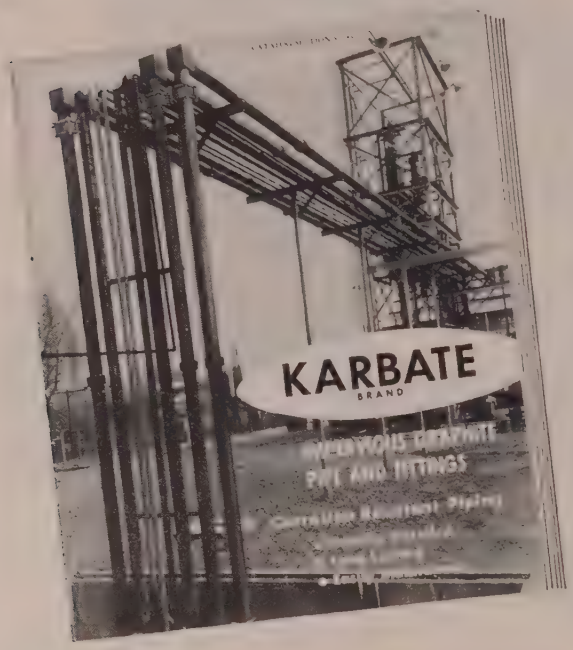

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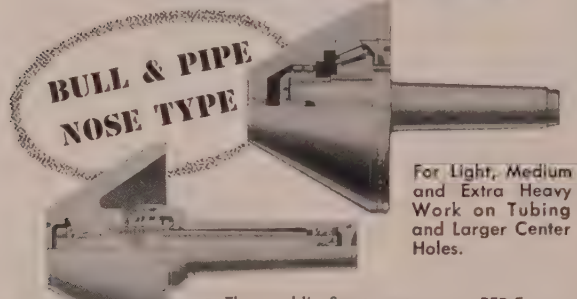

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ORES-COKE-REFRACTORIES

Prices as reported to STEEL; *changes shown in italics.*

ORES

Lake Superior Iron Ore

(Prices effective July 1, 1953, and thereafter; gross ton, 51.50% iron natural, rail of vessel, lower lake ports.)

Old range bessemer	$10.30
Old range nonbessemer	10.15
Mesabi bessemer	10.05
Mesabi nonbessemer	9.90
Open-hearth lump	11.15
High phosphorus	9.90

The foregoing prices are based on upper lake rail freight rates, lake vessel freight rates, handling and unloading charges, and taxes thereon which were in effect on June 24, 1953, and increases or decreases after such date are for buyer's account.

Eastern Local Iron Ore

Cents per unit deld. E. Pa.

Foundry and basic 56-62% concentrates contract	17.00-18.00

Foreign Iron Ore

Cents per unit, c.i.f. Atlantic ports

Swedish basic, 60 to 68%:	
Spot	nom.
Long-term contract	22.00
North African hematite (spot)	24.00-26.00
Brazilian iron ore, 68-69% (spot)	25.00

Tungsten Ore

Net ton unit, duty paid

Foreign wolframite and scheelite, per net ton unit	$55.00
Domestic scheelite, mine	63.00

Manganese Ore

Manganese, 48% nearby, $1.18-1.21 per long ton unit, c.i.f. U. S. ports, duty for buyer's account; shipments against old contracts for 48% ore are being received from some sources at 90-93c.

Chrome Ore

Gross ton, f.o.b. cars, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Charleston, S. C., plus ocean freight differential for delivery to Portland, Oreg., or Tacoma, Wash.

Indian and African

48% 2.8:1	$40.00-$42.00
48% 3:1	44.00-46.00
48% no ratio	32.00-34.00

South African Transvaal

44% no ratio	$27.00-28.00
48% no ratio	34.00-35.00

Brazilian

44% 2.5:1 lump	nom. $32

Domestic

(Rail nearest seller)

48% 3:1	$39.00

Molybdenum

Sulphide concentrates per lb. molybdenum content, mines	$1.00

REFRACTORIES

Fire Clay Brick

High-Heat Duty: Pueblo, Colo., $89.00; Ashland, Grahn, Hayward, Hitchins, Haldeman, Olive Hill, Ky., Athens, Troop, Tex., Beech Creek, Clearfield, Curwensville, Lock Haven, Lumber, Orviston, West Decatur, Pa., Bessemer, Ala., Farber, Mexico, St. Louis, Vandalia, Mo., Ironton, Ooak Hill, Parral, Portsmouth, O., Ottawa, Ill., Stevens Pottery, Ga., Woodbridge, N. J., $109.00; Salina, Pa., $114.00; Niles, O., $120; Los Angeles, Pittsburg, Calif., $132.30.

Silica Brick

Standard: Alexandria, Claysburg, Mt. Union, Stroul, Pa., Ensley, Ala., Portsmouth, O., $115; Warren, O., Hays, Pa., $120; Niles, O., $123; E. Chicago, Ind., Joliet, Rockdale, Ill., $125; Cutler, Utah, $116.55, Los Angeles, $122.85.

Insulating Fire Brick

2000° *F:* Massillon, O., $178.50; Clearfield, Pa., $213, Augusta, Ga., Beaver Falls, Zelienople, Pa., Mexico, Mo., $206; Vandalia, Mo., $214.10; Portsmouth, O., $207.50; Bessemer, Ala., $212.80.

Ladle Brick

Dry Pressed: Bessemer, Ala., $64.60; Alsey, Pa., Chester, New Cumberland, W. Va., Freeport, Johnstown, Merrill Station, Pa., Wellsville, O., $77.50; Mexico, Mo., $73.50; Clearfield, Pa., Portsmouth, O., $83; Perla, Ark., $99.00; Los Angeles, $110.25; Pittsburgh, Calif., $111.30.

Sleeves

Bessdale, Pa., $139.70; Johnstown, Pa., $140.00; Clearfield, Pa., $148.50; St. Louis, $151.80; Athens, Tex., $155.00.

Nozzles

Bessdale, Pa., $223.50; Johnstown, Pa., $229.20; Clearfield, Pa., $241.40; St. Louis, $247.10; Athens, Tex., $247.70.

Runners

Bessdale, Pa., $174.00; Johnstown, Pa., $177.80; Clearfield, Pa., $185.50; St. Louis, $187.30; Athens, Tex., $191.80.

High-Alumina Brick

50 *Per Cent:* Clearfield, Pa., St. Louis, Mexico, Mo., $179.00; Danville, Ill., $169.30.

60 *Per Cent:* St. Louis, Mexico, Vandalia, Mo., $223.00; Danville, Ill., $213.20.

70 *Per Cent:* St. Louis, Mexico, Vandalia, Mo., $255; Danville, Ill., $258; Clearfield, Pa., $252.

Dolomite

Domestic, dead-burned bulk; Billmeyer, Blue Bell, Williams, Plymouth Meeting, York, Pa., Millville, W. Va., Bettsville, Millersville, Martin, Narlo, Gibsonburg, Woodville, O., $14.50; Thornton, McCook, Ill., $14.60; Dolly Siding, Bonne Terre, Mo., $13.65.

Magnesite

Domestic, deadburned bulk; Luning, Nev., $38.

METALLURGICAL COKE

Price per net ton

Beehive Ovens

Connellsville, furnace	$14.50-15.00
Connellsville, foundry	16.50-17.00
New River foundry	20.80
Wise county, foundry	15.95
Wise county, furnace	15.20

Oven Foundry Coke

Kearney, N. J. ovens	$24.00
Everett, Mass., ovens	
New England, del.	*26.00
Chicago ovens	24.50
Chicago, del.	26.00
Terre Haute, ovens	24.05
Milwaukee, ovens	25.25
Indianapolis, ovens	24.25
Chicago, del.	28.12
Cincinnati, del.	28.85
Painesville, O., ovens	25.50
Cleveland, del.	27.43
Erie, Pa., ovens	25.00
Birmingham, ovens	21.65
Cincinnati, del.	26.58
Lone Star, Tex., ovens	18.50
Philadelphia, ovens	23.95
Swedeland, Pa., ovens	23.85
St. Louis, ovens	
St. Louis, del.	26.00
St. Paul, ovens	23.75
Portsmouth, O., ovens	24.00
Cincinnati, del.	26.62
Detroit, ovens	25.50
Detroit, del.	26.50
Buffalo, del.	28.08
Flint, del.	28.23
Pontiac, del.	27.06
Saginaw, del.	28.58

*Or within $4.55 freight zone from works.

COAL CHEMICALS

Spot, cents per gallon, ovens

Pure benzol	36.00
Toluol, one deg.	30.00-33.00
Industrial xylol	30.00-33.50

Per ton, bulk, ovens

Sulphate of ammonia	$44-45
Birmingham area	$49.50

Cents per pound, ovens

Phenol, 40 (c.l., nonreturnable drums).	17.25

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3	40	27.25
4	40	26.00
5⅛	40	25.75
6	60	23.25
7, 8, 9, 10	60	21.00
12, 14	72	20.50
16	72	20.00
17	60	20.50
18	72	20.50
20	72	20.00

CARBON

40	100	$8.95
40, 35, 30	110	8.95
30	84	9.10
24	96	8.90
24	72, 84	9.10
20	90	8.95
20	84	9.10
17	72	9.10
17	60	9.50
17	72	9.50
14	72	10.30
14, 12.10	60	10.55
8	60	

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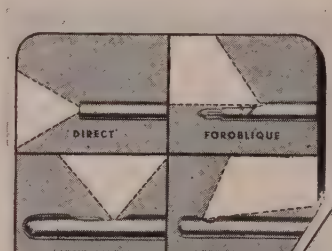

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Tubular Goods . . .

Tubular Goods Prices, Page 359

Philadelphia—Pipe supply has been ncreased by the initial production of ontinuous weld pipe at U. S. Steel's Jational Tube Division's plant at the 'airless Works, Fairless, Pa. Out- ut began with the rolling of 1½- nch pipe in the first of the two con- inuous pipe mills at the plant, an- ual capacity of which will be 281,000 ons.

Pittsburgh — Mechanical tubing ales are recovering from a decline ue to inventory adjustments. The ill decline expected didn't mate- alize and fourth quarter sales will robably be close to those in third uarter.

Pueblo, Colo. — Colorado Fuel & on Corp. shipped its first order of amless tubing from its new $30 illion pipe mill.

Seattle—Cast pipe inquiry is sea- nally slow. Agencies are selling all lots and are in better position deliveries.

ig Iron . . .

Pig Iron Prices, Page 360

Cleveland—Merchant iron supply is equate for all current requirements d sellers have to press a lot harder get an order with the foundries gely buying only for needs in sight d holding down inventory.

"We have to do a little more sand- gging to get an order these days," seller states, but he emphasizes t order volume is high when con- ered on the basis of normal re- rements.

ig iron prices are firm in this a, no shading or absorption of ight being reported.

n general, foundry operations are cribed as spotty, some shops op- ting at a fairly high level and ers on reduced schedules. Auto- ive castings shops reportedly are g much better than had been icipated, while shops on farm lement castings are finding the g rough.

oston—The slight decline in the rett furnace's pig iron prices for th quarter alters the competitive or little at western Massachusetts ts. While reduction in prices by e Pennsylvania furnaces is larger, movement of iron is not increas- materially.

ew York—Pig iron business lags prospects are a bit more en- aging. Some consumers' inven- s are getting low.

iladelphia—Pig iron sellers are a ore encouraged over the outlook onsumer inventories are getting and most gray iron foundries

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QUALITY — MARKAL

Pittsburgh Steady volume of orders is being filled in a slow market. Only ingot mold producers are active at large capacities.

Cincinnati Pig iron producers are reported holding heavy [illegible] while they are putting on the ground [illegible] for scrap. Prices of [illegible] have very widely.

Chicago Improvement in foundry castings have not been back as expected following the summer drop-off and the level of foundry demand is now in question. Many [illegible] have cut down the week and now the automotive industry is [illegible] expectations. Effect is [illegible] on scrap [illegible].

St. Louis Pig iron demand is [illegible] Two steel casting [illegible] the wake of Chevalier's [illegible] cancellation, while two others have [illegible].

Scrap

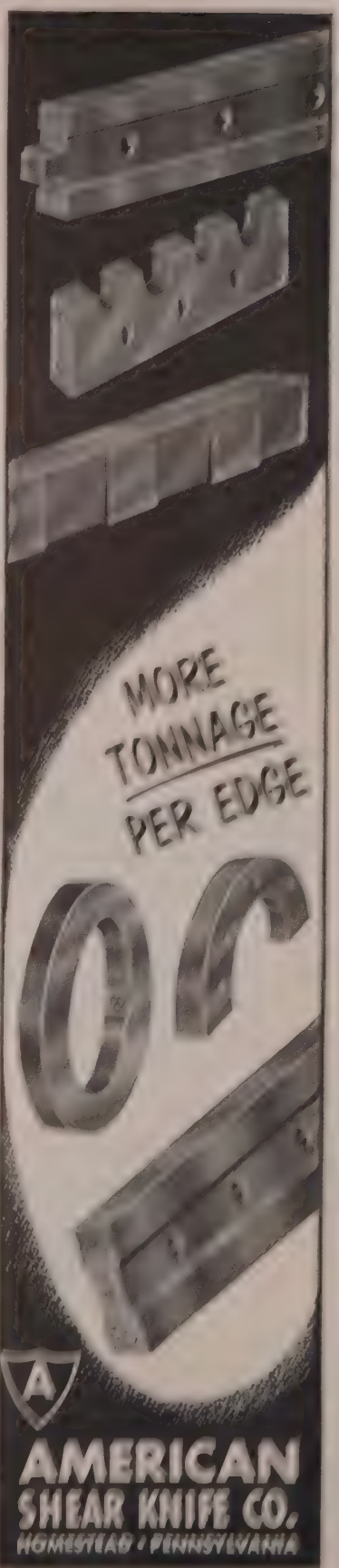
(For Prices, Page 100)

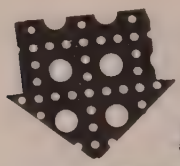
Philadelphia [illegible] prices have remained [illegible] the low of a week ago. One [illegible] mill has closed on a tonnage of No. 1 heavy melting steel at $31 to $32 delivered, and on No. 2 heavy melting at $30 to $30. [illegible] prices representing truck [illegible]. Some business in No. 1 bundles is moving at higher levels, $31.50 to $32.50 delivered, the range in each case applying only to rail [illegible].

Reflecting in the open market generally reflects present feeling among sellers that the market, influenced by recent purchases at Bethlehem, Pa., had dropped lower than justified by supply. Some yards had decided to await an upturn in the market, [illegible] that they could do so as [illegible] were exceedingly low and would not prove costly to carry. Recently No. 1 heavy melting had dropped to $30 to $31 and No. 2 heavy melting to [illegible].

Most mined grades of [illegible] have shown relatively little change, pending a further test of the market. This also is true of [illegible] scrap, for which [illegible] is [illegible] at $28 to [illegible].

Cincinnati Scrap business [illegible] has been [illegible]





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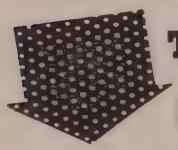

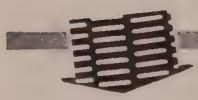

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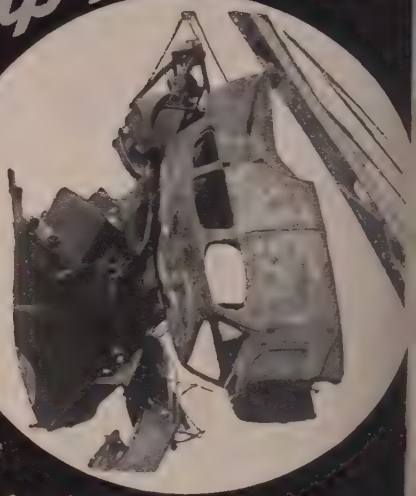

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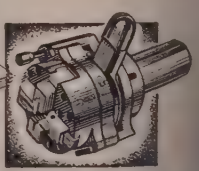

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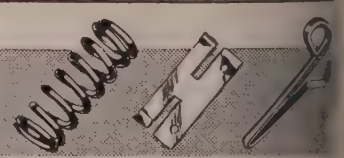

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ugh to stimulate prices on No. 2 vy melting to a slightly higher l than a week ago, with brokers ring $22 to $23, and also to up buying prices on No. 2 dles to around $20 to $22. Prime des are unchanged as is also low s scrap. The principal grades of ings and mixed borings and turn- are lower.

uffalo—With the leading mills of the market, scrap prices have ped another $2 per ton. Hard sed dealers report yard stocks g up.

ttsburgh—For the first time in n weeks, scrap prices held fair- eady, only minor price changes g reported. Small volume pur- es by mills are credited with ng the decline. No. 2 heavy ng gained $1 to $29 to $30, and 2 bundles advanced $1 to $27 8. Prices for stainless steel scrap ncertain, awaiting the effect of g controls on nickel.

veland—The scrap market has ered down for the moment. s on all grades are unchanged a week ago. Small lots are mov- nd dealers anticipate resump- of active buying by the mills y.

hough material continues to pile l dealers' yards no distress sell- s in evidence. Actually, strong feeling prevails in the trade that the market has about hit bottom and that some recovery to slightly higher levels can be expected over the next month or two.

Detroit — The scrap market continues weak here with only a few small quantity sales reported. Observers report some indications of a leveling off.

Chicago—Except for a few grades, scrap prices are holding at levels established by the recent mill purchase for October delivery. No. 1 dealer bundles are off $3 a ton to $27 delivered. Rerolling rails have slipped $7 in a matter of a few days. One consumer paid $43 a ton for this material.

Birmingham—Inactivity marks the scrap market here. Moderate tonnage is moving, most of it out of the district.

Los Angeles—Mills have reduced scrap buying prices $1 on all grades. No. 1 heavy melting is $23, No. 2 heavy melting is $19, No. 1 bundles $22, No. 2 bundles $19, and machine shop turnings $7.

San Francisco—Steel scrap prices cracked last week, dropping $2 to $4 a ton across the board.

Seattle—Steel mills here and in Portland, Oreg., last week reduced prices on No. 1 and No. 2 heavy melting scrap $2 per ton, the new levels being $29 and $27, respectively. Recently, purchases of heavy tonnages were made at $33 and $31. Bundles are in excess supply and are being quoted $4 lower.

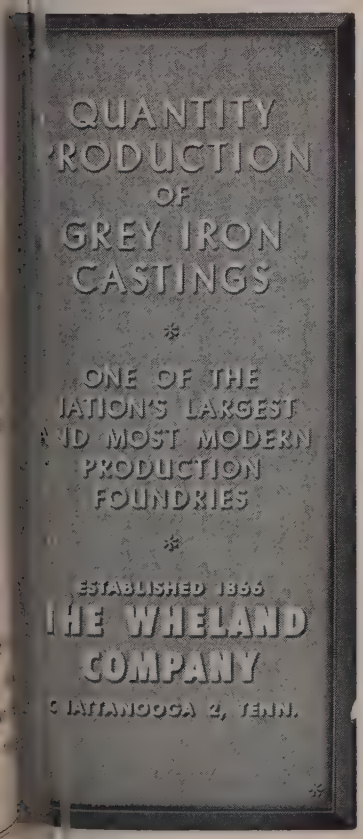
Receipts are ample for current requirements but dealers are not shipping in volume, hoping for better prices. Cast iron scrap prices are unchanged.

Steel Imports Slacken

New York—Finished steel imports, following a rise in second quarter, have leveled off and currently show little over-all change. An exception is cold sheets, movement of which has ceased almost entirely due to let-up in automotive requirements and the fact foreign prices are much above domestic levels. One interest doubts it can bring cold sheets into this country at less than 7.50c, landed, duty paid.

Plates have shown some decline. There was a substantial movement last spring but the trend started tapering in July and continued downward through August.

Among more active items are reinforcing bars and shapes. Wide flange sections are in particularly strong demand and importers could do much more business if they had a wider variety of these shapes to offer. Oil



(Advertisement)

WELDED DESIGN ELIMINATES BREAKAGE CUTS COST 78%

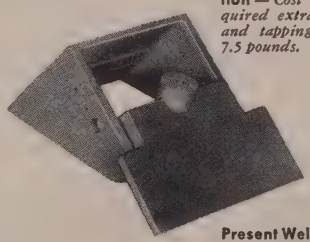
SINCE steel is a ductile material, it withstands shock loads without fracture. As a result, to eliminate shock failures, machine components can be simply changed to welded steel construction. At the same time, manufacture is made simpler, material cost is less, and fewer manhours are needed for production to cut costs an average of 50%.

The Problem

In the examples shown, breakage in the flipper assembly created service problems for this company. Because of limited clearance, it was impossible to increase wall sections.

The Solution

By converting to welded steel construction, the manufacturer was able to eliminate breakage completely, yet cut his cost from $4.50 to $1.00 per unit. The one and one half pounds less metal now needed actually produces a stronger, more rigid assembly than possible before. The entire unit is produced in the shop without waiting for outside sources. With less machining and less cleaning, fewer manhours are required to turn out a more dependable product.



Original Construction — *Cost $4.50, required extra drilling and tapping. Weight 7.5 pounds.*

Present Welded Steel Design — *Saves $3.50 per assembly . . . a 78% reduction in cost. Takes 12 pounds less metal. Needs less machining, less cleaning.*

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STEEL IMPORT PRICES

(Base, Per 100 Lb, Landed, Duty Paid)

	North Atlantic	South Atlantic	Gulf Coast	West Coast
Deformed Bars, Intermediate, ASTM-A-305	$4.86	$4.94	$4.86	$5.14
Bar Size Angles	4.53	4.61	4.53	4.81
Structural Angles	4.53	4.61	4.53	4.81
I-Beams	4.80	4.88	4.80	5.08
Wide Flange Beams	4.94	5.02	4.94	5.22
Sheet and Plate, 10 gage, 11 gage, 5' x 10'	5.87	5.95	5.87	6.25
Furring Channels, C.R., 1000 ft, ¾ x 0.30 lb per ft	21.30	21.54	21.30	22.14
Barbed Wire	6.10	6.12	6.10	6.33
Merchant Bars	4.81	4.89	4.81	5.09
Hot Rolled Bands	4.97	5.05	4.97	5.25
Wire Rods, Thomas Commercial No. 5	4.68	4.75	4.73	5.00
Wire Rods, O-H, Cold Heading Quality No. 5	5.14	5.21	5.19	5.46
Channels	4.80	4.88	4.80	5.08
Bright Common Wire Nails, 8d	6.40	6.50	6.45	6.70

Seamless A.P.I. Casing, Grade J-55

Size O.D.	Wgt/Foot/Lb	Gulf Port	West Coast	Vancouver
5½ in.	15.5	$1.47/ft	$1.51/ft	$1.32/ft
7 in.	23	2.10/ft	2.17/ft	1.90/ft
Seamless N-80 Casing:				
5½ in.	17	1.94/ft	2.00/ft	1.75/ft
7 in.	23	2.50/ft	2.70/ft	2.36/ft
Seamless J-55 Tubing:				
2⅜ in.	4.7	0.60/ft	0.63/ft	0.55/ft
2⅞ in.	6.5	0.80/ft	0.83/ft	0.73/ft

Sources of Shipment: Western continental European (Schuman Plan) countries.

country tubular goods are in fairly good demand; also nails and wire rods both of which are priced at levels below the domestic market.

In general, foreign prices are becoming increasingly competitive along the seaboard, although on most major items they are still somewhat higher than the domestic market here. Particular exceptions are in rods and nails, and barbed wire and bar sized angles.

STRUCTURAL SHAPES . . .

STRUCTURAL STEEL PLACED

3665 tons, medical and surgical building, Manhattan State Hospital, Wards Island, New York, through Lasker Goldman Corp., to American Bridge Division, United States Steel Corp., Pittsburgh.

3000 tons, bridge superstructure, Westfield river, Agawam, Mass., to Harris Structural Steel Co., New York; bids Sept. 29.

2000 tons, Kingston steam plant, Tenessee, Tennessee Valley Authority, to Ingalls Iron Works Inc., Birmingham.

1900 tons, John Seiver steam plant, Tennessee, Tennessee Valley Authority, to Ingalls Iron Works Inc., Birmingham.

900 tons, state bridge, Lycoming county, Pa. to Bethlehem Steel Co., Bethlehem, Pa.

730 tons, John Wanamaker store, Wynnewood Pa., through Irwin & Leighton, Philadelphia general contractor, to Bethlehem Fabricators, Bethlehem, Pa.

414 tons, state bridge, Onondaga county, New York, through Brunelli Construction Co., to American Bridge Division, United States Steel Corp., Pittsburgh.

409 tons, state bridge, York county, Pa., to Bethlehem Steel Co., Bethlehem, Pa.

328 tons, state bridge, Newark, N. J., through P. T. Cox Construction Co., to Bethlehem Steel Co.

245 tons, Spokane, Wash., Coliseum, to Bethlehem Pacific Coast Steel Corp., Seattle; Henry George & Sons, Spokane, general contractors, low $1,079,813.

230 tons, transmission towers, Anaconda Aluminum Co., Columbia Falls, Mont., to American Bridge Division, United States Steel Corp., Pittsburgh.

225 tons, warehouse, General Electric Co., Philadelphia, to Anthracite Bridge Co., Scranton, Pa.

220 tons, Colbert steam plant, Alabama, Tennessee Valley Authority, to Nashville Bridge Co., Nashville, Tenn.

180 tons, bottling plant, Pepsi-Cola Co., Milwaukee, to Milwaukee Bridge Co., that city.

176 tons, state bridge, Columbia county, New York, through Brunelli Construction Co., to Phoenix Bridge Co., Phoenixville, Pa.

120 tons, Harlem River drive alterations, New York, through Allen & Spooner & Sons Inc. to Bethlehem Steel Co.

114 tons, clinker storage building for Superior Portland Cement Co., Concrete, Wash., to Pacific Car & Foundry Co., Seattle.

STRUCTURAL STEEL PENDING

2500 tons, power house expansion, Connecticu Light & Power Co., Devon, Conn.

1243 tons, state bridge work, Luzerne an Lackawanna counties, Pa., bids Oct. 2 also 327 tons of bars.

700 tons, 4-story building, W. T. Grant Co Flushing, L. I.; bids asked.

472 tons, state bridge work, Philadelphi

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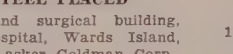
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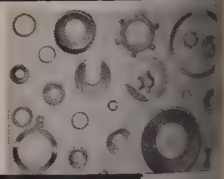
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county, Pa., bids Oct. 23; also 2088 tons of reinforcing bars.

300 tons, state highway bridge, Bedford, Mass.; George Brox Inc., Judson, Mass., low on general contract.

185 tons, state bridge work, Lawrence county, Pa., bids Oct. 23.

125 tons, state highway bridge, Piscataquis river, Guilford, Me.; bids Oct. 14, Augusta, Me.

105 tons, 3-span continuous WF beam bridge, Saxton's river, Rockingham, Vt.; bids Oct. 18, Montpelier, Vt.; also 40 tons reinforcing steel.

100 tons, two state bridges, Merrimack, N. H.; bids in.

REINFORCING BARS . . .

REINFORCING BARS PLACED

460 tons, Spokane, Wash., Coliseum, to Bethlehem Pacific Coast Steel Corp., Seattle.

400 tons, Benson apartments, Philadelphia, through the Keystone Concrete Co. to the American Steel Engineering Co., Philadelphia.

217 tons, Washington state overcrossing, to Bethlehem Pacific Coast Steel Corp., Seattle; Lockyear & White, Longview, general contractors.

100 tons, bridge approach, Pasco, Wash., state project, to Northwest Steel Rolling Mills Inc., Seattle; Sather & Sons, general contractors.

100 tons, Washington state highway projects, to Bethlehem Pacific Coast Steel Corp., Seattle.

100 tons, addition, Red Lion plant, Budd Co., Philadelphia, through Wark Co. to the American Steel Engineering Co., Philadelphia.

REINFORCING BARS PENDING

2225 tons, state highways and bridges, Ohio turnpike, Cuyahoga and Summit counties; bids Oct. 20, Columbus; also 354,000 square yards 10-inch reinforced concrete pavement.

2088 tons, state bridge work, Philadelphia county, Pa., bids Oct. 23; also 472 tons of shapes.

1793 tons, Garden State parkway, Atlantic county, N. J., comprising two contracts which could be figured jointly or separately, bids closed Oct. 9. This job was erroneously listed in the Sept. 28 issue under structural shapes.

1600 tons, 18-story state office building, Harrisburg, Pa., Nov. 5; also an estimated 500 tons of shapes.

1540 tons, highways and bridges, Ohio turnpike, Sandusky county; bids Oct. 29, Ohio Turnpike Commission, Columbus, O.

300 tons, repairs to feeder canal, Coulee dam, reclamation project; bids to Bureau of Reclamation, Coulee Dam, Oct. 15.

117 tons, Garden State parkway, contract No. 100, section 11, Atlantic county, New Jersey; bids Oct. 27.

PLATES . . .

PLATES PLACED

1000 tons, oil storage tanks, Elmendorf Air Base, Alaska, to Pittsburgh-Des Moines Steel Co., Pittsburgh; S. Birch & Sons, Seattle, general contractors.

PLATES PENDING

3000 tons or more, intake gates and other equipment, The Dalles dam, Oregon; bid date unstated by U. S. Engineer, Portland, Oreg.

750 tons, water system pipeline extension, Seattle; bid call planned for immediate future.

300 tons, including shapes, 310-ft ferry for Washington Toll Bridge Authority; bids in at Seattle.

RAILS, CARS . . .

RAILROAD CARS PLACED

Chicago & Northwestern, 16 double-decked air-conditioned passenger coaches for suburban service, to St. Louis Car Co., St. Louis.

RAILROAD CARS PENDING

New York City Transit Authority, 200 passenger cars and 10 extra trucks; bids closed Oct. 9.

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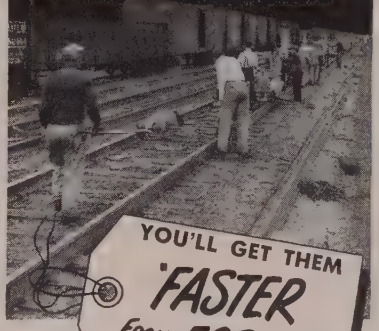

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AMBLER, PA.

IRON AND STEEL SCRAP

Consumer prices, per gross ton, except as otherwise noted, including broker's commissions, as reported to STEEL. Changes shown in italics.

STEELMAKING SCRAP COMPOSITE

Oct. 8	$31.83
Oct. 1	31.50
Sept. avg.	36.93
Oct. 1952	43.00
Oct. 1948	43.25

Based on No. 1 heavy melting grade at Pittsburgh, Chicago and eastern Pennsylvania.

PITTSBURGH

(Delivered consumer plant)

No. 1 heavy melting	34.00-35.00
No. 2 heavy melting	*29.00-30.00*
No. 1 bundles	*34.00-35.00*
No. 2 bundles	*27.00-28.00*
No. 1 busheling	35.00-36.00
Machine shop turnings	20.00-21.00
Mixed borings, turnings	20.00-21.00
Short shovel turnings	23.00-24.00
Cast iron borings	23.00-24.00
Cut structurals	38.00-39.00
Heavy turnings	29.00-30.00
Punchings & plate scrap	38.00-39.00
Electric furnace bundles	38.00-39.00

Cast Iron Grades

No. 1 cupola	39.00-40.00
Charging box cast	38.00-39.00
Heavy breakable cast	36.00-37.00
Unstripped motor blocks	33.00-34.00
No. 1 machinery cast	46.00-47.00

Railroad Scrap

No. 1 R.R. heavy melt.	40.00-41.00
Rails, 2-ft. and under	51.00-52.00
Rails, 18-in. and under	52.00-53.00
Rails, random lengths	*44.00-45.00*
Railroad specialties	*42.00-43.00*

Stainless Steel Scrap

18-8 bundles & solids	165-170
18-8 turnings	90-95
430 bundles & solids	87-90
430 turnings	60-62

CLEVELAND

(Delivered consumer plant)

No. 1 heavy melting	30.00-31.00
No. 2 heavy melting	22.00-23.00
No. 1 bundles	31.00-32.00
No. 2 bundles	21.00-22.00
No. 1 busheling	30.00-31.00
Machine shop turnings	16.00-17.00
Mixed borings, turnings	21.00-22.00
Short shovel turnings	21.00-22.00
Cast iron borings	21.00-22.00
Low phos.	31.00-32.00
Alloy free, short shovel turnings	24.00-25.00
Electric furnace bundles	32.00-33.00

Cast Iron Grades

No. 1 cupola	39.00-40.00
Charging box cast	28.00-29.00
Stove plate	36.00-37.00
Heavy breakable cast	26.00-27.00
Unstripped motor blocks	22.00-23.00
Brake shoes	28.00-29.00
Clean auto cast	39.00-40.00
No. 1 wheels	30.00-31.00
Burnt cast	29.00-30.00
Drop broken machinery	*45.00-46.00*

Railroad Scrap

No. 1 R.R., heavy melt	35.00-36.00
R.R. malleable	45.00-46.00
Rails, 3-ft. and under	49.00-50.00
Rails, 18 in. and under	50.00-51.00
Rails, random lengths	42.00-43.00
Cast steel	43.00-44.00
Railroad, specialties	*40.00-41.00*
Uncut tires	39.00-40.00
Angles, splice bars	*44.00-45.00*
Rails, rerolling	49.00-50.00

Stainless Steel

(F.o.b. shipping point)

18-8 bundles, solids	nom. 160.00-170.00
18-8 turnings	nom. 70.00-80.00
430 clips, bundles, solids	nom. 70.00
430 turnings	nom. 50.00

YOUNGSTOWN

(Delivered consumer plant)

No. 1 heavy melting	*33.00-34.00*
No. 2 heavy melting	27.00-28.00
No. 1 bundles	34.00-35.00
No. 2 bundles	25.00-26.00
Machine shop turnings	16.00-17.00
Short shovel turnings	24.00-25.00
Cast iron borings	24.00-25.00
Low phos.	35.00-36.00
Electric furnace bundles	35.00-36.00

Railroad Scrap

No. 1 R.R. heavy melt.	36.00-37.00

PHILADELPHIA

(Delivered consumer plant)

No. 1 heavy melting	*31.00-32.00*
No. 2 heavy melting	*29.00-30.00*
No. 1 bundles	*31.00-32.00*
No. 2 bundles	*27.50-28.50*
No. 1 busheling	*31.00-32.00*
Electric furnace bundles	32.00-33.00
Machine shop turnings	*19.00-20.00*
Mixed borings, turnings	22.00-23.00
Short shovel turnings	*26.00*
Structurals & plate	36.00-37.00
Heavy turnings	30.00
Couplers, spring, wheels	41.00-42.00
Rail crops, 2 ft & under	44.00-45.00

Cast Iron Grades

No. 1 cupola	35.00-36.00
Charging box cast	nom.
Heavy breakable cast	*38.50*
Unstripped motor blocks	28.00
Drop broken machinery	40.00-41.00

NEW YORK

(Brokers' buying prices)

No. 1 heavy melting	24.00-25.00
No. 2 heavy melting	*22.00-23.00*
No. 1 bundles	24.00-25.00
No. 2 bundles	*20.00-22.00*
Machine shop turnings	*11.50-12.00*
Mixed, borings, short turnings	*13.50-14.00*
Low phos. (structural & plate)	27.00-29.00
Short shovel turnings	*14.50-15.00*

Cast Iron Grades

No. 1 cupola	*29.00-30.00*
Unstripped motor blocks	21.00-22.00

Stainless Steel

18-8 sheets, clips, solids	160.00-165.00
18-8 borings, turnings	90.00
430 sheets, clips, solids	80.00-85.00
410 sheets, clips, solids	70.00-75.00

BOSTON

(Brokers' buying prices; f.o.b. shipping point)

No. 1 heavy melting	24.00-25.00
No. 2 heavy melting	20.00-21.00
No. 1 bundles	24.00-25.00
No. 2 bundles	18.00-19.00
Machine shop turnings	10.50-11.00
Mixed borings, turnings	15.50-16.00
Short shovel turnings	16.00-16.50
No. 1 cast	29.00-30.00
Mixed cupola cast	27.00-28.00
No. 1 machinery cast	36.00-37.00

CINCINNATI

(Brokers' buying prices)

No. 1 heavy melting	*30.00-31.00*
No. 2 heavy melting	*24.00-25.00*
No. 1 bundles	*30.00-31.00*
No. 2 bundles	*21.00-22.00*
No. 1 busheling	*30.00-31.00*
Machine shop turnings	*11.00-12.00**
Mixed borings, turnings	*14.00-15.00**
Short shovel turnings	15.00-16.00*
Cast iron borings	*14.00-15.00**

Cast Iron Grades

No. 1 cupola	*41.00*
Charging box cast	*31.00-32.00*
Heavy breakable cast	*34.00-35.00*
Drop broken machinery	*46.00-47.00*

Railroad Scrap

No. 1 R.R., heavy melt.	*32.00-33.00*
Malleable	*42.00-43.00*
Rails, 18-in. and under	48.00-49.00
Rails, random lengths	39.00-40.00

*F.o.b. shipping point.

CHICAGO

No. 1 heavy melting	29.00-30.00
No. 2 heavy melting	24.00-25.00
No. 1 factory bundles	30.00-31.00
No. 1 dealer bundles	*26.00-27.00*
No. 2 bundles	22.00-23.00
No. 1 busheling	29.00-30.00
Machine shop turnings	14.00-15.00
Mixed borings, turnings	14.00-15.00
Short shovel turnings	16.00-17.00
Cast iron borings	16.00-17.00
Cut structurals, 3-ft.	32.00-33.00
Punchings & plate scrap	32.00-33.00
Electric furnace bundles	32.00-33.00

Cast Iron Grades

No. 1 cupola	32.00-33.00
Stove plate	26.00-27.00
Unstripped motor blocks	19.00-20.00
Clean auto cast	36.00-37.00
Drop broken machinery	36.00-37.00

Railroad Scrap

No. 1 R.R. heavy melt.	*31.00-32.00*
R.R. Malleable	40.00-41.00
Rails, 2-ft. and under	43.00-45.00
Rails, 18-in. and under	44.00-46.00
Angles, splice bars	40.00-42.00
Rails, rerolling	*42.00-43.00*

DETROIT

No. 1 heavy melting	26.00
No. 2 heavy melting	23.00
No. 1 bundles	26.00
No. 2 bundles	23.00
No. 1 busheling	26.00
Machine shop turnings	12.00
Mixed borings turnings	12.00
Short shovel turnings	14.00
Punchings & plate scrap	30.00

Cast Iron Grades

No. 1 cupola	40.00
Charging box cast	33.00
Stove plate	34.00-35.00
Heavy breakable	29.00-30.00
Unstripped motor blocks	30.00
Clean auto cast	40.00
Malleable	40.00

BIRMINGHAM

No. 1 heavy melting	**26.00-26.50**
No. 2 heavy melting	24.00-24.50
No. 1 bundles	26.00-26.50
No. 2 bundles	22.00-22.50
Machine shop turnings	19.50-20.50
Short shovel turnings	21.50-22.50
Cast iron borings	17.00-17.50
Cut structurals	nom.
Electric furnace bundles	nom.

Cast Iron Grades (F.o.b. shipping point)

No. 1 cupola	41.00-42.50
Charging box cast	30.00-31.00
Stove plate	38.00-39.00
Bar crops and plate	38.00-39.00
Cut structurals	36.00-37.00
Heavy breakable cast	30.00-31.00
Unstripped motor blocks	34.00-35.00
No. 1 wheels	46.00-47.00

Railroad Scrap

No. 1 R.R. heavy melt.	nom.
Rails, 2-ft and under	42.00-43.00
Rails, random lengths	39.00-40.00
Angles, splice bars	45.00-46.00
Rails, rerolling	46.00-47.00

ST. LOUIS

(Brokers' buying prices)

No. 1 heavy melting	*28.00-29.00*
No. 2 heavy melting	*23.00-24.00*
No. 1 bundles	*28.00-29.00*
No. 2 bundles	*21.00-22.00*
Machine shop turnings	*11.00-12.00*
Short shovel turnings	*12.00-13.00*

Cast Iron Grades

No. 1 cupola	*36.00-37.00*
Charging box cast	*27.00-28.00*
Heavy breakable cast	*27.00-28.00*
Unstripped motor blocks	*27.00-28.00*
Brake shoes	*36.00-37.00*
Clean auto cast	*37.00-39.00*
Burnt cast	*28.00-29.00*

Railroad Scrap

Malleable	*37.00-38.00*
Rails, 18-in. and under	*44.00-45.00*
Rails, random lengths	*33.00-34.00*
Uncut tires	*31.50-32.50*
Angles, splice bars	*34.00-35.00*
Rails, rerolling	42.00-43.00

BUFFALO

No. 1 heavy melting	*33.00-*
No. 2 heavy melting	*26.00-*
No. 1 bundles	*33.00-*
No. 2 bundles	*24.00-*
No. 1 busheling	*37.00-*
Machine shop turnings	19.00-
Mixed borings, turnings	20.00-
Short shovel turnings	20.50-
Cast iron borings	20.00-
Low phos.	*35.00-*

Cast Iron Grades (F.o.b. shipping point)

No. 1 cupola	*32.00-*
No. 1 machinery	*37.00-*

Railroad Scrap

Rails, random lengths	*39.00-*
Rails, 2 ft and under	*45.00-*
Railroad specialties	*45.00-*

SEATTLE

(Delivered consumer plant)

No. 1 heavy melting	
No. 2 heavy melting	
No. 1 bundles	
No. 2 bundles	
No. 3 bundles	
Machine shop turnings	
Mixed borings, turnings	
Short shovel turnings	
Electric furnace, No. 1	38.00-

Cast Iron Grades (F.o.b. shipping point)

No. 1 cupola	30.00-
Heavy breakable cast	25.00-
Unstripped motor blocks	
No. 1 wheels	38.00-
Stove plate	

Railroad Scrap

Rails, random lengths	34.00-

SAN FRANCISCO

No. 1 heavy melting	
No. 2 heavy melting	
No. 1 bundles	
No. 2 bundles	
No. 1 busheling	
Machine shop turnings	
Mixed borings, turnings	
Short shovel turnings	
Cast iron borings	
Cut structurals	
Heavy turnings	
Punchings & plate scrap	
Electric furnace bundles	

Cast Iron Grades

No. 1 cupola	
Charging box cast	
Stove plate	
Heavy breakable cast	
Unstripped motor blocks	
Brake shoes	
Clean auto cast	
No. 1 wheels	
Burnt cast	
Drop broken machinery	

LOS ANGELES

No. 1 heavy melting	
No. 2 heavy melting	
No. 1 bundles	
No. 2 bundles	
Machine shop turnings	

Cast Iron Grades (F.o.b. shipping point)

No. 1 cupola	37.00-

HAMILTON, ONT.

(Delivered prices)

Heavy melting	
No. 1 bundles	
No. 2 bundles	
Mechanical bundles	
Mixed steel scrap	
Mixed borings, turnings	
Rails, remelting	
Rails, rerolling	
Busheling	
Busheling new factory: Prep'd	
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Short steel turnings	

Cast Iron Grades

No. 1 machinery cast	46.00

†F.o.b., shipping point.

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Statement required by the Act of August 24, 1912, as amended by the Acts of March 3, 1933, and July 2, 1946 (Title 39, United States Code, Section 233) showing the ownership, management, and circulation of STEEL, published weekly, at Cleveland, Ohio, for October 1, 1953. 1. The names and address of the publisher, editor, managing editor, and business managers are: Publisher, The Penton Publishing Co., 1213 West Third St., Cleveland 13, O. Editor, Irwin H. Such, 1213 West Third St., Cleveland 13, O. Managing editor, Walter J. Campbell, 1213 West Third St., Cleveland 13, O. Business manager, James W. Zuber, 1213 West Third St., Cleveland 13, O. 2. The owner is The Penton Publishing Co., 1213 West Third St., Cleveland 13, Ohio. Names and addresses of stockholders owning or holding 1 percent or more of total amount of stock: Edwin C. Barringer, Washington, D. C.; Samuel E. Bool, Cleveland, Ohio; County National Bank and Trust Co. of Santa Barbara, Santa Barbara, Calif.; J. R. Dawley, Cleveland, Ohio; Mrs. Frances Penton Force, Lansing, Mich.; Mrs. Agnes T. Hays, Cleveland, Ohio; George O. Hays, Cleveland, Ohio; R. C. Jaenke, Cleveland, Ohio; Leona F. Jasper, Pittsburgh, Pa.; A. L. Klingeman, Cleveland, Ohio; J. D. Pease, Mount Dora, Florida; Francis O. Rice, Cleveland, Ohio; E. L. Shaner, Cleveland, Ohio; Charles J. Stark, Cleveland, Ohio; Penelope M. Stark, Cleveland, Ohio; The Wean Engineering Co., Inc., Warren, Ohio; Edith L. Werner, Cleveland, Ohio; Grace Whelan, Santa Barbara, Calif. 3. The known bondholders, mortgagees, and other security holders owning or holding 1 percent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages, or other securities are New England Mutual Life Insurance Co., 501 Boylston Street, Boston 17, Mass. 4. Paragraphs 2 and 3 include, in cases where the stockholder or security holder appears upon the books of the company as trustee or in any other fiduciary relation, the name of the person or corporation for whom such trustee is acting; also the statements in the two paragraphs show the affiant's full knowledge and belief as to the circumstances and conditions under which stockholders and security holders who do not appear upon the books of the company as trustees, hold stock and securities in a capacity other than that of a bona fide owner. 5. The average number of copies of each issue of this publication sold or distributed, through the mails or otherwise, to paid subscribers during the 12 months preceding the date shown above was 16,559. Irwin H. Such. Sworn to and subscribed before me this 29th day of September, 1953. (Seal) Joseph P. Lipka. (My commission expires Sept. 9, 1955)

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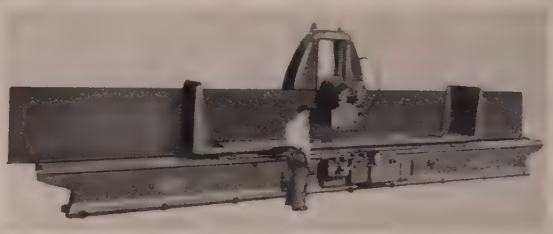

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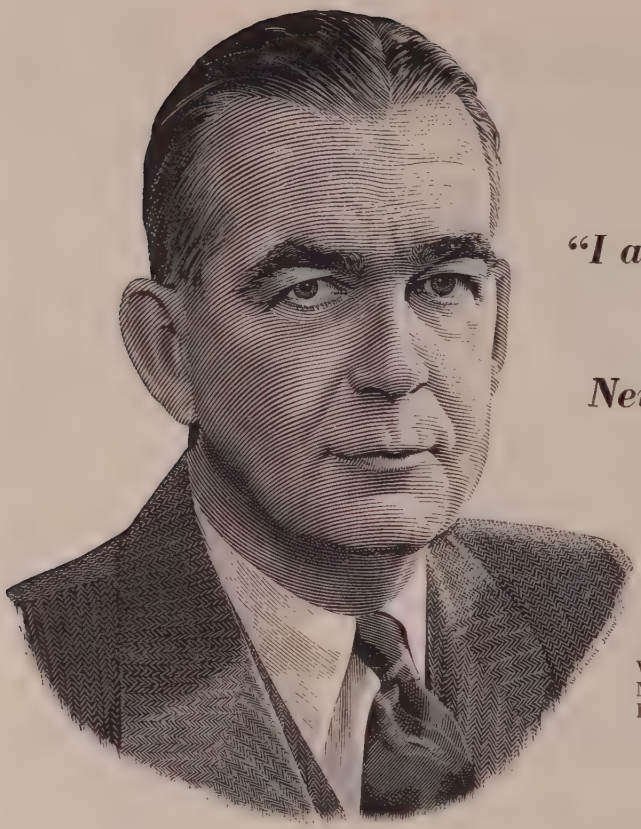

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R. I. FLETCHER
Vice President and Comptroller
Newport News Shipbuilding and
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"United States Savings Bonds are an ideal backlog investment for every employee, whatever his age or his earnings bracket. When bought automatically and conveniently through the Payroll Savings Plan they are almost 'painless' savings. I am one of many thousands of the employees of Newport News Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Company who regularly save every payday for investment in Savings Bonds through our Payroll Savings Plan. The security of the Nation rests upon the security of its individual citizens and all employees who practice the American habit of thrift are contributing to the national security as they provide for their own future."

Fortunately for America, industry and business recognize that "the security of the Nation rests upon the security of the individual."

More than 45,000 companies offer their employees the Payroll Savings Plan. In many of these companies more than 60% of the employees are Payroll Savers—in some, participation is 75%, 80%, and higher. But, in others participation is low—sometimes less than 25%.

Why does Company A have an employee participation of 75% while Company B—about the same size, in the same industry, with the same wage scales—has less than 25% of its employees enrolled in the Payroll Savings Plan? Is it because the employees of Company B are not concerned about their future, have no interest in personal security?

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"In every company with a good Payroll Savings you'll find a top executive is heart and soul behi plan—and everybody in the company, down to the la in a subsidiary plant, knows it. When you find a co with a poor Payroll Plan the 'top man' will tell you we have a Payroll Savings Plan. . . No, I don't kno many employees are enrolled or what the average m saving is. Mr. ———— takes care of that.' "

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The Weekly Magazine of Metalworking

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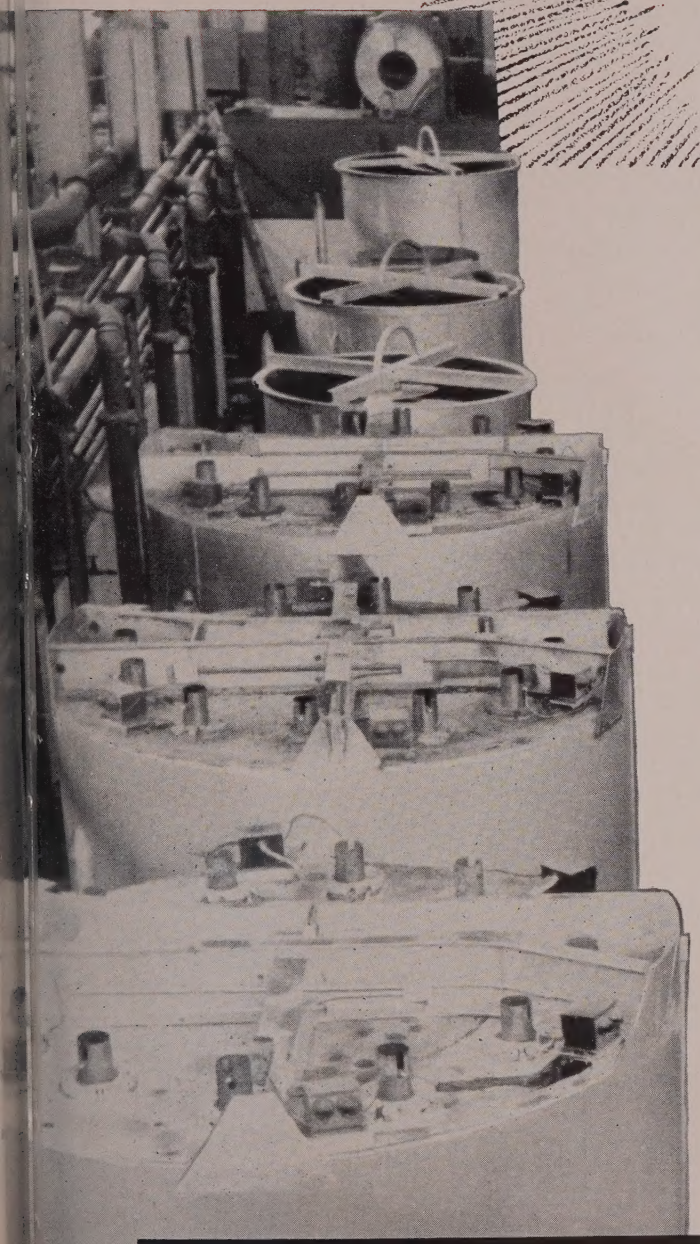
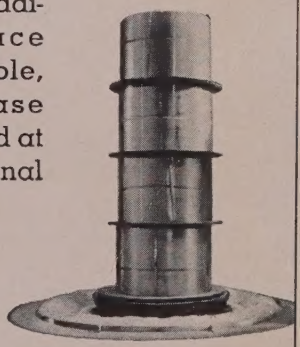


In this installation of three Lee Wilson radiant convector furnaces and eight bases with a charge size of 60" diameter and a piling height of 126", the tremendous efficiency of the Wilson radiant convector annealing system was demonstrated by increasing the yield from the same floor space by three times the original figure.

These units at Wallingford Steel Company at Wallingford, Connecticut are producing extremely uniform, high quality strip steel at an average production figure of 3800 tons per month. In a plant such as this where no additional space was available, this increase was achieved at a very nominal expense.



Lee Wilson

ENGINEERING Co., Inc

20005 WEST LAKE ROAD • CLEVELAND, OHI
Telephone ED-1-6600

RADIANT TUBE HEATING ★ ANNEALING PROCESSES

TIMKEN® bearings cut starting resistance 88% on 200-ton ladle car

THIS special 200-ton ladle car in service at a large eastern steel plant is always ready to go because its wheels run on Timken® tapered roller bearings.

Starting resistance is 88% lower than with friction bearings! That's because Timken bearings *roll* the load. There's no chance of metal-to-metal sliding friction. Less power is needed to get the loaded car started.

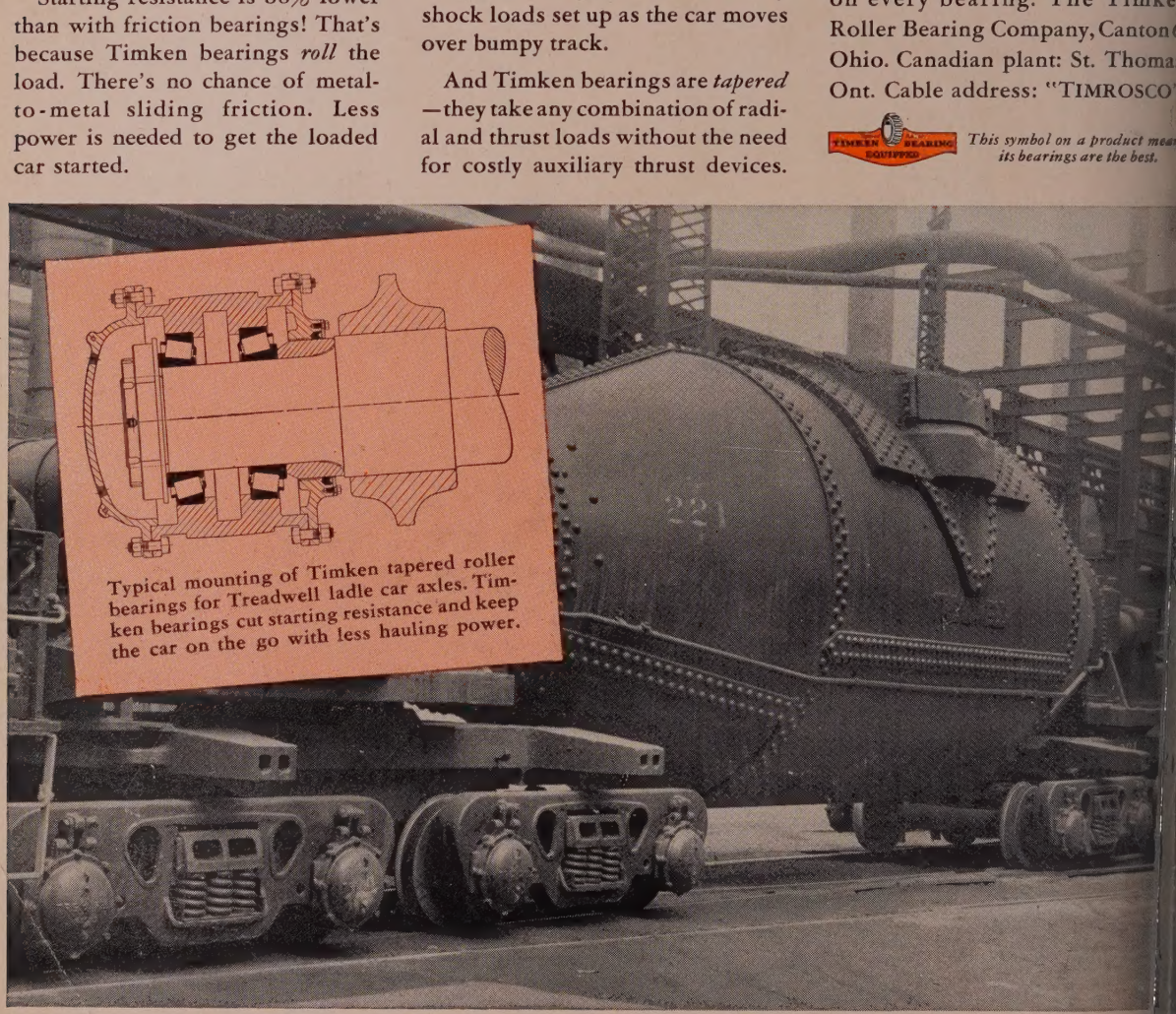
Line contact between rollers and races gives Timken bearings extra load-carrying capacity. Beneath their case-hardened surface, Timken bearings have tough, shock-resistant cores that let them take the heavy shock loads set up as the car moves over bumpy track.

And Timken bearings are *tapered* —they take any combination of radial and thrust loads without the need for costly auxiliary thrust devices.

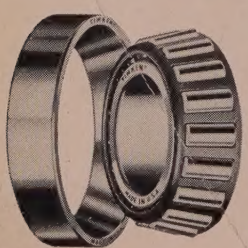
Whether you're building or buy ing mill equipment, make sure yo get all the advantages only Timke bearings can give. Always look fo the trade-mark "Timken" stampe on every bearing. The Timke Roller Bearing Company, Canton Ohio. Canadian plant: St. Thoma Ont. Cable address: "TIMROSCO"

TIMKEN BEARING EQUIPPED

This symbol on a product mea its bearings are the best.



Typical mounting of Timken tapered roller bearings for Treadwell ladle car axles. Timken bearings cut starting resistance and keep the car on the go with less hauling power.



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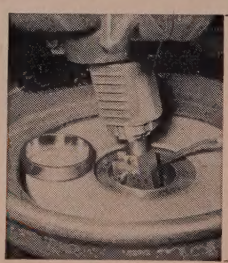
TAPERED ROLLER BEARINGS



FINISHED TO CLOSER TOLERANCES

Finishing to incredible smoothness accounts for much of the precise, smooth rolling performance of Timken bearings. This honing operation is typical of the amazingly accurate manufacturing methods at the Timken Company.

The Timken Company is the acknowledged leader in: 1. advanced design; 2. precision manufacturing; 3. rigid quality control; 4. special analysis steels

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